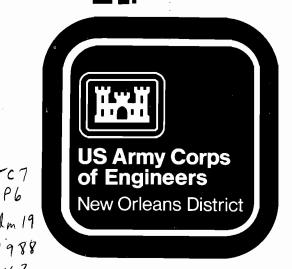
LAKE PONTCHARTRAIN, LA. LAKE PONTCHARTRAIN HIGH LEVEL PLAN

DESIGN MEMORANDUM NO. 19 GENERAL DESIGN

ORLEANS AVENUE OUTFALL CANAL

IN THREE VOLUMES **VOLUME II**



TC7

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

AUGUST 1988

SERIAL NO. 76

ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

OLB PROJECT NO. 2048-0278

DEI PROJECT NO. 1006

ENGINEERING CORRESPONDENCE LOG

	Dates	To	From	Topic
	6/28/85	OLB	USACE	Design Memo Services - concurrence and add to geotechnical scope.
*	9/26/85	DEI	Eustis	Draft Geotechnical Report - Transmit
	10/2/85	USACE	DEI	Draft Geotechnical Report - Transmit
*	11/5/85	USACE	DEI	Additional Geotechnical report copy - Transmit
*	1/16/86	USACE	DEI	Design Memorandum - Transmit
*	2/4/86	USACE	DEI	Pump Station, conceptual design calculations
	2/10/86	DEI	USACE	Geotechnical Report - 1st Review Comments
	4/22/86	USACE	Eustis	Geotechnical analysis of Sheet Pile Wall - transmit.
	5/13/86	DEI	USACE	T-wall-size criteria (Phone)
	6/3/86	DEI	USACE	Design Memorandum - 1st review comments.
	6/9/86	DEI	USACE	Sheet Pile Wall - review recommendations.
	6/12/86	USACE	DEI	Floodwall thickness 12" minimum - relief request
*	6/12/86	USACE	DEI	USACE design soil shear strength, and landside water surface criteria - request for
*	6/12/86	USACE	DEI	T-wall at 30" Waterline, drawing and calculations - transmit

^{*} This correspondence has not been reproduced for inclusion in this report. Its inclusion is not considered to be necessary for a technical review and copies of the deleted correspondence can be obtained from the New Orleans District's files.

	Dates	To	From	Topic
	6/25/86	DEI	USACE	Geotechnical, design soil shear strength and design phreatic water surface criteria - transmit
*	6/26/86	DEI	USACE	Floodwall thickness, 12 inch minimum criteria - reply
	6/30/86	Eustis	DEI	Geotechnical Report, Feb. 10 and June 3, 1986 comments - reply to (partial)
*	7/9/86	USACE	DEI	Preliminary Bridge Modification drawings - transmit
*	7/18/86	DEI	USACE	T-wall at 30" Waterline - pile capacity, sheet pile tip and unbalanced earth force information
*	8/6/86	USACE	DEI	T-wall at 30" Waterline - structural review comments
*	8/9/86	USACE	Eustis	Confirmation of June 25, 1986 data
	8/12/86	USACE	DEI	Design Memorandum - reply to June 3, 1986 comments and Geotechnical Report - partial reply to Feb. 10, 1986 comments (via Eustis June 30, 1986 letter)
	8/13/86	USACE	DEI	T-wall design, load factor value - clarification request
*	8/25/86	USACE	DEI	R. E. Lee Bridge Modifications, revised concept preliminary drawings and calculations-transmit
	8/28/86	DEI	USACE	T-wall design, load factor value-confirmation
*	9/22/86	DEI	USACE	R. E. Lee Bridge Modifications - review comments to Aug. 25 submittal.
*	10/2/86	DEI	USACE	Pile Load Test requirement (phone)
*	11/5/86	USACE	DEI	Geotechnical Report - Eustis reply of Oct. 30, 1986 to USACE remaining comments of Feb. 10, 1986 and June 25, 1986 - transmit.

	Dates	To	From	Topic
*	11/10/86	USACE	DEI	T-wall at Waterline - length of wall question
*	11/17/86	DEI	USACE	<pre>Pump Station - seepage protection (meeting notes)</pre>
*	12/1/86	DEI	Modjeski and Masters	Pump station - backflow study scope and (phone)
*	12/3/86	DEI	USACE	T-wall at Waterline - length of wall requirement
*	12/15/86	DEI	Eustis	Pump Station - pile lateral load analyses
*	12/31/86	DEI	Eustis	Pump Station, geotechnical analyses - engineering estimate for
*	1/7/87	USACE	DEI	Phase I Preliminary Plans, specification outline and cost estimate - first submittal
	1/12/87	DEI	USACE	Geotechnical Report - Comments to Aug. 12 and Nov. 5 submittals
*	1/14/87	USACE	DEI	Survey books No. 1-5 - transmit copies
*	1/22/87	USACE	DEI	DM Plan and Profile drawings (10) and Preliminary Phase Plan and Profile drawings - transmit
*	1/30/87	USACE	DEI	Cross Section sheets (8) with additional elevations - transmit
*	2/13/87	DEI	USACE	Design Flowline and Bridge Head Losses - tabulation
*	2/26/87	DEI	Eustis	Geotechnical Report - pile load capacity at bridges
	3/16/87	USACE	Eustis	Geotechnical, Piezometric readings - tabulation
*	5/13/87	USACE	DEI	Orleans Avenue, existing retaining wall - drawings transmit

	Dates	To	From	Topic
*	7/7/87	USACE	DEI	R. E. Lee Bridge Modifications, corrected drawings and calculations - transmit
	8/7/87	DEI	USACE	Phase I Preliminary Plans and R. E. Lee Bridge Modifications - review comments
*	9/11/87	Eustis	DEI	Existing Levee Section, to be retained for analyses
*	9/11/87	USACE	DEI	<pre>Bridge Modifications (3), revised cost estimate - transmit</pre>
	10/6/87	USACE	DEI	Geotechnical Report - Eustis reply of Sept. 28, 1987 to comments of Jan. 12, 1987 and Aug. 7, 1987
	12/3/87	DEI	USACE	Geotechnical Report - additional comments to Aug. 12, 1986 and Nov. 5, 1986 submittals
*	12/11/87	DEI	USACE	T-wall, size criteria (phone)
*	12/24/87	DEI	USACE	Design Flowlines and Bridge Head Losses with low water weirs - tabulations
	2/4/88	USACE	DEI	Phase I Preliminary Plans and calculations revised per Aug. 7, 1987 comments - transmit
*	3/25/88	DEI	USACE	New design criteria for T-wall design
	3/31/88	DEI	USACE	Preliminary Plans Phase I - review comments plus new design criteria for cantilever I-wall design
	4/7/88	USACE	DEI	T-wall and Anchored Bulkhead Alternatives, Stas. 50 to 90: Stability Analysis - submittal
	4/26/88	DEI	USACE	T-wall and Anchored Bulkhead - review comments



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70180-0283

June 28, 1985

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF

Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section

مل دفت د س

JUL 8 1985

Mr. Earl J. Magner, Jr.
Chief Engineer
The Board of Levee Commissioners
Orleans Levee District
Suite 202 - Administration Building
New Orleans Lakefront Airport
New Orleans, Louisiana 70126

Dear Mr. Magner:

Reference is made to your June 20, 1985, letter concerning Lake Pontchartrain and Vicinity Hurricane Protection Project - Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal, London Avenue Outfall Canal, and 17th Street Outfall Canal with enclosed material for our review and comment.

The information provided at your office during the June 19, 1985 meeting has been reviewed, and we offer the following comments:

- 1. We have no comment relative to the scope of services for your design memorandum work at London Avenue and Orleans Avenue Canals.
- 2. The topographic survey scope of services is sufficient for our design purposes and meets the Corps requirements for design memorandum scope designs.
- 3. The Geotechnical scope of services for Orleans Avenue is sufficient for our needs, except for the need for piezometric data. We request that you provide the check borings that were discussed and requested during the June 19, 1985 meeting. The number and locations are shown on the enclosure plans. Attached to the plans, please find a description of the locations and type boring and piezometric data needed at each of the Orleans and London Avenue Canals.

FILE 21006 - 20000N AVE

WBV

JHV

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XC DEI 7/15/85

It is noted that the scope of work for Geotechnical Services for London Avenue Canal has not been developed. However, if the scope of the London Avenue Canal program is similar to the Orleans Avenue Canal, then the level of detail is sufficient for our GDM design purposes. We request that you furnish the London Avenue Canal scope of services to this office once you have developed it.

We are reviewing the reports on the 17th Street Outfall Canal furnished in your June 20, 1985 letter. We will furnish our comments to you as soon as they are available.

Should you have any questions concerning the enclosed plans and boring requirements, please contact Mr. Vann Stutts, telephone number 838-2614.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosures

Mr. Van Stutts, Project Coordinator U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Post Office Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267

Re: Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Project OLB Project No. 2048-0304 DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Stutts:

Attached herewith please find one copy of the draft geotechnical engineering report and one set of existing cross-sections as requested for your review and comment.

Your prompt review of the enclosed material will be greatly appreciated. Should you have any questions or need additional information please call us.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve

JH/mnh

Enclosures

cc: Mr. Earl J. Magner, Jr.

Chief Engineer

Mr. Ed Bailey

Assistant Chief Engineer

Orleans Levee Board



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P. O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF

February 10, 1986

Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your October 2, 1985, letter concerning the draft geotechnical engineering report on the Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal and your November 5, 1985 letter in which you provided an additional copy of the geotechnical report to aid in our review. As requested, we reviewed this report furnished in your letter and have the following comments to offer:

- 1. No analyses were presented for the required flood protection at the various bridge crossings or across the canal at the pumping station. These analyses should be provided for our review. If floodgates are used at the bridge crossings, then deep seated analyses and sheetpile cutoff wall analyses should be presented.
- 2. Shear strength and wet density profiles should be furnished for each different subsoil reach.
- 3. Shear strength and wet density values used for the pile capacities at Harrison Avenue, Filmore Avenue, and Robert E. Lee Blvd. bridges should be shown.
- 4. The S-Case parameters and the tailwater elevation used in the I-wall analyses should be shown.
- 5. If an I-wall option is to be investigated at "the zone of interference" at Crystal Street (approx. west side Sta. 115+00), analyses should be presented. I-wall analyses should be presented for the I-walls north of Robert E. Lee Blvd. shown in the DEI plan profile dated 11 October 1985.

6. The factor of safety for the gross levee section /006 should be 1.30, not the minimum factor of safety of 1.20 as mentioned in paragraph 27, page 8, of the draft report.

TS 1m5 4/13/86

- 7. The factor of safety for levee stability analysis at the water pipeline crossing at Sta. 44+40 should be 1.50 and should apply to 60 feet of levee on either side of the pipeline.
- 8. Comparisons of sections before the raising of the Orleans Avenue Canal east side levee and sections furnished by DEI were made. The settlement of the 2-ft. landside enlargement ranged from .5 ft. to 1.7 ft. The maximum anticipated settlement of 2.5 ft. stated in the report on page 8, paragraph 27, for a 14.8 ft. landside enlargement appears to be too low.
- 9. The elevation after settlement for the levee sections with a 1-ft. overbuild and the future amount of overbuild needed to obtain a final net section should be presented for each reach.
- 10. The ground surface elevations used in the stability analyses do not represent the ground surface elevations shown in the sections furnished by DEI.
- 11. The piezometric headline used in the sand layers when the canal water elevation is at -5.0 NGVD should be shown.
- 12. In areas where a landside enlargement is to be used, the existing levee should be degraded so that a F.S. = 1.3 can be maintained.
- 13. The UU tests at the back of Appendix B do not correspond to the values listed in the summary of laboratory test results at the beginning of Appendix B.
- 14. The existing cross sections furnished by DEI do not extend as far out as the proposed levee sections.
- 15. There are some questions concerning the method of analysis for the cantilever I-wall between Sta. 50+00 and Sta. 90+00 on the west side of the canal. I recommend a meeting between your A&E (Eustis Engineering) and personnel from my Foundations and Materials Branch to discuss the method used.
- 16. Pile tests should be performed in accordance with COE procedures. Enclosed please find example compression test and tension test schedules.

EXAMPLE SCHEDULES
FILED WITH PROJECT
SPECIFICATIONS
GUIDELINE TAIS

- 17. The average shear strength trend as stated in paragraph 25, page 7, should not be used. The shear strength trend should be selected in accordance with EM 1110-2-1902 such that two-thirds of the test values exceed the values for each embankment zone and foundation layer.
- 18. The shear strength test values along the west levee are significantly lower than the shear strength test values along the east levee between Sta. 0+00 to Sta. 90+00. These shear strength values would preclude the use of an average shear strength value for the east and west levee between Sta. 0+00 to 90+00.
- 19. It is our understanding that the canal capacity will be enlarged. If the canal bottom is dredged, the clay layer would not remain in place as mentioned in paragraph 28, page 9. The sand strata would then be directly exposed and the effects of underseepage on stability should be considered.
- 20. It is not apparent how bridge piles which extend above the canal bottom can have "a nominal 2-ft. cutoff below the existing ground surface," as stated in paragraph 36 on page 11. This should be clarified.
- 21. Additional comments on the design shear strengths and piezometric headline are dependent on soil testing from check borings now at our Waterways Experiment Station and on additional piezometric observations. The last piezometric data provided my office was in October 1985.

I trust that the foregoing is responsive to your needs. If we can be of further assistance in this matter, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosure

PARTNERS

REG. C. E.

REG. C. E.

REG. C. E.

REG. C.E.

REG. C.E.

J. BRES EUSTIS

JOHN W. ROACH, JR.

GERALD A. BRAGG

LLOYD A. HELD, JR.

CHARLES A. BRAGG (1918-1979)

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

BORINGS . TESTS . ANALYSES

3011 28T STREET

METAIRIE, LOUISIANA 70002

METAIRIE, LOUISIANA 70011 PHONE (504) 834-0157

22 April 1986

D. E. I.

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OFFICERS

EUSTIS ENGINEERING CO.,INC.
ASSOCIATED WITH
EUSTIS ENGINEERING CO.
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD
J. BRES EUSTIS
PRESIDENT

JOHN W. ROACH, JR.

ODRP. VICE-PRESIDENT AND
CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER
GERALD A. BRAGG
VICE PRESIDENT AND
CHIEF ENGINEER

LLOYD A. HELD, JR.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Post Office Box 6267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160

Attention Mr. Ronald Elmer

Gentlemen:

Geotechnical Investigation Orleans Levee District Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal OLB Project No. 2048-0304 New Orleans, Louisiana

WEST SIDE

In accordance with your request, we are forwarding to you details of our analyses for the sheetpile wall between Station 50+00 and Station 90+00 on the west side of Orleans Canal. We understand these data will be reviewed by the Foundations and Materials Branch staff before a meeting during the week of 28 April 1986 between representatives of the New Orleans District, Design Engineering, Inc. and Eustis Engineering Company.

Enclosed with this letter are the detailed hand calculations and computer output for this sheetpile wall. Results of these calculations are shown on the analyses presented in Figure 5 of our report.

If you require any further information or clarification of this letter or its enclosures, do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours very truly,

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

W. W. Gwyn:bh

Enclosures

Copy w/Enclosures to:

Design Engineering, Inc.

Attention Mr. Walter Baudier

E. Berkley Traughber and Associates

Attention Mr. E. Berkley Traughber

The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District

Attention Mr. Ed Bailey

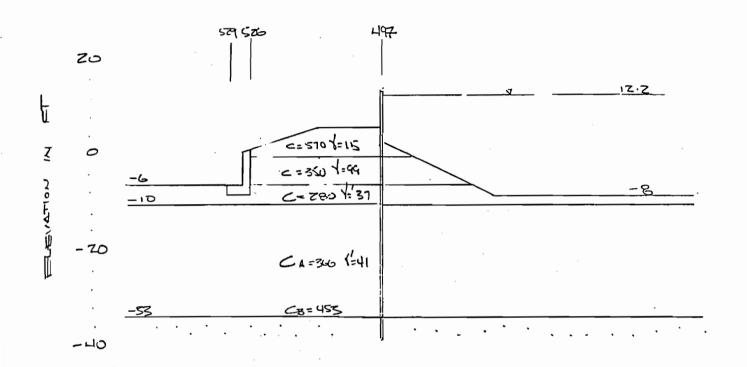
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SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Project ORLEANS CANAL Job CISS

Subject SHEETMLE WALL ANALYSIS By WWG

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SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

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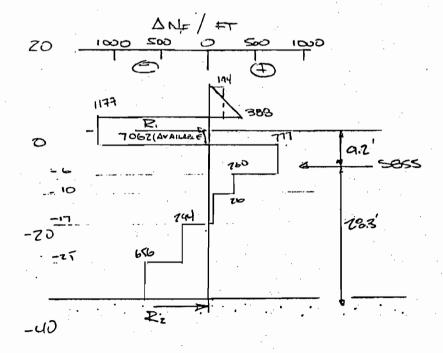
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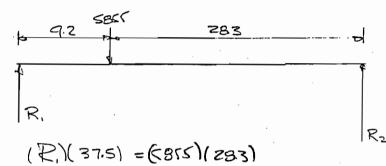
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SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

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MEMORANDUM

TO:

File 1006 V

FROM:

Tom Smith

RE:

"Inverted T" Floodwall

Orleans Avenue Canal

DATE:

May 13, 1986

In reply to my request for USCE criteria for sizing and design of concrete "Inverted T" type floodwall, Jorge Romero (862-2645) offered the following.

Base Size:

Thickness - 2'-6" min.

8'-0" min. Width -

Cut-off Sheet Pile: Embedment - 9"

Concrete Pile:

Embedment - 9"

Stem Size:

Thickness at top - 12" min. is usually battered about 1/24 on

one face to reduce cost and give

required thickness at base.

Deflection:

Cap horizontal movement - 1/2"

max. as determined by Hrennkoff

analysis.

Joints Spacing:

40' max., 30' preferred

TMS/mnh

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY



NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

June 3, 1986

Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your January 16, 1986, letter submitting your Design Memorandum on the Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Project for our review. This document is, as we understand it, intended to support preparation of plans and specifications for improving the levees along the Orleans Canal to meet standards for the Lake Pontchartrain, La. & Vicinity Hurricane Protection Project (LP&VHPP). As you know, much of what is contained in the document relies for support on a geotechnical report submitted to us in October 1985 for review, and commented on by us in our letter dated February 10, 1986. Discussions concerning our comments on the geotechnical report have continued, but there remain numerous of those comments which have not been adequately addressed to date. Our comments on your design memorandum, therefore, must at this time be regarded as preliminary and tentative, pending resolution of our comments on the geotechnical report.

As you are aware, credit under the LP&VHPP for any work done in connection with upgrading the levees along the Orleans Canal is dependent upon the outcome of our GDM studies. We are scheduled to complete those studies by August 1987. As we have indicated in the past, our preliminary work indicates that the fronting floodgate solution would provide the authorized hurricane protection at lower cost than improvement of the existing parallel levees. However, we recognize your preference for the improved levees solution, and for this reason urge that your GDM be completed at the earliest practicable date, in order that all of your views regarding solution of the Orleans Canal problem may be fully reflected in the preparation of our GDM.

With the foregoing background, we offer herein our /006 tentative comments on your GDM as a basis for expediting the completion of that document.

WBV DHV 13 Tms 6/19/86

- 1. The Organization of Report chapter should reference the geotechnical investigation report and the report should be attached as an appendix to this design memorandum.
- 2. Preliminary unconsolidated undrained triaxial test results have been received from our Waterways Experiment Station and have been furnished to your soils consultant. It appears that some of the design shear strengths used in the Draft Geotechnical Engr Report on Orleans Ave. Outfall Canal by Eustis Engr are high. Reference comment 17 in our February 10, 1986 letter.
- 3. Comparisons of present cross sections to cross sections from 1971 indicate a settlement of the I-walls on the west levee. The new I-walls along the canal should be overbuilt 0.5' for settlement.
- 4. Page IV-I, paragraph A The wall transition from sta. 118+00 to sta. 124+00 should be identified and reflected in this paragraph.
- 5. The NOD presently requires a minimum steel thickness of 5/16-inch for floodgate skinplates and 3/8-inch for all other steel (including sheet piling). The sheet piling type SL2, which is proposed for Reaches E-1 through E-6 and Reach W-6 (or about 11,538 linear feet), is unacceptable.
- 6. The NOD also limits structural deflections for pile founded T-walls to 1/2-inch at the pile cap (base slab).
- 7. Page IV-I, paragraph IV.B.1. It should be noted that, in addition to the allowable bending stress F_b being reduced, other allowables are reduced. See EM 1110-1-2101 (Encl).
- 8. Page IV-I, paragraph IV.B.2. Assuming that this paragraph is for steel sheet piling, ASTM A328 should be referenced in lieu of the ASTM for steel pipe piles (A252). Also, the allowable bending stress for ASTM A328 sheet piling is 20 ksi. See EM 1110-2-2906 (Encl).
- 9. Page IV-2, paragraph c.3., the F.S. of 1.25 should be based on total weights.
- 10. Page IV-2, paragraph c.4., we recommend that the coefficient of lateral earth pressure, K, for piles in tension in sand is .75 for displacement piles and .5 for nondisplacement piles unless values are obtained from pile tests.

- 11. Page IV-2, paragraph IV.D.2 It should be noted that the first two sentences are not USCE requirements as the chapter introduction infers. The recommendation for settlement is by Eustis Engineering. Reference comments 8 & 9 in our February 10, 1986 letter.
- 12. Page V-1, paragraph A, bottom of page NOD's interpretation of the sand stratum along the Orleans Ave Outfall Canal is: The top of the dense sand stratum varies from El -6.0 NGVD to El -14.0 NGVD, from the pumping station to station 30+00. From sta. 30+00 to sta 50+00, the top of the dense sand stratum varies from El -11.5 NGVD to El -29.0 NGVD. However, above the dense sand stratum is a loose sand and a clayey sand which varies from El -9.0 NGVD to El -19.0 NGVD. From sta. 50+00 to sta. 90+00, the top of the dense sand stratum ranges from El -20.5 NGVD to El -35.5 NGVD. A silty sand stratum overlies the dense sand layer. At sta. 51+80 the silty sand stratum has a top elevation of -13.0 NGVD. From sta. 90+00 to the lakefront, the top of the dense sand stratum varies from El 32.0 NGVD to El 36.5 NGVD, with lenses and layers of silty to clayey sand above that layer.
- 13. Page V-2, paragraph 3 U.S. Army Corps of Engrs. parameters do not require that seepage paths be sealed with walls of some type. U.S. Army Corps of Engrs. parameters require seepage control measures. The principal measures are (a) cutoffs (b) landside seepage berms (c) pervious toe trenches (d) floodside impervious blankets and (e) pressure relief wells.
- 14. Page V-2, paragraph 3 Piezometer readings were furnished by Eustis Engineering to my office in a letter dated 5 Nov 85; however, those readings did not include canal water elevations or the results from falling head tests. This information and any piezometer readings taken since then are needed.
- 15. Page V-3, paragraph 1 The level of existing top of fill ranges from El 4.5 NGVD to El 6.0 NGVD; therefore, 8 to 10 feet of additional height is required.
- 16. Page V-4, paragraph 4, figure 2, and figure 7 The draft geotechnical report has a tip elevation of -37.5 NGVD for the I-wall between sta. 50+00 and sta. 90+00, whereas figures 2 and 7 show a tip elevation of -33 NGVD. Reference comment 15 in our February 10, 1986 letter.
- 17. Figure 3, Typical East Levee Modification, Sta. 3+54 to Sta. 89+75 The natural ground surface of approximately El 0.0 NGVD shown on the landside is not indicative of the natural ground surface between Sta. 3+54

and sta. 89+75.75 east levee. The natural ground surface varies between El 0.0 NGVD and El -5.0 NGVD from sta. 3+54 to sta. 89+75.75 east levee.

- 18. The draft g-o+echnical report for this project did not include analyses for the levee floodwall combination proposed in Reaches E-6, W-6, E-7, and W-7. These analyses should be presented. Reference comment 5 in our February 10, 1986 letter. The stability and settlement analyses for the proposed west levee near the canal (Reach W-6) should also be presented. Also, the location where the levee fill material will be obtained from should be specified.
- 19. Figure 2 The proposed elevation limits for coating the steel sheet piling with coal tar epoxy should be provided. It should be noted that the use of the coal tar epoxy, in lieu of the requirements of para. IV.D.1, is only permitted in this reach.
- 20. Figure 5 It appears that this proposed section is for the west side, and not the east side as shown. This should be resolved.
- 21. According to the Draft Geotechnical Report prepared for this job, the levee fill will be either CL or CH but, according to the cost estimates, the fill will be Sandy-Clay. This discrepancy should be resolved.
- 22. On pages V11 and V12, the cost estimate for the I-wall sheetpiling for Reach W-4 and Reach W-5 should be for a length of 51.5 ft. corresponding to a tip elevation of -37.5 NGVD.
- 23. It is suggested that another bridge modification alternative be investigated. This alternative would consider a new bridge at the present bridge's level while incorporating headwalls and waterproofing similar to alternative 2. This would appear to be a feasible alternative since, according to this report, only 20% of the cost (\$397,000 for Filmore Ave.) for the new raised bridge is for the bridge itself, with the remaining 80% attributable to the approaches.
- 24. The report recommends the modification of bridges by sealing joints and the use of walls and anchors. Analyses should be presented for the above alternative.
- 25. Reference figure 7, a. It is suggested that another alternative be investigated for storing the roller gate. In some cases, we have found that an I-wall in combination with an adjacent pile-founded concrete slab is more economical than a pile-founded T-wall. The additional

sheet piling cost from the difference between stability and seepage requirements can be offset by the savings associated with the elimination of the protected side slab concrete and with only providing piles (possibly even timber) to support the dead weight of the gate, and not to resist the overturning of the monolith due to the horizontal water load.

- 26. Reference figure 7, b. A stabilization slab should be added beneath the T-wall monolith(s). The NOT normally provides a 4-inch thick stabilization slab.
 - 27. Reference paragraph VI.C-
- a. The method of testing and repairing the existing copper waterstops should be provided.
- b. A seepage cutoff that attaches to the existing end bents will be required. This should be discussed.
- c. The details of grouting the waterstops to the existing bridge while having the waterstops cast into the precast concrete wall panel should be presented.
- d. The method of installing vertical waterstops between adjacent precast concrete wall panels should also be discussed.
- e. Based on preliminary calculations (see 7.c below), additional studs are required to anchor the bridge deck to the existing girders. The method of installing these additional studs should be presented.
 - 28. Reference figure 8-
- a. The details of connecting the existing copper waterstop to the new waterstop should be provided.
- b. It appears that the clear distance between the existing 12-inch piles and the proposed 16-inch piles is insufficient. Consideration should be given to increasing the clear distance, thereby resulting in an increase to the size of the concrete cap.
- 29. On page VI-22, the note at the bottom appears to be in error, since 6 pile anchors appear to be inappropriate at the end bents.

- 30. Reference chapter VII, paragraph VII A, and figure 15 The draft geotechnical report for this project did not include any analysis for this reach and the I-wall at the I-610 bridge.
- 31. On figure 15, the bottom of the concrete cap for method 2 should be 2 feet below the ground surface as required by paragraph IV.D.1.

32. Reference figure 16-

- a. Modification at 30" Dia. Waterline, Sta 44+44 No seepage analysis or deep seated analysis was presented in the draft soils report for the T-wall at the 30" diameter waterline.
- b. Since there is an obvious interference problem between the existing wall and the proposed 14-inch piles, complete removal of the existing wall will be required in this reach.
- c. The thickness of the base slab appears to be insufficient. A thickness of 2.5 feet should be used unless calculations are presented which justify a reduced thickness.
- d. There may be a pile interference problem between the existing pile(s) for the waterline support and the proposed 14-inch piles. This should be investigated.

33. Reference paragraph VII.G.-

- a. The method for preventing seepage along the top of the existing cutoff wall and syphon structure should be provided.
- b. The method of providing wall stability across the drainage syphon width should be discussed.
- 34. Reference paragraph VII.H. Since the two designs are considered "a complex undertaking "and" beyond the scope of this report," cost estimates and alternative comparisons appear premature. The design for this work should be provided to this office for our review.
- 35. Reference figure 19 Connecting of the discharge pipe to the proposed floodwall is unacceptable. Independent

anchorage for this pipe will be required.

36. Reference figure 20 - Utilizing the sluice gate/floodwall structure for supporting the discharge lines is unacceptable. Support structures and connection details, which will prevent the transfer of any loads to this control/floodwall structure, will be required.

37. Reference Appendix A-

- a. The tip elevation of the sheet pile seepage cutoff at the bridges should be shown.
- b. The sheet pile tip elevation for the I-610 bridge modification differs from that shown on Fig. 15. This discrepancy should be resolved.
- c. The sheet pile tip elevation for the floodwalls north of Robert E. Lee Blvd. should be shown.
- 38. Regarding the cost estimates contained in this GDM, as we noted in our letter of April 11, 1985 (See Appendix B, page B-3), the actual credit to the Orleans Levee District for the flood protection provided at the Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal will be determined after completion of our General Design Memorandum Number 19. document will provide the basis for the determination of the degree to which the features contained in the subject GDM meet the requirements of the Federal project. Based on the above, our review of the cost estimates contained in the subject GDM was limited to checks of major items and to review the adequacy of unit prices. It should be noted that the subject GDM does not properly address all of the stability and other design problems associated with the required flood protection for the Orleans Avenue Outfall The resolution of these problems could have a significant impact on the total project cost.

39. Reference chapter V-

a. The unit prices for the sheet piling for Reaches W-1 through W-5 appear to be high, based on bidding results for similar sheet piling on Corps projects in the New Orleans area. Type PZ-27 sheet piling is furnished and installed with a unit price range from \$13.00 to \$15.00 per square foot. Therefore, it is suggested that the unit price for PZ-27, 35 feet long, be changed from \$560 to \$510 per linear foot and for PZ-27, 47 feet long, be changed from

\$765 to \$710 per linear foot.

- b. The unit prices for demolition of the existing wall within Reaches W-1 through W-5 appear to be too low when compared to both actual and estimated costs on Corps projects. It is suggested that this demolition work be estimated at a unit price of \$100 per linear foot, and not the \$35 per linear foot shown.
- 40. Reference chapter VII The estimate presented for the final protection at the pumping station is unacceptable. A more detailed estimate should be presented with the results of the investigation described in comment 36 above.
 - 41. Reference chapter VIII-
- a. Paragraph A.1.e., on Reach W-6, should also mention the I-wall required at the fire station and at Crystal St., which was mentioned on pages V-7 and V-8.
- b. Pages VIII-5 to VIII-7 An overbuild of 1 foot is less than the maximum settlement of 2.5 feet stated in the soils report; therefore, the cost of future maintenance should be stated.
- c. If pile tests are to be performed, costs should be included.
- 42. In order to expedite the upcoming review effort, the preliminary design submitted for our review should include complete design calculations for each typical item, including the specialty items. Calculations should include summaries of I-wall moments and deflections for each different reach and summaries of T-wall pile loads (calculated by the Hrennikoff Method) and base slab deflections for each different monolith. Also, several engineering documents which are needed by DEI to pursue preliminary and final design are enclosed and are as follows:

a.	EM 1110-1-2101	Working Stresses for
		Structural Design
b.	EM 1110-2-2000	Standard Practice for
		Concrete
c.	EM 1110-2-2102	Waterstops
d.	EM 1110-2-2103	Details of Reinforcement -
		Hvdraulic Structures

e. EM 1110-2-2502

EM 1110-2-2906

Retaining Walls
Design of Pile Structures
and Foundations

43. Preliminary design calculations were informally submitted to this office and the following comments are offered to expedite the upcoming calculation reviews:

- a. <u>I-Wall Deflection Calculations</u>. The concept presented is acceptable to this office except that the moment of inertia used should be in units of in^{4}/ft and not $in^{4}/pile$.
- b. Slender Walls Program Description. While we have no objections to utilizing this program if modified to reflect the criteria in ETL 1110-2-265, sample hand calculations must be submitted to demonstrate that the computer results are satisfactory.

c. Bridge Modification Calculations.

- (1) The minimum allowable thickness for concrete floodwalls is 12 inches. See EM 1110-2-2502.
- (2) According to ETL 1110-2-265, the reinforcement ratio, p, should be checked against 0.25 times pb. If this ratio is greater than 0.25 times pb, deflection calculations must be checked.
- (3) Minimum shear reinforcement, as provided by Sections 11.10.8 and 11.5.5.1 of ACI, is required since $V_{\rm u}$ exceeds 1/2 of $V_{\rm c}$.
- (4) The concept of the threaded bar strap appears to be unstable when attached to a similar strap on the opposite side of the bridge since the pressure diagrams will not always be exactly equal.
- (5) Fig. 8 and the sketch on page 7 do not match. This discrepancy should be resolved.
- (6) For preliminary designs, pile reactions should be calculated using either the Culmann's or Vetter's Method. Final design should utilize the Hrennikoff Method. See EM 1110-2-2906.
- (7) It is not apparent as to the purpose of the key area located below the waterstop on the precast

headwall panel. The intent should be specified.

- (8) The minimum acceptable concrete cover for floodwalls is 3 inches. See EM-1110-2-2103.
- (9) The method for calculating the bending stress in the headwall is inappropriate since biaxial bending occurs in the precast headwall.

I trust that the foregoing is responsive to your needs. If we can be of further assistance in this matter, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosures

Copy furnished:
Mr. Ed Bailey
Chief Engineer
Board of Levee Commissioners
Orleans Levee District
Suite 202, Administration Building
New Orleans Lakefront Airport
New Orleans, Louisiana 70126

The details of the analysis for the sheet pile wall between station 50+00 to station 90+00 west side of Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal have been reviewed. We recommend that the ground water elevation used on the protected side for the I-wall analysis along Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal be 0.0 NGVD at the I-wall and at the natural ground surface at the embankment toe. The embankment section (elevation and width) used in the analysis should represent the minimum field conditions. Upon completion of your evaluation of design shear strengths, a shear strength plot should be furnished to us for review.

It is recommended that NAVFAC DM-7, May 1982, particularly figure 9 on page 7.2-71, be used as a guide to determine passive pressures against an I-wall where the critical wedge is not against the wall. The factor of safety used should be 1.5 applied to the soil design shear strengths.

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♣U.S. G.P.O. 1980-311-156/27

Mr. Frederic M. Chatry Chief, Engineering Division Department of the Army New Orleans District Corps of Engineers P.O. Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267

> Re: Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Chatry:

As you know, for the past 1-1/2 to 2 months we have been attempting to resolve the issue of the acceptability of design shear strengths proposed by the project the geotechnical consultant, Eustis Engineering Company, With your assistance and the cooperation of the Corp's foundation section personnel, we have to date been able to clarify some of the differences discussed at our original review meeting. However, in order to complete our review and prepare our response to the Corp's review comments of the geotechnical report, we find ourselves in need of The needed information is the additional information. design soil shear strengths that the Corps has developed for Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project. Your cooperation in forwarding this information to us as soon as possible will assist in expediting our response to your comment letter.

Another matter not covered in your comment letter has just recently been brought to our attention and we feel it deserves immediate attention. As we understand it, the Corps is modifying the geotechnical design criteria to include an additional analysis parameter. This parameter, which establishes the landside water surface elevation at elevation 0.00 NGVD, is to be used for analysis of levee stability and of floodwall design. This new criteria could severely impact the design and subsequently the construction cost of this project.

Mr. Frederic M. Chatry Page 2

We are therefore asking for clarification from your office as to whether this is in fact a required design criteria or not.

Your cooperation and timely response in this matter will be appreciated.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve

JH/mnh

cc: Mr. C. E. Bailey, Chief Engineer



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

June 25, 1986

Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section

D. I. I.

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your June 12, 1986, letter concerning the Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project. As requested, please find enclosed the shear strength design lines that will be used in our design studies for the GDM on the Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal Project.

Reference is further made to the second paragraph of your letter. We recommend use of 0.0 NGVD or the elevation of the ground, which ever is lower.

In developing a phreatic water surface for design, we would assume that the operating floodside stage of 0.0 NGVD is constant within the embankment cross section. If the natural ground is lower than 0.0 NGVD, the phreatic water surface landward of the embankment would be assumed to be at the elevation of natural ground. See the attached sketch.

I trust the foregoing is responsive to your needs. If I can be of further assistance, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

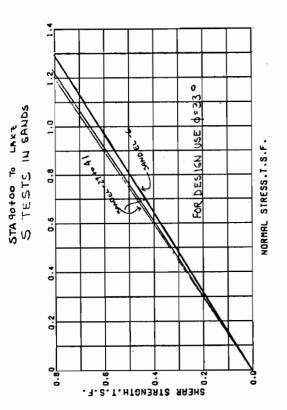
Enclosures

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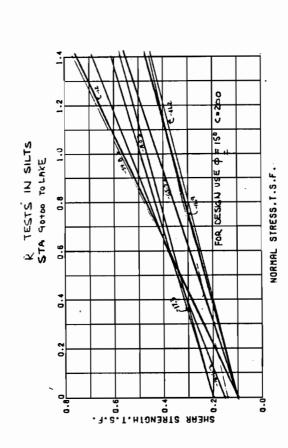
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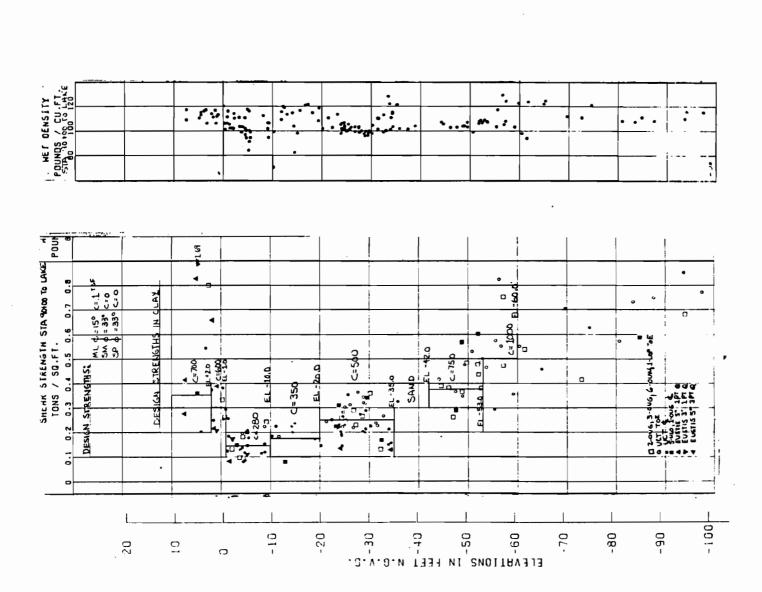
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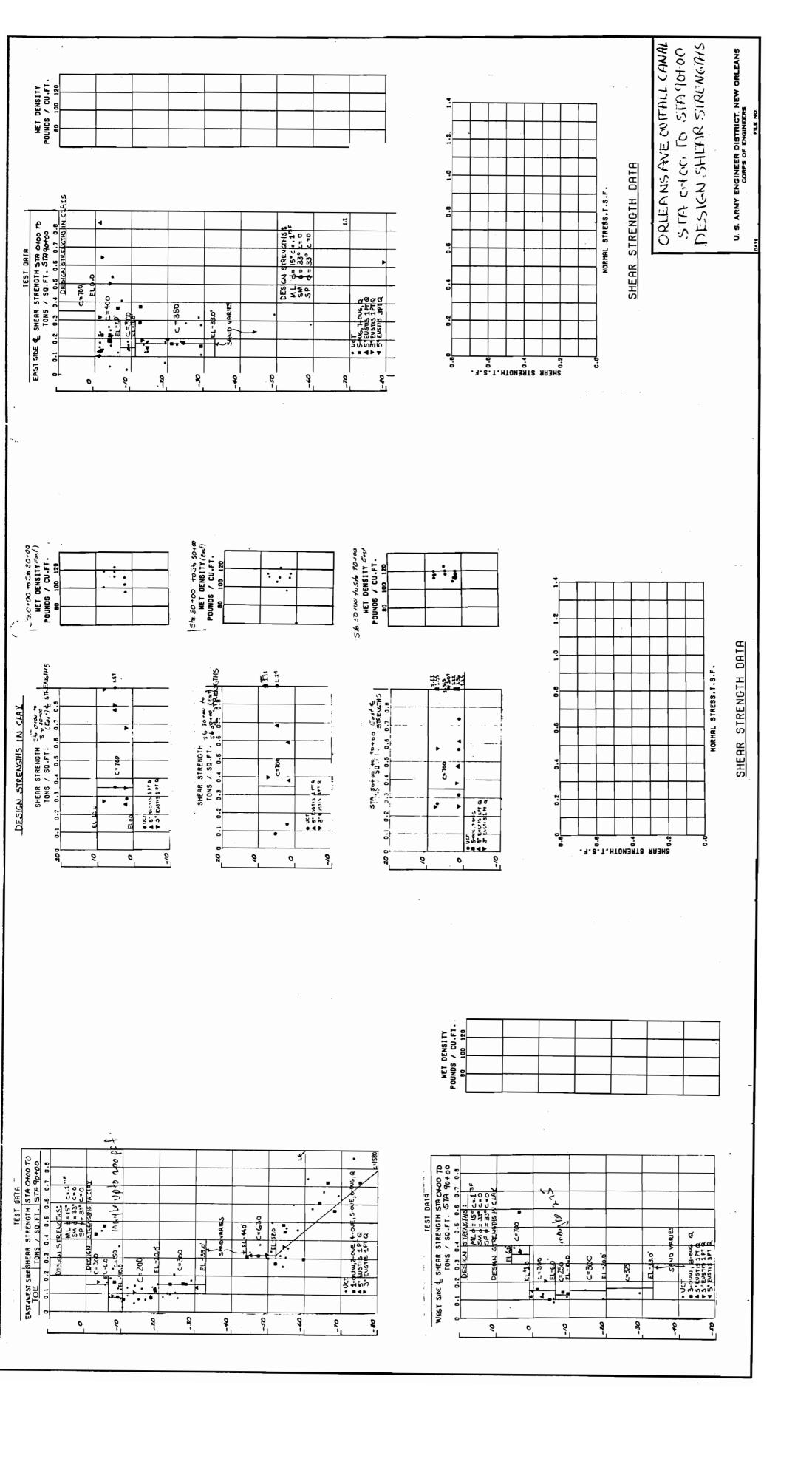


SHEAR STRENGTH DATA



SHEAR STRENGTH DATA







EUSTIS ENGINEERING GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERS

3011 28th Street • Metairie, Louisiana 70002 • 504-834-0157

30 June 1986

Design Engineering Inc. Suite 205 3330 West Esplanade Metairie. Louisiana 70002

Attention Mr. John Holtgreve

Gentlemen:

Geotechnical Investigation Orleans Levee District Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal New Orleans, Louisiana OLB Project No. 2048-0304 #### <u>1</u>006

JH

IS 1M9

Reference is made to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers letters dated 10 February 1986 and 3 June 1986 with comments pertaining to Eustis Engineering's draft geotechnical engineering report and Design Engineering Inc.'s General Design Memorandum for the subject project. Comments pertaining to the geotechnical aspects for the project that can be addressed at this time follow in this letter. Resolution of other comments that depend upon ongoing discussions with or input from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers will be addressed as soon as possible.

Draft Geotechnical Investigation

Comment 2. Shear strength design parameters are presently being discussed with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. These data will be provided after final design parameters have been agreed upon.

Comment 3. These data are appended as Enclosure 1.

Comment 4. The "S" case design parameters and tail water elevations used for the I-wall analyses and in the draft report are shown on Enclosures 2 and 3.

Comment 5. Appropriate I-wall analyses are appended to this letter as Enclosures 4, 5 and 6 and have been previously furnished to DEI.

- Comment 6. It is our understanding that a full levee section is required only on the west side of Orleans Canal north of Robert E. Lee Boulevard. Our sections will be modified to incorporate a minimum factor of safety of 1.3 for the gross levee section and the text of the final report modified accordingly.
- Comment 7. Appropriate stability and seepage analyses have been furnished DEI in Eustis Engineering's letter dated 9 June 1986. We wish to point out that analyses furnished at that time are subject to revision depending upon resolution of comments pertaining to design shear strength parameters.
- Comment 8. We understand that a landside enlargement will only be used on the west side of Orleans Canal and off of Robert E. Lee Boulevard and settlement estimates for other reaches are not required.
- Comment 9. Our estimate of the average settlement for the Reach $\overline{\text{II}}$ levee west of Robert E. Lee Boulevard is 1.0 to 1.5 feet. Our estimate of the average settlement for the Reach III levee west of Robert E. Lee Boulevard is 1.5 to 2.0 feet. The foundation conditions in these reaches are very heterogeneous and settlement at any location will vary from the average estimate. We recommend raising the levee crown when settlement has progressed to net grade.
- Comment 10. Ground surface elevations used in stability analyses were developed from cross-section overlays from which the general lowest ground surface elevation was determined in any particular reach. Lower ground surface elevations may exist in localized areas and may require filling. These should be addressed during development of plans and specifications.
- $\frac{\text{Comment 11.}}{\text{canal side}}$ The piezometric head used in the sand layers for the canal side analyses is at el -5.0 NGVD and reflects end-of-construction conditions assumed for the stability analyses.
- Comment 12. Degraded levee sections, if required, will be provided following resolution of comments pertaining to the design shear strengths.
- Comment 13. The triaxial compression test reports presented at the back of Appendix B reflect the results of unconsolidated undrained triaxial tests performed on samples obtained from 5-in. diameter borings. The unconsolidated undrained triaxial compression shear tests listed under the Summary of Laboratory Test Results at the front of Appendix B represent separate one-point triaxial tests performed on samples obtained from both 3-in. and 5-in. diameter borings.
- Comment 15. We have forwarded to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers details of our calculations and assumptions relative to

this particular sheetwall design in our letter of 22 April 1986. We have since received an informal reply and are presently waiting formal recommendations on design procedures from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

Comment 17. The recommendations outlined in EM1110-2-1902 reflect criteria for the design of earth filled dams where design shear strengths are developed primarily on the basis of 3-point unconsolidated undrained triaxial (UU) test data for the end-of-construction condition. Shear strengths selected for the reaches of the Orleans Canal project are based primarily on unconfined compression (UC) test data. We would note that the statistical scatter from UC test data is generally greater than that of UU test data, and, when unsaturated samples are tested, UC tests yield lower values of shear strength than 3-point UU test data. Considering that UC test data are primarily used to develop shear strength trends for these reaches and that these data theoretically yield a statistical average less than comparable UU data, Eustis Engineering does not believe it appropriate to use the criteria outlined in EM1110-2-1902.

Comment 18. Borings taken along the west levee were generally taken at the toe of the existing levee and do not reflect shear strengths beneath the levee section itself. Samples obtained from these borings are sensitive to disturbance during shear strength testing. These considerations have been discussed with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. We are presently waiting on recommendations from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers relative to design shear strength parameters. When these are received, we will re-evaluate appropriate analyses.

Comment 20. This statement is not correct in our report. It will be deleted from the final text.

General Design Memorandum Comments

Comment 10. Eustis Engineering has analyzed precast concrete piles loaded in tension assuming a coefficient of lateral earth pressure of 0.7. This succeeds the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers requirements stated in this paragraph.

Comment 11. See Comments 8 and 9 above.

Comment 14. Falling head tests on piezometers were not recorded and are not available at this time. Eustis Engineering is accumulating piezometer data for a subsequent seepage study. As this data is accumulated, copies will be forwarded to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

Comment 18. Appropriate analyses have been furnished DEI. See Comment 5 above. From a geotechnical standpoint, there is no

need to specify the location where levee fill material will be obtained for this project. Eustis Engineering assumes this will be the responsibility of the contractor with materials meeting the requirements outlined in the draft report of our geotechnical investigation.

Comment 30. The required penetration for the I-wall is el -20.4. This is not substantially different (el -21.0) from that required for the remaining portion of Reach I. Only the critical analyses was presented as representative of the entire Reach.

We hope these fulfill your immediate needs relative to the resolution of comments. If we can be of further assistance or you require further clarification of this letter, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours very truly,

EUSTIS ENGINEERING

Lloyd A. Held, Jr.

W. W. Gwyn:bh

Enclosures 1 through 6

Geotechnical Investigation Orleans Levee District Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal OLB Project No. 2048-0304 New Orleans, Louisiana

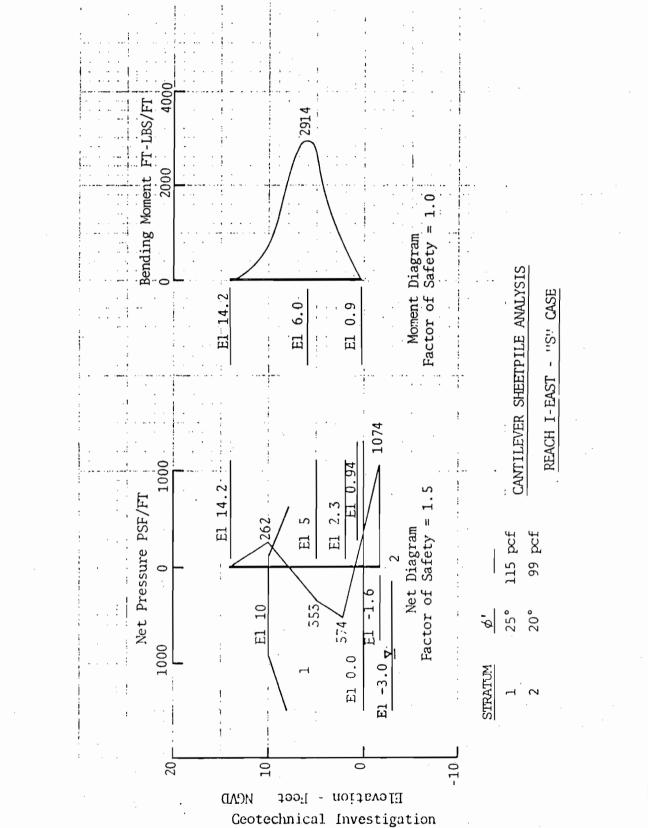
For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

PILE CAPACITY DESIGN PARAMETERS

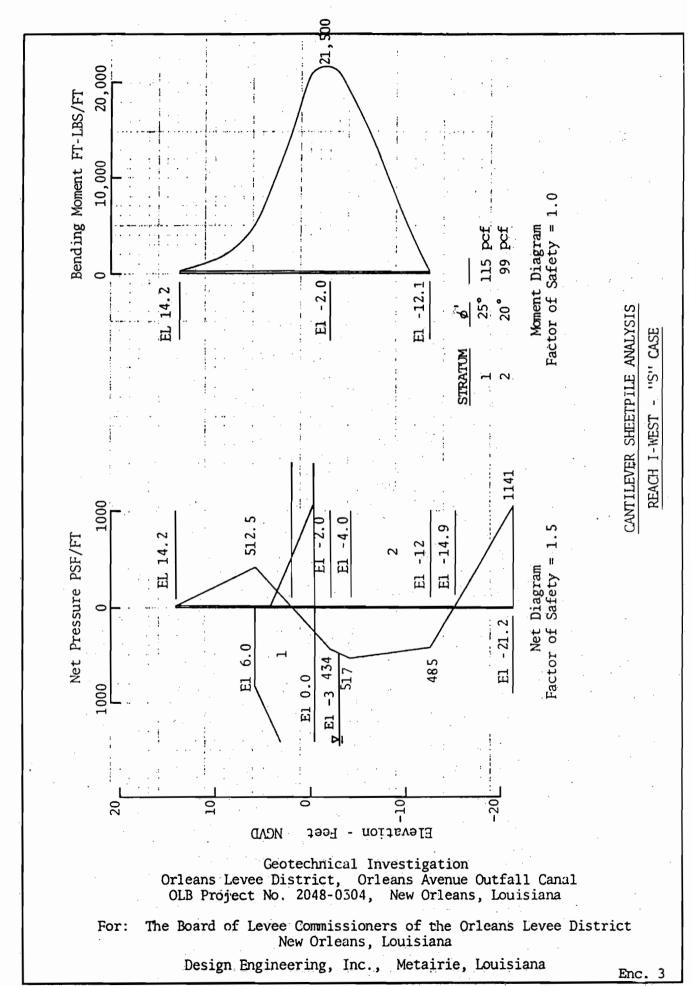
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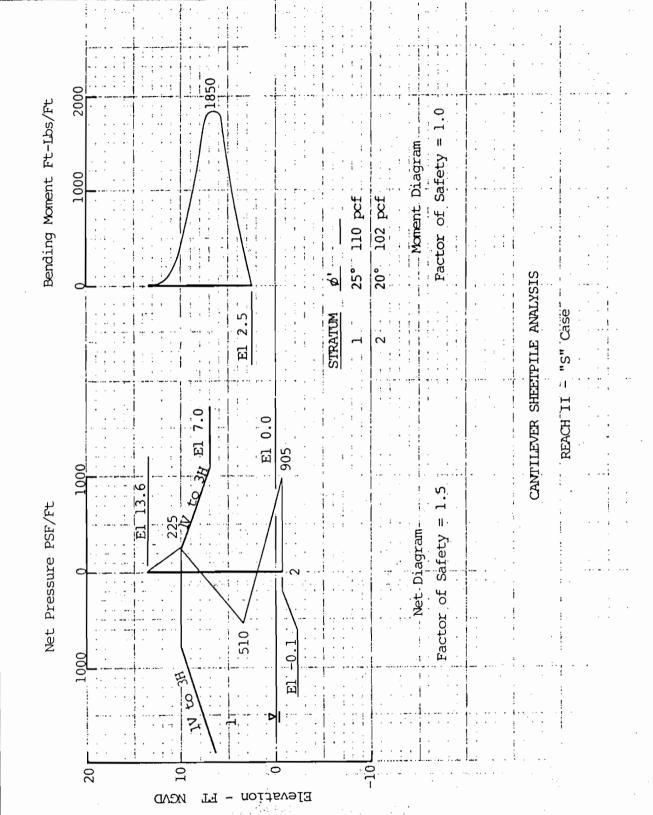
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Ceotechnical Investigation
Orleans Levee District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal
OLB Project No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

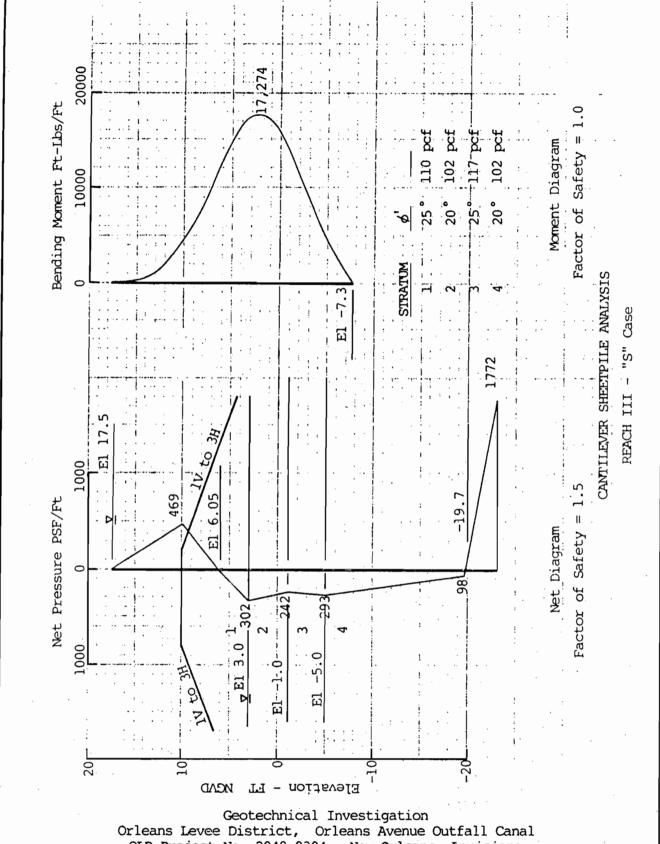




Geotechnical Investigation
Orleans Levee District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal
OLB PROJECT NO. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

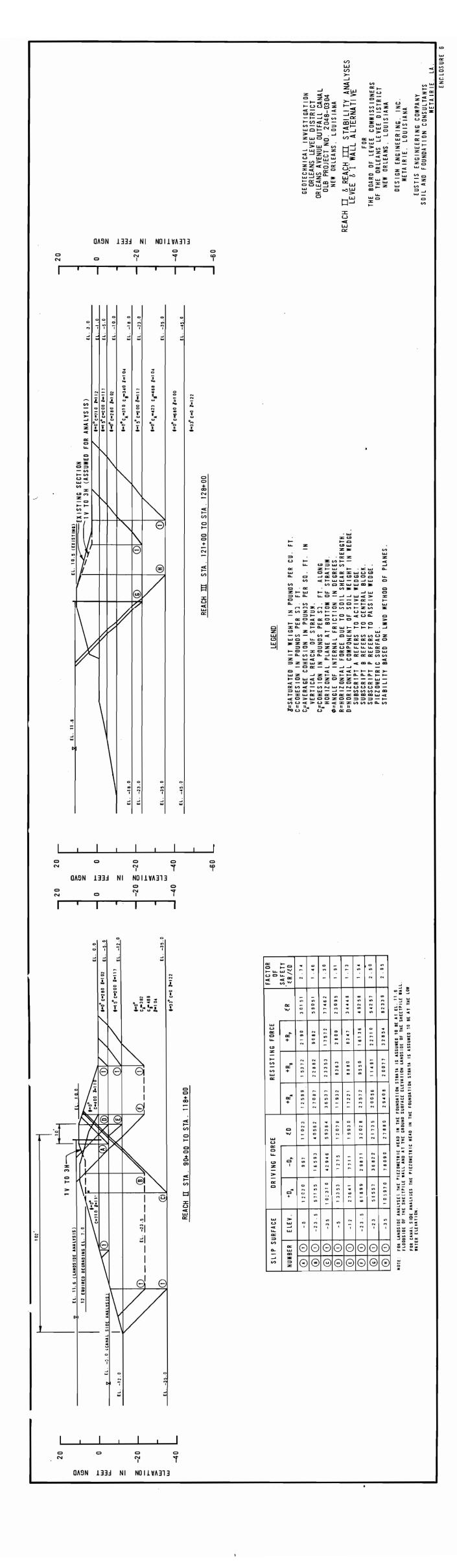


OLB Project No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

Enc. 5



Department of the Army New Orleans District Corps of Engineers P. O. Box 60267 New Orleans. LA 70160-0267

ATTN: Engineering Division

Projects Engineering Section

Re: Orleans Avenue Canal

Flood Protection Improvement Project

OLB Project No. 2048-0278

DEI Project No. 1006

Gentlemen:

Reference is made to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USCOE) letters dated June 3, 1986 and February 10, 1986 with comments pertaining to Design Engineering, Inc.'s General Design Memorandum and Eustis Engineering's draft geotechnical engineering report for the referenced project. Comments pertaining to the geotechnical engineering report review that can be addressed at this time are included in the attached Eustis Engineering letter dated June 30, 1986 and as discussed below. Resolution of other comments that depend on ongoing discussion with the USCOE or require further analysis will be addressed as soon as possible.

Design Memorandum Jun 3 1986

Comment 1. The table of contents and Organization of Report chapter will be modified and the geotechnical report will be attached as an appendix to the Design Memorandum.

Comment 2. This comment has been addressed by Eustis Engineering. Reference Comment 17 of the attached Eustis Engineering letter dated June 30, 1986.

Comment 3. The new I-walls will be overbuilt by 0.5 feet for settlement as recommended. The Design Memorandum will be revised to include this requirement in design parameters.

- Comment 4. The 600 foot transition length in the design elevation of the levee/floodwall approaching the lakefront will be added to paragraph A as a design parameter.
- Comment 5. The minimum steel thickness of 3/8-inch for structural steel and sheet piling will be included as a design parameter. Presently floodgates are not included in this project, but should a change in design recommendations be required the minimum steel thickness of 5/16-inch for skinplates will be included in the design parameters. The recommendation to use SL2 piling as shown will be revised.
- Comment 6. The limit of 1/2-inch of structural deflection for pile founded T-walls will be added to the design parameters.
- Comment 7. The clarification, that allowables other than F_b will be reduced per EM 1110-1-2101, will be added to the design parameters.
- Comment 8. The ASTM reference will be corrected and the allowable bending stress for A328 sheet piling will be noted as 20 KSI in the design.
- Comment 9. The design S.F. against blow-out criteria will be revised to state "based on total weights".
- Comment 10. See page 3 of Eustis Engineering's letter dated June 30, 1986.
- Comment 11. The text will be modified to indicate that the settlement allowance recommendation is by Eustis Engineering.
- Comment 12. The descriptive paragraph of the sand stratam will be modified to include the USCOE interpretation.
- Comment 13. Statement regarding methods of sealing of seepage paths in text will be modified to include other measures.
- Comment 14. See page 3, comment 14 of Eustis Engineering's letter dated June 30, 1986.
- Comment 15. Existing information on variations of level of top of fill on West side will be reviewed and appropriate changes in wall height made as required.

- Comment 16. The I-wall tip elevation on West side will be revised in the Design Memorandum per recommendation of soil consultant pending review of soil shear strengths.
- Comment 17. The variation in natural ground elevation on the East side will be noted.
- Comment 18. The analyses for the levee floodwall combinations in the referenced reaches are contained in Comment 5 of the June 30, 1986 Eustis Engineering letter. Source of levee fill will be handled in Bid Phase.
- Comment 19. The elevation limits for coating the steel sheet piling will be shown in Figure 2.
- Comment 20. The section orientation will be corrected for the East side as required.
- Comment 21. Fill material will be CL or CH.
- Comment 22. Cost Estimate will be revised for correct length of sheet pile.
- **Comment 23.** A bridge modification similar to the alternative suggested is now proposed. This modification considers a new bridge deck on existing bridge girders plus headwalls and waterproofing. Cost should not exceed Alternative 2.
- Comment 24. Complete preliminary calculation and drawings for the modification of the bridges will be submitted as they are completed.
- Comment 25. Floodgates are not the recommended method of flood protection at the bridges. Based on safety and maintenance, the Client (Orleans Levee Board) prefers not to install floodgates at these bridges. This cost analysis is no longer pertinent to the project.
- Comment 26. The figure will be modified to include the 4-inch thick stabilization slab as recommended.

Comment 27.

- (a) The existing bridge deck will be removed and new water stops installed. Testing of existing copper water stops no longer necessary.
- (b) Seepage cut-off walls that attach or seal to the end bents will be provided at each bridge.

- (c) The precast wall design has been abandoned. The new bridge headwalls, floodwalls and decks will be cast-in-place concrete. Grouting of horizontal waterstops will not be required.
- (d) Precast design no longer under consideration so installing vertical waterstops at joints will not be a problem.
- (e) Existing bridge decks will be removed and the required additional studs will be welded to the exposed existing girders before new deck is poured.

Comment 28.

- (a) The design depicted in Figure 8 has been abandoned and a new bridge modification design is being prepared which will not include copper waterstop.
- (b) See Comment (a) above, pile layout revised in new design.
- Comment 29. The descriptive note at bottom of cost estimate will be corrected.
- Comment 30. See Comment 30 on page 4 of Eustis Engineering's letter dated June 30, 1986.
- Comment 31. The drawings will be corrected to show concrete extending 2 feet below ground surface.

Comment 32.

- (a) The seepage and stability analysis for T-wall at 30" diameter waterline was submitted for review June 12. 1986.
- (b) Changes have been made on Preliminary Plans to avoid interference between existing wall and proposed T-wall piles.
- (c) T-wall base thickness has been changed to 2'-6".
- (d) Pile orientation has been redesigned to avoid conflicts between waterline support and T-wall piles.
- Comment 33. Methods for preventing seepage along top of existing cutoff wall and providing wall stability will be developed.

- Comment 34. Preliminary design for flood protection at the Pump Station is being prepared and will be submitted for review as soon as possible.
- Comment 35. If method 1 of flood protection is selected, independent anchorage and support of the discharge pipe will be provided which will not rigidly connect pipe to wall.
- Comment 36. Independent anchorage/support will be provided if protection method 2 is chosen.

Comment 37.

- (a) Tip elevations of sheet pile have been shown at the bridges on Plan and Profile Drawings.
- (b) The difference in tip elevation of sheet pile at I-610 will be corrected.
- (c) Tip elevations of sheet pile have been shown at floodwalls north of R. E. Lee.
- Comment 38. Information only, does not require a response.

Comment 39.

- (a) Sheet piling cost estimate will be revised as required.
- (b) The recommended demolition cost of \$100.00 per linear foot seem high to cut off sheet pile and allow to fall into canal.
- Comment 40. A more detailed cost estimate will be provided when design at Pumping Station is complete.

Comment 41.

- (a) Will add to Chapter VIII paragraph A.1.e. the pertinent information pertaining to I-wall at the Fire Station and at Crystal St..
- (b) The need for future levee maintenance costs will be mentioned.
- (c) Cost of test piles will be added to project.
- Comment 42. Complete design calculations will be furnished as they are completed.

Comment 43.

- (a) Approved concept for I-wall deflection will be used in design.
- (b) Hand calculations will be provided for any computer program used to demonstrate that results are satisfactory.
- (c) Bridge Modification Calculations
 - (1) A minimum of 12 inches for thickness on walls will be used.
 - (2) The reinforcement ratio, p, will be checked against, 0.25 pb.
 - (3) Shear reinforcement will be used if $\rm v_u$ exceeds 1/2 $\rm v_c$
 - (4) Concept of threaded bar straps has been abandoned.
 - (5) Concept of wall support has been revised.
 - (6) Pile reactions will be calculated using Hrennikoff Method.
 - (7) Concept of wall has been revised.
 - (8) Concrete cover for floodwalls will be 3 inches minimum.
 - (9) Concept of headwall has been revised.

Draft Geotechnical Investigation Feb 10 1986

Comment 1. The information concerning these analyses will be provided to the Corps when study of these specific areas have been completed by Design Engineering, Inc. and Eustis Engineering.

We trust these responses to your comments are satisfactory. We will furnish the remainder of the responses as soon as they are completed. Revised copies of the design memorandum pages along with pertinent design drawings will be furnished following modification to the existing design memorandum.

Department of the Army Page 7

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve

JH/mnh

Enclosures

cc: Mr. C. E. Bailey

Mr. Frederic M. Chatry Chief, Engineering Division Department of the Army New Orleans District Corps of Engineers P. O. Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267

Re: Orleans Canal Flood Protection Project OLB Project No. 2048-0278

DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Chatry:

We are in the process of developing a full reply to the tentative review comments contained in your August 6, 1986 letter pertaining to the proposed T-wall section at the 30-inch pipeline crossing of the Orleans Avenue Canal for the above referenced project.

In order to complete this reply an additional clarification relating to one of the comments is required. This clarification directly applies to comment No. 7. "In accordance with ETL 1110-1-265 a 1.9 load factor should be used for all design in lieu of the 1.5 load factor used."

We used a 1.5 load factor for dead load and a 1.9 factor for water pressure and uplift. This was in accord with our copy of the ETL. We were told that the use of the 1.9 factor for all loads was authorized in a separate memorandum. Our question is whether the use of the 1.9 factor for dead load is indeed mandatory or is it discretionary.

Admittedly the design calculations are measurably simplified by use of a common factor for all loadings as recommended. But this 26% increase in dead load can substantially effect structures with high dead load to external load ratios. Also our previous design of the bridge modifications must be corrected if the dead load factor is required to be 1.9 in lieu of 1.5.

Mr. Frederic M. Chatry Page 2

Please send us a copy of the memorandum which authorized the change of load factors in ETL 1110-2-265.

Your early consideration of this request will be appreciated.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

JH/TS/ab

cc: Mr. C. E. Bailey, Chief Engineer

REPLY TO

ATTENTION OF:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

August 28, 1986

Engineering Division Projects Engineering Section D. E. I.

SEP

1500

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your August 13, 1986 letter requesting clarification of one of our comments contained in our August 6, 1986 letter pertaining to the proposed T-wall section at the 30-inch pipeline crossing of the Orleans Avenue Canal.

As requested please find enclosed a copy of the memorandum of the meeting held on October 22, 1985. It was at this meeting that the requirement for using the Corps modified strength design as per ETL 1110-2-265 but utilizing a load factor of 1.9 for all loads was made. However, for the T-wall design in question, a multiple load factor of 1.5 for dead load and 1.9 for live loads is acceptable provided the results obtained are compatible with the Working Stress Method of Design.

I trust that the foregoing is responsive to your needs. If I can be of further assistance in this matter, please let me know.

Sincerely.

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosure

MEETING MEMORANDUM

Project: Pontchartrain Beach Flood Protection

Orleans Levee Board Project No. 2040-0204

DEI Project No. 1008

URS Project No. 565-04-73

Location: Corps of Engineers - New Orleans Dist.

Meeting Date: October 22, 1985

Time: 2:00 p.m.

Attendees: Ron Elmer C.O.E.

Van Stutts C.O.E.
Jorge Romero C.O.E.
Jim Richardson C.O.E.
Janice Hote C.O.E.
John Holtgreve DEI
Tai Chen URS
Bruce Adams URS

Topics of Discussion:

Net design elevations for the east and west ends of the project at the connections to the existing levees were verified to be 17.5 NGVD at each location.

2) By copy of this memorandum, URS is transmitting three (3) copies of

DEI's conceptual design to the Corps.

3) Should the project geotechnical investigations determine that settlement along the project will approach 6 inches or greater, consideration should be given to installing the concrete caps after the over-built earthen sections have had time to settle through a phased construction schedule.

4) Where piling will be used in the project the Corps' preference is for prestressed precast concrete square piles as per their standard

detail.

5) Structural design will involve the use of the Corps modified strength design as per Corps ETL 1110-2-265, but utilizing a load factor of 1.9 for all loads.

6) The gates for this project should be designed for combined hydrostatic and wave loading. Wind loading shall be considered for dry conditions. Swing gates should be the most cost efficient and easiest to design for this application rather than the roller gate type. The swing gate should be supported from a cantelever I-wall similar to the Corps' gate 5 shown in DM No. 13.

Encl.

7) In designing the pile foundations all lateral loading shall be from the gate to the bearing columns at each end of the gate. These gate monoliths will be designed as one section with vertical and batter piles beneath the wall-column sections and vertical piles only beneath the opening gated section. For pile load design, use service loads then apply load factors to develop design of the above structure. For pile design analysis, use Corps' Hrenicoff program. Corps will aid URS in use of program provided URS prepares correct input data.

8) Review of the geotechnical report by the Corps' should take approximately 2 weeks. In order to expedite such review, 3 copies of the

report should be provided to the Corps.

Prepared by:

Bruce H. Adams, URS

Distribution:

Attendees

Mr. Ed Bailey, OLB Mr. Earl Magner, OLB URS Company Files



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

January 12, 1987

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section

RECEIVED

JAN 21 1987

D.E.I.

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering, Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your August 12, 1986 and November 5, 1986 letters which provided responses to our comments on the geotechnical report and the general design memorandum on the Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal. You indicated in your August 12, 1986 letter that your response was a partial resolution of our comments and that resolution of comments not contained in the August 12 letter would be forthcoming. We had completed our review of your August 12 submittal and had not received any further resolution of the comments not addressed in that submittal. At your request we withheld our response until Eustis Engineering was able to complete their responses to our original comments. The Eustis Engineering responses were contained in your November 5, 1986 letter.

We have reviewed the two referenced submittals and offer the following:

For comments 9, 10, 11 and 15 made by Eustis Engineering in the August 12, 1986 submittal we offer:

Comment 9. Comparison of costs for a gross grade of 1 foot over net grade and future levee raising of .5 foot to 1 foot versus a gross grade of 1.5 feet to 2 feet over final net grade should be made.

Comment 10. Lower ground surfaces do exist in certain areas especially between station 50+00 and station 90+00 on the east side. These problem areas should be dealt with now so that a proper assessment of impacts on costs can be made. In this reach in particular these impacts could be substantial.

Comment 11. If the sand layers are not connected to the FILE 1006 canal then the piezometric head for the canal side analyses DASTRIBUTION be higher than EL -5.0.

Comment 15. We recommend that NAVFAC DM-7, May 1982, particularly figure 9 on page 7.2-71, be used as a guide to determine THV passive pressures against an I-wall where the critical wedge

Š.

is not against the wall. The factor of safety should be 1.5 applied to the soil design shear strengths.

For comments 10, 30, 37 and 39 made by DEI on the GDM in the August 12, 1986 submittal we offer;

Comment 10. We assume that in the response by Eustis Engineering to which you refer the word "succeed" is in error and the word exceed was intended. If design criteria used by Eustis Engineering exceed Corps criteria then any resulting cost increase would not be creditable.

Comment 30. The sheet pile tip elevation of -10 was shown in figure 15 and stated in chapter VII, paragraph VIIA of the GDM. A sheet pile tip elevation of -20 was used for Reach I west side of the canal while a tip elevation of -1 was used for the east side of the canal in the Draft Soils Engineering Report. Neither of these tip elevations agree with the tip elevation used in the GDM. We do not understand Eustis Engineering's response.

Comment 37. The sheet pile tip elevation at the bridge locations should be added to appendix A for clarity.

Comment 39. If it is your intent to dispose of the existing concrete cap on the floodside slope of the embankment and to serve as slope protection, the placement and sizing of the demolished concrete cap must meet Corps specifications.

For the November 5, 1986 submittal we offer the following;

- 1. Stability analyses were presented for the west side I-wall sections Sta. 0+00 to Sta. 90+00 with critical failure surfaces at the I-Wall tip. No analyses were presented to show if the I-Wall tip is adequate for a critical slope stability failure surface located above the tip.
- 2. No settlement analyses were presented for the reach II or reach III levee. The estimate of 1.0 to 1.5 feet of settlement for the reach II levee appears to be low.
- 3. Borings 15, 16 and 17 show the sand layer below EL. -18 in reach I, Sta. 30+00 to Sta. 50+00. Lowering the sand layer from EL. -17 will result in a factor of safety less than 1.30 for the east levee.
- 4. Between Sta. 93+97 and Sta. 128+82 on the east side there are areas of silt in the levee embankment. Seepage analyses should be made to determine if the I-Wall tip elevations are adequate for piping.
- 5. The elevations of the height of protection shown in the transition reach where the parallel system on the canal ties in with the lakefront levees appear to be in error. Find enclosed (Encl 1) profiles for the east and west side within the transition

GDM HENDY

reach which should be used.

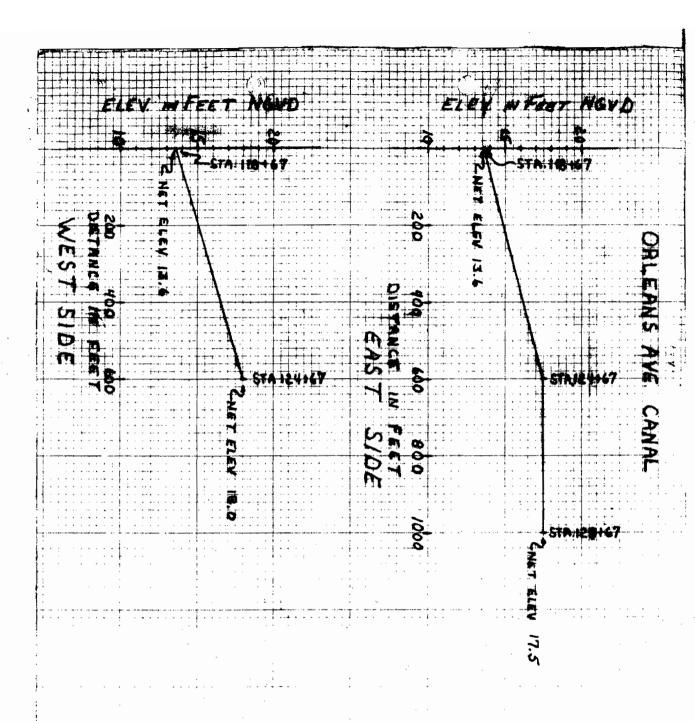
- 6. Reference enclosures 1, 2, and 3 of your submittal. The \emptyset values used for the S-case should be 23° for clays and 30° for silts.
- 7. Please find enclosed wave force diagrams to be used along the canal from the lakefront levee to the end of the transition to determine whether the critical design case is (a) the stillwater level plus 2 feet freeboard with a factor of safety equal to 1.5 or (b) the stillwater level and a wave force with the factor of safety equal to 1.25. Enclosure 2 is a wave force diagram for the floodwall near the entrance to the canal, station 123+00 to 128+67; top of the floodwall is 17.5 or 18.0 feet NGVD and the base of the floodwall is at elevation +10.5. Enclosure 3 is a wave force diagram for the end of the floodwall transition near station 118+67; top of the wall is at elevation 13.6 and the base at elevation 9.5. Enclosure 4 is for a floodwall on a base of 9.5 in the reach from station 123+00 to 128+67. This diagram in conjunction with encl 3 can be used to interpolate the wave forces linearly along the transition reach of the floodwall, stations 118+67 to 123+00. Enclosures 2 and 4 can be used between stations 123+00 to 128+67 to linearly extrapolate wave forces where the elevation at the base of the floodwall varies from 9.5 and 10.5.
- 8. Reference enclosure 12 of your submittal. This enclosure shows the cutoff wall on the west side carrying an unbalanced load. The manner in which the cutoff wall will resist the unbalanced load should be presented.
- 9. It is our understanding that Eustis Engineering has been evaluating and analyzing piezometric data. It must be pointed out that depending on the results of this analysis the design sections presented may be affected.
- 10. Eustis Engineering has indicated that additional crosssections extending past the proposed levee sections have been developed by your office. It would be appreciated if those additional sections could be provided to us.

I trust the foregoing is responsive to your needs. If I can be of further assistance in this matter let me know.

Sincerely,

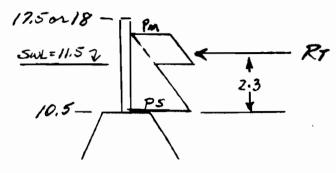
Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division



Engl 1





HB = 5.0 st T = 7.3 sec ds = 11.5-10:5=1.0 hc = .78 HB = 3.9 dB = HB/.78 = 6.4

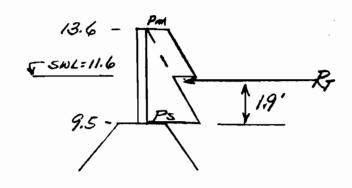
$$p_s = w(d_s + h_c) = 64(1 + 3.9) = 3.15 \#/st^2$$

 $p_m = wd8/z = 64(6.4)/z = 205 \#/st^2$
 $R_s = p_s(d_s + h_c)/2 = 3.15(1 + 3.9)/2 = 770 \#/st$
 $R_m = p_m h_c = 205(3.9) = 800 \#/st$
 $R_T = R_s + R_m = 770 + 800 = 1570 \#/st$
 $M_S = R_S(d_s + h_c)/3 = 770(1 + 3.9)/3 = 1260 \text{ st #/st}$
 $M_m = R_m(d_s + h_c/2) = 800(1 + 3.9/2) = 2360 \text{ st #/st}$
 $M_T = M_S + M_m = 1260 + 2360 = 3620 \text{ st #/st}$
 $R_{Telev} = \frac{M_T}{R_T} = \frac{3620}{1570} = 2.3 + 10.5 = 12.8 \text{ staged}$

Encl 2

NOT Lake Port & Vi - Hi Level Man PAGE 2 OF MPUTED BY DATE SEP 86

NOTE ONLEANS PRENSE OUT fall Canal CHECKED BY DATE



HB = 2.75t T = 7.38ec As = 11.6-9.5 = 2.1 hc = .78 (Hb) = 2.1 h' = 13.6-11.6 = 2.0 As = Hb/.78 = 3.5

ps= w(ds+he)= 64(2,1+2,1)= 270 #/st2 Pm= wds/2 = 64(3,5)/2=110#/st2

Rs=ps(ds+h')/2 = 270(2.1+2)/2=550 #/8+

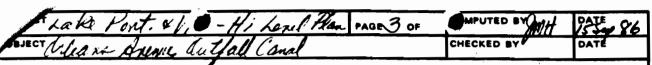
Rm=Pmh'= 110(2) = 220# ft

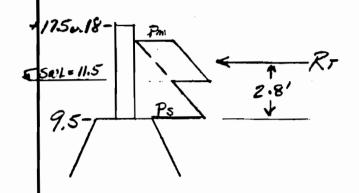
RT = Ks + Rm = 550+220 = 770 #/st

 $M_{\delta} = R_{s}(d_{s} + h')/3 = 550(z.1+2)/3 = 750 st #/st$ $M_{m} = R_{m}(d_{s} + h'/z) = 220(z.1+2/z) = 680 st #/st$ $M_{T} = M_{\delta} + M_{m} = 750 + 680 = 1430 st #/st$

RT= MT = 1430 = 1.9 + 9.5 = 11.4 st mg vd

Encl 3





$$H_{B} = 5.0 \text{ st.}$$
 $T = 7.3 \text{ s.ic.}$
 $ds = 11.5 - 9.5 = 2.0$
 $h_{c} = .78 \text{ HB} = .78(5) = 3.9$
 $dB = \frac{H_{B}}{.78} = \frac{5.0}{.78} = 6.4$

$$p_s = \omega(dz + h_c) = 64(z + 3.9) = 380 \#/st^2$$
 $p_m = \omega d_B/z = 64(6.4)/2 = 205 \#/st^2$
 $p_s = p_s(d_s + h_e)/2 = 380(z + 3.9)/z = 1/20 \#/st$
 $p_s = p_s(d_s + h_e)/2 = 380(z + 3.9)/z = 1/20 \#/st$
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 $p_s = p_s(d_s + h_e)/3 = 1/20 + 800 = 1920 \#/st$
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 $p_s = p_$

End; 4



EUSTIS ENGINEERING GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERS

3011 28th Street • Metairie, Louisiana 70002 • 504-834-0157

16 March 1987

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers New Orleans District Engineering Division Post Office Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160

Attention Mr. Ron Elmer

Gentlemen:

Piezometric Data Orleans Outfall Canal OLB Project No. 2048-0304 New Orleans, Louisiana

As requested, we are forwarding data accumulated on piezometers and piezometer readings for the subject project.

Enclosure 1 is a summary of piezometer installation data. Enclosure 2 summarizes piezometer readings taken for the project.

If we can be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours very truly,

EUSTIS ENGINEERING

Lloyd A. Held, Jr.

LAH:kdl

Enclosures

EE 9444

xc Design Engineering, Inc. Attention John Holtgreve E. Berkley Traughber and Associates Attention Berkley Traughber

PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION

		Elevation In	Feet - NGVD
<u>Piezometer</u>	Location	Riser	Tip
P-1	Levee C/L	11.7	-21.3
P-2	Levee Toe	2.5	-17.5
P-3	<u>+</u> 200' L.S. of C/L	1.0	-19.0
P-4	Levee C/L	12.5	-11.5
P-5	Levee Toe	7.4	- 9.6
P-6	+200' L.S. of C/L	5.4	-11.6

PIEZOMETER INSTALLATIONS

ORLEANS OUTFALL CANAL OLB PROJECT NO. 2048-0304 NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

PIEZOMETER DATA

	Orleans Canal In Feet -			Pie	zameter	Readin	qs	
	Robert E. Lee	Harrison			In F			
Date	Boulevard	Avenue	P-1	P-2	P-3	P-4	P-5	P-6
4/23/86	0.91	0.95	20.56	11.23	9.23	11.67	6.23	11.67
5/07/86	1.9	1.9	20.58	11.33	9.29	11.21	6.50	Broken
5/26/86	1.2	1.3	20.83	11.58	9.67	11.33	6.58	Broken
6/02/86	1.70	1.75	21.04	11.09	9.71	11.17	6.42	6.21
6/25/86	1.60	1.62	20.19	10.79	8.83	11.17	6.42	6.08
7/16/86	0.98	1.18	20.58	11.17	9.13	11.85	7.13	16. 37
8/06/86	0.98	0.85	20.67	11.29	9.38	12.04	7.33	6.79
8/20/86	0.60	0.60	19.92	10.46	8.42	11.77	6.96	6.42
9/16/86	1.7	1.7	20.42	11.08	9.13	11.13	6.33	6.08
10/23/86	2.3	2.3	20.60	11.29	9.33	10.69	6.13	5.96
12/10/86	1.95	1.80	19.71	10.29	8.27	10.75	6.08	5.46

PIEZOMETER DATA

ORLEANS OUTFALL CANAL OLB PROJECT NO. 2048-0304 NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

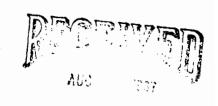
NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267 August 7, 1987

REPLY TO

ATTENTION OF:
Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section



مل مل الما

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Incorporated 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference your letter of January 7, 1987 and your subsequent letter of transmittal dated July 7, 1987, both concerning Orleans Ave. Outfall Canal. Your January 7, 1987 letter provided preliminary plans for parallel protection from Robert E. Lee Blvd. to the lake and the proposed modifications to the bridges at Robert E. Lee Blvd., Harrison Ave., and Filmore Ave. The July 7, 1987 letter addressed comments from my office dated September 22, 1986. The preliminary plans are based on the Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal Soils Report by Eustis Engineering and the Orleans Avenue Canal Design Memorandum by your office. Several of our comments on those reports pertinent to these preliminary plans have not been satisfactorily resolved. Please refer to my letter dated January 12, 1987, in particular our response to Eustis Engineering's comment number 9, as well as comment numbers 2, 4, 5, 6, and 7. We have reviewed your two latest submittals and offer the following comments.

- 1. Sheet 7. "End West B/L" should be "End East B/L".
- 2. Sheet 8. There is no note following the number "1" under "Notes".
- 3. Sheet 9. The toe of the enlarged west levee is shown extending into the canal approximately between sta. 99+10 and sta. 101+10. The levee stability analysis must be revised since the levee fill cannot be semicompacted under water.

 SENT To Eusris 8/18

4. Sheet 11. The existing lakefront levee on the west side of the canal has been raised recently. The levee net elevation is 18.0 ft., not 17.5 ft. as shown. The new crown elevation and section should be shown on the west side profile.

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- 5. Sheet 12. The minimum elevation of the levee crown for the two levee sections is +9.0; however, the I-wall stability analyses used by Eustis Engineering showed an elevation of +10.0. I-wall stability analyses should be furnished for a levee crown elevation of +9.0.
- 6. Sheets 12 and 13. A minimum crown width of 8 ft. is shown in the three levee sections; however, the crown width used by Eustis Engineering in their I-wall stability analyses was 10 ft. I-wall stability analyses for 8 ft. crown widths should be furnished. The existing levee sections from sta. 117+00 to sta. 129+24 have levee crown elevations that vary from +9.0 to +13.0. A crown elevation of +10.0 was used by Eustis Engineering for their flood side stability analyses. Flood side stability analyses should be presented with the highest crown elevation for each reach.
- 7. Sheet 14. Eustis Engineering analyzed 1V on 3H levee embankment slopes, but sections 1 through 3 have 1V on 4H flood side slopes; levee stability analyses should be presented for a levee embankment with 1V on 4H side slopes. On section 3, the net elevation for the west side levee at the end of the transition should be +18.0.
- 8. Sheets 16 and 22. Direction of flow should be shown to give definition to pump side and lake side.
- 9. Sheet 24. A copy of the plans for the existing siphon should be provided.
- 10. Sheet 24. No analyses were presented for the floodwalls above the east or west siphon.
- 11. Sheet 24, Section B. The levee enlargement and floodwall are being placed on the existing siphon. Analyses should be presented to demonstrate if the siphon pile foundation is adequate for the increased loading.
- 12. Sheet 24, Section C. The existing levee section should be degraded so that rainwater does not collect against the new floodwall.
- 13. Sheet 25, Section B. An excavation plan should be shown for the new floodwall and concrete struts over the siphon.
- 14. Sheets 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, and 22. Top of I-wall elevations should be labeled "gross" or changed to reflect net elevations.

- 15. Reference the subject of floodproofing the Robert E. Lee Blvd. bridge. The pile capacities furnished by Eustis Engineering were for natural ground at elevation +10.0 and 0.0, but the bottom of the canal is elevation -9.0. Pile capacity curves for piles located in the center of the canal, for all three bridges, should be furnished.
- 16. No analyses were presented for floodproofing the Harrison Avenue and Filmore Avenue bridges. Unlike the Robert E. Lee Blvd and Filmore Avenue bridges, some of the Harrison Avenue bridge piling will be replaced; consequently, the maximum non-hurricane loading analyses should also be presented for Harrison Avenue bridge.
- 17. Page 6 of calculations. The "Dead load Mom" used is for a continuous beam of equal spans. The spans are not of equal lengths.
- 18. Page 7 of calculations. @ exceeds the maximum eallowable in accordance with ETL ///0-2-265, which is 0.0073.
- 19. Page 16 of calculations. "Group Comb I & II" appears to include impact load. Therefore, the factors listed should be denoted as such.
- 20. Pages 23 & 24 of calculations. Under "Allowable Bending Stress", the calculations use a moment due to dead load and uplift, only. The stresses due to live loading and impact should be checked.
- 21. Page 25 of calculations. Under "Pull-Out Tension For Studs", your office should check EM 1110-1-2101, para 7.a. for an allowable concrete tension stress of $1.2\sqrt{(f'c)}$
- 22. <u>Page 26 of calculations</u>. Under "Work out No. of Studs Required", your office should check the requirements of AISC para 1.11, entitled "Composite Construction".
- 23. Page 42 of calculations. Concerning calculations on the design of steel in the wall, a check of ACI requirements for distribution of reinforcing steel in deep members should be made.
- 24. Page 51 of calculations. "Mom" has a math error (2,918.4 ft.-lbs. should be 3,699 ft.-lbs.). In addition, the moment calculation used is for a continuous beam of equal spans. The spans are not of equal lengths.

- 25. The calculations should address AASHTO para 3.24.9, entitled "Unsupported Transverse Edges", and para 3.6, entitled "Traffic Lanes" (including para 3.7.1.2).
- 26. Water stops should be placed so as to allow reinforcing to be placed on both sides.

I trust the foregoing is responsive to your needs. If I can be of further assistance in this matter, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry Chief, Engineering Division

Mr. Ron Elmer, Project Coordinator U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Post Office Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267

> Re: Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project Geotechnical Review Comments OLB Project No. 2048-0304 DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Elmer:

Enclosed herewith are three (3) copies of the Eustis Engineering response letter dated September 28, 1987. This response replies to the USACE comment letter dated January 12, 1987. The USACE January 12 comment letter addressed the Eustis Engineering submittals transmitted on August 12, 1986 and November 5, 1986. Several responses made by Design Engineering, Inc. on the General Design Memorandum which were included in the August 12th submittal are not pertinent to Eustis Engineering and are not responded to. Specifically these are comments, 10, 30, 37 and 39. These comments will be responded to in the near future by submittals from Design Engineering, Inc.

Also this response letter replies to several USACE comments in letter dated August 7, 1987 which regard the geotechnical aspects of the above referenced project. Specifically, USACE comments 3, 4, 5 and 6 of the August 7th letter are responded to. The remaining comments in this letter are not relative to geotechnical aspects and will be responded to in the near future by submittals from Design Engineering, Inc.

We believe this response letter is complete in that it answers all of the outstanding USACE comments which are relative to the geotechnical report for the project.

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call us.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E. Vice President

JH/mnh

Enclosures

cc: Mr. C. E. Bailey (w/l copy)

Dr. E. B. Traughber (w/1 copy)
Mr. Lloyd Held (w/o encl.)

Eustis Engineering

28 September 1987

Design Engineering, Inc. Suite 205 3330 West Esplanade Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Attention Mr. John Holtgreve

Gentlemen:

Geotechnical Investigation
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Review Comments
General Design Memorandum
Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal
New Orleans, Louisiana

Reference is made to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) letter of 12 January 1987. The following is our resolution of the review comments in our geotechnical report and comments pertaining to the geotechnical aspects of your General Design Memorandum contained in that letter.

August 12, 1986 Submittal

Comment 9. Our estimate of levee setback and landside berm requirements for a 2-ft overbuild above net grade are shown below. Please refer to Enclosures 10 and 11 of our letter dated 30 October 1986. Setback distances tabulated below are in addition to the dimensions shown on those enclosures.

Reach	Net Grade (NGVD)	<u>Landside Set</u> Centerline <u>In Feet</u>	Landside Toe In Feet	Required Canalside Berm Elev (NGVD)
I	13.6	10	20	3.0
II	17.5	10	20	5.0
III	18.0	15	30	5.5

_ 1 _

These estimates are for cost comparison purposes. Should this alternative be selected, detailed stability analyses will have to be performed.

Comment 11. Piezometric data presently being accumulated indicate hydrostatic levels in the Beach deposits along Orleans Canal to be below el -5.0. Piezometric data north of Robert E. Lee Boulevard for Reaches II and III indicate hydrostatic levels in the near surface silt and sandy silt strata to vary between approximate el 1.0 and el -1.0 and below the landside surface elevation. These strata, however, are not critical to our stability analyses. We have checked our analyses for these reaches assuming the piezometric heads within these strata to be at the landside surface elevation. Computer printouts of these analyses are appended as Enclosures 1 and 2.

Comment 15. Our analyses indicate translational failure planes incorporating passive wedges beyond the landside face of the I walls cannot generate unbalanced forces sufficient to shear the sheetpile section. Results of these analyses are shown on Enclosure 3. Therefore, our sheetpile analyses assume a rotational cantilever sheetpile failure resisted by passive pressures mobilized adjacent to the sheetpile wall. This is the analysis we have previously submitted. Enclosure 4 is a reanalysis of the translational stability of the wall assuming the most critical failure plane generated from the sheetpile tip.

November 5, 1986 Submittal

Comment 1. As discussed in our response to Comment 15 above, unbalanced soil forces above the sheetpile tip cannot shear the sheetpile section. Therefore, the tip elevation of the sheetpile will determine the depth of the failure surface. Enclosure 3 shows the results of our worst case analysis for Reach I - West, Station 50+00 to Station 90+00.

 $\underline{\underline{\text{Comment 2.}}}$ Computer analyses and assumptions are appended as $\underline{\underline{\text{Enclosure 5.}}}$

Comment 3. Borings 15 and 17 on the east side of this reach show the top of sand to be el -17.2 and el -18.7. We have modified the design section for the area in the vicinity of Boring 17 to consider the sand at el -18.7 from Station 40+00 to Station 50+00. Stability I-wall analyses for this reach are shown on Enclosure 6.

- <u>Comment 4.</u> We have provided on Enclosure 7 a flow net analysis applicable to these areas. Our analyses indicate the minimum sheetpile penetration within Reaches II and III will provide a minimum factor of safety of 4.0 against a piping failure considering an all-silt embankment and foundation.
- Comment 5. Our stability analyses for the Reach III levee (Station 121+00 to Station 127+00) considering a net grade at el 18.0 are shown on Enclosure 8.
- $\frac{\text{Comment 6}}{\text{strengths}}$ Our assumption of 20° for consolidated drained shear strengths in some clay strata considers the high organic content present in these deposits. Our assumption of 25° for the silt strata reflects their high clay content. We feel these values are appropriate and recommended them for design.
- Comment 7. Enclosure 9 is a summary of wave load interpolations based on data supplied to Eustis Engineering by the USACE in their letter of 12 January 1987 and at the locations requested by DEI. Analyses summarized on Enclosure 9 assume soil parameters previously used for these reaches and an 8-ft wide crown at the indicated elevations.
- Comment 9. Concur.
- Comment 10. We understand these will be forwarded by DEI.

Reference is made to USACE's letter dated 7 August 1987. The following is our resolution of the review comments pertaining to the geotechnical aspects of your Phase I plan and specifications.

- Comment 3. See Enclosure 11 for the stability analyses of this section.
- $\underline{\text{Comment 4.}}$ See Enclosure 8 for the stability analysis of the levee with a net grade at el 18.0.
- Comment 5. See Enclosure 9 for the results of the I-wall analysis for a levee crown at el 9.0 in this reach.

Comment 6.

- a) See Enclosure 9 for the results of I-wall analyses considering an 8-ft wide crown.
- b) Enclosure 10 of Eustis Engineering's letter of 30 October 1986 indicates a factor of safety of 1.31 for the

existing levee having a crown at el 10.0 in Reach II (Stations 90+00 to 118+00). Therefore, all sections within this reach having crowns above el 10.0 should be degraded to el 10.0 to achieve an approximate 1.30 factor of safety. Enclosure 8 of this indicates a factor of safety of 1.34 for the existing levee having a crown at el 11.0 in Reach III (Stations 121+00 to 127+00). Therefore, all sections within this reach having crowns above el 11.0 should be degraded to el 11.0 to achieve the approximate factor of safety of 1.30.

We hope this fulfills your immediate needs. If you require further information or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours very truly,

EUSTIS ENGINEERING

Lloyd A. Held, Jr.

W. W. Gwyn:bh

Enclosures 1 Through 14

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0001 0010 ORLEANS CANAL
0002 0010 REACH III FLOODSIDE
0003 0010 10 1 2 1
0004 0010 500
0005 0010 0 62.5 0 0
0006 0010 0 110 400 400 0007 0010 0 112 700 700
0008 0010 0 112 500 600
0009 0010 15 117 200 200
0010 0010 0 102 280 280
0011 0010 0 104 350 350
0012 0010 15 117 200 200
0013 0010 0 104 500 500
0014 0010 33 122 0 0
0015 0010 0 3 368 3 415 18.5 425 18.5
0016 0010 470 4 495 10 505 10 530 3
0017 0010 531 -1 554 -2 570 -5 1000 -5
0018 0010 9999.9 0
0019 0010 0 3 368 3 415 18.5 425 18.5
0020 0010 470 4 495 10 505 10 530 3
0021 0010 531 -1 554 -2 570 -5 600 -10
0022 0010 1000 -10 9999.9 0
0023 0010 0 3 465 3 470 4 495 10
0024 0010 505 10 530 3 531 -1 554 -2
0025 0010 570 -5 600 -10 1000 -10 9999.9 0
0026 0010 0 3 530 3 531 -1 554 -2
0027 0010 570 -5 600 -10 1000 -10 9999.9 0
0028 0010 0 -1 531 -1 554 -2 570 -5
0029 0010 600 -10 1000 -10 9999.9 0
0030 0010 0 -5 570 -5 600 -10 1000 -10
0031 0010 9999.9 0
0032 0010 0 -10 1000 -10 9999.9 0
0033 0010 0 -18 1000 -18 9999.9 0
0034 0010 0 -23 1000 -23 9999.9 0
0037 0010 0 3 1000 3 9999.9 0
0038 0010 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0039 0010 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0040 0010 5 425 -5 550 -5 1
0041 0010 531
0042 0010 6 425 -10 900 -10 4
0043 0010 600 580 560 531
0044 0010 7 425 -18 900 -18 4
0045 0010 600 580 560 531
0046 0010 8 425 -23 900 -23 4
0047 0010 600 580 560 531
0048 0010 9 425 -35 900 -35 4
0049 0010 600 580 560 531
0050 0010 5 505 -5 550 -5 1
0051 0010 531
0052 0010 6 505 -10 900 -10 4
0053 0010 600 580 560 531
0054 0010 7 505 -18 900 -18 4
0055 0010 600 580 560 531
0056 0010 8 505 -23 900 -23 4
0057.0010 600 580 560 531
0058 0010 9 505 -35 900 -35 4
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0059 0010 600 580 560 531

ENCLOSURE 1 (Sheet #1)

PIEZORIFIRIO LIEA

EL 30 IM MEAN

SURFACE SILT STRATA

0590	ACTIVE WED	GE DATA					
0591							
0592	DIST.	ELEV.	DΑ	RA	DB	RB	FS
0593	(FT)	(FT)	(LBF)	(LBF)	(LBF)	(LBF)	
0594							
0595	505.0	-35.0	98868.	34412.	0.	163489.	3.84
0596	510.0	-35.0	101881.	35148.	0.	160989.	3.61
0597	515.0	-35.0	103576.	36728.	0 .	158489.	3.50
0598	520.0	-35.0	103900.	38227	0.	155989.	3.46
0599	525.0	-35.0	102748.	39475.	0.	153489.	3.51
0600	530.0	-35.0	100161.	40531	0.	150989.	3.64
0601	535.0	-35.0	94576.	41550.	0.	148489.	4.00
0602	540.0	-35.0	88033.	41782.	0.	145989.	4.52
0603	545.0	-35.0	80956.	40674.	0.	143489.	5.25
0604							
0605							
0606			520.0 FT.	, EL -35.0	FT., DA	103900. LBF.	,
0607	RA 38227	LBF.				. '	
0608							
0609							
0610	DIS.	EL.	DР	RP	DB	RB .	FS
0611	DIS. (FT)	EL. (FT)	DP (LBF)	RP (LBF)	DB (LBF)	RB (LBF)	FS
0611 0612							FS
0611							FS 1.57
0611 0612	(FT)	(FT)	(LBF)	(LBF)	(LBF)	(LBF)	-
0611 0612 0513	(FT) 600.0	(FT) -35.0	(LBF) 42036.	(LBF) 20096.	(LBF) 0.	(LBF) 38617.	1.57
0611 0612 0613 0614	(FT) 600.0 580.0	(FT) -35.0 -35.0	(LBF) 42036. 43304.	(LBF) 20096. 20205.	(LBF) 0. 0.	(LBF) 38617. 29937.	1.57 1.46
0611 0612 0813 0614 0615	(FT) 600.0 580.0 560.0	(FT) -35.0 -35.0 -35.0	(LBF) 42036. 43304. 47307.	(LBF) 20096. 20205. 21743.	(LEF) 0. 0. 0.	(LBF) -38617. 29937. 20000.	1.57 1.46 1.41
0611 0612 0613 0614 0615 0616	(FT) 600.0 580.0 560.0	(FT) -35.0 -35.0 -35.0	(LBF) 42036. 43304. 47307.	(LBF) 20096. 20205. 21743.	(LEF) 0. 0. 0.	(LBF) -38617. 29937. 20000.	1.57 1.46 1.41
0611 0612 0613 0614 0615 0616 0617	(FT) 600.0 580.0 560.0	(FT) -35.0 -35.0 -35.0	(LBF) 42036. 43304. 47307.	(LBF) 20096. 20205. 21743.	(LEF) 0. 0. 0.	(LBF) -38617. 29937. 20000.	1.57 1.46 1.41
0611 0612 0613 0614 0615 0616 0617 0618	(FT) 600.0 580.0 560.0 531.0	(FT) -35.0 -35.0 -35.0 -35.0	(LBF) 42036. 43304. 47307.	(LBF) 20096. 20205. 21743.	(LEF) 0. 0. 0.	(LBF) -38617. 29937. 20000.	1.57 1.46 1.41
0611 0612 0613 0614 0615 0616 0617 0618 0619 0620	(FT) 600.0 580.0 560.0 531.0	(FT) -35.0 -35.0 -35.0 -35.0	(LBF) 42036. 43304. 47307.	(LBF) 20096. 20205. 21743.	(LEF) 0. 0. 0.	(LBF) -38617. 29937. 20000.	1.57 1.46 1.41
0611 0612 0613 0614 0615 0616 0617 0618	(FT) 600.0 580.0 560.0 531.0	(FT) -35.0 -35.0 -35.0 -35.0	(LBF) 42036. 43304. 47307.	(LBF) 20096. 20205. 21743.	(LEF) 0. 0. 0.	(LBF) -38617. 29937. 20000.	1.57 1.46 1.41

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0524
0525 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE DC. 1900.0 FT., EL. -23.0 ., DP 13792. LBF.
0526 RP 8095. LBF.
0527
0528
0529 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0530
                           DA
                                      RA
                                                DB
                                                                     FS
0531
        DIST.
                ELEV.
                ELEV. DA RA DB RB (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                          RB
       (FT)
0532
0533
                                             0 .
0 .
0 .
        505.0
                          55143.
                                    25358.
                                                                   3.31
3.19
                 -23.0
                                                       103224.
0534
0535
        510.0
                -23.0
                          56756.
                                    26734.
                                                       100724.
                 -23.0
                          56925.
                                    27913.
                                                       98224.
                                                                   3.11
0536
        515.0
                                                      95724.
                                                                   3.17
        520.0
                                    28943.
0537
                 -23.0
                          55682.
                                                 0.
                                                 0.
                                    29889.
                                                       93224.
90724.
0538
        525.0
                 -23.0
                          53062.
                                                                    3.34
                                    29548.
                 -23.0
                          49195.
                                                                    3.63
0539
        530.0
        535.0
                         42473.
                                    28231.
                                                 0.
                                                       88646.
0540
                 -23.0
                                                                   4.36
                                                       86659.
0541
        540.0
                -23.0
                        36341.
                                    25676.
                                                 0.
                                                                   5.34
0542
0543
0544 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 515.0 FT., EL -23.0 FT., DA 56925. LBF.,
0545 RA 27913. LBF.
0546
0547
        DIS.
0548
                 EL. DP
                                    RP
                                               DB
                                                        RB
                                                                  FS
                                     (LBF) (LBF)
        (FT) · (FT)
                                                       (LBF)
0549
                         (LBF)
0550
                                  8095.
                         13794.
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        600.0
                -23.0
                                                      29827.
                                                                   1.53
0551
        580.0 -23.0 14858.
                                                 0.
                                   8919.
                                                       24915.
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0552
                                                                   1.48
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0553
                -23.0
                          17470.
                                    11339.
        560.0
0554
        531.0
                -23.0
                          24884.
                                    14236.
                                                  0.
                                                         7963.
                                                                    1.56
0555
0556
0557
0558 * * STRATUM 9, TEST PLANE 505. FT., EL. -35.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
0559
                     EL. -35.0 FT.
0560
0561
                     P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 9 AND 1 USED STRA. 10
0562
0563
0564
0565 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
     DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR UŞED
0566
                                (LBF)
                                         (LBF)
                                                    (LBF) (LBF)
0567
        (FT)
               (FT)
                        (LBF)
0568
       368.0 -35.0 4091. 2375.

368.0 -35.0 4091. 2375.

415.0 -35.0 5796. 2375.

425.0 -35.0 5796. 2375.

465.0 -35.0 5796.
                                           500.
500.
500.
                                           500. 1114.
                                                             500
0569
                                                   1115.
                                                             500.
0570
                                                    2222.
                                                              500.
0571
                                            500.
                                                    2221.
                                                             500.
0572
                       4378.
                                            500.
                                                             500.
0573
                                                  1301.
       470.0 -35.0 4203.

495.0 -35.0 4875.

505.0 -35.0 4875.

530.0 -35.0 4087.
                                            500.
                                  2375.
                                                   1187.
                                                              500.
0574
                                            500.
                                  2375.
                                                   1624.
                                                              500.
0575
                                           500.
                                 2375.
                                                   1623.
                                                             560
0576
                                  2375.
                                            500.
                                                   1112.
                                                              500.
0577
                                            500.
               -35.0
                       3643.
                                 2375.
                                                    823.
                                                              500.
0578
       531.0
                         3526.
                                  2375.
                                            500.
                                                     747.
                                                              500.
0579
        554.0
               -35.0
                                                             500.
                                                     519.
                                  2375.
0580
        570.0
               -35.0
                         3175.
                                            508
                                 500.0 LBF AT DIST. 574.6 FT.
0581 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL
      600.0 -35.0
1000.0 -35.0
                        2978.
                               2375. 500.
                                                     391. 391.
0582
0583
                         2977.
                                  2375.
                                            500.
                                                     391.
                                                              391.
0584
0585
0586 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -35.0 FT., DP 42032. LBF
                                                                        ENCLOSURE 1
0587 RP 20095, LBF.
                                                                         (Sheet #3)
0588
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0458 531.0 -18.0 1810. 1313. 350. 333. 0459 554.0 -18.0 1 3. 1313. 350. 3 . 0460 570.0 -18.0 13+2. 1313. 350. 200. 0461 600.0 -18.0 1145. 1313. 350. 155.
                                                                                               333. 333.
3 . 302.
200. 208.
155. 155.
                                                                                350.
 0462
           1000.0 -18.0
                                             1144.
                                                            1313.
                                                                                               155.
 0463
 0464
 0465 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -18.0 FT., DP 6608. LBF.
 0466 RP 5600. LBF.
 0.467
 0469 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
 0.470
            DIST. ELEV. DA RA DB RB (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                                                                     FS
 0471
 0472
0.473
                                                                                                                     2.96
2.84
2.94

      505.0
      -18.0
      40147.
      21197.
      0.
      72417.

      510.0
      -18.0
      41440.
      22744.
      0.
      70667.

      515.0
      -18.0
      41296.
      24106.
      0.
      68917.

      520.0
      -18.0
      39801.
      25427.
      0.
      67167.

      525.0
      -18.0
      36949.
      25735.
      0.
      65417.

      530.0
      -18.0
      33258.
      25475.
      0.
      63667.

      535.0
      -18.0
      27323.
      23610.
      0.
      61996.

 0474
 0.475
 0476
 0.477
                                                                                                                            2.95
 0478
                                                                                                                           3.19
                                                                                                                          3.55
 0.479
 0.480
                                                                                                                           4.40
 0481
0.482
0483 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 510.0 FT., EL -18.0 FT., DA 41440. LBF.,
 0484 RA 22744, LBF.
0.485
 0486
            DIS. EL. DP RP DB RB FS (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
0487
 0.488
0.489

      600.0
      -18.0
      6609.
      5600.
      0.
      24175.
      1.51

      580.0
      -18.0
      7519.
      6560.
      0.
      20723.
      1.47

      560.0
      -18.0
      9751.
      8159.
      0.
      16359.
      1.49

      531.0
      -18.0
      14988.
      9646.
      0.
      7349.
      1.50

0490
 0491
0492
0493
8494
0495
0496
0497 * * STRATUM 8, TEST PLANE 505. FT., EL. -23.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
                                       EL. -23.0 FT.
0499
                                       P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 8 AND 1 USED STRA. 9
0500
0501
0502
0503
0504 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
0505 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR USED 0506 (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
0507
                                                                                               500.
                                                           1625.
                                                                                375.
                                                                                                               375.
              554.0
                          -23.0 2278.
0519

    0519
    554.0
    -23.0
    2278.
    1625.
    375.

    0520
    570.0
    -23.0
    1927.
    1625.
    281.

    0521
    600.0
    -23.0
    1730.
    1625.
    228.

    0522
    1000.0
    -23.0
    1729.
    1625.
    228.

                                                                                                500.
500
                                                                                                                            ENCLOSURE 1
                                                                                281. 500.
228. 500.
                                                                                                                 281.
                                                                                              500.
500.
                                                                                                                             (Sheet #4)
                                                                                                                 228.
                                                                                                               228.
```

```
Onland.
Marie
                                   . .....
                 40.0
                                                     ანს.
               -10.0
 0392
        425.0
                                   313.
                                            280.
                                                     350.
                                                              280.
                         1.
                                                     3 .
 0393
        455.0
                -10.0
                                   813.
                                            280.
                                                              280.
                         . 3د15
 0394
         470.0
                -10.0
                                   813.
                                            280.
                                                     350.
                                                              280
        495.0
                         2210.
0395
                -i0.0
                                                     350.
                                   813.
                                            280.
                                                              288.
 0396
        505.0
                -10.0
                         2210.
                                   813.
                                            280.
                                                     350.
                                                              280.
                --10.0
                                            280.
 0397
        530.0
                         1422.
                                                              280
                                   813.
                                                     350.
 0398
        531.0
                -i0.0
                          978.
                                   813.
                                            280.
                                                     350.
                -10.0
                          861.
                                   813.
                                            280.
0399
        554.0
                                                     350.
                                                              280.
        570.0
                -10.0
 0400
                          510.
                                   813.
                                            280.
                                                     350.
                                                              280.
0401
        600.0
                                   813.
                -10.0
                          313.
                                            280.
                                                              286
                                                     350.
 0402
       1000.0
                -10.0
                          312.
                                   813.
                                            280.
                                                     350.
                                                              280
0403
0404
0405 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -10.0 FT., DP 781. LBF
         -0. LBF.
0407
0408
0409 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0410
                        DA
(LBF)
               ELEV.
                                               DB
                                                      (LBF)
                                                                    FS
0411
        DIST.
                                   RA DB
(LBF) (LBF)
                                     RA
        (FT)
                (FT)
0412
0413
                                                                 5.20
                                                0. 110600.
0. 109200.
0. 107800.
0. 106400.
               -10.0
0414
        505.0
                          21518.
                                  17964.
                                    19318.
0415
        510.0
                 -10.0
                          21836.
                                                                   6.10
               -10.0
-10.0
                          20730.
                                                                   6.42
0416
        515.0
                                    20239.
0417
        520.0
                        18615.
                                    19979.
                -10.0
                                                                   7.09
0418
        525.0
                 -10.0
                        15729.
                                    19209.
                                                 0. 105000.
                                                                  8.31
                        12790.
0419
        530.0
                 -10.0
                                                 0. 103600.
                                                                   9.98
                                    16211.
                                                                  14.92
0420
        535.0
                 -10.0
                          8516.
                                    13213.
                                                 0.
                                                      102200.
0421
0.422
0423 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 510.0 FT., EL -10.0 FT., DA 21836. LBF.,
0424 RA 19318, LBF.
0425
0426
         DIS.
                  EL.
0427
                           DP
                                   RP
(LBF)
                                     RP
                                               DΒ
                                                         RB
                                                                   F-S
                           (LBF)
                                               (LBF)
                                                        (LBF)
                 (FT)
0428
         (FT)
0429
                           781.
                                       0.
        600.0
                 -10.0
                                                0.
0430
                                                        25200.
                                                                    2.11
                                     1600.
                                                0 .
0 .
                                                        19600.
0431
        580.0
                 -10.0
                           969.
                                                                   1.94
0.432
        560.0
                 -10.0
                           2137.
                                     2970.
                                                       14000.
                                                                   1.84
0433
        531.0
                 --10.0
                           4342.
                                     4250.
                                                         5880.
                                                                   1.68
                                                 0.
0434
0435
0436
0437 * * STRATUM 7, TEST PLANE 505. FT., EL. -18.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
0438
                      EL. -18.0 FT.
0439
                      P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 7 AND 1 USED STRA. 8
0440
0441
0442
0443
0444 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
0445 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR USED 0446 (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                    (LBF)
                 (FT)
                                  (LBF)
                        (LBF)
                                          (LBF)
0446
0447
                                                              350.
0448
         0.0
               -18.0
                         2258.
                                  1313.
                                            350.
                                                     453.
               -18.0
                      2258.
                                            350.
0449
       368.0
                                 1313.
                                                    453.
                                                              350
                                1313.
                      3963.
3963.
2545.
       415.0
                                            350.
                                                    910.
10.450
                                                              350.
               -18.0
                                1313.
1313.
                                                     910.
0451
        425.0
               -18.0
                                            350.
                                                              350.
               -18.0
       465.0
                                            350.
                                                   530.
                                                              350.
0452
                                                    483.
                                                              350.
       470.0
               -18.0
                      2370.
                                 1313.
                                           350.
0453
                                                                     ENCLOSURE 1
       495.0
                                                    663.
                                            350.
                                                              350.
0454
               -18.0 3042.
                                1313.
                                                                      (Sheet #5)
                                 1313.
0455
        505.0
               -18.0
                         3042.
                                            350.
                                                    663.
                                                              350.
                        2254. 1313.
                                                    452.
0.456
        530.0
               -18.0
                                           350.
                                                             350.
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0326
0327
0328 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
     DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR USED (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
0322
0330
0331
                         916. 500.
916. 500.
2621. 500.
         0.0 -5.0
0332
                                             311.
                                                       280.
      368.0 -5.0 916.
415.0 -5.0 2621.
425.0 -5.0 2621.
                                           312. 280.
768. 280.
768. 280.
0333
                                                                280.
0.334
                                                                 280
0335
                                                                 280.
500.
                --5.0
                                                                 280.
                                                                 280
                                                                 280.
                                                                 280
0342 531.0 -5.0 468. 500. 191.
                                                       280. 191.
                                     500.
        554.0
               -5.0 351. 500.
-5.0 0. 500.
                                                        280.
0343
                                              160.
                                                                 168
0344
        570.0
                                              66.
                                                        280.
                                                                  66
0345 STRATUM 5 STARTS FAILURE POSSIBLE FROM DIST. 570.0 FT.
       600.0 -5.0 0. 500. 66. 999999.
1000.0 -5.0 -0. 500. 66. 999999.
0346
0347
                                                                  66
0348
0350 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 550.0 FT., EL. -5.0 FT., DP 558. LBF.
0351 RP 1104, LBF.
0352
0354 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0355
        DIST. ELEV. DA RA DB RB (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF)
       DIST.
0356
0357
0358

      16518.
      0.
      10638.

      17439.
      0.
      9238.

      17179.
      0.
      7838.

      16410.
      0.
      6438.

      13412.
      0.
      5038.

      10414.
      0.
      3638.

                        12456.
12139.
10810.
8713.
                                                                      2.38
0359
        505.0
                  -5.0
              -5.0
-5.0
-5.0
                                                                     2.40
2.55
0360
        510.0
0361
        515.0
                                                                      2.94
0362
       520.0
       525.0
530.0
                          6563.
4720.
                                                                       3.26
0363
0364
                  -5.0
                                                                       3.64
0365
0366
0367 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 505.0 FT., EL -5.0 FT., DA 12456. LBF.,
0368 RA 16518, LBF.
0369
0370
        DIS.
                        DP
(LBF)
                                       КÞ
                                                  DB
                                                            RB
                                                                      FS
0371
                  EL.
                                                            (LBF)
                                      (LBF)
                                                 (LBF)
0372
        (FT)
                  (FT)
0373
                                                           7247.
                                                                      2.19
       531.0
                  -5.0
                            884.
                                     1582.
                                                  0.
0374
0375
0376
0378 * * STRATUM 6, TEST PLANE 505. FT., EL. -10.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
                      EL. -10.0 FT.
0379
0380
0381
                       P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 6 AND 1 USED STRA. 7
0382
0383
0384
0385 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
0386 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR USED
       · (FT)
                                                      (LBF) (LBF)
0387
                (FT)
                          (LBF) (LBF)
                                           (LBF)
                                                                         ENCLOSURE 1
0388
                                                                         (Sheet #6)
     280.
0389
                                                               280.
0390
```

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0260
                       P.H.L 1 USED STRA. 9 AND 1 U 3 STRA. 10
0261
0262
0263
0264
0265 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
       DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1

(FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                       STR 2 STR USED
0266
         (FT) (F1)

0.0 -35.0 4091. 2375.

368.0 -35.0 4091. 2375.

415.0 -35.0 5796. 2375.

5796. 2375.
                                   (LBF)
                                                               (LEF)
0267
                                                       (LBF)
0268
                                              500. 1114.
0269
                                                                 500
        368.0 -35.0 4091.
415.0 -35.0 5796.
425.0 -35.0 5796.
                                               500.
                                                       1115.
                                                                  500.
0270
                                                    1115.
2222.
2221.
                                                                  500.
0271
                                               500.
                                               500.
                                                                 500.
0272
        425.0
        465.0 -35.0 4378.

470.0 -35.0 4203.

495.0 -35.0 4875.
                                 2375
                                              500.
                                                                 500.
0273
                                                    1301.
                                 2375 .
2375 .
2375 .
                                               500.
                                                    1187.
1624.
                                                                  500.
0274
                                                                 500.
0275
                                               500.
                        4875.
               -35.0
                                               500.
                                                      1623.
                                                                 500.
0275
        505.0
        530.0 -35.0 4087.
                                    2375.
                                               500. 1112.
0227
                                                                  500.
                                    2375.
                                                                  500.
        531.0 -35.0
                                               500.
0278
                          3643.
                                                        823.
      554.0 -35.0
570.0 -35.0
                                               500.
                                    2375.
                          3526.
                                                        747.
                                                                  500.
0279
                                                        519
                                    2375.
                           3175.
                                                                  500.
0280
                                               500.
                                   500.0 LBF AT DIST. 574.6 FT.
0281 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL
                                   2375.
       600.0 -35.0
1000.0 -35.0
                          2978.
                                               500.
                                                        391.
0282
                                                                  391.
                                                                 391.
                          2977.
                                                        391.
0283
                                    2375.
                                               500.
0284
0.285
0286 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -35.0 FT., DP 42032. LBF.
0287 RP 20095. LBF.
0288
0289
0290 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0291
        DIST. ELEV. DA RA DB RB (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
0292
        DIST.
0293
                                     39679
41255
0294
0295
        425.0
               -35.0 132332.
-35.0 137522.
                 -35.0
                         132332.
                                                     0. 203489.
                                                 0. 203489.

0. 200989.

0. 198489.

0. 195989.

0. 190989.
0296
        430.0
                                                                        2.75
               -35.0
                        140989
0297
        435.0
                                                                        2.64
               . -35.0
                                     43756.
44675.
                        142835.
142951.
0293
        440.0
                                                                        2,58
       445.0
                 -35.0
0299
                                     45338
               -35.0 141356.
0300
      450.0
                                                    0. 186489.
0. 185989.
0. 183489.
        455.0
                                      45952.
0301
               -35.9 138163.
0302
        460.0
                 -35.0
                          133267.
                                      46323.
                                                                        2..77
                                                                        2.95
0303
       465.0
                 -35.0
                          126779.
                                      46659.
                                                    0. 180989.
0304
        470.0
                 -35.0
                         118909.
                                    46280
                                                                        3.22
0305
0.30A
0307 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 445.0 FT., EL -35.0 FT., DA 142951. LBF.,
0308 RA 44675, LBF.
0309
0310
                                   ЯP
                  EL.
                            DP
                                                 DB
                                                            RB
         DIS.
0311
        (FT) (FT)
                           (LBF)
                                      (LBF)
                                                 (LBF)
                                                           (LBF)
0312
0313
                                   20096.
20205.
               -35.0
-35.0
                                                    0. 76117.
0. 67437.
                         42036.
43304.
        600.0
                                                                        1.40
0314
                                                                        1.33
       580.0
0315
                                                  -35.0
                           47307.
                                     21743.
0316
        560.0
                                                                       1.30
                                                    0.
                                                           43000.
                           58572.
                                      25234.
0317
        531.0
                 -35.0
0318
0319
0320
0321 * * STRATUM 5, TEST PLANE 505. FT., EL. -5.0 FT. TO 550. FT. ENCLOSURE 1
                      EL. -5.0 FT.
0322
                                                                              (Sheet #7)
0323
                      P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 5 AND 1 USED STRA. 6
0324
```

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0194
  0195
  0196 * * STRATUM 9, TEST FLANE 425. FT., EL. -23.0 F.. TO 900. FT.
  0197
                       EL. -23.0 FT.
  0198
                       P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 8 AND 1 USED STRA. 9
  0199
  0200
  0201
  0.20.2
  0203 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
         DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT
                                            STR 1 STR 2 STR USED
  0204
  0205
          (FT)
                  (FT)
                           (LEF)
                                  (LBF)
                                            (LBF)
                                                     (LBF)
                                                              (LBF)
  0206
 0207
         0.0
                 -23.0
                          2843.
                                   1625.
                                             526.
                                                      500.
                                                               500.
                        2843.
                                   1625.
                                                      500.
  0208
         368.0
                 -23.0
                                             526.
                                                               500.
 0209
         415.0
                 -23.0
                                   1625.
                          4548.
                                             983.
                                                      500.
                                                               500.
  0210
         425.0
                 -23.0
                          4548.
                                   1625.
                                             983.
                                                      500.
                                                               500.
 0211
         465.0
                 -23.0
                          3130.
                                   1625.
                                                      500.
                                                               500.
                                             603.
 0212
         470.0
                          2955.
                                  1625.
                                                      500.
                                                               500.
                 -23.0
                                             556.
 0213
         495.0
                 -23.0
                         3627.
                                  1625.
                                             736.
                                                      500.
                                                               500.
                          3627.
                                  1625.
1625.
  0214
         505.0
                 -23.0
                                                      500.
                                             736.
                                                               500
                        2839.
 0215
         530.0
                 -23.0
                                             525.
                                                      500.
                                                               500.
 0216 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL
                                  500.0 LBF AT DIST.
                                                      530.2 FT.
                                             406.
                                                      500.
 0217
         531.0
                -23.0
                        2395.
                                  1625.
                                                               406.
 8120
         554.0
                 -23.0
                          2278.
                                   1625.
                                             375.
                                                      500.
                                                               375.
         570.0
 0219
                 -23.0
                          1927.
                                   1625.
                                             281.
                                                      500.
                                                               281.
                 -23.0
 0220
         600.0
                          1730.
                                   1625.
                                             228.
                                                      500.
                                                               228.
        1000.0
 0221
                -23.0
                          1729.
                                   1625.
                                             228.
                                                      500.
                                                               228.
 0222
 0223
 0224 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -23.0 FT., DP 13792. LBF.
          8095. LBF.
 0225 RP
 0226
 0227
 0228 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
 0229
                ELEV.
                            DA
                                                                       FS
 0230
         DIST.
                                      RA
                                                 DB
                                                           RB
                (FT)
 0231
         (FT)
                            (LBF)
                                     (LBF)
                                                (LBF)
                                                         (LBF)
 0232
                  -23.0 82427.
 0233
         425.0
                                     31067.
                                                  0. 143224.
                 -23.0 85696.
-23.0 87259.
-23.0 87142.
                                                 0. 140724.
0. 138224.
0. 135724.
 0234
         430.0
                                     32133.
                                                                     2.52
 0235
         435.0
                                     32961.
                                                                     2.44
 0236
                                                                     2.42
         440.0
                                     33588.
 0237
         445.0
                  -23.0
                         85404.
                                     34121.
                                                  0. 133224.
                                                                    2.45
                           81986.
 0238
         450.0
                  -23.0
                                                      130724.
                                     34458.
                                                  0.
                                                                     2.54
 0239
         455.0
                  -23.0
                           77004.
                                     34674.
                                                  0.
                                                                     2.71
                                                        128224.
         460.0
                           70873.
 0240
                  -23.0
                                                                     2.94
                                     34017.
                                                   0.
                                                        125724.
 0241
         465.0
                  -23.0
                          63867.
                                     33135.
                                                  0.
                                                      123224.
                                                                     3.28
0242
 0243
 0244 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 440.0 FT., EL -23.0 FT., DA 87142. LBF.,
 0245 RA 33588. LBF.
 0246
 0247
                 EL.
 0248
         DIS.
                            ŊΡ
                                      ВÞ
                                                 DB
                                                         RB
                                                                     FS
 0249
         (FT)
                  (FT)
                           (LBF)
                                     (LBF)
                                                (LBF)
                                                         (LBF) .
 0250
                                                  0.
 0251
         600.0
                  -23.0
                           13794.
                                      8095.
                                                         67327.
                                                                     1.49
 0252
         580.0
                  -23.0
                                     8919.
11339.
                                                         62415.
                           14858.
                                                  0.
                                                                     1.45
                                                 0.
 0253
                  -23.0
                                                         56591.
         560.0
                           17470.
                                                                    1.46
                                                 0.
 0254
         531.0
                  -23.0
                           24884.
                                     14236.
                                                         45463.
                                                                     1.50
 0255
                                                                          ENCLOSURE
 0256
                                                                           (Sheet #8
 0257
 0258 * * STRATUM 9, TEST PLANE '425. FT., EL. -35.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
```

```
781.
6°
0128
         600.0
                   -10.0
                                           0.
                                                       0.
                                                              46200.
                 -10.0
-10.0
-10.0
                                                       Ű.
                               69.
0129
         580.0
                                         1600.
                                                              10600.
                                                                           1.58
                                                                           1.52
0130
         560.0
                                         2970.
                  -10.0
                                                       0.
                                                              35000.
0131
         531.0
                   -10.0
                              4342.
                                         4250.
                                                        0 .
                                                              26880.
0132
0133
0134
0135 * * STRATUM 7, TEST PLANE 425. FT., EL. -18.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
                       EL. -18.0 FT.
0136
0137
                       P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 7 AND 1 USED STRA. S
0138
0139
0140
0141
0142 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
      DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR USED
0143
                (FT)
0144
         (FT)
                          (LBF)
                                   (LBF)
                                              (LBF)
                                                      (LBF) (LBF)
               -18.0 2258. 1313.

-18.0 2258. 1313.

-18.0 3963. 1313.

-18.0 3963. 1313.

-20 2545. 1313.
0145
                                                         453.
                                                350.
0145
          0.0
0147
         368.0
                                                350.
                                                          453.
                                                                    350.
0148
        415.0
                                                350.
                                                          910.
                                                                    350.
0149
        425.0
                                                350.
                                                          910.
                                                                    350
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0150
         465.0
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                           2370 1313
        470.0
                -18.0
0151
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                                                          483.
                                                                    350
0152 495.0 -18.0 3042. 1313. 350. 663. 3
0153 505.0 -18.0 3042. 1313. 350. 663. 3
0154 530.0 -18.0 2254. 1313. 350. 452. 3
0155 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL 350.0 LBF AT DIST. 530.9 FT.
                                                                    350
                                                       663. 350.
452. 350
                                                350.
      531.0 -18.0 1810. 1313.
554.0 -18.0 1693. 1313.
0156
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0157
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                                    1313
                -18.0
        570.0
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0158
                          1342.
                                                          208.
        600.0 -18.0 1145.
                                    1313.
01.59
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                                    1313.
0160
      1000.0 -18.0
                           1144.
                                                350.
                                                          1.55.
                                                                    1.55.
0161
0162
0163 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -18.0 FT., DP 6608. LBF.
0164 RP 5600. LBF.
0165
0155
0167 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0168
                                        RA
      DIST. ELEV. DA RA DB RB (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
0169
0170
0171
                                    24794. 0. 100417.
26045. 0. 98667.
27047. 0. 96917.
28001. 0. 95167.
28713. 0. 93417.
                  -18.0 64157.
-18.0 67005.
-18.0 68146.
-18.0 67692.
-18.0 65530.
      425.0
430.0
435.0
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0172
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0173
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0174
       440.0
0175
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        445.0
0176
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                                       29414.
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                  -18.0 61795.
-18.0 56759
0177
        450.0
                                                             91667.
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0178
                                       29232.
28940
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        455.0
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                -18.0 56759
-18.0 50836.
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0179
       460.0
                                                            88167
0180
0181
0182 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 435.0 FT., EL -18.0 FT., DA 68146. LBF.,
0183 RA 27047, LBF.
0184
0185
                             DP
                                        RP DB (LBF)
0186
      DIS.
                   EL.
                                                              ЮE
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                           (LBF)
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0187
                  (FT)
0188
                                     5600.
6560.
8159
                 -18.0
                                        5600. 0.
6560. 0.
8159. 0.
                                                                       1.35
1.33 ENCLOSURE 1
        600.0
                             6609.
                                                            50.425.
0189
                -18.0
0190
        580.0
                            7519.
                                                            46973.
                                                                      1.33 (Sheet #9)
1.32
0191
        560.0
                 -18.0
                             9751.
                                                             42609.
0192
        531.0
                 -18.0
                          14988.
                                       9646.
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      0062
      0063
      0064 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 430.0 FT., EL -5.0 FT., DA 2/133. LBF., 0065 RA 20033. LBF.
      0055
      0067
                                                                                                                                               DP
      8400
                                           DIS.
                                                                                                EL..
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DB
                                                                                                                             UF
(LBF)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         RB
                                                                                                                                                                                             (LBF)
                                               (FT)
      0069
                                                                                           (FT)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (LBF)
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      0020
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                                        531.0
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     0071
      0072
     0073
      0074
     0075 * * STRATUM 6, TEST PLANE 425. FT., EL. -10.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
      0076 EL. -10.0 FT.
     0077
     0078
                                                                                                                P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 6 AND 1 USED STRA. 7
     0079
     0080
     0031
     0082 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     STR 1 STR 2 STR USED (LBF) (LBF)
     0083 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT 0084 (FT) (FT) (LBF)

      0085
      0086
      0.0
      -i0.0
      i426.
      813.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0087
      368.0
      -i0.0
      i426.
      813.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0088
      415.0
      -i0.0
      3131.
      813.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0089
      425.0
      -i0.0
      3131.
      813.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0090
      465.0
      -i0.0
      1713.
      813.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0091
      470.0
      -i0.0
      1538.
      8i3.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0092
      495.0
      -i0.0
      22i0.
      8i3.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0093
      505.0
      -i0.0
      22i0.
      8i3.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0094
      530.0
      -i0.0
      1422.
      8i3.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0095
      531.0
      -i0.0
      778.
      8i3.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      0097
      570.0
      -i0.0
      861.
      8i3.
      280.
      350.
      280.

      <
     0085
     01.01
    0102 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -10.0 FT., DP 781. LBF.
     0103 RP -0. LBF.
    01.04
    0105
    0106 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
                                                                                                                                         DA RA DB RB (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  RB
    0107
                                    DIST. ELEV. DA
(FT) (FT) (LBF)
    0108
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              FS
    0109
    0110

      21051.
      0. 133000.
      3.86

      22042.
      0. 131600.
      3.70

      22833.
      0. 130200.
      3.70

      23534.
      0. 128800.
      3.84

      23749.
      0. 127400.
      4.14

      23457.
      0. 126000.
      4.62

      22241.
      0. 124600.
      5.34

      20049.
      0. 123200.
      6.27

                                                                             -10.0 40641.
-10.0 42253.
-10.0 42182.
                                  425.0
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22042.
22833.
    0111
                                   .430.0
435:0
    0112
    0113
                                      440.0 -10.0 40494.

445.0 -10.0 37313.

450.0 -10.0 33161.

455.0 -10.0 28277.
    0114
    0115
    0115
                                      -10.0 28277. 22241.
460.0 -10.0 23644. 20049.
   0117
    0118
   0119
.0120
    0121 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 435.0 FT., EL -10.0 FT., DA 42182. LBF.,
    0122 RA 22833. LBF.
   0123
                                                                                      EL. DP RP DB RB
(FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ENCLOSURE 1
    0124
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   0125 DIS.
                                             (FT)
   0126
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11:24 AM THU., 20 AUG., 1987

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0001
0002
0003
                                        * STABILITY WITH UPLIFT *
0004
0005
0006 ORLEANS CANAL
0007 REACH III FLOODSIDE
8000
0009
0010 10 STRATA
0011 11 PROFILES
0012 1 VERTICALS
0013 UPLIFT WITH 1 PIEZOMETRIC GRADE LINES
0014
0015
0015
0017 * * STRATUM 5, TEST PLANE 425. FT., EL. -5.0 FT. TO 550. FT.
         EL. -5.0 FT.
0018
0019
0020
                              P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 5 AND 1 USED STRA. 6
0021
0022
0024 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
0025 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR USED 0026 (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
0022
                      -5.0 916. 500.
-5.0 916. 500.
-5.0 2621. 500.
-5.0 2621. 500.
-5.0 1203. 500.
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0028
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                                                            312.
768.
768.
0029
           368.0
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280.
280.
          415.0
0030
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                                                500.
0031
          425.0
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                                                500.
0032
          465.0
                                                            388.
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                       -5.0 1028.
-5.0 1700.
-5.0 1700.

    500.
    342.
    280.

    500.
    522.
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    521.
    280.

    500.
    310.
    280.

0033
           470.0
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0034
           495.0
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0035
           505.0
                                                500.
0036 530.0 -5.0 912. 500. 310. 280. 2 0037 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL 280.0 LBF AT DIST. 530.3 FT.
0036
0038
          531.0 -5.0 468.
                                            500. 191.
                                                                           280. 191.
0039 554.0 -5.0 351. 500. 160. 280.
0040 570.0 -5.0 0. 500. 66. 280.
0041 STRATUM 5 STARTS FAILURE POSSIBLE FROM DIST. 570.0 FT.
                                                                                     160.
                                                                                       66.
0042 600.0 -5.0 0. 500. 66. 999999. 0043 1000.0 -5.0 -0. 500. 66. 999999.
                       -5.0
                                                                                        66.
0044
0045
0046 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 550.0 FT., EL. -5.0 FT., DP
                                                                                          558. LBF.
0047 RP 1104. LBF.
0048
0049
0050 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0.054
                                                                                RB (LEF)
          DIST. ELEV. DA RA DB RB (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                                                FS
0052
         DIST.
0053
0054

    -5.0
    28317.
    19242.
    0.
    0.

    -5.0
    29133.
    20033.
    0.
    31638.

    -5.0
    28331.
    20734.
    0.
    30238.

    -5.0
    26038.
    20949.
    0.
    28838.

    -5.0
    29771.
    20657.
    0.
    27438.

    -6.0
    20057.
    0.
    27438.

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1.85
1.88
2.00 ENCLOSURE 1
2.21 (Sheet #11)
           425.0
0055
0056
          430.0
0057
           435.0
0.058
          440.0
          445.0 -5.0 22771. 20657.
450.0 -5.0 18775. 19442.
0059
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0060
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0001 0010 ORLEANS CANAL
0002 0010 REACH II FLOODSIDE STABILITY
0003 0010 9 1 2 1
0004 0010 500
8005 0010 0 110 400 400
0006 0010 0 62.5 0 0 0007 0010 0 112 700 700
0008 0010 0 112 600 600
0009 0010 0 102 280 280
0010 0010 15 117 200 200
0011 0010 0 104 350 350
0012 0010 0 104 500 500
0013 0010 33 122 0 0
0014 0010 0 0 408 0 447 14.6 457 14.6
0015 0010 480 5 495 10 505 10
0014 0010 530 2 538 0 556 -5 1000 -5
0017 0010 9999.9 0
0018 0010 0 0 467 0 480 5 495 10
0019 0010 505 10 530 2
0020 0010 538 0 556 -5 1000 -5 9999.9 0
0021 0010 0 0 467 0 480 5 495 10
0022 0010 505 10 530 2
0023 0010 538 0 582 -12 1000 -12 9999.9 0 -
0024 0010 0 0 467 0 472 2 530 2
0025 0010 538 0 582 -12 1000 -12 9999.9 0
0026 0010 0 0 538 0 582 -12 1000 -12
0027 0010 9999.9 0
0028 0010 0 -5 556 -5 582 -12 1000 -12
0029,0010 9999.9 0
0030 0010 0 -12 1000 -12 9999.9 0
0031 0010 0 -20 1000 -20 9999.9 0
0032 0010 0 -35 1000 -35 9999.9 0
0033 0010 0 -42 1000 -42 9999.9 0
0034 0010 0 0 1000 0 9999.9 D
0035 0010 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0036 9010 1 1 1 1 1 1
0037 0010 5 457.1 -5 550 -5 3
0038 0010 556 540 538
0039 0010 6 457.1 -12 580 -12 3
0040 0010 580 560 538
0041 0010 5 505 -5 550 -5 3
0042 0010 556 540 538
0043 0010 6 505 -12 580 -12 3
0044 0010 580 560 538
0045 0010 7 457.1 -20 900 -20 3
0046 0010 580 560 538
0047 0010 7 505 -20 900 -20 3
0048 0010 580 560 538
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ENCLOSURE 2 (Sheet #1)

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0327
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0331
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0332
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0333
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0334
        538.0
                          2161.
                                    1250.
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0335
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0336
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                          1269.
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0337
0338
0339
0340 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -20.0 FT., DP
                                                                  8357 LEF
0341 RP
         5600. LBF.
0342
0343
0344 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0345
0346
        DIST.
                  ELEV.
                             DA
                                         RA
                                                   DB
                                                             RB
                                                                         FS
0347
        (FT)
                 (FT)
                            (LBF)
                                      (LBF)
                                                  (LBF)
                                                            (LBF)
0348
0349
        505.0
                  -20.0
                           44879.
                                      21948.
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                                                          138250.
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                 -20.0
                                      23811.
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        510.0
                           46715.
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0350
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        515.0
                  -20.0
                           46869.
                                      25522.
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                                                          134750.
0351
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        520.0
                 -20.0
                                                          133000.
0352
                           45220.
                                      26864.
                                                                        4.49
0353
        525.0
                 -20.0
                           41950.
                                      27525.
                                                    0.
                                                          131250.
                                                                        4189
        530.0
                 -20.0
                                      27008.
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0354
                           37625.
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0355
        535.0
                  -20.0
                           32576.
                                      25418.
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                                                          127750.
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                           27846.
                                                          126000.
        540.0
                 ~20.0
0356
                                      21617.
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                                                                        7.86
0357
0358
0359 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC
                          515.0 FT., EL -20.0 FT., DA
                                                          46869. LBF.
0360 RA 25522, LBF.
0361
0362
                            DP
         DIS.
                                        RР
                                                  DB
                                                             RB
0363
                    EL.
                                                            (LBF)
         (FT)
                            (LBF)
                                       (LBF)
                                                  (LBF)
0364
                   (FT)
0365
                                       5690.
                                                    0.
                                                           22750.
                                                                       1.40
0366
        580.0
                  -20.0
                            8388.
                                       6646.
                                                    0.
                  -20.0
                           10758.
                                                           15750.
                                                                      1.33
0367
        560.0
                                                    0.
        538.0
                  -20.0
                           16998.
                                       9514.
                                                            8050.
                                                                       1.44
0368
0369
0370
0371
0372 * * END * *
0373
0374
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0260
0261 ASSUMED FAILURE SURF I DATA
0262 DIST ELEV. WT. UPLIFT
                                          STR 1 STR 2 STR USED (LBF) (LBF)
                                  (LBF)
                          (LBF)
0263
         (FT)
                (FT)
0264
         0.0
                                 1250.
1250.
                       2161.
2161.
3767.
0285
                -20.0
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               -20.0
0266
        408.0
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        447.0
               -20.0
0267
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        457.0
               -20.0
                         3767.
                                 1250.
0268
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3082. 1250.
0269
        467.0
                -20.0
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0270
        472.0
                -20.0
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                         2721. 1250.
               -20.0
0271
       480.0
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0272
        495.0
               ~20.0
                         3281. 1250.
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               -20.0
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0273
        505.0
                         3281. 1250.
                                                      500.
                                                               350.
0274
        530.0
                          2385.
                                  1250.
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                         2161.
               -20.0
                                 1250.
0275
       538.0
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0276
       556.0
               -20.0
                         1651.
                                  1250.
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       582.0
               -20.0
0277
                         1270.
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0278
      1.0,00.00
               -20.0
                         1269.
                                   1250.
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0279
0280
0281 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 900.0 FT., EL. -20.0 FT., DP 8357. LBF.
0282 RP 5600. LBF.
0283
0284
0285 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0286
       DIST.
                ELEV.
0287
                            DA
                                      RA
                                                DB
                                                          RB
                         (LBF)
0288
       (FT) (FT)
                                    (LBF)
                                              (LBF) (LBF)
0289
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0 153265

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                       57612.
60133.
60656.
59025.
       457.1
               -20.0
                                   22868.
0290
                                                                    3.73
              -20.0
-20.0
-20.0
                                   24076.
0291
       462.1
                                                                     3.53
                                   25110.
                                                                  3.48
0292
       467.1
       472.1
0293
                                    25669.
                                                                     3.57
                       55440.
50240.
45502.
                                    26099.
0294
       477.1
                 -20.0
                                                                     3.82
0295
       482.1
                -20.0
                                    26075.
                                                                     4.25
0296 487.1
                -20.0
                                                                     4.73
                                    25618.
0297
        492.1
                -20.0
                        42077.
                                   24667.
                                                                   5.13
0298
0299
0300 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 467.1 FT., EL -20.0 FT., DA 60656. LBF.,
0301 RA 25110. LBF.
0302
0303
                                     RP DB
         ĎΙS.
                           DP
                                                                 FS
0304
                  EL.
                                                          RB
                        (LBF)
                                    (LRF)
                                                         (LBF)
0305
        (FT)
                  (FT)
                                               (LBF)
0306
               -20.0
-20.0
                         8388.
                                   5600.
6646.
       580.0
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0307
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                        10758.
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0308
      560.0
                                                         32515.
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                          16998.
                                                 0.
0309
       538.0
                 -20.0
                                     9514.
                                                         24815.
                                                                     1.36
0310
0311
0313 * * STRATUM 7, TEST PLANE S05. FT., EL. -20.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
                      EL. -20.0 FT.
0314
0315
0316
                      P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 7 AND 1 USED STRA. 8
0317
0318
0349
0320 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
0321 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT 0322 (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF)
                                           STR 1
                                                   STR 2 STR USED
                                                                       ENCLOSURE 2
                                 (LBF)
                                           (LBF)
                                                           (L.RF.)
                                                    (LBF)
                                                                     (Sheet #3)
0323
                                1250.
0324
         0.0
                -20.0
                         2161.
                                           350. 500.
                                                               350.
```

```
01/3
 0194
 0195 * * STRATUM 6, TEST LANE 505. FT., EL. -12.0 TT. TO 580. FT.
                           EL. -12.0 FT.
 0197
 0198
                            P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 6 AND 1 USED STRA. 7
 0199
 0200
 0201
                                                    STR 1 STR 2 STR USED (LBF) (LBF)
 0202 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
 0203 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT
                                                    STR 1
                   (FT)
          (FT)
 0204
                               (LRF)
                                        (LBF)
 0205
                                      355. 350.

750. 355. 350.

750. 785. 350.

750. 785. 350.

750. 662. 350.

750. 602. 350.

750. 505. 350.

750. 655.
                    -12.0
 0206
          0.0
                              1329.
                                                                            350.
                  -12.0
-12.0
 0207
          408.0
                               1329.
                            2935.
        447.0
 0208
                                                                            ሚጨበ
        457.0 -12.0
 0209
                            2935.
                                                                           350.
 0210
          467.0 -12.0 2476.
                                                                            350.
 0211
          472.0
                    -12.0
                              2250.
                                                                            350.
                             1889.
          480.0 -12.0
                                                                            350.
 0212
 0213
          495.0 -12.0 2449.
                                                                            350.

    505.0
    -12.0
    2449.
    750.
    655.
    350.

    505.0
    -12.0
    2449.
    750.
    655.
    350.

    530.0
    -12.0
    1553.
    750.
    415.
    350.

    538.0
    -12.0
    1329.
    750.
    355.
    350.

 0214
                                                                            350.
 0215
                                                                            350
 0216
                                                                            350.
 0217 SHEAR STRENGTHS AND EQUAL 350.0 LBF AT DIST. 538.7 FT.
                                       · 750. 218.
                                                                 350. 218.
 0218 556.0 -12.0 819.
 0219
          582.0
                    -12.0
                                438.
                                           750.
                                                      116.
                                                                 350.
                                                                            116.
 0220
       1000.0 -12.0
                                437.
                                           750.
                                                                 350.
                                                      116.
                                                                           116.
 0221
 0222
 0223 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 580.0 FT., EL. -12.0 FT., DP 1537. LBF.
 0224 RP 125. LBF.
0225
 0226
0227 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
 0228
        DIST. ELEV. DA RA DB (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF)
0229
0230
                                                                    (LBF)
0231

    505.0
    -12.0
    25242.

    510.0
    -12.0
    25758.

    515.0
    -12.0
    24524.

    520.0
    -12.0
    21993.

    525.0
    -12.0
    18567.

                                                          0. 20822.

0. 19072.

0. 17322.

0. 15572.

0. 13822.

0. 12072.
                                         19260.
20770.
22004.
                                                                                1.70
1.65
1.72
0232
0233
0234
 0239
                                            21614.
                                                                                   1.92
                  -12.0
                                            21097.
0236
                                                                                   2.06
0237
                  -12.0
         530.0
                              14808.
                                            17532.
                                                                                  2.24
0238
                                                                  10322.
        535.0
                  -12.0 11595.
                                            13776.
                                                           0.
                                                                                  2.31
0239
0240
0241 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 510.00FT., EL -12.0 FT., DA 25758. LBF.,
0242 RA 20770, LBF.
0243
0244
                              DP
                                            RP .
         DIS. EL.
0245
                                                         DB
                                                                     RB
                     (FT)
                                (LBF)
                                                                    (LBF)
0246
          (FT)
                                             (LBF)
                                                        (LBF)
0247
                 -12.0 1537.
-12.0 2239.
-12.0
       580.0
0248
                                             125.
                                                            0.
                                                                    19072.
                                                                                1.65
1.63
                                                           0.
0249
       560.0
                                             1823.
                                                                    15803.
0250
          538.0
                                             5994.
                                                           0.
                                                                      9800.
                                                                                   1.83
0251
.0222
0253
0254 * * STRATUM 7, TEST PLANE 457. FT., EL. -20.0 FT. TO 900. FT.
0255
                          EL. -20.0 FT.
                                                                                       ENCLOSURE 2
0256
                                                                                        (Sheet #4)
0257
                          P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 7 AND 1 USED STRA. 8
0258
```

```
DID. EL. DF KF DB KB (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
U.L.C. /
0128
                                        125.
0129
                                                   0 .
0 .
        580.0
               -12.0 1537. 125.
-12.0 2239. 1823.
-12.0 5773. 5994.
                                                            35837.
32568.
0130
                                                                        1.60
1.59
0131
         560.0
                                                    0 .
                                                                        1.71
0132
       538.0
                                                            26565.
0133
0134
0135
0136 * * STRATUM 5, TEST PLANE 505. FT., EL. -5.0 FT. TO 550. FT.
                       EL. -5.0 FT.
0137
0136
                      P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 5 AND 1 USED STRA. 6
0139
0140
0141
0142
0143 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
0144 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR USED 0145 (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                (FT)
0146
      0.0 -5.0 510.
408.0 -5.0 510.
                                  313.
313.
                                               280.
                                                         253.
0147
                                                                  2003
                                                                 253.
0148
                                               280.
                                                        253.
0149 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL
                                  280.0 LBF AT DIST. 410.4 FT.
      447.0 -5.0 2116.
457.0 -5.0 2116.
                                                        683. 280.
683. 280.
                                  313. 280.
0150
                                     313.
313.
313. 280.
280.
280.
0151
                                     313.
                                               280.
                                                                 280
        467.0 -5.0 1657.
8152
                                                        560.
                                                     403
553
553.
        472.0 -5.0 1431.
480.0 -5.0 1070.
0153
                                                                  280.
        480.0
0154
                                                                  280.
       480.0 -5.0 1070.
495.0 -5.0 1630.
0155
      505.0 -5.0 1630.
530.0 -5.0 734.
                                  313.
                                                     553. 280.
0156
0157 530.0 -5.0 734.
0158 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL
                                                                  280.
                                     313.
                                                        313.
                                  280.0 LBF AT DIST. 534.4 FT.
                                  313. 280.
     538.0 -5.0 510.
556.0 -5.0 0.
                                                         253. 253.
0159
                                                        116.
                                                                 116.
0160
      582.0
1000.0
                             0.
                                               280.
                                     313.
                                                        115.
0161
                 -5.0
                                                                  116.
01.62
                 -5.0
                            -- 0 .
                                     313.
                                               280.
                                                        116.
                                                                  116.
0163
01.64
0165 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 550.0 FT., EL. -5.0 FT., DP 111. LBF.
0166 RP 730. LBF.
0167
01.68
0169 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0170
     UIST. ELEV.
                                                             RB
                 ELEV. DA RA DB RB (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                         FS
0171
01.72
0173
                  -5.0 12122.
-5.0 12022.
-5.0 10678.
                                     14650.
16398.
16396.
0174
        505.0
                                                     0.
                                                           11679.
                                                          11077.
10279.
8879.
7479.
                                                  0.
0.
0.
                                                                        2.30
0175
        510.0
       515.0
0176
                                                                        2.46
                                                           7479.
6079.
4679.
                  -5.0 8439.
-5.0 5962.
-5.0 3908.
       520.0
                                     16394.
                                                    0.
                                                                        2 95
0177
                                                                        3.40
                                     13100.
9807.
                                                    0 .
0 .
        525.0
0178
       530.0
8179
                                                                        4.01
0180
0181
0182 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 505.0 FT., EL -5.0 FT., DA 12122. LBF.,
0183 RA 14650. LBF.
0185
               EL. DP RP DB RB
(FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                        FS
0186
         DIS.
0137
         (FT)
0188
                        0. -0.
787. 1947.
997. 2190.
                                              0. 12513. 2.24 ENCLOSURE 2
0. 9681. 2.32 (Sheet #5)
0. 9191. 2.34
               -5.0
-5.0
-5.0
       556.0
0189
        540.0
0190
      538.0
0191
0192
```

```
September 1
 0062
 0.043
 0064 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 402.1 FT., EL -5.0 FT., DA 20122. LBF.,
 0065 RA 13500. LBF.
 0046
 0067
       DIS.
                   EL.
                          DP
(LBF)
                                        RР
                                                  DB RB
(LBF) (LBF)
 8300
                                                                         FS.
 0069
         (FT)
                    (FT)
                                         (LBF)
 0070
                -5.0 0.
-5.0 787.
-5.0 997.
                                                                       i.89
i.92
                                         -0.
                                                      Ü.
 0071
        556.0
                                                            24525.
 0072
                                         1947. .
                                                     0.
                                                            21593.
       540.0
                                                                          1.93
         538.0
                                                     0.
                                         2190.
 0023
                                                             21203.
 0074
 0025
 0076
 0077 * * STRATUM 6, TEST PLANE 457. FT., EL. -12.0 FT. TO 550. FT.
 0078
                        EL. -12.0 FT.
0.029
0080
                        P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 6 AND 1 USED STRA. 7
 9084
 0082
 0.083
0084 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
0085 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1 STR 2 STR USED 0086 (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
0087

    0.0
    -12.0
    1329.
    750.
    355.

    408.0
    -12.0
    1329.
    750.
    355.

    447.0
    -12.0
    2935.
    750.
    785.

    457.0
    -12.0
    2935.
    750.
    785.

    467.0
    -12.0
    2475.
    750.
    662.

8800
                                                         350.
       408.0
 0.089
                                                         350.
                                                                    350.
                0090
        447.0
                                                                    350.
        457.0
0091
                                                                    350
0092
        467.0
0093
         472.0
                                                                    350.
                                                                  350.
350.
0094
         480.0
0095
         495.0
0096
         505.0
                                                                  350.
0097
         530.0
                                                                    350.
0098
         538.0
                                                                    350.
0099 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL
                                    750. 218.
                                                          350.
0100 556.0 -12.0 819.
                                                                    242
                                      750.
0101
        582.0
                 -12.0
                            437.
                                               116.
                                                         350.
                                                                   116.
0102
      1000.0 -12.0
                            437.
                                     750.
                                                          350.
                                                116.
                                                                   116.
0103
0104
0105 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 580.0 FT., EL. -12.0 FT., DP 1537. LBF.
0106 RP 125. LBF.
0107
0108
0109 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0110
                ELEV. DA RA DB RB (FT) (LBF) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                          FS
0111
        DIST.
         (FT)
0112
                                                0. 37587.
0. 35837.
0. 34087.
0. 32337.
0. 30587.
0. 28837.
0113
                                       19128.
                                                                        1.68
1.60
         457.1
                            35394.
0114
                  -12.0
                                     19128.
19897.
20327.
                  -12.0
0115
         462.1
                            36466.
                          35449.
                                                                         1.61
                  -12.0
0116
         467.1
                           32549.
                                                                         1.72
0117
         472.1
                  -12.0
                                      20736.
        477.1
482.1
                           28169.
22896.
                                       20086.
                                                                         1.91
2.29
0118
                  -12.0
                                     19977.
                  -12.0
0119
                                      18119.
                           19716.
                                                            27087.
                                                                        2.49
0120
         487.1
                  -12.0
                                                     0.
0121
0122
0123 CRIT. ACTIVE LOC 462.1 FT., EL -12.0 FT., DA 36466. LBF., ENCLOSURE 2
0124 RA 19897. LBF.
                                                                             (Sheet #6)
0125
```

0126

11:07 AM THU., 20 AUG., 198/

```
0001
 0002
 0003
                                      * STABILITY WITH UPLIFT *
 0004
 0005
 0006 ORLEANS CANAL
 0007 REACH II FLOODSIDE STABILITY
 0008
 0009
 0010 - 9 STRATA
 0011 10 PROFILES
 0012 1 VERTICALS
 0013 UPLIFT WITH 1 PIEZOMETRIC GRADE LINES
 0014
 0015
 0016
 0017 * * STRATUM 5, TEST PLANE 457. FT., EL. -5.0 FT. TO 550. FT.
                               EL. -5.0 FT.
 0018
 0019
                              P.H.L. 1 USED STRA. 5 AND 1 USED STRA. 6
 0020
 0021
 0022
 0023
 0024 ASSUMED FAILURE SURFACE DATA
 0025 DIST. ELEV. WT. UPLIFT STR 1
0026 (FT) (FT) (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                           STR 2 STR USED
                                                                          (LBF) (LBF)
 0027
0039 SHEAR STRENGTHS ARE EQUAL 280.0 LBF AT DIST. 534.4 FT.
                                                                           253. 253.
116. 116.
116. 116.

    538.0
    -5.0
    510.
    313.
    280.

    556.0
    -5.0
    0.
    313.
    280.

    582.0
    -5.0
    0.
    313.
    280.

    1000.0
    -5.0
    -0.
    313.
    280.

 0040
 0041
0042
                                                                            116.
                                                                                       116.
0043
0044
0045
0046 ASSUMED CRIT. PASSIVE LOC. 550.0 FT., EL. -5.0 FT., DP 111. LBF.
0047 RP 730. LBF.
0048
0049
0.050 ACTIVE WEDGE DATA
0051
                                  DA RA DB (LBF) (LBF)
                                                                             RB
(LBF)
                                                                                               FS
                       ELEV.
0052
          DIST.
           (FT)
                      (FT)
0053
0054
                                                                                           1.95
1.89
2.02 ENCLOSURE 2
2.30 (Sheet #8)
3.00

      -5.0
      19676.
      12411.
      0.
      25091.

      -5.0
      20122.
      13500.
      0.
      23691.

      -5.0
      18681.
      14483.
      0.
      22291.

      -5.0
      15797.
      14494.
      0.
      20891.

      -5.0
      11788.
      14753.
      0.
      19491.

      -5.0
      7978.
      12614.
      0.
      18091.

            457.1
0055
0056
            462.1
0057
           467.1
0058
            472.1
0059
           477.1
                                                                                                3.99
           482.1
0060
```

ADIOSONS PER INCH HOTH WATS.

		1
	25' 28'	
	5.00 Q Q Q	
1	0 0 0 0 EL-200	
	O C DIMDICATES STRATUM NO.	
	FAIL E SD ZR* SD-ZR	
	(A) (1415 11203 -6785) (B) (17867 6483 6384) (C) (B) 18757 6930 10724 (D) (P) 22510 10330 22180 (E) (C) 18305 354373 12872 ASSUME FACTOR OF SAFETY = 15 161 54EAR STRENGTH PARK	METERS.
	ALLOWARLE SHEAZ (ASSUME A 328 STEEL) (= 39,500 PSI (5 = 15,400 PSI	
	- 1/91W/ PILE = 7.94 N2/FT Fs = (7.94)(15400) - 122 276 BS/FT OF WALL >7 22180	2
	I-wall Avayse	
	REACH I WEST STA SOND TO GO OR LEANE AVENUE OFFALCE NEW ORLEANS, LA	 ;

Eliclosure 3

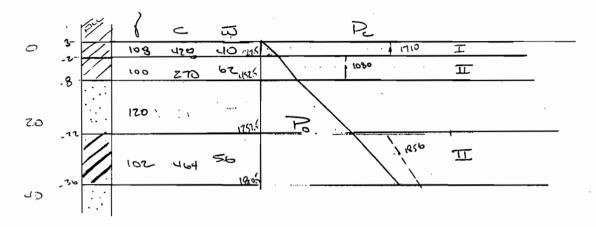
L. L. RIDGWAY COMPANY, INC

		23,	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	Two A 221		(/	23//			9	-20.0		•	1,330		STADICS STADICS			FAE DA De FES	0 104584 31169 23345 20265 30049 13240 D		5h1 65892 hass 39202 - 17956 hass 6		REACH I-WEST STASOLOU TO 90400	CANTERNA ORCHANC DOCTORAL	
	 							- !	(09-13)		/		/			E-38				Ď	100484	7	100 C 100 C	 _			
	 	 			- 1	-:-													TAILURE T	SUSFINCE	9	6	③ ③				
							Ť		:																		

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS WETAIRIE, LA.

Project DRIBALL OF REACHEST BY 11110

B-44:46:48



STRATUM	EZ	رى.	P
I	&£0.0	0.19	סודו
11	0.053	0.76	१०८०
111	0.050	0.25	1856

12.5 10 11 B

GRADE = 136

CASE II

GRADE = 17.5 ENCLOSURE 5 (Sheet #1)

```
CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
                 Υ
                              Z
505.00
               0.00
                            2.50
                                         . 26048
               0.00
                            8.00
505.00
                                          .58900
                                        0.00000
505.00
               0.00
                           18.00
505.00
               0.00
                           32.00
                                         . 68599
505.00
               0.00
                           TOTAL
                                        1.53547
549.00
               0.00
                            2.50
                                         . 08431
549.00
               \boldsymbol{0} \cdot \boldsymbol{0} \cdot \boldsymbol{0}
                            8.00
                                         .07268
549.00
               0.00
                           18.00
                                        0.00000
549.00
               0.00
                           32.00 .
                                         . 13967
549.00
               0.00
                           TOTAL
                                         . 29666
```

FILE NAME = SETTIII

8:37 AM MON., 23 JUNE, 1986

```
0001 ORLEANS CANAL
0002 REACH III WEST
0003 1 1 2 4
0004 505 0 549 0
0005 2 5 8 18 32
0006 100000 0.5 3
0007 2
0008 442 58
0009 1760
0010 1
0011 500 10
0012 1760
0013 3
0014 510 44
0015 1760
0016 62.5 0
0017 5 108 2.7 0.5 100000 40
0018 6 100 2.7 0.5 100000 62
0019 14 120 2.7 0.5 100000 20
0020 14 102 2.7 0.5 100000 56
0021 2
0022 2
0023 0.038 0.19 1710
0024 2
0025 0.053 0.26 1080
0026 3
0027 0
0028 2
0029 0.05 0.25 1856
```

2 8.00	57.5000 i	61.7284	1.7337	96.55	62.0000	2.7000
3 18.00		00.0000	.6875	78.55	20.0000	2.7000
4 32.00		65.3846	1.5809	95.64	56.0000	2.7000
WATER Z PRESSUR 2.50 156.25 8.00 500.00 18.00 1125.00	E VERTIC 500 270.0 00 840.0	000 8	SES IZONTAL 70.0000 40.0000	EFFEC VERTICA 113.75 340.00 855.00	00 113 00 340	SSES ZONTAL .7500 .0000

ORLEANS CANAL

REACH III WEST

CO-ORDI	NATES		DIRECT	TIONAL STRI	ESSES	EXCESS PORE	EPSILON
Χ.	Υ	Z	X∖R	Y\T	· Z	PRESSURE	Z
505.0	0.0	2 5	1500 6743	1428 7227	1755 0705	1628.3225	.0019
505.0	0.0					1378.9963	0047
505.0	0.0	18.0				1062.8684	0068
505.0	0.0	-,				789.4115	.0072
HORIZON			0.0000				
549.0	0.0	2.5	288.3821	245.3182	202.2543	245.3182	0006
549.0	0.0	8.0	409.7200	322.6074	235.4948	322.6074	0013
549.0	0.0	1.8.0	453.5434	389.9402	326.3370	389.9402	001.0
549.0	0.0	32.0	386.1610	405.3506	424.5403	405.3507	.0003
HORIZON	TAL DIS	Ρ. ≕	0.0000	0 VERTICA	AL DISP.	= 0.0000	0 0

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Z
2.50
                             CONSOLIDATION SETTLEMENT
              Υ
     X
                               . 20629
 505.00
             0.00
             0.00
                      8.00
                                  :40578
 505.00
                      18.00
                                0.00000
 505.00
             0.00
 505.00
             0.00
                      32.00
                                 . 42647
505.00
             0.00
                      TOTAL .
                                1.03854
                                .00086
                      2.50
 549.00
             0.00
 549.00
             0.00
                      8.00
                                 .00941
                      18.00
                               0.00000
 549.00
             0.00
                                . 03666
 549.00
             0.00
                      32.00
 549.00
             0.00
                      TOTAL
                                 . 04693
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FILE NAME = SETTII

8:41 AM MON., 23 JUNE, 1986

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0001 ORLEANS CANAL
0002 REACH II WEST
0003 1 1 2 4
0004 505 0 549 0
0005 2.5 8 18 32
0006 100000 0.5 3
0007 2
0008 457 43
0009 1276
0010 1
0011 500 10
0012 1276
0013 3
0014 510 32
0015 1276
0016 62.5 0
0017 5 108 2.7 0.5 100000 40
0018 6 100 2.7 0.5 100000 62
0019 14 120 2.7 0.5 100000 20
0020 14 102 2.7 0.5 100000 56
0021 2
0022 2
0023 0.038 0.19 1710
0024 2
0025 0.053 0.26 1080
0026 3
0027 0
0028 2
0029 0.05 0.25 1856
```

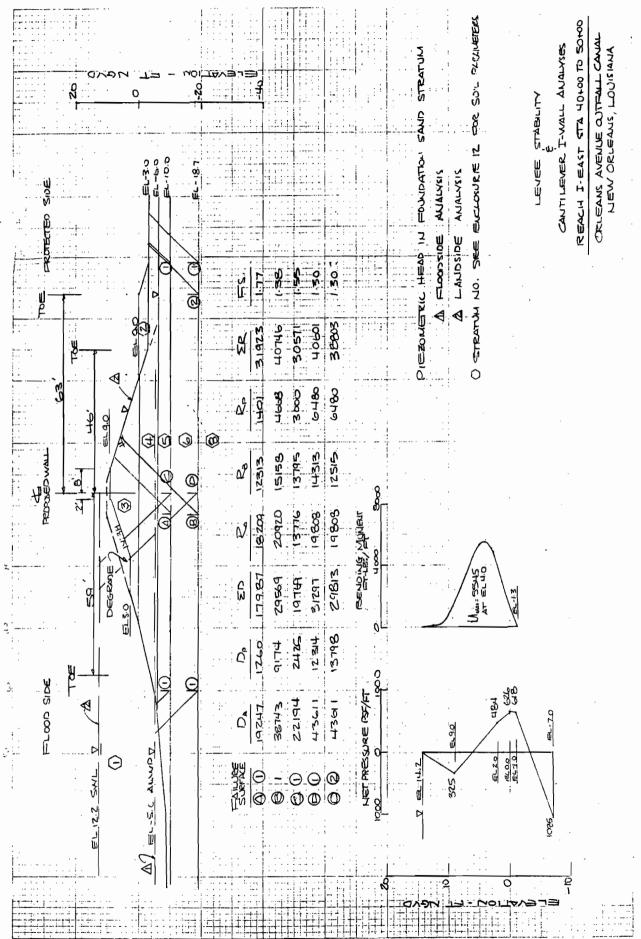
ENCLOSURE 5 (Sheet #5)

STRATUM	Z	SUB. WT.	DRY WT.	Εo	% SAT.	wcz	SPEC. GRAV
1	2.50	45.5000	77.1429	1.1875	90.95	40.0000	2.7000
2	8.00	37.5000	61.7284	1.7337	96.55	62.0000	2.7000
3	18.00	57.5000	100.0000	. 687 5	7B.55	20.0000	2.7000
4	32.00	39.5000	65. 384 6	1.5809	95.64	56.0000	2.7000

	WATER	TOTAL S	STRESSES	EFFECTIVE	STRESSES
Z	PRESSURE	VERTICAL	HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL	HORIZONTAL
2.50	156.2500	270.0000	270.0000	113.7500	113.7500
8.00	500.0000	840.0000	840.0000	340.0000	340.0000
18.00	1125.0000	1980.0000	1980.0000	855.0000	855.0000
32.00	2000.0000	3534.0000	3534.0000	1534.0000	1534.0000

REACH II WEST

CO-ORDI	NATES		DIRECT	TIONAL STRE	SSES	EXCESS PORE	EPSILON
X	Υ	Z	X\R	Y\T	, Z	PRESSURE:	Z.
505.0	0.0	2.5	1050.3479	1161.1968	1272.0457	1161.1968	.0017
505.0	0.0	8.0	683.0499	948.1066	1213.1628	3 948.1064	. 0040
505.0	0.0	18.0	340.5319	692.5570	1044.5820	692.5570	.0053
505.0	0.0	32.0	147.3111	489.2801	831.2491	. 489.2802	. 0051
HORIZON	TAL DIS	6P. =	0.0000	O VERTICA	L DISP.	= 0.0000	0
549.0	0.0	2.5	76.8163	39.0063	1.1964	39.0063	0006
549.0	0.0	8.0	198.3603	111.1725	23.9846	111.1725	0013
549.0	0.0	18.0	268.6341	185.5550	102.4758	185.5549	0012
549.0	0.0	32.0	239.3924	217.9873	. 196.5823	217.9873	0003
HORIZON	TAL DIS	SP. =	0.0000	0 VERTICA	AL DISP.	= 0.0000	0



L. L. RIDGWAY COMPANY, INC.

E. 19.0 (Geors Grade)	PIEZULETEC HEAD ILI EQUIDATION SILT & SAUD STRATA A FLOORING ANALYSIS O STEATUM NO: -SEE ENCLOSURE IL FOR SOIL PARMHETER EL 11:0 EXITING LEVEE EL 11:0 EXITING LEVEE EL 11:0 EXITING LEVEE CORLEMAN AND AND AND STAILLY AND ANGES REAL 11:0 EXITING LEVEE EL 11:0 EXITING LEVEE CORLEMAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND STAILSING LEVEE CORLEMAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	
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WAVE LOAD INTERPOLATION

Station	Crown Elevation Analyzed FT-NGVD	Dynamic Wave Load LBS/FT	Centroid Of Wave Load FT-NGVD
To 117+00	9.0	N/A	N/A
To 119+00	9.5	1020	12.4
To 121+00	9.5	1407	12.5
To 123+00	9.5	1795	12.5
123+00 +	11.0	1570	12.8

SUMMARY OF CANTILEVER I-WALL ANALYSES

	With Wave Loads			Without Wave Loads			
	Tip (F.S.=1.25)	Moment (F.S.=1.0)		Tip (F.S.=1.5)	Moment (F.S.=1.0)		
Station	FT-NGVD	FT-LBS/FT		FT-NGVD	FT-LBS/FT		
To 117+00	N/A	N/A		-5.1	3970		
To 119+00	-2.9	6636		-2.7	2779		
To 121+00	-4.6	9639		-2.7	2779		
To 123+00	-6.3	12743		-2.7	2779		
123+00 +	-1.8	7501		2.9	659		

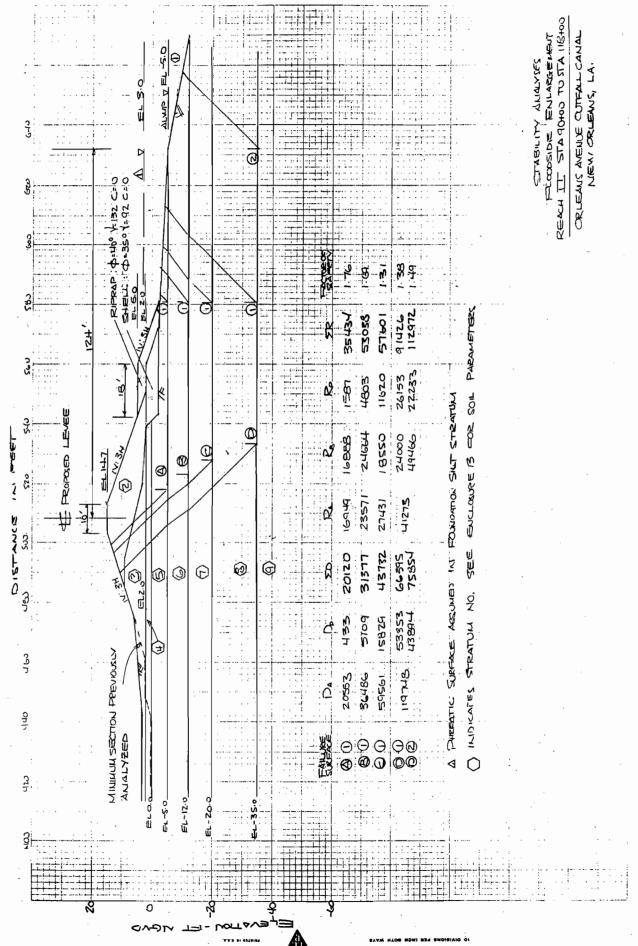
DYNAMIC WAVE LOAD SUMMARY
AND
CANTILEVER I-WALL ANALYSES SUMMARY

ORLEANS AVENUE OUTFALL CANAL NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

ENCLOSURE 9

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ENCLOURE 10



Orleans Outfall Canal New Orleans, Louisiana

DESIGN PARAMETERS REACH I STA. 0+00 TO 90+00

EAST SIDE PARAMETERS

		Friction	Unit	Unit Cohesion (PSF)				
Stratum	Material	Angle (Degrees)	Weight (PCF)	Center Average	line Bottom	Toe Average	Bottom	Fhi Angle*
1	Water	0	62.5	0	0	0	0	
2	Fill .	. 0	110	400	400	400	400	23°
3	Fill	0	115	700	700	700	700	25°
4 .	Clay	0	99	400	400	300	300	20°
5 .	Clay	0 .	99	300	300	150	150	20°
6	Clay	0	102	350	350	200	200	20°
7	Clay	0	102	350	350	300	300	20°
8	Sand	33	122	0	0	0	0	

^{*}Consolidated drained "S" case design parameters used for cantilever sheet pile analyses.

Orleans Outfall Canal New Orleans, Louisiana

DESIGN PARAMETERS REACH I STA. 0+00 TO 90+00

WEST SIDE PARAMETERS

		Friction	Unit	Unit Cohesion (PSF)				
Stratum	Material	Angle (Degrees)	Weight (PCF)	Cente: Average		Toe Average	Bottan	Phi Angle*
1	Water	0	62.5	0	0	0	0	0
2	Riprap	40	132	0	0	0	0	0
3	Fill	.0	115	700	700	700	700	25°
4	Clay	0	99	300	300 -	300	300	20°
5	Clay	0	99	250	250	150	150	20°
6	Clay	0	102	300	300	200	200	20°
7	Clay	0	102	325	325	300	300	- 20°
8	Sand	33	122	0	0	. 0	0	33°

^{*}Consolidated drained "S" case design parameters used for cantilever sheet pile analyses.

Orleans Outfall Canal New Orleans, Louisiana

DESIGN PARAMETERS REACH II AND III STA. 90+00 TO 127+00

		Friction Angle	Unit Weight		Unit Cohesion PSF		
Stratum	Material	Degrees	PCF	Average	Bottom	Phi <u>Angle</u> *	
1	Water	0	62.5	0	0		
2	Fill	0	110	400	400	23	
. 3	Fill	0	112 ·	700	700	25	
4	Clay	0	112	600	600	23	
5	Clay	0 .	102	280	280	20	
6	Silt	15	117	200	200	25	
7	Clay	0	104	350	350	23	
8	Clay	. 0	104	500	500	·	
9	Sand	33	122	0	0		

^{*}Consolidated drained "S" case design parameters used for cantilever sheet pile analyses.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY



NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

December 3, 1987

Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering, Incorporated 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference your letter of October 6, 1987 providing Eustis Engineering's responses to comments contained in our letters of January 12, 1987 and August 7, 1987 concerning the Orleans Avenue Canal. We have reviewed these responses and offer the following comments.

12 August 1986 Submittal

- 1. Comment 11. We recommend a piezonmetric headline of EL -3.ONGVD in the buried beach sand, Sta 0+00 to Sta 90+50.
- 2. Comment 15. We have performed stability analyses of passive wedges adjacent to the wall and passive wedges beyond the wall. The F.S. of wedges beyond the wall are below 1.0 and are substantially below the F.S. of wedges adjacent to the wall. The passive pressures in your cantilever sheetpile wall analysis are not the critical passive pressures against the wall. The passive pressures in the cantilever sheetpile analysis must incorporate the passive wedges beyond the wall.

5 November 1986 Submittal

- 1. <u>Comment 1.</u> We do not consider that a cantilever sheetpile wall provides protection against a deep stability failure.
- 2. Comment 4. The number of drops should be 7, which would lower the F.S. and require a lower sheetpile tip penetration.
- 3. Comment 7. There should be a 600 ft transition from the west canal lakefront levee Sta 124+87 Net Grade EL 18.0 NGVD to Sta 118+87 Net Grade EL 13.6 NGVD. From the east canal lakefront levee Sta 128+67 to Sta 124+67 the Net Grade is El 17.5 NGVD. From Sta 124+67 to Sta 118+67 there is a 600 ft transition from Net Grade EL 17.5 NGVD to Net Grade EL 13.6 NGVD.

FILE _1006_

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- 4. Comment 8. Prior to the structural evaluation of the proposed inverted T-wall, the design calculations should be presented. These calculations should include (but not limited to) the following:
- Transfer of sheetpile loading to T-wall (including tension due to skin friction along the sheet pile).
 - Stresses in sheet piling.
 - Loading on inverted T-wall.
 - Pile loading (3-D pile analysis). d.
 - T-wall stresses. e.

I trust the foregoing is responsive to your needs. If I can be of further assistance in this matter, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

February 4, 1988

Mr. Van Stutts, Project Coordinator U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Post Office Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267

Re: Orleans Avenue Canal
Flood Protection Improvement Project
Earthwork and Structural Review Comments
OLB Project No. 2048-0304
DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Stutts:

Enclosed herewith are three (3) sets of revised preliminary plans for Phase I of the above referenced project submitted for your review and approval. We also enclose one copy of the calculations which are pertinent to this work.

These plans and calculations have been revised to resolve review comments in the letter from USACE dated August 7, 1987.

A summary of the resolution of the individual review comments is as follows:

<u>Comment No. 1</u> - "End West B/L" changed to "End East B/L on Sheet Seven (7).

Comment No. 2 - Note number "1" has been added on Sheet
Eight (8).

Comment No. 3 - A new section has been developed for the condition where levee toe extends into the canal on Sheet Nine (9). See Typical Section Sheet 15 and Eustis Enclosure 11, transmitted under separate cover dated October 6, 1987.

Comment No. 4 - The levee on the west side of the canal on Sheet 11 has been raised to a net elevation of +18.0 NGVD to agree with the existing lakefront levee. A revised analysis is presented on Eustis Enclosure Eight

(8), transmitted under separate cover dated October 6, 1987.

Comment No. 5 - The I-wall stability analysis for the two levee sections on Sheet 12 have been revised for a minimum crown elevation of +9.0 NGVD and a width of eight feet. See Eustis Enclosure Nine (9), transmitted under separate cover dated October 6, 1987.

Comment No. 6 - The I-wall stability analysis for the two levee sections approaching the lake shown on Sheet 12 and 13 from Sta. 117+00 to Sta. 129+24 have been revised for minimum levee crown elevations of +9.5 NGVD and +11.0 NGVD respectively for a crown width of eight (8) feet which match the existing levee sections. Where required the crown will be degraded to agree with the proper minimum elevation. See the analysis presented on Eustis Enclosure Nine (9), transmitted under separate cover dated October 6, 1987 which shows crown elevation and wave load condition.

<u>Comment No. 7</u> - The levee embankment floodside slopes have been changed to 1V on 3H on Sheet 14 to agree with analysis prepared by Eustis Engineering. The elevation of Section Three (3) has been corrected similar to comment four (4) above.

<u>Comment No. 8</u> - The direction of flow in the canal has been added to Sheets 16, 19 and 22 to distinguish between the pump side and lake side of the bridges.

<u>Comment No. 9</u> - A copy of the plans for the existing siphon is attached for reference to Sheet 24.

Comment No. 10 - The analyses of floodwalls above the east and west siphon should be taken from Eustis Enclosure Nine (9), transmitted November 5, 1986. A levee crown elevation of +10.0 NGVD with a pile tip elevation -2.0 NGVD applies.

<u>Comment No. 11</u> - The levee enlargement and floodwall are being placed above the existing siphon. An analysis will be presented to demonstrate that the siphon pile foundation is adequate for the increased overburden loading from the existing elevation of +9.0 NGVD to the proposed elevation of +10.5 NGVD.

<u>Comment No. 12</u> - The existing levee section will be degraded so that rainwater does not collect against the new floodwall. See Sheet 24.

<u>Comment No. 13</u> - The concept for the floodwall at the siphon has been revised and the necessity for concrete struts has been eliminated.

<u>Comment No. 14</u> - The top of I-wall elevations have been labeled as "gross" and "net" to clarify intent on the bridge modification drawings.

Comment No. 15 - Pile capacities for floodproofing the three bridges have been calculated for a canal bottom elevation of -9.0 NGVD for piles located near the center of the canal. See the attached letter from Eustis Engineering dated February 26, 1987.

<u>Comment No. 16</u> - The analyses for floodproofing the Harrison Avenue and Filmore Avenue bridges are now presented in the attached calculation submittal.

The following comments, 17-26, pertain to the R. E. Lee Bridge analysis.

<u>Comment No. 17</u> - The calculation on page 6 has been revised. The beams have been repositioned on this bridge to provide more nearly equal spans so that the calculations for a continuous beam of equal spans apply.

Comment No. 18 - The thickness of the deck slab has been increased from 8-1/2 inches to 9-1/2 inches so that the reinforcement "p" value on page seven (7) will not exceed the allowable (0.0073) in accordance with ETL 1110-2-265.

<u>Comment No. 19</u> - "Group Comb I & II" does include impact and the factors listed have been more clearly denoted as such on page number 16 of the calculations.

Comment No. 20 - The additional moment due to the live load and impact have been added to the moment due to dead load and uplift under the "Allowable Bending Stress" calculation on pages 23 and 24.

<u>Comment No. 21</u> - Under "Pull-out Tension for Studs" on page 25 of the calculations, the allowable working

stress capacity of 1.2 f'c has been checked per EM 1110-1-2101, paragraph 7.1 in addition to the ultimate strength capacity.

Comment No. 22 - The check for "No. of Studs Required" under the requirements of AISC paragraph 1.11 "Composite Construction" has been completed on page 36A-B. This requirement was less than required by AASHTO.

Comment No. 23 - For the design of steel in the wall, a check of ACI requirements for distribution of reinforcing steel in deep members has been made on page 43.a.

Comment No. 24 - The math error in the "Mom" calculation on page 51 has been corrected. The moment with new beam spacing is 2634 ft-lbs in lieu of 2918.4 ft-lbs as previously shown.

In addition the beams have been repositioned on this bridge to provide for more nearly equal spans, so that calculations for a continuous beam of equal spans do apply.

Comment No. 25 - Diaphragms have been added to address AASHTO paragraph 3.24.9, titled "Unsupported Transverse Edges". The lane load (uniform load per linear foot combined with a concentrated load) as addressed in AASHTO paragraph 3.6 entitled "Traffic Lanes" and paragraph 3.7.1.2 is not critical for the span lengths of this bridge. This is clearly illustrated in the tables which have been added following page 45.

Comment No. 26 - The waterstops have been located to allow reinforcing to be placed on both sides per the recommendation made.

Replies to outstanding GDM comments contained in the USACE letter dated January 12, 1987 are as follows. (Reference DEI letter of August 12, 1986, and USACE letter of June 3, 1986 for source of these comments.)

Comment No. 10 - USACE recommends a coefficient of lateral earth pressure, K, for piles in tension in sand of 0.75 for displacement piles unless values are obtained from pile tests (June 3, 1986).

Eustis Engineering has analyzed precast concrete piles loaded in tension assuming a coefficient of 0.70. This exceeds the USACE requirements (August 12, 1986).

If design criteria used by Eustis Engineering exceeds Corps criteria then any resulting cost increase would not be creditable (January 12, 1987).

DEI has elected to use the recommendation of its geotechnical consultant for piles loaded in tension. If there is a difference in pile length which results from this, it is understand that the cost difference will not be creditable to High Level Protection funding.

Comment No. 30 - The sheet pile tip elevation shown in figure 15 and stated in paragraph VIIA of the GDM (at I-610 Bridge) has been changed to agree with the tip elevations in the Soils Engineering Report. This change is also shown on the preliminary drawings for Phase II of the project submitted November 25, 1987.

<u>Comment No. 31</u> - The sheet pile tip elevations at the bridge locations and north of R. E. Lee Boulevard have been added to the current plan and profile sheets.

Comment No. 39b - The demolition of the existing concrete cap on the west side of the canal will either be disposed of on the floodside slope of the embankment to serve as slope protection with placement and sizing of the demolished concrete to meet Corps specifications or it will be removed from the site by the contractor. The type of demolition will be reflected in the cost estimate. Your recommendation would be appreciated.

The remaining comments in the letter from the USACE dated January 12, 1987, were resolved by the letter from Eustis Engineering transmitted to the USACE October 6, 1987.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E.

Vice President

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

REPLY TO ATTENTION

NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

March 31, 1988

DINE

APR 5

1988

ATTENTION OF

Engineering Division
Project Engineering Section

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Incorporated 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your February 4, 1988 letter concerning Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project, Earth Work and Structural Review Comments DEI Project No. 1006.

We have reviewed the preliminary plans for the Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal. The plans are based on the Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal Soils Report and Supplemental Soils Analyses by Eustis Engineering. As stated in the above referenced letter, the preliminary plans which you submitted for our review incorporated our comment of August 7, 1987. However, we must remind you that we have not received responses to our review comments on the above referenced Eustis Engineering soils report. Our comments were furnished by letter dated December 3, 1987. Satisfactory resolution of these comments may affect some of the designs contained in the subject plans. Therefore, we would encourage you to contact Eustis Engineering regarding our December 3, 1987 comments so that we can resolve those comments before resubmitting the subject plans.

In-so-far as the subject preliminary plans are concerned, we offer the following general comments:

a. Reference our February 5, 1988 meeting concerning new design criteria for Cantilever I-wall design attended by yourself and Mr. Tom Smith from DEI and representatives from OLB, Eustis Engineering and Traughber and Associates, Inc. The subject I-wall sections must be analyzed using the new design criteria. The following design guidance was furnished at the February 5, 1988 meeting:

DISTRIBUTION

TS L

Q-Case

- F.S. = 1.5 with water to flowline or SWL
- F.S. = 1.25 with SWL and waveload for hurricane protection levees.
- F.S. = 1.0 with water to SWL + 2 ft freeboard for hurricane protection levees.

S-Case

F.S. = 1.2 with water to flowline or SWL + waveload (if applicable) for hurricane protection levees

Select the maximum penetration from the above analysis. If the penetration to head ratio is less than about 3:1, increase it to 3:1 or to that required by the S-Case, F.S. = 1.5, whichever results in the least penetration. Use SWL or flowline to calculate for penetration to head ratio.

b. It is noted on the plans that the floodwall just south of Robert E. Lee Boulevard is shown as I-Wall. As was discussed at our recent meeting of March 14, 1988, for the alignment shown, this reach of wall must be T-Wall or a suitable alternative.

Specific comments concerning the individual plan sheets are detailed below:

- a. Sheet 2: "General Symbols Existing."
 - 1. "Drainage Culvert (Under 36' 0)" should change the '0' to '0'.
 - 2. "Drainage Culvert (36" and Over)" should add the symbol 'Ø' after the '36".
 - 3. "Baseline Station Marker (RRS, IR, CN, GIP)" has an undefined term 'GIP'.
- b. Sheet 3.
 - 1. Due to the lack of contrast between the print (lettering, etc.) and the images shown, this print needs to be revised for clarity.
 - 2. The baseline station at the beginning and end of each reach should be added.

c. Sheet 4.

- 1. Due to the configuration of the I-Wall at the bridge, the effects of the deflection of the I-Wall relative to the bridge and the ability of the L-Type waterstop to maintain positive cutoff should be evaluated.
- 2. The "Manholes To Be Raised" is not clear. If the manholes are part of an open system, the manholes would require positive cutoff.
- 3. The proposed 1'-9" reinforced concrete cap is not adequate for the PZ-27 section.
- 4. Please furnish the analyses for the sheetpile wingwall tip El. -23.0 located at Robert E. Lee Boulevard.

d. Sheet 5.

- 1. The curves shown near stations 99 + 00 and 105 + 35 do not appear practical for I-Wall cap forming and/or allowed by the steel sheeting.
- 2. Due to an apparent error, part of the existing levee crown is shown to be 15' wide. This crown width should be verified.
- 3. Ref. para. b.1. above.

e. Sheet 7.

2. Ref. para. C.3. above.

f. Sheet 8.

1. The proposed 1'-9" reinforced concrete cap is not adequate for the PZ-27 or PZ-40 sections.

- 2. Ref. para. C.1. above.
- g. Sheet 12.
 - 1. Section at Sta. 117+00 to 123+00 (Transition) does not match the plans for the referenced stations. The elevation varies from 15.47 to 18.00 gross and many of the net elevations on the plans are not shown.
 - 2. Sta 117+00 to 123+00 (Transition). The existing levee does not have to be degraded to EL 9.5 NGVD with respect to levee stability requirements.

h. Sheet 13.

- 1. The wall extends beyond the end station 124+00.
- 2. The section should give more detail, i.e. the type of sheeting, coating, batter, elevations of the earth, earth slopes that would be beneficial in evaluating this section.

i. Sheet 17.

- 1. Reinforcing in sidewalk and wall is not shown, you should therefore reference sheet 18 for this information.
- 2. The bottom of the slab is shown even with the bottom of the girder's top flange, but the design composite section uses the bottom of the slab even with the top of the girder's top flange. A correction to the design calculations or the drawings is required.

j. Sheet 18.

- 1. "Elevation/Section Bent 2, 3, and 4". The 12" Diaphram appears to limit inspection and maintenance of bolts at the existing bents.
- 2. "Section Through The End Bent".
- a. The placement of the L-Type waterstop and the waterstop's ability to function with deflection of the I-Wall should be reevaluated.
- b. The sill should be placed only under the concrete cap to eliminate potential loading from the soil.
- c. The 6" approach slab does not appear designed to carry the required traffic loading while supported by the bent. This should be reevaluated.
- 3. "Elevate Bent 1."
- a. The L-Type waterstop is not adequate to assure positive cutoff with potential deflection of the I-Wall.
- b. A 4" spacing through the center of the reinforced concrete cap above the "Piles (New)" should be defined.
- 4. "Waterstop Details"; "Section A-A"; The proposed reinforcing in the filler should be defined.

k. Sheet 19.

- 1. "Plan"; The statement "Exist. Conc. Cap 2'- 0" x 1' 10" Deep with Timber Piles to be removed" and the statement "Exist.

 Timber Piles To Be Cut At Mud Line" seem to be a contradiction and should be clarified.
- 2. "Elevation"; The possible need for filter cloth and/or bedding material under the armorflex should be evaluated.

3. Note; "* Adjust Pavement At Ends of Bridge To Fit New Bridge Deck Grades" should be added to this drawing as it appears on both Robert E. Lee and Filmore bridges.

1. Sheet 20.

1. The bottom of the slab is shown even with the bottom of the girder's top flange, but the design composite uses the bottom of the slab even with the top of the girder's top flange. The 3" CLR dimension indicates that the slab stops short of the bottom of the flange but the 8 1/2" depth shows otherwise. Either the design or the drawings should be corrected.

m. Sheet 21.

- 1. "Joint Detail at End Bents" Ref. para. i.2. above.
- 2. "Typical Section At Wall Walk and New Cap".
- a. The 1/8" gap shown on the 1 1/4" Ø Bolt connection requires that the design account for the effect on the 12" x 14" concrete post and movement of the deck during uplift conditions. This should be verified.
- b. Longitudinal reinforcing is shown incorrectly. This should be corrected.
- 3. "Elevation Bent 1" and "Section Through End Bent."
- a. Ref. para. j.2. a. above.
- b. Ref. para. j.2. b. above.
- c. Ref. para. j.2. c. above.
- 4. "Elevation Bent 1."
- a. Ref. para. j.3.a. above.
- b. Ref. para. j.3.b. above.

- Waterstop Details.
- a. "Section A-A Detail 1"; Ref. para. j.5. above.
- b. "Section B-B"; The 6'-0" Walk is inconsistent with the design and the other dimensions of the walk.

n. Sheet 22.

- 1. Plan
- a. The required 3 bulb waterstop at the end bents could be difficult (as well as expensive) to have manufactured. Therefore, possible alternatives should be evaluated.
- b. "Remove Exist. As Required" implies that some of the steel sheeting and cap is not removed. This should be clarified.
- 2. Elevation; Ref. para. i.2. above.

o. Sheet 23.

- 1. Ref. para. i.2. above.
- 2. "Detail-Connection To Existing Piles" does not show any details. This should be corrected.

p. Sheet 24.

- 1. "Section through End Bent."
- a. Due to deflection of the end bent and possible shearing of the small area of concrete containing the 3-bulb waterstop in the end bent, an expansion joint-which would allow for adequate movement between the approach and the end bent-should be provided.
- b. Due to possible shearing in the block referred to in the above paragraph, shear type reinforcing should be provided.
- 2. "Elevation Bent 1."
- a. Ref. para. j.3.a. above.

- b. There is an unidentified space through the center of the concrete cap above the "PPC Piles".
- 3. Reinforcing for additional column on the end bent should be shown.

q. Sheet 25.

- 1. The syphon manhole is on the floodside and is subject to water above the top of the manholes. There does not appear to be any positive cutoff.
- 2. The possible seepage between the syphon and the proposed I-Wall where it crosses the syphon should be investigated.
- 3. Since the existing syphon penetrates the flood protection, its adequacy for the designed flood conditions should be evaluated.
- r. Sheet 26. Ref. all subparagraphs of o. above.
- s. Sheets 27-29. Utilities which are to be relocated should be noted as such on drawings. If the new location of the utilities is known, they should be shown on drawings.
 - t. Sheet 31. Ref. para. C.3. above.
- u. Sheet 33. The proposed 1'-9" reinforced concrete cap is not adequate for the PZ-40 section used.

v. General.

- 1. A note should state that the contractor's sheet pile layout will be submitted for approval.
- 2. The baseline azimuths should be shown on all plans.
- 3. The proposed reinforcing details should be shown for typical reinforced concrete capped I-Walls.

4. More details as to the spacing and location of studs on girders should be shown.

The subject February 4, 1988 letter also enclosed for our review a copy of the structural calculations for floodproofing the bridges over the Orleans Avenue Canal. Our review comments for these documents are enclosed.

Should you have any questions concerning the above comments, please contact Mr. Vann Stutts at (504) 862-2614.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosures

Robert E. Lee Bridge

Structural Comments
to
Flood Proofing Design Calculations by DEI

- 1. Page 16: In combining the load cases I and III, the dead load is included in both cases; this doubles the dead load factor and reduces the uplift moment. This should be corrected.
- 2. <u>Page 36:</u> The design should cover the placement of Studs on the girders in accordance with AISC eg. 1.11-7 and g=15.6k for fc=3.0 in lieu of the 18.0k as used.
- 3. Page 41: The 5-foot spans should be checked as a deep member (only the 25' span was checked).
- 4. Pile Design: A 3-D pile analysis is required

 for the bridge piles for all possible critical

 Encl

Robert E. Lee Bridge (Con't)

- loading combinations.
- 6. Pile Cap: Loading on the pile cap should address AASHTO paragraph 3.11.3.
- 6. Page 86: According to AISC para. 1.6.3, the reduction factor (1-f. Pg.) is used for A325 and A490 bolts, not the proposed A307 bolts. The slotted connection shown on the drowing requires an A325 or A490 bolt.
- 7. <u>Diaphragms:</u> No design calculation are presented for the proposed diaphragms. (See DEI's response to our comment 25)
- 8. Bridge Deck: The bridge deck should be analyzed for the unshored Construction case, including the can tilevered sidewalk with the wall.

Harrison Avenue Bridge

Structural Comments to Flood Proofing Design Calculations by DEI

- . 1. The origin or validity of Table 1 is not known. Being hydraulic in content, we offer no comment.
 - 2. Page 14: The maximum moment obtained by the computer appears low when compared to the AASHTO approx. formula. It should be verified that the maximum moment is being used for design.
 - 3. Page 31c: The end span has a continuous section and should be analyzed as such.
 - 4. Page 33c: The 5-foot span should be checked as a deep flexural member Conly the 28'span was checken

Harrison Ave. Bridge (Con't)

- 5. Page 36: The Statement that "moments on the exterior and interior girders are not too different" should be reevaluated since the difference in the composite sections appear significant. In addition, the stresses at the bottom of girder for dead load should use the WIS stiffness value due to the unshared construction condition.
- 6. Pile Design: The pile spacing presented (3' on Centers for 14" piles) would require a pile capacity reduction (see attached). Disposition of existing piles should be addressed by Fim Br. (These calculation state removal and also remaining).
- 7. Page 57: A 3-D pike analysis is required for all piles with all critical loading conditions

Harrison Ave. Bridge (Con't)

- 8. Page 84: The construction case should be evaluated.
- 9. No design Calculations are included to insure compliance with AASHTO paragraph 3,24,9, "Unsupported Transverse Edges".

Filmore Avenue Bridge

Structural Comments
to
Flood Proofing Design Calculations by DEI

- I. Para. I.b. (no page No.): Deck Slab Design; ** Group Load Comb III' states that "since uplift and live load act in opp. direction, this combination is not expected to be critical." This case should be evaluated to insure that it is not the critical case.
 - 2. Page 27: "To Work out the moments on Girder

 Due to Uplift" uses two separate analyses. These analyses should be reevaluated to obtain the actual support reactions within the same system and also to verify the assumption that the existing bents take 15% of the loading.

Filmore Ave. Bridge (Con't)

- 3. Page 32: This analysis should include a check for the possibility of additional deflection due to dead loads in accordance with AASHTO para, 3.11.
- 4. Page 36: The analysis used may not produce the maximum number of study required by ACI since the actual moments from zero to maximum could occur in a short span and require closer spacing of Study. This should be reevaluated,
- 5. Page 64: The analysis for "Deep Member" notes a 10-foot member yet the span to the existing bent is only 5 feet. This should be verified. In addition the cases being checked should be identified.
- 6. Page 71: The same section proporties as used for exterior and interior do not appear accurate

Filmore Ave. Bridge (Con't)

- due to the difference in the concrete section.
- 7. Page 103: The reference "Less than 194.8" for Gravity loading, P. 108" should be explained and corrected since no reference to a 194.8 " is found on page 108.
 - 8. <u>Page 104:</u> The live load diagram states that the existing bent is "for buoyancy only", If this is assumed, the RA equation would have to be revised due to span length changes.
- 9. Page 106: The G1.42 used in "Max Girder Reaction"
 (LL) " Should be explained.
- 10. Page 107: The diagram and loads use to "Check

 Bent Cap For Gravity Loads" should be identified.

 11. Page 113: It should be shown that the designed

Filmore Ave. Bridge (Con't)

Condition represents the most critical of all the loading conditions.

- 12. Page 122: The use of 125% for Maximum allow Compression should be explained. In addition, the allowable tension in a corrosive condition should be $3VF_0'$ in lieu of the 6V5000 as used.
- 13. <u>Page 205:</u> An analysis of the bolt connections on the girders and the tension pile connections should be shown.
- 14. Pile Design: A 3-D pile analysis is required for all pile bents with all critical loading conditions.
- 15. The construction case should be analyzed.

Mr. Van Stutts U. S. Army Corps of Engineers P.O. Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267

> Re: Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement OLB Project Nos. 2048-0424 DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Stutts:

This letter serves to record our transmittal of two geotechnical figures titled "Stability Analyses; T-wall Alternative, STA 50+00 to STA 90+00" and "Anchored Bulkhead Alternative, STA 50+00 to STA 90+00" which apply to the above referenced project.

This transmittal was made during the conference meeting held in your office which was attended by several of your staff engineers, Bill Gwyn of Eustis Engineering and Tom Smith and myself representing Design Engineering, Inc.

Your prompt review of the soil loading diagrams shown on these two exhibits is requested. In order to expedite the progress of this project we have initiated the structural analysis of the wall system and have assumed the loads indicated on the exhibits are correct.

Thank you for your attention.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E. Vice President

JH/TMS/mnh

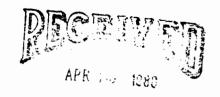
cc: Mr. Bill Gwyn



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267



D. E. I.

REPLY TO

April 26, 1988

Engineering Division Project Engineering Section

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Incorporated 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your April 7, 1988 letter concerning the Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement OLB Project Nos. 2048-0424, DEI Project No. 1006.

We have reviewed the stability analyses for the T-Wall and Anchored Bulkhead Alternatives proposed for Station 50+00 to station 90+00 and offer the following observations:

Foundation Design

- 1. The wedge method can be used to determine a net pressure diagram by equating the difference in earth forces between any two intervals under question. Stability analyses used to determine the wedge forces in the T-Wall and anchored wall diagram should be presented for review.
- 2. The reaction force at EL +1.0 for the T-Wall should include the contribution of the water pressure above EL +1.0 since the net pressure diagram for the sheetpile wall subtracts the water pressure above EL +1.0.
- 3. The lateral resistance for the T-Wall foundation piles in the active and passive wedges should be presented.

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4. The active wedge for the anchored wall should extend below EL -33.0 to the elevation where summation of the moments at the anchor force equals 0. The pile load capacity for the precast concrete piles will be lower due to the active wedge intersecting the piles at a lower elevation.

Structural Design

- 1. The analysis should evaluate all individual members, functions, and reactions to reassure their campatibility as a single functioning unit.
- 2. Due to possible loading and/or loss of lateral soil resistance along the support piles within the active or passive wedges, these possible modes of failure should be evaluated.

Should you have any questions concerning the above comments, please contact Mr. Van Stutts (504) 862-2614.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

DESIGN MEMORANDUM

NOVEMBER, 1985

Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project



Board of Levee Commissioners Orleans Levee District

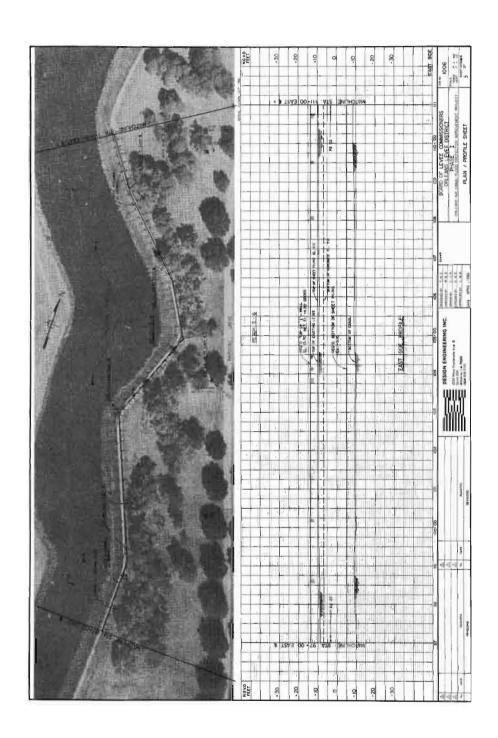


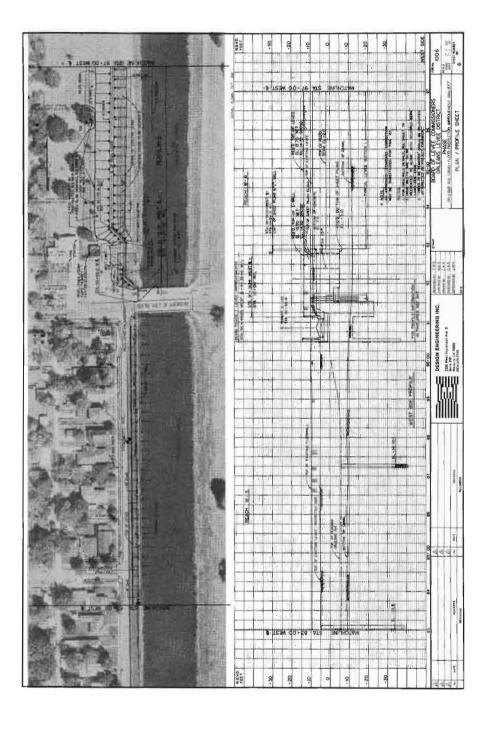


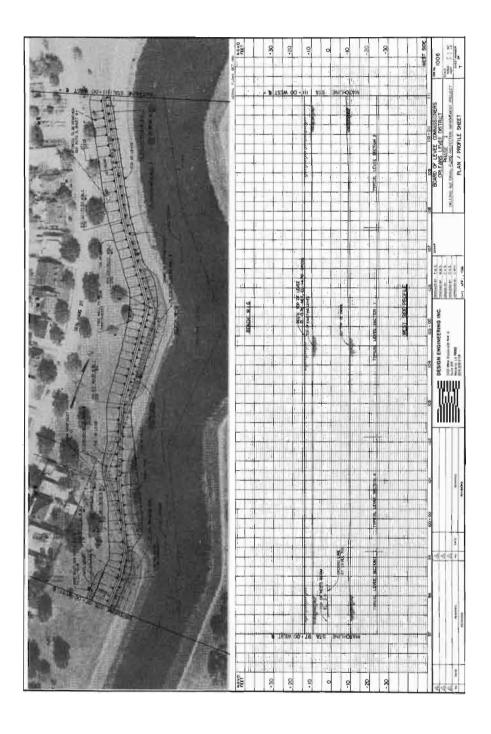
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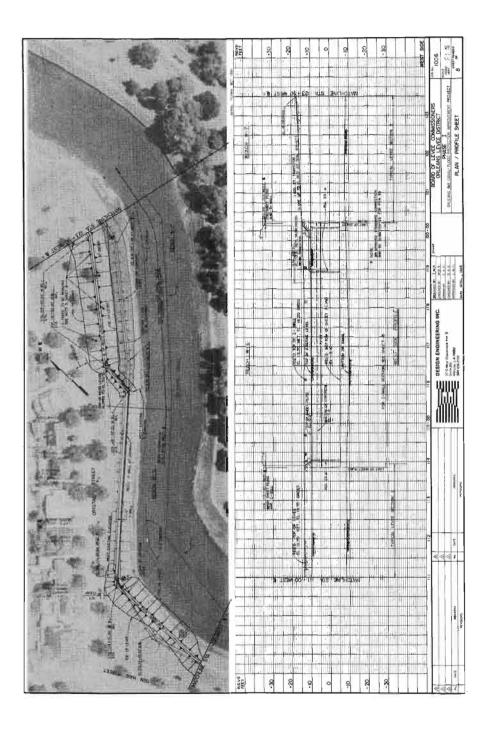
O.L.B. PROJECT NO. 2048-0278 D.E.I. PROJECT NO. 1006/86 FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL SAMPLE OF STREET AND S TOTAL OF SECULO SECULDARY SEC ORLEANS PARISH, LOUISIANA **PLANS** STA 90+22 EAST B DESIGN ENGINEERING DIC. CONNUMB DEGENERA 3830 Wed Explainance Are. S. Santo 2006. Newsork, LA 70002 (504) 836-2155 PROJECT LOCATION MAP **PRELIMINARY** END WEST PROJECT STA 90+27 WEST 9 EMILE W. SCHWEIDERN JOHN H. PROSS VICE - PRESIDENT LAMBERT BOISSIERE, JR. COMMISSIONER JERDONE P. DICKHALUS COMMISSIONER JUHNY JACKSON, JR. COMMISSIONER STEVEN O. MEDO, JR. COMMISSIONER FRANK J. UDDO COMMISSIONER FRANK J. UDDO COMMISSIONER ORLEANS LEVEE DISTRICT BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS PRESS T CORFRESION WILLIAMS MEANING IN THRU E-5 AND W-1 THRU W-6 APP MODIFICATIONS AT 1-810 BROSE AND STING WATTRUITS OCTOBER, 1987

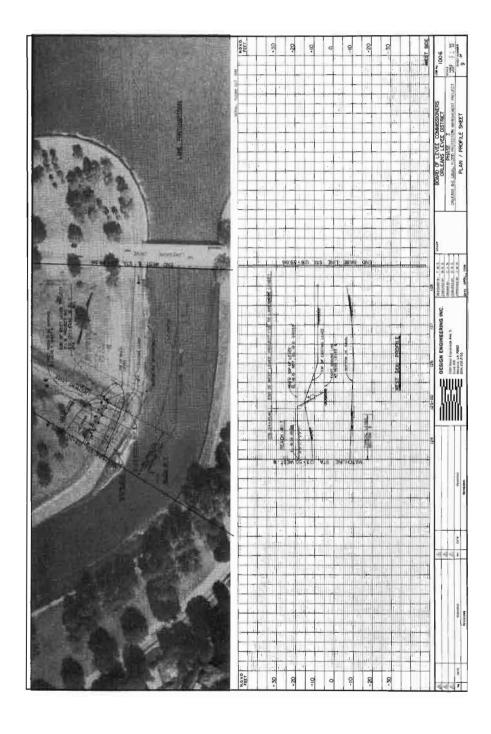
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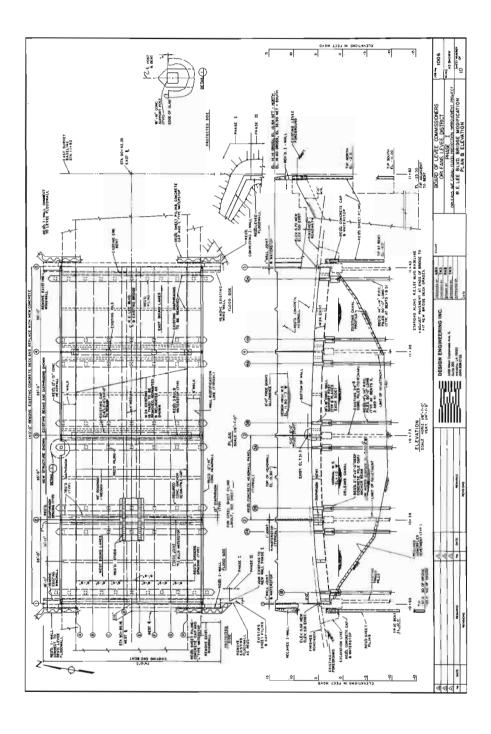




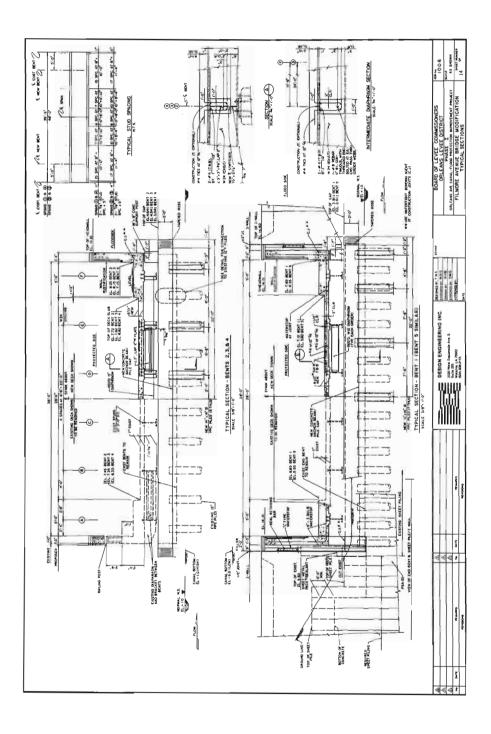


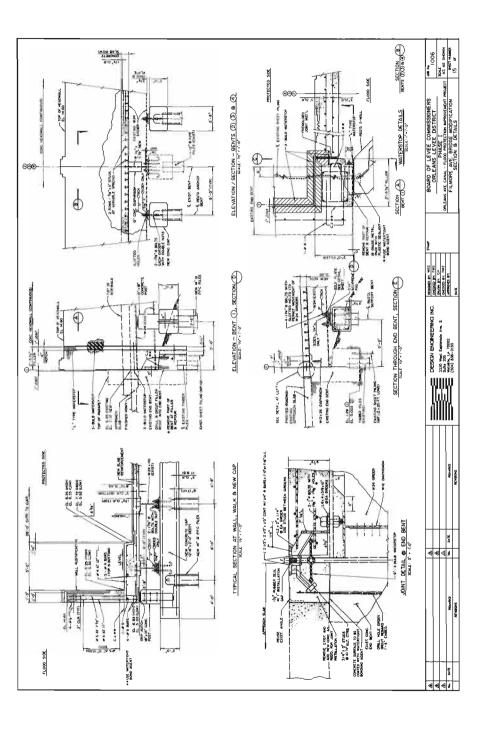


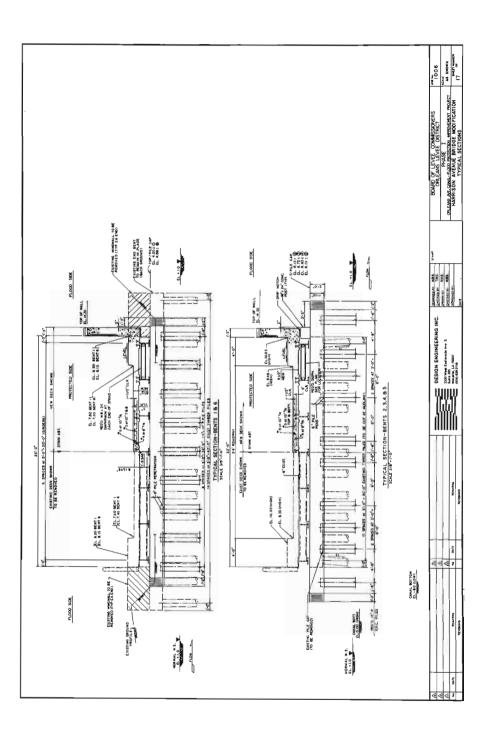


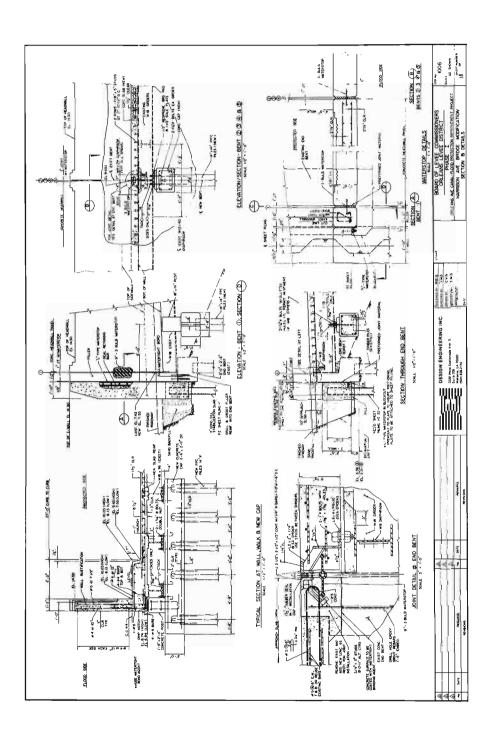


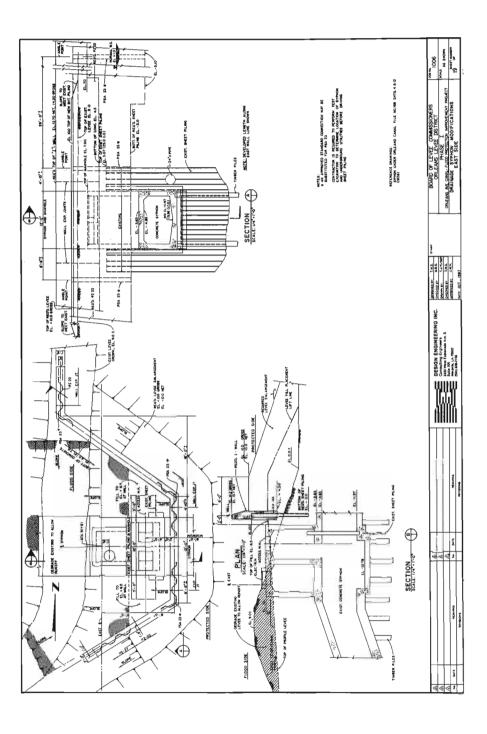
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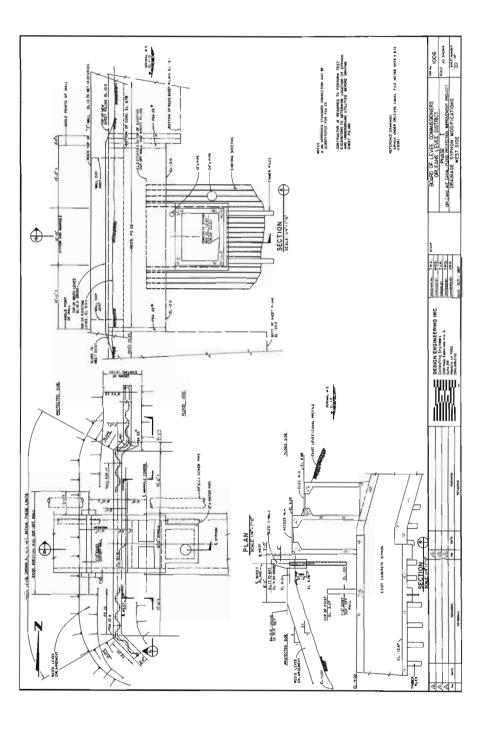


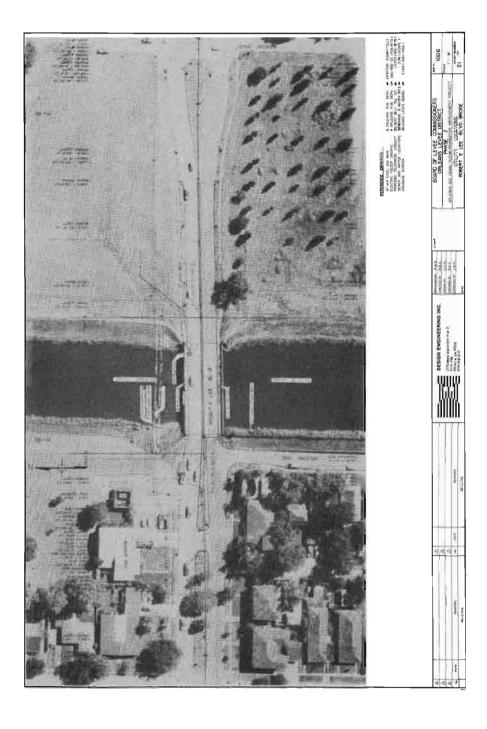


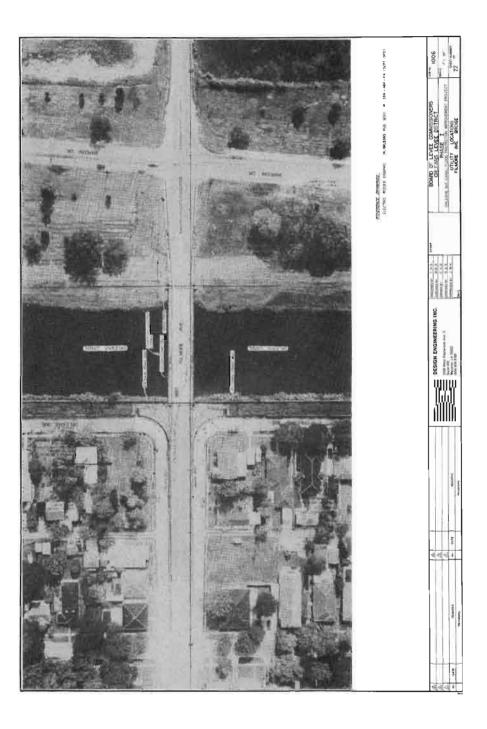


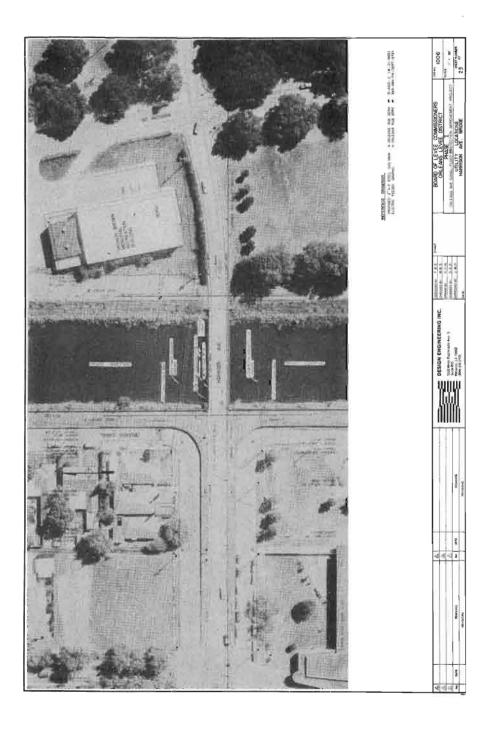


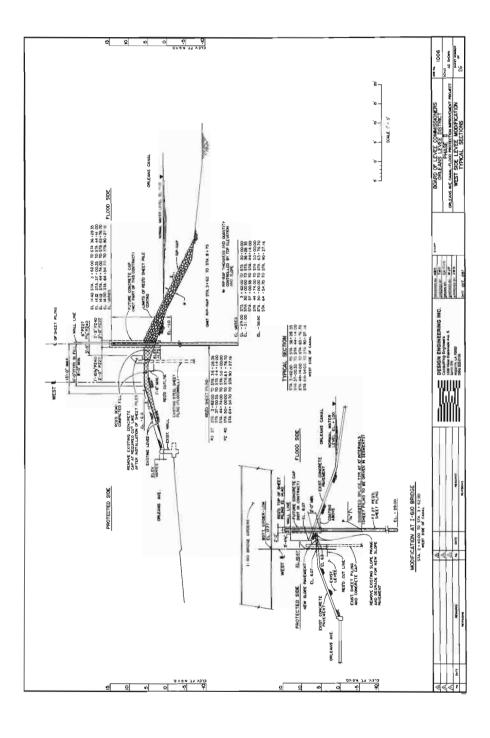












November 4, 1985

Mr. C. E. Bailey, Chief Engineer Board of Levee Commissioners Orleans Levee District Suite 202, Administration Building New Orleans Lakefront Airport New Orleans, Louisiana 70126

> Re: Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project Design Memorandum OLB Job No. 2048-0278 DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Bailey:

In accordance with the terms of our Agreement with the Orleans Levee Board of February 25, 1985 as authorized by the Board of Commissioners on January 23, 1985, we are pleased to submit ten copies of the referenced Design Memorandum.

We have concluded that the proposed Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Improvement Project will require a total initial funding of \$15,750,400 through the fiscal year 1989. When the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers decides on the type of flood protection improvement, i.e., Butterfly Valves or Parallel Levee Protection System, the Corps has stated in correspondence that they will share 70% of the least cost project that meets its objectives. Conceivably, parallel flood protection, which is currently favored by the Orleans Levee Board and the New Orleans Sewerage and Water Board, could be the project selected. The Final Parallel Plan acceptable to the Corps is estimated to cost approximately \$20,846,800 of which the Orleans Levee Board would be required to fund 30% or approximately \$6,254,000 less credits for levee property owned by the Board. The funds expended on construction and engineering by the time of acceptance would be creditable.

The most important part of your decision and its effect is as follows:

Should the Orleans Levee Board accept the idea of Butterfly Valves at the mouth of the canal, the interior levees would have to be raised to the height of the required flood protection to prevent flooding inside of the system or city. This results from the need to pump rain water out of the city.

In which case the Board would be required to fund 30% of the valve structure and 100% of the levees behind the valve structure. As you are aware, the valve structures and associated levees were previously estimated to cost approximately \$20,000,000.

If the Orleans Levee Board chooses to pursue the 2. parallel flood protection and raise the levees the entire length of the canals, participation by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers will be a maximum of 70% of the "least cost acceptable project". There are some lengths of the Orleans Avenue Canal Project that will require further review by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. At the present time, the Orleans Levee Board's consultant team is satisfied that the project as proposed in the Memorandum meets prudent engineering Design practice. However, the Corps sometimes requires a different method of calculation than we are of the opinion is required. Should the Corps require alterations in our opinions of engineering practice, the cost of parallel flood protection along the Orleans Avenue Canal could change upwardly. We point out that in the 17th Street Canal project this was not the case and the Corps has accepted with reservation the proposed flood control concept without requiring major changes in the engineering design.

It is our opinion and recommendation, that the best alternative and most efficient cost project is the proposed Parallel Levee Flood Protection Improvement project.

For your convenience, the Executive Summary provides a summary of the purpose of the Design Memorandum, the basic findings, the recommended solutions, construction cost, and scheduling as well as a description of funding sources.

We appreciate the opportunity to work with the Orleans Levee Board on this important project and look forward to beginning the Design Phase of the improvements.

With best regards, I am

Yours very truly,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

Walter Baudier

President

WB:mnh

Enclosures

ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL

FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT DESIGN MEMORANDUM

Prepared for:

THE BOARD OF LEVEE COMMISSIONERS OF THE ORLEANS LEVEE DISTRICT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Prepared by:

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INCORPORATED
Consulting Engineers
3330 West Esplanade Avenue, Suite 205
Metairie, Louisiana 70002

ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT DEI PROJECT NO. 1006-85

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DESC	RIPTION	PAGE NOS.
Tr	ansmittal Letter	
Ta	ble of Contents	i-ii
Li	st of Figures	iii
Li	st of Tables	iv
ı.	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	I-1-I-7
II.	INTRODUCTION	II-1-II-3
	A. Project Name	
	B. Project Description and Scope of Work	
III.	ORGANIZATION OF REPORT	III-1-III-2
IV.	DESIGN PARAMETERS	IV-1-IV-2
v.	TYPICAL LEVEE FLOODWALL MODIFICATIONS	V-1-V-16
	A. General	
	B. West Levee - Floodwall South of R. E. Lee	
	C. East Levee South of R. E. Lee	
	D. East and West Levees North of R. E. Lee	
	E. Lakefront Approach Levees	
VI.	BRIDGE MODIFICATIONS	VI-1-VI-25
	A. General	
	B. Floodgate Alternative	
	C. Seal Joints, Walls and Anchors Alternative	

TABLE OF CONTENTS - Continued

DESCRI	PTION PAGE NOS.
	D. Precast Concrete Box Culvert Alternative
	E. New Raised Bridge Alternative
	F. New C.I.P. Concrete Box Culvert Alternative
	G. Comparison of Bridge Alternatives
VII.	SPECIAL CONDITION MODIFICATIONS VII-1-VII-10
	A. Modification at I-610 Bridge
	B. Modification at 30" Waterline
	C. Modification at Gernon Brown Memorial Bldg.
	D. Modification at Electic Vaults
	E. Modification at Pumping Station No. 7 (Interim)
	F. Back Flow Prevention at Pumping Station No. 7 (Interim)
	G. Modification at Drainage Syphon
	H. Modification at Pumping Station No. 7 (Final)
VIII.	RECOMMENDATIONS AND ESTIMATED COST SUMMARY . VIII-1-VIII-7
	A. Recommendations
	B. Estimated Project Cost Summary
IX.	SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION AND DESIGN IX-1-IX2
х.	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED X-1
APPEND	IX

ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT DEI PROJECT NO. 1006-85

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure Number	Description Follows Page No
F-1	Aerial Project Map I-7
F-2	Typical West Levee, STA 3 + 54 to STA 89 + 78 V-4
F-3	Typical East Levee, STA 3 + 54 to STA 89 + 75 V-5
F-4	Typical East Levee, STA 91 + 57 to STA 118 + 00
F-5	Typical East Levee (Closer) STA 99 + 00 to STA 118 + 00 V-7
F-6	Typical East Levee, STA 121 + 00 to STA 128 + 00 V-8
F-7	Floodgate Alternative VI-3
F-8	Seal Joints, Walls, Anchors Alternative VI-4
F-9	Precast Concrete Box Culvert Alternative VI-7
F-10	Raised Bridge, Harrison Avenue VI-9
F-11	Raised Bridge, Filmore Avenue VI-9
F-12	Raised Bridge, Robert E. Lee Boulevard VI-9
F-13	Raised Bridge, Special Bent VI-9
F-14	Cast-in-Place Concrete Box Culvert VI-11 Alternative
F-15	Modification at I-610 Bridge VII-1
F-16	Modification at 30" Dia. Water Line . VII-3
F-17	Modification at G. Brown Mem. Bldg VII-3
F-18	Pumping Station No. 7 Wall Reinf VII-5
F-19	Modification at Pumping Station No. 7 (Final) Option 1 VII-8
F-20	Modification at Pumping Station No. 7 (Final) Option 2 VII-8
F-21	Schedule of Construction and Design . IX-1

ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT DEI PROJECT NO. 1006-85

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Number</u>	Description Page no.
I-I	Summary of Estimated Project Cost I-6-I-7
V-I	Construction Cost Estimate, Reaches W-1 to W-5 V-10-V-12
V-2	Construction Cost Estimate, Reaches E-1 to E-5 V-13-V-14
V-3	Construction Cost Estimate, Reaches E-6 and W-6 V-15
V-4	Construction Cost Estimate, Reaches E-7 and W-7 V-16
VI-1	Bridge Modification Alternatives, Construction Cost Comparison VI-16
VI-2	Bridge Modification Alternatives, Typical Summary of Determinants VI-17
VI-3	Bridge Modification Alternatives, Typical Cost Comparison VI-18
VI-4	Bridge Modification Alternatives, Typical Flow Area Comparison VI-19
VI-5	Bridge Modification Alternatives, Typical Flow Area Comparison VI-20
VI-6	Construction Cost Estimate, "Floodgates" VI-21
VI-7	Construction Cost Estimate, "Seal Joints" VI-22
VI-8	Construction Cost Estimate, "Precast Box" VI-23
VI-9	Construction Cost Estimate, "Raised Bridge" VI-24
VI-10	Construction Cost Estimate, "C.I.P. Box" VI-25
VII-1	Construction Cost Estimate, "Special Conditions" VII-9-VII-10
VIII-1	Schedule of Estimated Project Cost VIII-5-VIII-7

Executive Summary

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Orleans Avenue Canal - Flood Protection Improvement Project is part of a larger effort by the Orleans Levee Board to increase the level of flood protection of the City of New Orleans along its northern boundary from storm-induced high tides in Lake Pontchartrain. This project is included in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USCE) High Level Plan for Lake Pontchartrain Louisiana and Vicinity, which was completed by the USCE in March, 1984. The Orleans Levee Board accepted the USCE plan in July, 1985.

Design Engineering, Inc., a firm specializing in civil engineering with extensive experience in planning and construction of projects of the type proposed in this project, was retained as the engineering consultant to assist both the Orleans Levee Board (OLB) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USCE) in development of the best solution for increased protection. As directed by OLB, the primary goal is "to provide maximum protection for the least dollar amount with interim construction".

This Design Memorandum is the first phase of the design process necessary for the successful completion of the project. In keeping with the primary goal, every effort has been made to evaluate alternative solutions, to select the most economical solution, to evaluate the increase in level of protection provided by each of the recommended construction items, to schedule the construction of improvements so as to maximize the increase in level of protection, and to achieve the maximum improvement for the dollars spent.

Complete field surveying of the entire length of the levee protection system, accomplished concurrently with the Design Memorandum, disclosed that the level of protection is the most deficient at the three bridges crossing the Orleans Avenue Canal. The levees north of Robert E. Lee Boulevard, subject to storm-induced waves, are the second most deficient segments of the system. The remaining levee/floodwall lengths south of Robert E. Lee Boulevard are the least deficient. The level of protection at the three bridges varies from 8.5 to 6.5 feet below the USCE recommended level, the levees north of Robert E. Lee Boulevard vary from 7.0 to 5.0 feet below the recommended level, and the levees south of Robert E. Lee Boulevard vary from 4.7 to 3.8 feet below the recommended level.

Based on the foregoing, we have, after consultation with the Chief Engineer, divided the project into three identifiable parts. While distinct, they may be,

during the construction process, often overlapping and are as follows:

- The first phase, titled Phase I Interim Protection, is proposed to include improvement of the levee system north of Robert E. Lee Boulevard and modification to the canal crossings at Harrison Avenue, Filmore Avenue, and Robert E. Lee Boulevard. It is anticipated, depending on final design development, that this cost will be approximately \$4,845,300.
- The second phase, titled Phase II Interim Protection, which will be designed concurrently with the first phase, consists of improvements to the levee system south of Robert E.Lee Boulevard. Interim modifications to Pumping Station No. 7 are also proposed to be included in this contract. The recommended improvements are currently estimated to be \$10,592,600.
- The final phase, titled Phase III Final Protection, includes the capping of steel I-wall from Robert E. Lee Boulevard south to Pumping Station No. 7 and other improvements that may be required by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The estimated cost of the Final Phase is \$5,408,900 and is intended to be constructed when the Corps of Engineers accepts a final design for the project and further agrees to fund the accepted project on a 70%-30% basis. During the course of plan development, the plans for the final phase will be designed for incorporation of this phase of the project with the interim project. Project cost is summarized in the following tabulation.

Project Cost Summary

Phase I - Interim Protection Phase II - Interim Protection Phase III - Final Protection	\$ 4,845,300 10,592,600 5,408,900
TOTAL ESTIMATED PROJECT COST	\$20,846,800
Orleans Levee District's Interim Cost	
Phase I - Interim Protection Phase II - Interim Protection Phase III - Final Protection	\$ 4,845,300 10,592,600 312,500
Orleans Levee District Estimated Interim Cost	\$15,750,400

Total Interim Funds for Orleans Canal Improvements

Series 1984 Bond Issue	\$11,157,000
Orleans Canal Relocation (FY 87)	208,000
Orleans Canal Raising (FY 87)	148,000
	\$11,513,000

Required Adjustment to Funding \$ 4,237,400

As provided in the Series 1984A Levee Improvement Bond Issue, "The estimates are based on preliminary information and may deviate from the final construction cost. Factors that affect the final construction cost are inflation and ultimate final design criteria imposed by other entities.

"Therefore changes in inflationary factors, cost in interest rates and final design criteria may require alterations in the construction cost." Based on the foregoing paragraphs, we recommend adjusting the project funding by \$4,237,400.

The design parameters set by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers impacts the cost of the project upwardly. Offsetting this increased cost is the credit available to the Levee Board as a result of U.S. Governmental participation in the High Levee Protection Plan. The final design accepted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers will result in a 70%-30% sharing of the cost of the project.

When the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers proceeds with the Final Plan, the Orleans Levee Board will receive an estimated credit of 70% of the approved Interim Plan cost or approximately \$11,025,280 against Final Plan Construction cost. In addition, credit will also include the value of property used in the final approved plan.

During the course of the study some of the more important issues that required resolution are the following:

- The bridge closure system involves the constructing of walls adjacent to the existing bridge rails, sealing the bridge structure and providing for uplift pressure. This alternative was selected over floodgates, box culverts and raising the bridge for cost, community disruption, and road system continuty.
- We recommend the use of concrete capped sheet piling to develop higher protection along the

entire east side and most of the west side of Orleans Canal versus earthen levees. This was a result of the required setback from the canal's edge by design criteria developed in the soil analysis portion of the study.

Should the alternative earthern levees be choosen, hundreds of trees and 50 to 60 acres of public recreational areas would be destroyed. When viewed against a total increase in cost of approximately \$500,000, the recommended solution is an I-wall system.

- The only section recommended as an earthern embankment is from Robert E. Lee Boulevard to the USCE levee along Lakeshore Parkway on the west side of the canal. One exception is a 500 foot reach of the levee adjacent to Crystal Street. In this area, the levee setback encroaches on the street and would require a retaining wall or an I-wall in the alternative. After consultation with the Engineering Department of the Board, we recommend an I-wall thereby removing the need for a retaining wall at the edge of the street.
- The final consideration was the method used to secure Pumping Station No. 7, interim versus final plan. We have concluded that, in the Interim, the Levee Board, without having to reconstruct the station floodwall, could provide temporary security against most rising tides.

There are however two critical geotechnical design considerations that are not yet resolved and are currently under review by the USCE. The two items are:

- 1. The deep seated stability analysis for a floodwall along the west side of the canal from Robert E. Lee Boulevard to a point approximately 4000 feet south of the Boulevard; and,
- 2. The seepage analysis of the underlying sand strata for the canal project.

The analysis of Item 1 above as recommended by Eustis Engineering Co., has been incorporated in the design of the west floodwall. The geotechnical engineers are confident that their recommendations will be favorably reviewed by the USCE.

Item 2, seepage analysis, is presently under field investigation by the geotechnical engineers. Preliminary findings indicate that the water level on the land side of the levee is not effected by the high

water level in the canal and was measured on October 31, 1985, the highest recently recorded water level.

Once these studies are completed and each item has been reviewed by the USCE, final project determinations will be made. However, it must be realized, that adverse findings by USCE could increase the project cost as much as 20%.

In conclusion, the proposed plan addresses the existing soil and embankment conditions of the Orleans Avenue Canal and proposes a solution to providing Interim Hurricane Protection with a view towards satisfying the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers requirements incorporation in the Lake Pontchartrain, Louisiana, and Vicinity Hurricane and Flood Protection Plan. Should the Levee Board choose to proceed with this proposal the plan could become a creditable project, but more importantly will come to fruition years before the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers completes its study. We, therefore, recommend that the Board take any action necessary to implement the project as assurance against rising water resulting from hurricane conditions.

SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED PROJECT COSTS
ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL--FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

PHASE I - INTERIM PROTECTION (BRIDGE MODIFICATIONS AND LAKE LEVEES)			
HOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	\$35,000		
LEVEE-FLOODWALL, REACH E-6, E-7, N-6 & N-7(N/ CONC. I-WALLS)			
BRIDGE MODIFICATIONS (W/ CONTINGENCY)	\$1,500,000		
•			
CONSTRUCTION COST BEFORE CONTINGENCY	\$3,941,000		
CONTINGENCY (15.0%)	\$366,000		
CONSTRUCTION COST INCLUDING CONTINGENCY		\$4,307,000	
ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MEMO. (6.5%)	\$280,000		
TESTING (1.0%)	\$43,000		
SURVEYING (1.5%)	\$64,600		
INSPECTION (2.5%)	\$107,700		
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING (1%)	\$43,000		•
		\$538,300	
SUBTOTALPROJECT COST			\$4,845,30
555777AZ 77100257 5057		==	
MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	\$55,000		
LEYEE-FLOODWALL, REACH E-1 TO E-5	\$1,250,000		
LEVEE-FLOODWALL, REACH W-1 TO W-5	\$6,335,000		
MODIFICATION AT 1-610 BRIDGE	\$262,000		
MODIFICATION AT 30" WATERLINE	\$34,000		
HODIFICATION AT PUMPING STATION NO. 7	\$102,000		
OVERHEAD ELECTRIC LIMES RELOCATION (NOPSI)	\$150,000		
CONSTRUCTION COST BEFORE CONTINGENCY	\$8,188,000		
CONTINGENCY (15.0%)	\$1,228,200		
		\$9,416,200	
CONSTRUCTION COST INCLUDING CONTINGENCY			
CONSTRUCTION COST INCLUDING CONTINGENCY ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MEMO. (6.5%)	\$612,000		
	\$612,000 \$94,000		
ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MEMO. (6.5%)			
ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MEMO. (6.5%) TESTING (1.0%)	\$94,000 \$141,000		
ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MEMO. (6.5%) TESTING (1.0%) SURVEYING (1.5%)	\$94,000		
ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MEMO. (6.5%) TESTING (1.0%) SURVEYING (1.5%) INSPECTION (2.5%)	\$94,000 \$141,000 \$235,400	\$1,176,400	

TABLE I - 1

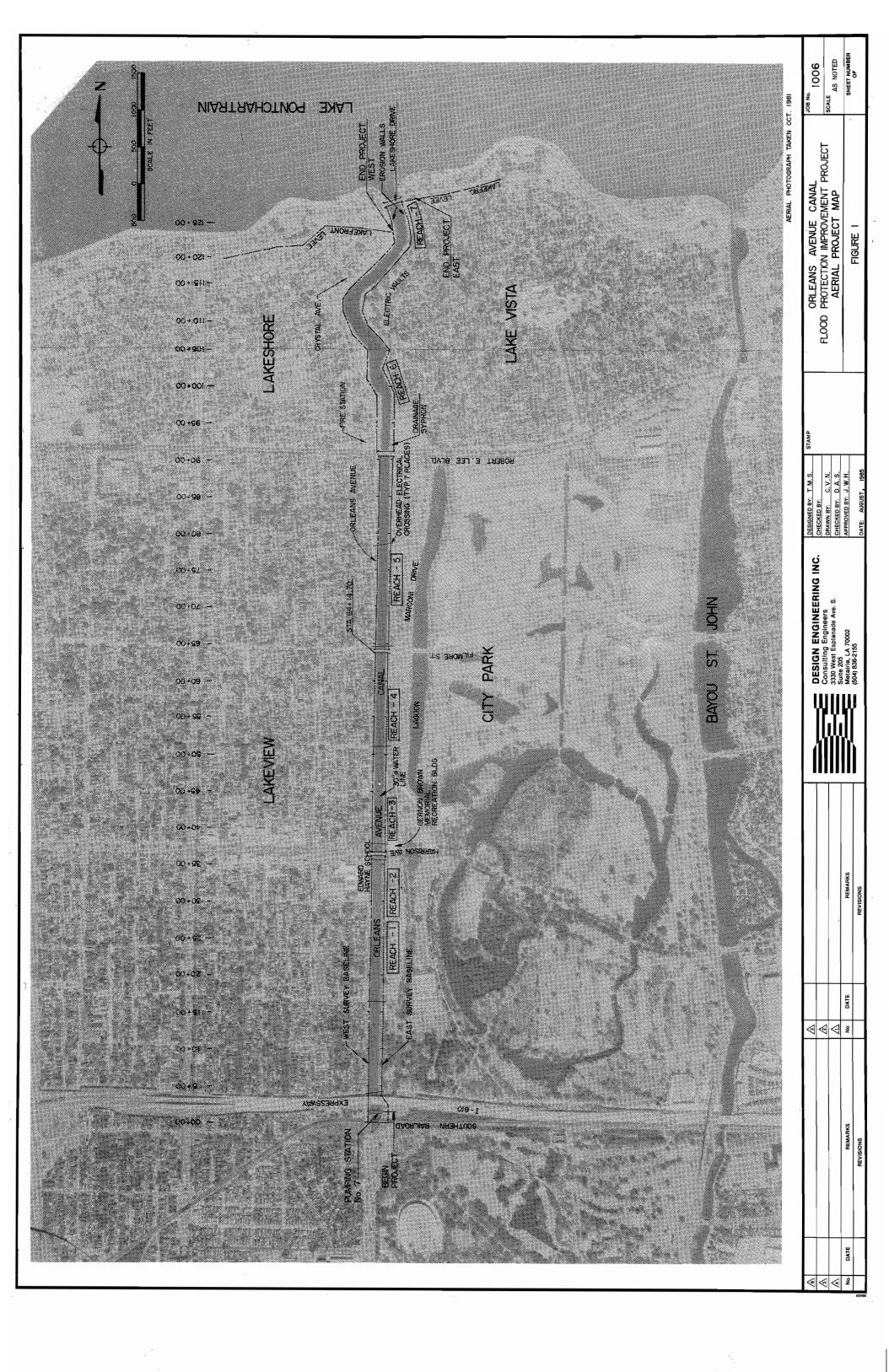
SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED PROJECT COSTS ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL--FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

FINAL PROTECTION (CONCRETE I-WALLS & CLOSURE AT PUMPING STATION NO. 7)			
MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	\$10,000		
CONCRETE I-WALL, REACH W-1 TO W-5	\$2,636,000		
CONCRETE I-WALL, REACH E-1 TO E-5	\$833,000		
CONCRETE I-WALL, PUMPING STATION NO. 7 * *	\$51,000		
FLOODWALL, PUMPING STATION NO. 7	\$402,000		
SLUICE GATES, PUMPING STATION NO. 7	\$300,000		
CONSTRUCTION COST BEFORE CONTINGENCY	\$4,181,000		
CONTINGENCY (15.0%)	\$627,200		
CONSTRUCTION COST INCLUDING CONTINGENCY		\$4,808,200	
ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MEMO. (6.5%)	\$312,500		
TESTING (1.0%)	\$48,000		
SURVEYING (1.5%)	\$72,000		
INSPECTION (2.5%)	\$120,200		
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING (1%)	\$48,000		
		\$600,700	
SUBTOTALPROJECT COST			\$5,408,900
TOTAL PROJECT COST			\$20,846,800
I U FAL PRUJECI CUSI			\$20,040,800

ESTIMATED PROPERTY CREDIT
(ESTIMATED SQUARE FOOT COST IS \$3.50)

\$4,454,000

* * NOTE: COST OF \$51,000 FOR CONCRETE I-WALLS AT PUMPING STATION NO. 7 NOT APPLICABLE, IF FLOODWALL IS BUILT.



Introduction

II. INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE

A. Project Name

Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project Orleans Levee Board Project 2048-0278

B. Project Description and Scope of Work

The Orleans Avenue Canal - Flood Protection Improvement Project is part of a larger effort to increase the level of the enclosing levees around the City of New Orleans along its northern boundary with Lake Pontchartrain.

This flood protection project is located near the south shore of Lake Pontchartrain and borders the New Orleans City Park and the residential subdivisions of Lakeview, Lake Shore and Lake Vista. The canal, which is a major drainage artery for the mid-city area of New Orleans, is flanked by existing floodwalls and levees. The project is approximately 12,500 feet long and includes over 25,000 feet of existing floodwalls and levees. (See Figure 1.) Unfortunately, the existing floodwall and levee system are below the flood protection elevation required by the Corps of Engineers High Level Flood Protection Plan.

The levee system must be raised to provide flood protection to the required elevation. Design Engineering, Inc. was retained as the engineering consultant to give assistance to the Orleans Levee Board (OLB) on technical and construction aspects of this project.

The purpose of the first phase of this project, the Design Memorandum, is to develop and evaluate preliminary concepts for raising the elevation of the Orleans Canal Levee/Floodwall system to the elevations recommended by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers (USCE) High Level Plan.

The project begins at the discharge basin of Drainage Pumping Station No. 7 of the New Orleans Sewerage and Water Board which is located at Florida Avenue and the Orleans Avenue Canal. The project extends north from that point approximately 12,500 feet to junction points with the Orleans Parish Lakefront levees along Lake Pontchartrain. The flood protection levees and floodwalls along both sides of the canal are

included within the scope of this project, thereby involving approximately 25,000 linear feet of levee/floodwall improvement. The levees and floodwalls along each side of the canal will be evaluated and the most feasible method of providing the required flood protection will be developed.

Within the project length there are three (3) bridges spanning the canal and levees. These bridges are located on Filmore Avenue, Robert E. Lee Boulevard and Harrison Avenue. Each bridge will be analyzed and the most feasible method of providing the required flood protection will be developed.

In addition to the above major considerations, there are several special conditions that required individual assessments. These special conditions are:

- * The building wall and discharge basin walls at Pumping Station No. 7;
- * The limited clearance beneath the I-610 bridge;
- * The 30-inch diameter waterline crossing;
- * The Gernon Brown Memorial Gymnasium;
- * Five electric transformer vaults and enclosures:
- * The drainage syphon north of Robert E. Lee Blvd.;
- * The levee toe erosion prevention walls near the lake; and
- * Backflow prevention at Pumping Station No. 7.

Each of these items will be individually studied and solutions to facilitate the necessary protection improvement will be developed and evaluated.

The scope of work also includes the taking of soil borings and geotechnical engineering analysis; topographical surveying; aerial photography; preparation of drawings showing existing levee profiles; study and recommendations of alternate methods for raising the existing levees and flood protection at the bridges; obtaining record drawings of existing infrastructure; coordination with respective city, parish and state agencies and utility owners; preparation of estimated project costs; coordination of planned improvements with other agencies; preparation of the design and construction schedule for implementing the work; and documentation of the above by a written report. This scope of work is in accordance with items detailed in the proposal from Design Engineering, Inc. dated February 12, 1985.

Organization of Report

III. Organization of Report

The development of this Design Memorandum begins with a thorough study of existing conditions, including the taking of fifty-two soil test borings and geotechnical engineering analysis based on the soil properties; topographical surveying to locate nearby existing utilities, to define existing levee-floodwall-canal 100-foot profiles at intervals and to elevations of the existing bridge crossings; aerial photography, including the adjacent neighborhoods and "strip maps" detailing the canal and levees; obtaining pertinent record drawings of the existing bridges crossing the canal, the pumping station, the drainage syphon under the canal, and the waterline crossing the canal; as well as drawings of the NORD recreation building and the NOPSI electric vault buildings near to the levee.

Next the improvement design parameters or requirements were sought out and recorded. The design parameters developed by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers (USCE) must be complied with in order for the project to be considered creditable. The USCE has established the preliminary still water design elevations with "Backwater Computation" of 12 June 85. computations were based on a lake level of +11.5 NGVD and flows in the canal of 3250 cfs and 4550 cfs. A copy of this preliminary analysis is attached in the Appendix of this report. A freeboard allowance, as indicated in the Design Parameters section, is added to the still water elevation to establish the required protection elevations. design Material strength allowables and soil properties factors of safety promulgated by USCE complete this section.

The report divides the protection system into the major categories of: Typical Levee-Floodwall Modifications, Modifications Special Condition Bridge and Modifications. These categories include the various aspects of the Orleans Canal flood protection system and a complete study of these individual categories ensures that an overall evaluation of flood protection to the High Level Plan elevations will be included within this report. Alternatives for raising the elevations of the typical levee-floodwall modifying the bridges crossing the canal and handling the special conditions are developed using USCE design parameters.

Alternative methods to provide the necessary flood protection were studied for both the east and west levee/floodwall systems. Two alternatives for both the

east levee and the west levee were studied between Pumping Station No. 7 and Robert E. Lee Blvd. From Robert E. Lee Blvd. to the lake the earthen levee alternative in combination with toe retaining walls (where required to avoid interferences) and the floodwall at the crown of the existing levee alternative were investigated.

Five alternative modifications of the bridges were investigated because of the more complex set of variables and determinants involved. Then each of the special conditions was addressed and solutions for each condition are proposed.

Each of the alternatives was compared and the most feasible alternative was recommended. In addition to technical considerations, the estimated cost of each alternative was prepared and utilized during the decision-making process.

A summary of the total estimated project cost, including major construction items, engineering fees, testing fees, resident inspection fees and surveying fees is also presented. Separation of construction into interim (minimum by Levee Board) and final (with U. S. Army Corps of Engineers participation) phases are discussed and the costs of the two phases are tabulated individually. The report next presents a bar chart schedule indicating project design and construction timing.

A section summarizing additional information requirements which will be needed to complete the final design documents is included at the end of the report. The Appendix to the report includes all the design parameter documentation and backup plus letters from other public agencies relative to various aspects of this project.

CHAPTER IV Design Parameters

IV. DESIGN PARAMETERS

The design parameters listed below are promulgated by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers and are used by the USCE to design the protection facilities for the Lake Pontchartrain High Level Plan project. Most of these parameters were transmitted in written form and copies are contained in the Appendix. All of these parameters must be complied with in the design of protection elements in order for the project to be rated as creditable by the Corps of Engineers.

A. Design Water Elevation - Elevations are in Feet, NGVD

1. Design High Water
 (Preliminary Backwater Computation 12 June, 1985)*

Stations	For Levees**	For Walls***	Freeboard
Lakeft. to Sta.118+	00 11.54	18.00	6'-6"(Wave)
118+00 to 90+86	11.64	13.64	2'-0"
90+86 to 64+14	11.80	13.80	2'-0"
64+14 to 36+64	11.97	13.97	2'-0"
36+64 to 1+52(PS N	0.7) 12.21	14.21	2'-0"

^{*}Preliminary backwater computation was furnished by USCE, see Appendix.

2. Design Low Water

Elevation -5.0 throughout the project length.

B. Material Strength (for Floodgates and Walls)

- 1. Structural Steel: A36; $F_b = 19.8 \text{ ksi } (.55 \text{ } F_y).$

*This is an unwritten design requirement of the USCE.

3. Structural Concrete: Design per ETL 1110-2-265.

^{**}Levees are required to have a crown elevation equal to design high water plus freeboard allowance, but may be designed for forces from high water without freeboard.

^{***}The elevation shown includes the freeboard allowance.

C. Soil Properties Factors of Safety

- Slope Stability: 1.3 ratio of resisting forces to driving forces.
- 2. Sheet Pile Wall Design
 - a. For Penetration: 1.5 applied to shear strength
 - b. For Bending Moment: 1.0 of shear strength

Note: Use critical of "Q" (undrained) or "S" (drained) soil shear strength.

- 3. Against Blow-out: 1.25.
- 4. Piles in Tension: lateral pressure coefficient, K, of 0.60
- 5. T-walls and Gates, Deep Seated Stability Analysis: 1.3 factor of safety.

No reductions in factors of safety for load duration (short) or (un)likelihood of occurrence are allowed.

In Slope Stability analysis the "method of planes" is used in accordance with the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers' LMVD guidelines.

For T-walls and Gates sheet pile penetration is based on an acceptable seepage analysis.

D. Other Design Parameters

- 1. Concrete I-wall portion of sheet piling floodwalls shall be embedded 2'- 0" min. into earthen fill or existing ground.
- 2. The levee elevations developed in the report are final levee elevations. A net overbuild of one foot will be required as per geotechnical recommendations. Maximum levee side slopes shall not exceed 2.7 to 1.

Typical Levee Floodwall Modifications

V. TYPICAL LEVEE - FLOODWALL MODIFICATIONS

A. General

The long lengths of typical levee-floodwall along both sides of the Orleans Avenue Canal have been divided into seven segments or reaches in this report for both tabulation purposes and the possible phased construction of the project. (See Figure 1.) The end points of the reaches are developed from the major interruptions in the typical profiles; namely, the three roadway bridges crossing the canal plus the required change in protection elevation at Sta. 118+00 near the lake. Also the two major changes in subsoil stratography at Sta. 30+00 and Sta. 50+00 are used as end points of reaches.

The required protection elevations are derived from the preliminary "Backwater Computation" dated 12 June 85 (See Appendix) by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers with the prescribed freeboard allowance added. The required elevations are stepped at the end points of the reaches with the highest elevation required within the reach being used throughout each reach.

This Design Memorandum incorporates the geotechnical engineering analysis recommendations presented in the Draft Copy of the "Geotechnical Investigation" dated 26 September 1985 prepared by Eustis Engineering Company. The final copy of the Geotechnical Investigation will be produced following OLB and USCE review.

The geotechnical engineering investigation indicates there are four major reaches of subsurface soil stratigraphy along the length of the project. The approximate location of dividing lines between the stratigraphy are: Sta. 30.00, Sta. 50.00 and Sta. 90.00. (Since Sta. 90+00 is very close to the Robert E. Lee Boulevard bridge, it was not used as a separate reach end point.)

In general, the soil strengths for levee/floodwall improvement purposes become weaker in each reach proceeding from the Pumping Station toward the Lake. The level of the top of the underlying sand strata is the most critical reach determinant.

From the Pumping Station to Sta. 30+00 there exists a stratum of dense sand with a top of approximately EL-12.0 NGVD. From Sta. 30+00 to 50+00 the top of the sand stratum slopes to

EL-19.0 NGVD. From Stas. 50+00 to 90+00 the top of the sand stratum ranges from EL-23.0 NGVD to -33.0 NGVD. From Sta. 90+00 to the Lakefront the top of the sand stratum is constant at approximately EL-34.0 NGVD.

The layers of clay soil above the sand exhibit approximately the same properties throughout except for the much weaker layer of recently (1927) dredged fill encountered from Sta. 90+00 to the Lakefront. More complete soil information is contained in the Geotechnical Investigation.

The strata of sand underlying the project indicate that there may possibly be a subsurface water seepage pathway. U. S. Army Corps of Engineers' parameters require that seepage pathways be sealed with walls of some type. A seepage test and analysis program is being performed as a part of the geotechnical investigation program to determine if a seepage pathway does, in fact, exist. The results of this analysis are not yet available. Previous analyses of similar conditions in the 17th Street Canal have shown that seepage is not a problem in the 17th Street Canal.

If, however, the tests at Orleans Avenue Canal show that there is a seepage pathway, a cut-off wall will have to be added at a greatly increased cost to the project. No estimate of this potential cost has been developed.

B. West Levee - Floodwall South of R. E. Lee Blvd. (Reach W-1 through W-5)

The existing flood protection along the west side of the Orleans Avenue Canal from Pumping Station No. 7 to Robert E. Lee Boulevard is a combination of earthen levee, toe retaining wall and sheet pile floodwall. The close proximity of Orleans Avenue and limited right-of-way have made the combination necessary when, in the past, the level of protection was raised. The top of the existing flood protection is at approximately EL 10.0 NGVD, which is about four feet below the elevation required for the USCE High Level Plan. The length and type of sheet piling used to construct the existing floodwall are unknown. From conversations with Orleans Levee Board personnel, it is known that the type of sheeting and depth of sheet pile penetration vary throughout the project length.

Two possible earthen levee alternatives were considered to raise the protection level. The level of existing top of fill is approximately EL 6.0 NGVD, therefore eight feet of additional height is required. One alternative would have required fill placement over Orleans Avenue and abandonment of the existing roadway. The other alternative would have required fill placement into the Orleans Avenue Canal and subsequent excavation on the opposite side of the canal to replace the lost drainage flow area.

After brief study of the possible fill alternatives, it became obvious that installation of a new floodwall with a top elevation corresponding to the required USCE elevation is the best alternative for raising the level of protection on the west side.

Positioning of the proposed floodwall was then studied. Two locations for the proposed wall were condsidered: (1) the wall would be placed on the canal side of the existing wall; and, (2) the wall would be placed on the landside of the existing wall. Construction of the wall on the canal side rather than the land side of the existing wall will require about five feet longer reach from the work base on Orleans Avenue pavement, but this will not cause installation problems.

Geotechnical engineering analysis indicates that a heavier and longer length of sheet piling would have to be used if the new wall was positioned on the landside of the existing sheet pile wall. The longer sheet piling is necessary due to the fact that there will be less earthen fill to resist the design high water pressure if the wall is positioned on the land side. A sheet pile length of 35 feet will be required for a canal side placement and a sheet pile length of 12 feet longer will be required for a land side placement. The added cost of land side piling is approximately \$175 per linear foot.

Placement of the new wall on the canal side will require a 14-foot length of concrete I-wall which is five feet longer than the I-wall required for a landside sheet pile placement. This added cost is appoximately \$100 per linear foot. Placement of the new wall on the canal side will result in a per foot savings of approximately \$75.00. Also placement of the new wall on the canal side will permit easier maintenance mowing of the landside levee. Based on the preceding factors, the new

wall is positioned on the canal side of the existing sheet pile wall. (See Figure 2.) PZ-27 sheet pile has been preliminarily selected for the wall design.

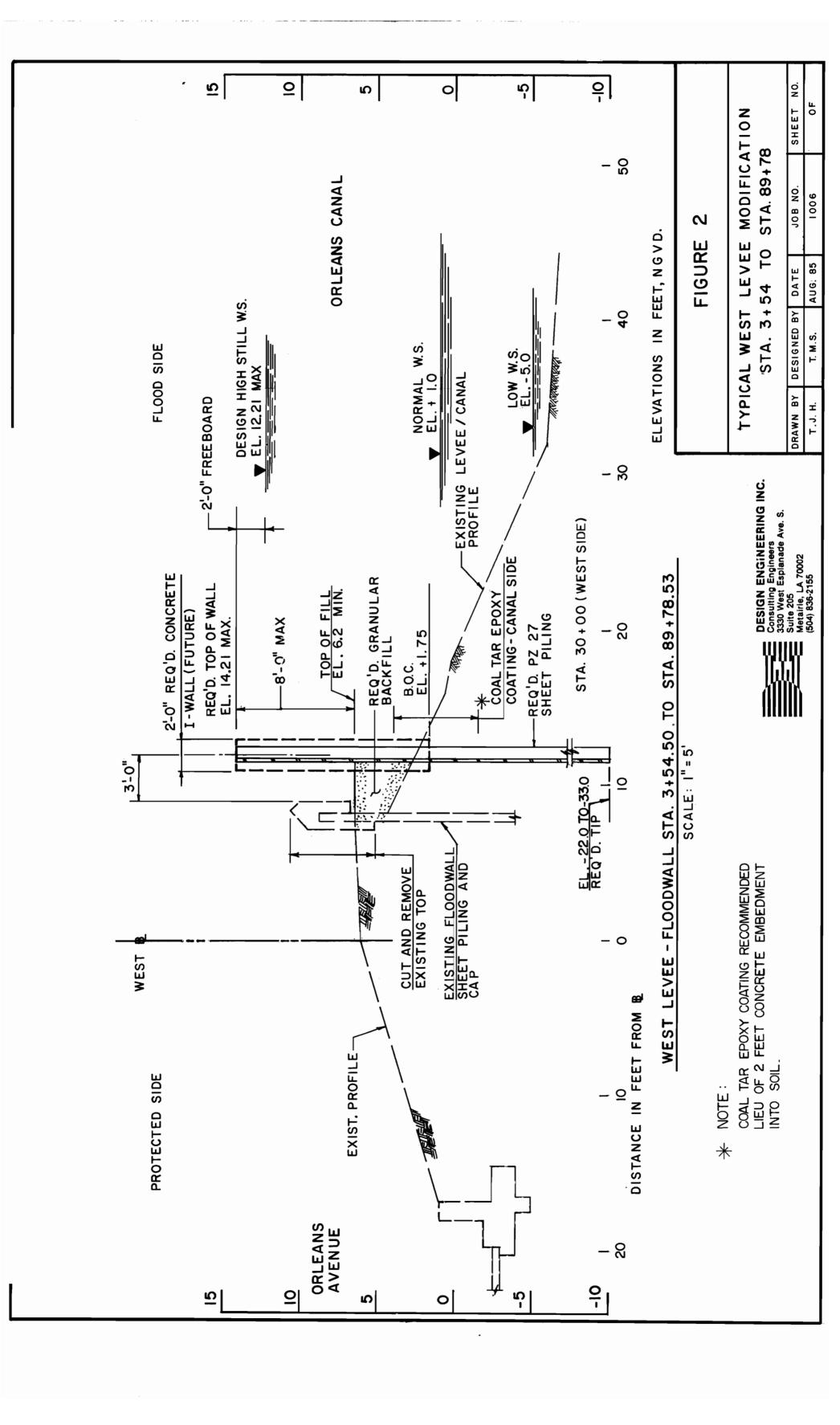
A minimum construction tolerance of three feet is assumed between the face of the existing wall and the centerline of the new wall. This distance allows adequate space for forming the concrete I-wall portion of the floodwall. This distance also allows access space for cutting equipment necessary for removal of the top of the existing wall.

The new wall projects almost eight feet above the level of existing earthen fill. The combined levee/sheet pile wall is designed for deep seated stability with a safety factor of 1.3. The wall penetration is determined with a safety factor of 1.5 and bending moment with a safety factor of 1.0. These factors of safety meet the USCE design parameters for soil properties.

The USCE deflection criteria requires that PZ 27 steel sheet pile be used. From Sta. 1+52 to Sta. 50+00 a sheet pile penetration to EL-21.0 NGVD is required. From Sta. 50+00 to Sta. 90+00 the tip must be lowered to EL-33.0 NGVD to satisfy stability requirements.

The deep seated stability analysis for the levee/floodwall from Sta. 50+00 to Sta. 90+00 yeilded a safety factor of approximatly 1.0. This factor is less than the 1.3 safety factor required. The geotechnical engineering consultant has recommended extending the sheet piling into the underlying sand strata to obtain the required resisting force and improve the safety factor to the 1.3 value. This recommendation is subject to review by the USCE. If this recommendation is not approved a T-wall will have to be constructed in this reach at substancially increased cost to the project.

The concrete encasement of the upper section or I-wall portion is a corrosion preventative and appearance improvement measure recommended by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers. Due to the high cost of the concrete work and because an equal flood protection value can be assigned to the sheet pile wall extended up to the required top of wall elevation without the concrete I-wall, the I-wall may be omitted from the first phase of construction. The I-wall can be added at some



future date, as construction funds become available. However, the I-wall will be included in the design, and could also be included in the bid documents as an alternate bid item.

The existing concrete cap and a section of steel sheet piling will be removed. This removal will eliminate a water entrapment zone between the two walls.

Estimated construction costs for the West Levee - Floodwall between Pumping Station No. 7 and Robert E. Lee Boulevard are as tabulated in Table V-1 for Reaches W-1 through W-5.

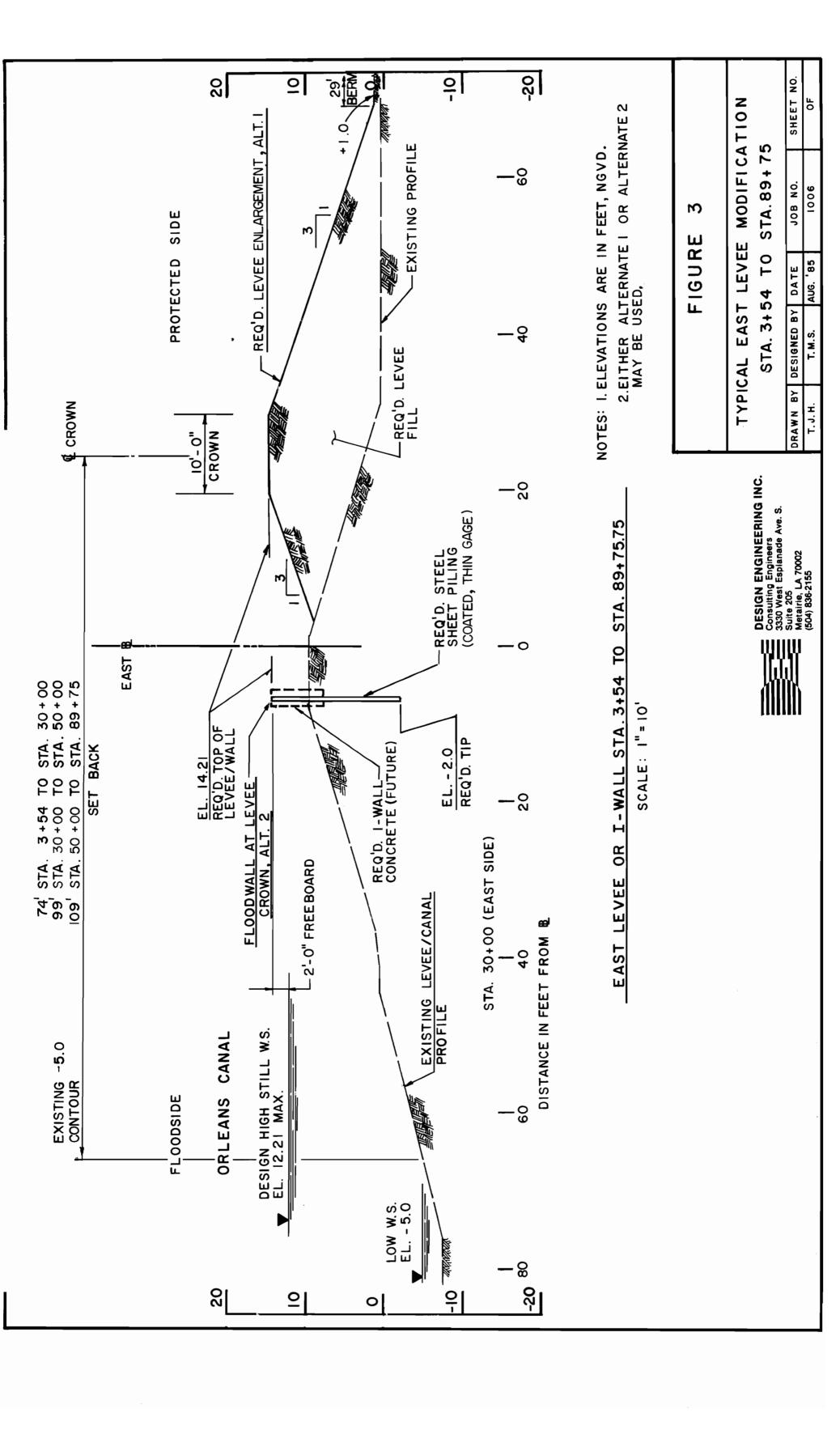
The West Levee-Floodwall will be constructed using equipment positioned and traveling on Orleans Avenue. Damage to the existing pavement is anticipated and cost for repair of Orleans Avenue pavement has been included. Segments of Orleans Avenue will be closed to traffic when work is proceeding adjacent to that segment.

C. East Levee South of R. E. Lee Blvd. (Reach E-1 through E-5)

The existing levee on the east side of the Orleans Avenue Canal south of Robert E. Lee Blvd. is a full earthen levee. When the levee was previously raised, earthen fill was added to bring the levee up to the then required elevations. The existing levee is about four feet below the elevation required by the USCE High Level Plan.

Two alternatives were considered to provide the required level of protection. The first alternative was to add earthen fill to the existing levee, sloped to a stable configuration and set-back as required by the design parameters. The second alternative was to add a floodwall to the existing levee crown. This wall would project about four feet above the existing levee. (See Figure 3.)

Analysis of the two alternatives was made and estimated costs were determined. Based on the estimated construction cost the floodwall alternative is more favorable. The cost for earthen fill addition varied from \$180 to \$450 per linear foot - average \$315 - while the cost of the floodwall was estimated as \$250 per linear foot (\$150 for sheet piling plus \$100 for the concrete I-wall).



Another disadvantage of the earthen fill choice is the additional land area required on the land side of the levee and the consequent loss of numerous trees which are near the existing toe of slope. (See Figure 3.) The area of land required for fill is under the jurisdiction of City Park, a public agency of the City of New Orleans, and is now used as green space. Since the green space character of the land will not be altered by additional levee fill this disadvantage is greatly mitigated. However, the earthen levee addition will require removal of approximately 300 trees ranging in size from 4 inch diameter to 38 inches diameter. Of the 300 trees which would require removal, approximately 70 are oak trees. The oak trees would have to be replaced on a ten-for-one basis as agreed to on previous projects involving City Park and the Orleans Levee Board. The significant cost of this replacement program and the disruption caused by the tree replacement makes selection of the floodwall even more favorable.

The floodwall alternative greatly reduces the cost of the levee improvements at the Gernon Brown Recreation Building. Along this section of levee the level of protection can be increased without the need of an expensive toe retaining wall for the full length of the building. For further explanation, see the write-up in the Special Conditions chapter.

The levee/canal location relative to the 250-foot wide apparent right-of-way is shown in the plan profile sheets contained in the Appendix.

Estimated construction costs for the East Levee between Pumping Station No. 7 and Robert E. Lee Boulevard are as tabulated in Table V-2 for Reaches E-1 through E-5.

D. East and West Levees North of R. E. Lee Blvd. (Reach E-6 and N-6)

The existing levees on both the east and west sides of the Orleans Avenue Canal north of Robert E. Lee Blvd. are full earthen levees.

These levees are part of the aesthetically sensitive green space park zone bordering the Lake Shore and Lake Vista residential communities. The area east of the canal is also used as an extension of City Park and has several athletic fields located there. For this reason, the option

of a floodwall to raise the level of protection was not considered a feasible alternative in this reach. An alternative whereby the levee improvements would be accomplished by earthen fill wherever possible was first investigated.

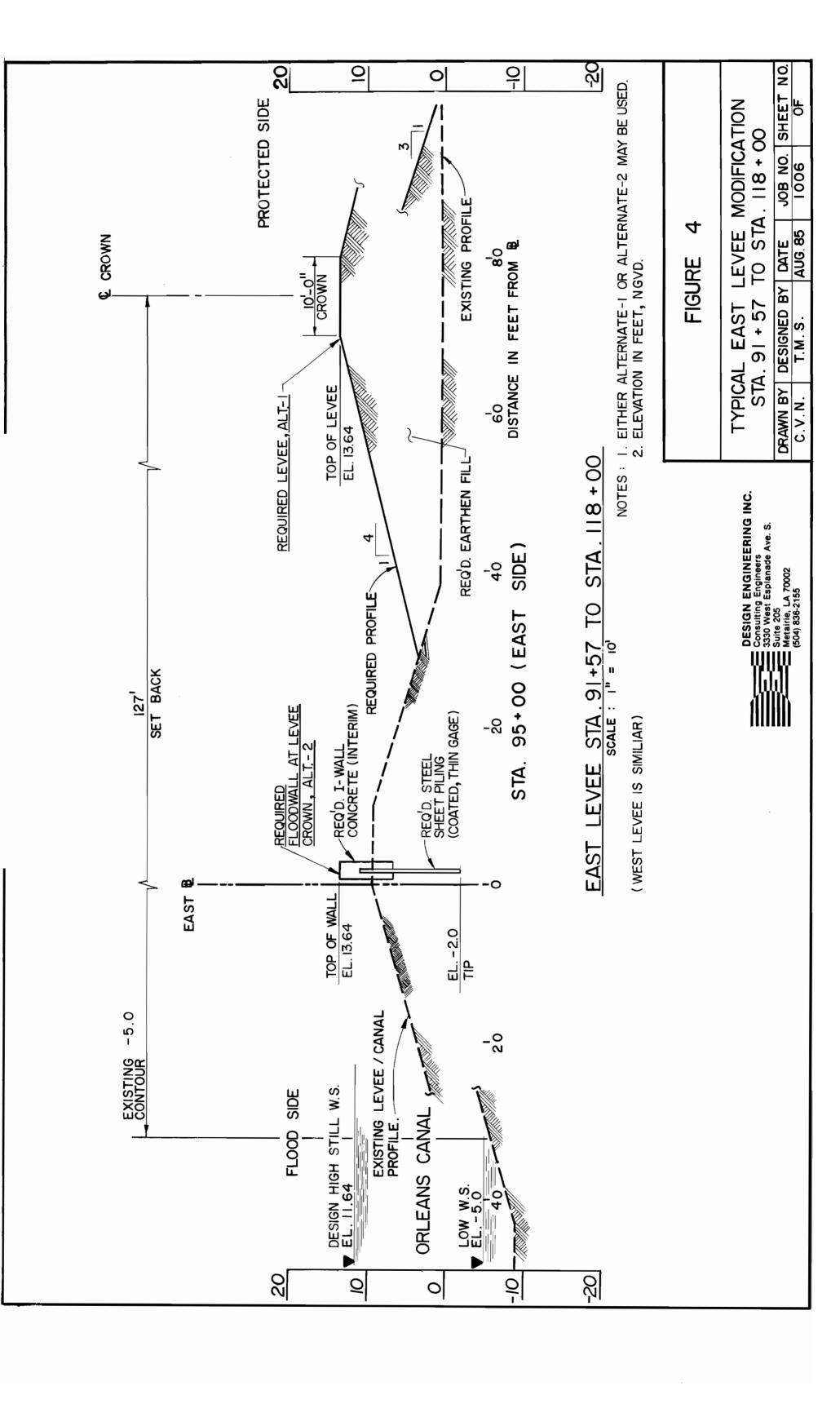
Earthen fill added to the existing levee and sloped to a stable configuration as indicated by the design parameters required considerable additional land area for the increased earthen levee section. (See Figure 4.) This was due to the weaker subsoil strength and consequent increase in set-back distance. Also, there will be a consequent loss of approximately 60 trees which are near the existing toe of slope. A great majority of these trees are along the east levee.

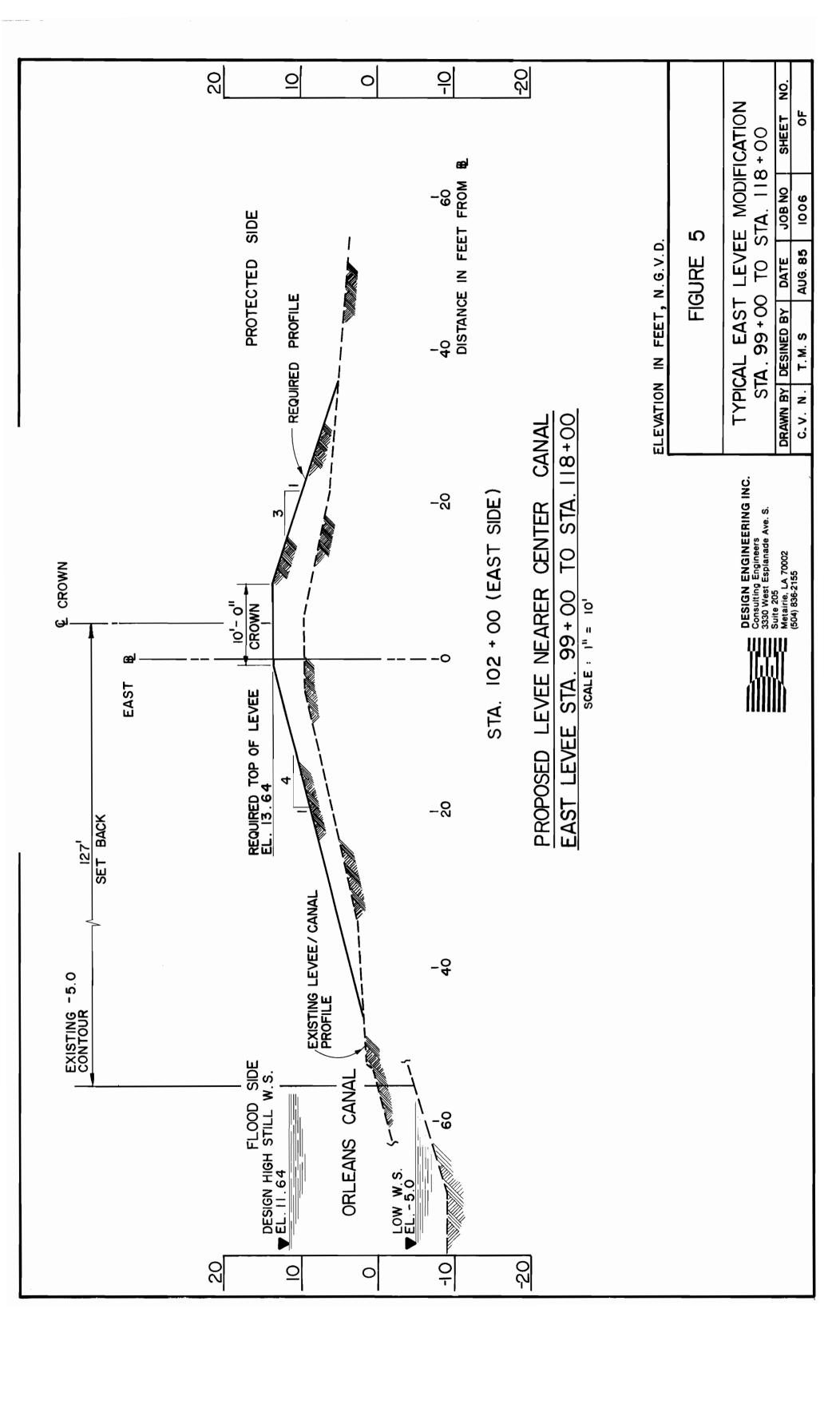
The loss of trees and required land area was reduced along the proposed levees north of Sta 99+00. Since this reach of canal is wider than the section south of Sta 99+00 some realignment or shifting of the levees nearer to the center of the existing canal is possible. (See Figure 5).

Due to the larger than expected levee set-back distance required and large number of trees that would be lost; a second alternative of a floodwall crown of the existing levee at the investigated for the east levee in Reach E-6. With the floodwall alternative no additional land area is required nor will any trees be lost. The cost of the floodwall alternative is \$250 per linear foot and the cost of the earthen fill alternative is \$216 per linear foot in Reach E-6. The three electric vaults near the toe of the levee will not have to be relocated with the floodwall alternative saving approximately \$180,000 relocation cost.

The floodwall alternative is recommended in Reach E-6. In consideration of the aesthetics of this park-like area, the addition of the I-wall concrete to improve the appearance of the exposed portion of the wall is recommended for construction with the Interim Protection improvements.

A floodwall at the crown of the west levee 170 feet in length is proposed opposite the fire station building to avoid interference.





A floodwall at the crown of the west levee 500 feet in length is proposed to avoid interference with Crystal Avenue from Stas. 114+00 to 119+00.

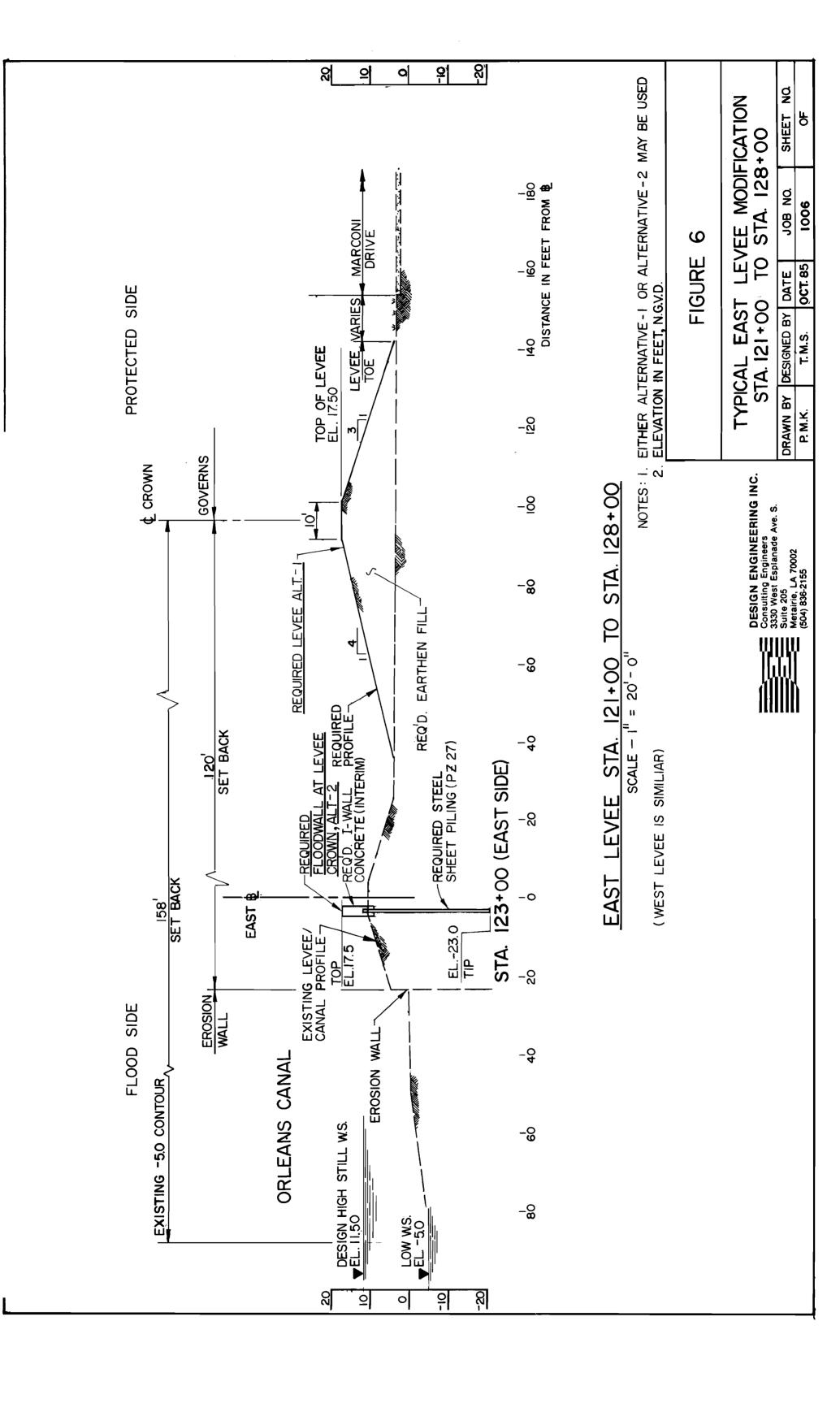
The estimated construction cost for the East and West Levees between Robert E. Lee Blvd. and Station 118+00 are as tabulated in Table V-3 for Reaches E-6 and W-6.

E. <u>Lakefront Approach Levees</u> (Reach E-7 and W-7)

As required by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers design parameters, the canal levees must be raised approach the lakefront to provide additional freeboard to protect against storm waves. The freeboard requirement for storm waves is 6'6" at the lakefront levees. The design high still water surface at the lakefront is EL 11.50 NGVD, therefore the required top of protection is EL 18.00 NGVD. A transition freeboard requirement extends for a length of six hundred feet from the lakefront levee line south along the canal. The curved alignment and canal channel will dissipate the storm wave at approximately Sta. 118+00. The levees will be sloped down to the lower freeboard requirement level in 600 feet from Stas. 124+00 to 118+00. The length of storm wave levee transition was provided by the Corps of Engineers. (See Appendix.)

The existing east and west levees approaching the lakefront are earth fill and have a top elevation from five to seven feet below the required protection level. There are levee toe erosion prevention walls on the canal sides of both levees.

Since the option of a floodwall was originally not applicable for aesthetic reasons in this reach, additional earth fill to raise the existing levee to the required level was first investigated. Geotechnical engineering analysis requires a levee crown setback of 158 feet from the existing -5.0 contour or 120 feet from the toe erosion wall, whichever governs (See Figure 6). As a consequence of the higher required level of and large setback dimension, protection considerably more ground for additional levee fill will be required at the landside toe in this reach. Approximately 70 trees near the existing levee toe will be lost and the oak trees will be replaced on the ten-for-one formula basis.



Most of the trees that would be lost with the earth fill alternative are along the east levee, the alternative of a floodwall at the levee crown was investigated for the east levee. Geotechnical engineering analysis requires a PZ-27 steel sheet piling section with a tip elevation of -23.0 NGVD be used.

The average cost of the earth fill alternative is \$388 per linear foot in Reach E-7 and the estimated cost of the floodwall alternative is \$810 per linear foot (\$645 for sheet piling and \$165 for concrete I-wall). The estimated construction cost increase for the floodwall alternative, including the concrete I-wall, is approximately \$500,000. The electric vaults do not have to be relocated with this alternative and the saving of this cost may be credited.

The floodwall alternative is recommended in Reach E-7 to reduce the number of lost trees. In consideration of the aesthetics of this park like area, the addition of I-wall concrete to improve the appearance at the exposed portion of the wall is recommended with the Interim Protection improvements.

A floodwall at the crown of the levee 300 feet in length is required on the east levee near the end of the project to avoid interference with Lakeshore Drive and Marconi Drive.

The estimated construction cost for the East and West Levees as they approach the lakefront is as tabulated in Table V-4 for Reaches E-7 and W-7.

TABLE V - 1
TYPICAL MEST SIDE LEVEE MODIFICATIONS
CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE

MEST	SIDE.	REACH ₩-1.	STA 34	54 TO S	TA 30+00	(2646 1	F.)
MEJI	JIME .	REMUN W I.	JIM 31	J- 10 0	11M JU1UU	ILUTU L.	

ITEMS		QUANTITY		
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (PZ27 X 35FT. LG.)	LF	2,646		\$1,481,760
GRANULAR FILL (BEHIND WALL TO EL. 6.20)	CY	1,620	12	\$19,440
DEMOLITION OF EXISTING WALL	LF	2,646	35	\$92,610
REPAIR OF ORLEAMS AVE. (24FT. WIDTH)	LF	2,646	60	\$158,760
SUBTOTAL.	(LF)	(2,646)	(662)	\$1,752,570
CONCRETE I-WALL (12'X 14')	LF	2646		\$833,490
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(2,646)	(977)	\$2,586,060
		(621 L.F.)		
NEST SIDE, REACH N-2, STA 30+00	UMIT	(621 L.F.) QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AHOUNT
NEST SIDE, REACH N-2, STA 30+00 ITEMS FLOODWALL SHEET PILING) TO STA 36+20.72	(621 L.F.)	UNIT PRICE	AHOUNT
HEST SIDE, REACH W-2, STA 30+00 ITEMS FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (PZ27 X 35FT. LG.) GRAMULAR FILL	UMIT	(621 L.F.) QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AHOUNT
NEST SIDE, REACH N-2, STA 30+00 ITEMS FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (PZ27 X 35FT. LG.) GRAMULAR FILL (BEHIND WALL TO EL. 6.20)	UNIT LF	QUANTITY 621	UNIT PRICE ====================================	AHOUNT
HEST SIDE, REACH W-2, STA 30+00 ITEMS FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (PZ27 X 35FT. LG.) GRANULAR FILL (BEHIND WALL TO EL. 6.20) DEMOLITION OF EXISTING WALL REPAIR OF ORLEANS AVE.	UNIT LF	QUANTITY 621 380	UNIT PRICE 560	#4,560
HEST SIDE, REACH W-2, STA 30+00 ITEMS FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (P227 X 35FT. LG.) GRANULAR FILL (BEHIND WALL TO EL. 6.20) DEMOLITION OF EXISTING WALL REPAIR OF ORLEANS AVE. (24FT. WIDTH)	UNIT LF CY	QUANTITY 621 380	UNIT PRICE 560	#4,560
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (P227 X 35FT. LG.) GRAMULAR FILL (BEHIND WALL TO EL. 6.20)	UMIT LF CY LF LF	QUANTITY 621 380 621 621	UNIT PRICE 560 12 35 60	\$347,760 \$347,760 \$4,560 \$21,735 \$37,260

TABLE V - 1
WEST SIDE, REACH W-3, STA 37+32.97 TO STA 50+00 (1249 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (PZ27 X 35FT. LG.)	LF	1,249	560	\$699,440
GRANULAR FILL (BEHIND WALL TO EL. 6.00)	CY	740	12	\$8,880
DEMOLITION OF EXISTING WALL	LF	1,249	35	\$43,715
REPAIR OF ORLEANS AVE. (24FT. WIDTH)	LF	1,249	60	\$74,940
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(1,249)	(662)	\$826, 975
CONCRETE I-WALL (12'X 14')	LF	1249	315	\$393,435
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(1,249)	(977)	\$1,220,410

WEST SIDE, REACH N-4, STA 50+00 TO STA 63+68.03 (1368 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (P227 X 47FT. LG.)	LF	1,368	765	\$1,046,520
GRANULAR FILL (BEHIND WALL TO EL. 5.90)	CY	810	12	\$9,720
DEMOLITION OF EXISTING WALL	LF	1368	35	\$47,880
REPAIR OF ORLEANS AVE. (24FT. NIDTH)	LF	1368	60	\$82,080
SUBTOTAL .	(LF)	(1,368)	(867)	\$1,186,200
CONCRETE I-WALL (2' X 14')	LF.	1,368	315	\$430,920
SUB TOTAL	(LF)	(1,368)	(1,182)	\$1,617,120

TABLE V - 1
WEST SIDE, REACH W-5, STA 64+92.33 TO STA 89+78.53 (2486 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY		AMOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (PZ27 X 47FT. LG.)	LF	2,486		\$1,901,790
GRANULAR FILL (BEHIND WALL TO EL. 5.80)	CY	1,500	12	\$18,000
DEMOLITION OF EXISTING WALL	LF	2486	35	\$87,010
REPAIR OF ORLEANS AVE. (24FT. HIDTH)	LF	2486	60	\$149,160
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(2,486)	(867)	\$2,155,960
CONCRETE I-HALL (2' X 14')	LF	2,486	315	\$783,090
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(2,486)	(1,182)	\$2,939,050
TOTAL WEST LEVEE, SOUTH OF R.E.	LEE BLVD. WITHOU	T I-WALL		\$6,333,020
CONCRETE I-WALL				\$2,636,550
TOTAL WEST LEVEE, SOUTH OF R.E.		INS I-WALL		\$ 8,969,570

TABLE V-2

TYPICAL EAST SIDE LEVEE MODIFICATIONS CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE, REACH E-1 THROUGH E-5

EAST SIDE, REACH E-1, STA 3+59 TO STA 30+00 (2641 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	AMOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (SL2 X 16 FT. LG.)	LF	2,641	150	\$396,150
CONCRETE I-WALL (2' X 6')	LF	2,641	100	\$264,100
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(2,641)	(250)	\$660,250

EAST SIDE, REACH E-2, STA 30+00 TO STA 36+11.85 (611 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	AMOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (SL2 X 16 FT. LG.)	LF	611	150	\$91,650
CONCRETE I-WALL (2' X 6')	LF	611	100	\$61,100
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(611)	(250)	\$152,750

EAST SIDE, REACH E-3, STA 37+41.85 TO STA 50+00 (1240 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	AHOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (SL2 X 16 FT. LG.)	LF	1,240	150	\$186,000
CONCRETE I-HALL (2' X 6')	LF	1,240	100	\$124,000
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(1,240)	(250)	\$310,000

TABLE V - 2
EAST SIDE, REACH E-4, STA 50+00 TO STA 63+59.20 (1359 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	AHOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (SL2 X 16 FT. LG.)	LF	1,359	150	\$203,850
CONCRETE I-WALL (2' X 6')	LF	1,359	100	\$135,900
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(1,359)	(250)	\$ 339,750

EAST SIDE, REACH E-5, STA 65+01.20 TO STA 89+75.75 (2475 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	THUOMA
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (SL2 X 16 FT. LG.)	LF	2,475	150	\$371,250
CONCRETE I-WALL (2' X 6')	LF	2,475	100	\$247,500
SUBTOTAL	. (LF)	(2,475)	(250)	\$ 618,750
TOTAL EAST LEVEE SOUTH OF R.E.L		\$1,248,900		
CONCRETE I-WALL		\$832,600 		
TOTAL EAST LEVEE SOUTH OF R.E.L		\$2,081,500		

TABLE V - 3

TYPICAL LEYEE MODIFICATIONS
CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE, REACH E-6 AND N-6

EAST SIDE, REACH E-6, STA 91+57.75 TO STA 117+00.00 (2542 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	ANOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (SL2 X 16 FT. LG.)	LF.	2542	150	\$381,300
I-WALL CONCRETE (2' X 6' AVG.)	LF	2542	100	\$254,200
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(2,542)	(217)	\$635,500

WEST SIDE, REACH N-6, STA 91+51.66 TO STA 118+87.00 (2735 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	ANOUNT
LEVEE RAISING MATERIAL (SANDY-CLAY, IN-PLACE MEASURE)	CY	37,055	12	\$444 ,660
FINISH GRADING	SY.	22,467	0.3	\$6,740
FLOODMALL SHEET PILING (SL2 X 16 FT. LG.)	LF.	670	150	\$100,500
TURFING (SEEDING, FERTILIZER, MULCHING)	AC.	4.6	1500	\$6,900
TREE REPLACEMENT (10 FOR 1)	EA.	10	100	\$1,000
TOE RETAINING WALL	EA.	350	200	\$70,000
I-WALL CONCRETE (2° X 5.5'AVG.)	LF	670	92	\$61,640
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(2,735)	(218)	\$691,440

TOTAL EAST AND WEST LEVEES NORTH OF R.E.LEE BLVD.

ere .

\$1,326,940

TABLE V - 4

TYPICAL LEYEE MODIFICATIONS
CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE, REACH E-7 AND N-7

EAST SIDE, REACH E-7, STA 117+00.00 TO STA 128+00.00 (1100 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	AMOUNT
FLOODWALL SHEET PILING (PZ27 X 40 FT. LG. AVG.)	LF.	1170	645	\$ 754,650
I-WALL CONCRETE (2' X 8.5' AVG.)	LF	1170	165	\$193,050
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(1,170)	(810)	\$947,700

WEST SIDE, REACH W-7, STA 118+87 TO STA 124+87.00 (600 L.F.)

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	THUOMA
LEVEE RAISING MATERIAL (SANDY-CLAY, IN-PLACE MEASURE)	CY	10,518	12	\$126,216
FINISH GRADING	SY.	5,521	0.3	\$1,656
TURFING (SEEDING, FERTILIZER, MULCHING)	AC.	1.1	1500	\$1,650
TREE REPLACEMENT (10 FOR 1)	EA.	10	100	\$1,000
SUBTOTAL	(LF)	(600)	(218)	\$ 130,522

TOTAL EAST AND WEST LEVEES APPROACHING LAKE

\$1,078,222

Bridge Modifications

VI. BRIDGE MODIFICATIONS

A. General

The three roadways crossing the Orleans Canal are significantly lower than the elevation required to provide high level protection. Therefore, the bridges must be modified in some way in order to maintain the levee system's creditable status. The level of protection that must be provided is the design high water surface elevation plus two feet of freeboard. Because of the more complex set of variables and determinants involved, five possible alternatives are investigated in detail in this report which will provide the required protection. The five bridge modification alternatives considered are:

- 1. Floodgates
- 2. Seal Joints, Walls and Anchors
- 3. Precast Concrete Box Culverts
- 4. New Raised Bridges
- 5. New Cast-in-Place Concrete Box Culverts

The major determinants in the alternatives are project cost, hydraulic characteristics or canal flow area provided and traffic conditions during high water. Minor determinants are traffic conditions and neighborhood disturbance during construction, appearance, construction and design complexity/difficulty and maintenance cost. (See Table VI-2 for Summary of Determinants.) Each of the alternatives is described and the determinants compared in the following six sections. From the comparisons, conclusions and recommendations are made in a succeeding chapter.

Since the three existing bridges are very similar, a work plan involving careful study at one location and extrapolation or approximation at the other two locations was adopted. The bridge at Filmore Avenue was selected for careful study since it has the lowest elevation of the three and would most clearly disclose the engineering design and construction problems. See Tables VI-2, VI-3, VI-4 and VI-5 for results of Filmore Avenue bridge study.

The three existing bridges are short span, steel girder structures with reinforced concrete decks.

Overall widths vary from 32' to 60' and lengths vary from 151' to 175'. The construction dates of the bridges range from 1939 to 1965. The roadway surface elevations at the ends of the bridges vary from EL 5.55 to EL.7.50 NGVD. (See Figures 10, 11 and 12).

Although at present the bridges appear to be in excellent condition, at some point in time, they will reach their useful life point and replacement will become necessary. As this point in time is approached, alternatives which utilize the existing bridge structure will be less favorable than they are considered in this report. For instance, the valuation of a new replacement bridge structure could be deducted from the cost of the Raised Bridge Alternative if the bridge cost was absorbed by the city as part of the bridge replacement program.

The accuracy of unit prices used for quantified material items are critical to valuation of construction cost of the alternatives. Inaccuracies in unit prices are mitigated where the same material items (and unit prices) are used, but if material items are not similar valuations will not be comparable between different alternatives. In order to make valuations more comparable, several sources of unit prices were reviewed. Among these sources were: local construction contractors; the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; the Louisiana Department of Transportation's Weighted Average Unit Prices; the Orleans Levee Board's previous construction contracts and previous similar reports.

Temporary detour bridges to maintain traffic flow patterns during the construction period were not included in any of the alternatives. It is presumed that the bridge modifications could be performed "one at a time" and traffic flow could be detoured to bridges not under construction. (See Figure 1, Project Map.) The cost of detour bridges is excessive and also the right-of-way is very limited at each site.

For proper comparison, each of the alternatives should include an equal length of protection along the levees. The Floodgate Alternative requires the longest length; therefore, a floodwall sheet piling cost has been added to the other alternatives to equalize the lengths.

The following sections of this chapter describe each of the five alternative modifications investigated for the three canal crossings.

B. Floodgate Alternative

Description

The first alternative bridge modification investigated is the construction of movable flood gates at each end of the bridges. These gates connect to the adjacent levee earthen fill or floodwall, as appropriate, and when closed during storm condition provide the required high level protection across the existing, below-gradient bridges. Water would flow over the existing bridge structures but not outside the containment provided by the gates. The bridge beams are bolted to the piers; therefore, the bridge decks would not be displaced by an overtopping high water occurrence.

The floodgates must be sliding or rolling type rather than swing type gates. Swing type gates would have to swing open onto the bridge structures and this mode of swing is not considered feasible. The top of the gates must be two feet above the design high still water surface elevation to fulfill the freeboard requirement. (See Figure 7.)

Determinants

The estimated project cost is the lowest of the alternatives investigated (\$408,000 for the Filmore Avenue Bridge). There would be little construction or design complexity. Hydraulic conditions are favorable. The reduction in canal flow area is unchanged from the existing condition and is due solely to the physical characteristics of the existing bridge. (See Table VI-4.)

The Floodgate Alternative utilizes the existing bridges without modification. Under storm or high water conditions the gates would be closed and traffic flow would be prevented from using the bridges. During construction, traffic disruption will be significant but little disturbance to the near neighborhood will occur. Appearance of the finished gate structures when open, as is the normal condition, will be unobtrusive since the gates will align with and tie or fold into the adjacent levee sections. If the high water level

is increased, increasing the height of the gates will be moderate in cost.

Advantages and Disadvantages

The primary advantage of the Floodgate Alternative is the low construction cost. Also, the hydraulic conditions are favorable and there is no design or construction complexity.

The major disadvantage is that the bridges would be closed to traffic during high water conditions. Also, the gates must physically be closed by the Orleans Levee Board personnel in times of emergency, adding to the already large number of gate closings that must be done during highwater events. Also, maintenance of the gates is continuous and, although of low dollar amount, this cost is the highest of all the alternatives.

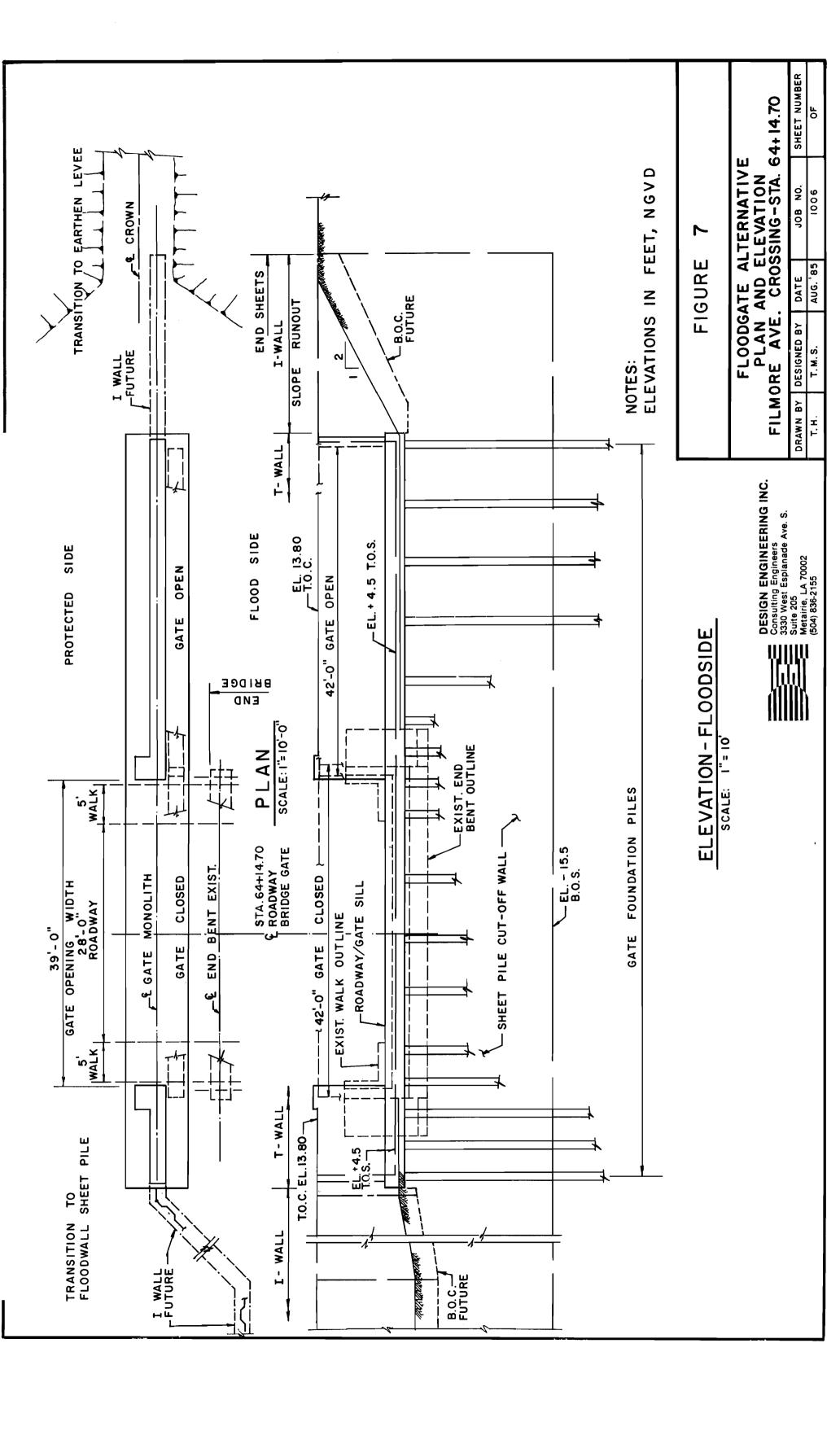
C. Seal Joints, Walls and Anchors Alternative

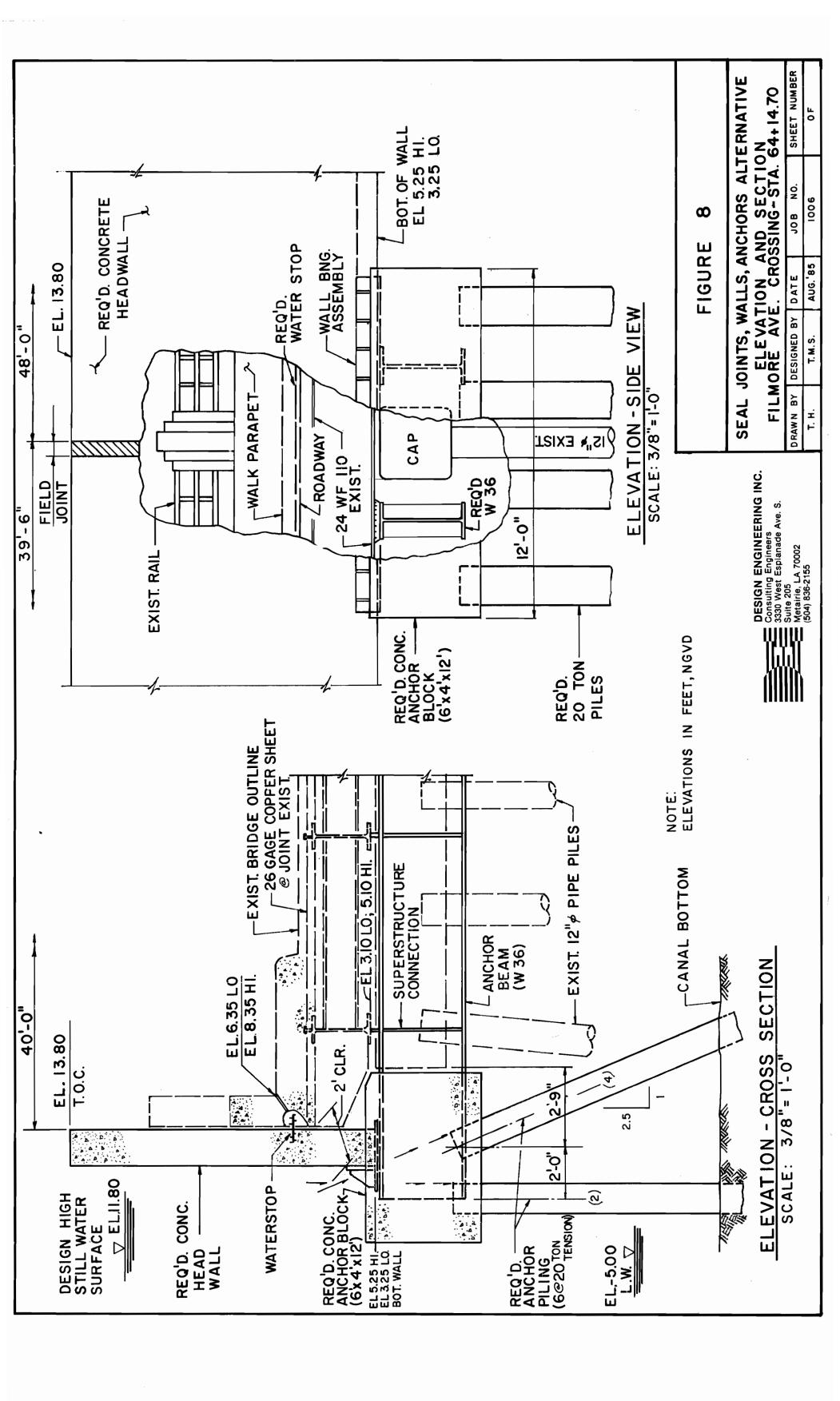
Description

The next alternative modification investigated involves watertight sealing of the existing bridge deck joints, constructing headwalls along both sides of the bridges and providing anchorage against the buoyancy force on the submerged structures. This modification converts the existing bridges into culvert structures. (See Figure 8.)

All of the joints of the existing bridges already have 26-gauge copper strip waterstops cast into No additional material the concrete decks. installation should be required to make these existing joints watertight under the low head requirements of this project. A minor cost allowance for testing and repair has been provided deck assurance. Also. the existing drop-drains must be connected/manifolded to a common drain pipe with a shut-off check valve at the end to provide a true watertight deck. The existing bridge decks will be made watertight from end bent to end bent.

New headwalls must be constructed which connect to the bridge deck and extend up two feet above the design high still water surface elevation to fulfill the freeboard requirement. Due to the low existing elevation of the bridge decks, relatively high free standing walls are required. For instance, a maximum wall height of 8.4 feet above





the bridge deck is required at Filmore Avenue. The additional load [about 1,000 pounds per linear foot (plf)] could not be added to the existing exterior bridge girders and cantilevered walkways without major additional strengthening. Therefore, independent walls alongside the bridges are proposed.

The new headwalls will be supported by separate concrete foundations constructed along the bridge sides and below the decks. The walls will be linked by water stops to the bridge deck and tied into the adjacent earthen fill levee or floodwall. The wall foundations can be combined with the concrete anchor blocks which act as hold down weights and provide the connection between the required anchor beams and anchor piling, thus effecting a multi-utilization arrangement. By selecting independent walls, the cost of removing the existing railing is avoided and the economy of using precast concrete walls is introduced.

The buoyant force anchorage system, required to prevent bridge flotation when the water rises to the anticipated maximum high level, consists of two heavy steel wide flange beams at each existing bent which are connected to the bridge girders, the concrete anchor blocks and the anchor piling which connect the system to the substrata. (See Figure 8.) This system, placed at each bent, is capable of withstanding the calculated uplift forces at the design high still water level.

The construction required with this alternative does not impede the maintenance and inspection of the existing bridge girders. Also, replacement of the existing bridge is possible without removal of the modification construction.

Determinants

At Filmore Avenue the estimated cost is approximately 30 percent (%) higher than the lowest of the alternatives (\$538,000.). There is a high degree of design complexity in the wall and wall supports as proposed. Finite element analysis may be required to satisfy reviewing agency criteria. There are no other significant design problems. The driving of piling close to the side of the existing bridges will require extra precautions. Welding underneath the bridges to connect the anchor beams to the bridge girders will also be difficult. Grouting in waterstops and erecting the large headwalls will present

construction problems, none of which is insurmountable. However, no underwater construction is required.

Hydraulic conditions are unfavorable since added structure further reduces the canal flow area. (See Table VI-4.)

This alternative utilizes the existing bridges without modification except that anchor beams are welded to the bridge girders and waterstops are grouted into the existing deck sides. Traffic flow conditions are very favorable with a short time of one way traffic during construction and the bridge remaining open during high water conditions. The bridge's appearance with this modification would be significantly changed. The high walls will give a poor appearance to passing motorists and a fair appearance to more distant viewers.

If, in the future, the level of protection were increased, it would be very costly to raise the level of protection with this alternative.

Advantages and Disadvantages

The primary advantages of the Seal Joints, Walls and Anchors Alternative is the low construction cost and the fact that the bridges are open to traffic flow during high water. Also, there would be very little maintenance required and no OLB personnel requirement at times of high water.

The major disadvantages are the reduced canal flow areas and the radical change in appearance of the bridges. The design complexity and construction difficulty that will be a part of this alternative are also disadvantages.

D. Precast Concrete Box Culverts Alternative

Description

An alternative requiring installation of precast concrete box culverts beneath the existing bridges is next considered. Connecting headwalls are constructed to the required design high still water plus freeboard elevation. These headwalls are connected to the adjacent earthen fill levee or floodwall, as appropriate, thus providing the required high level flood protection at the

bridges. This alternative utilizes the existing bridges without modification.

The box culverts can be precast in single barrel or double barrel units, the ends sealed, and the sections floated along the canal from the lake into position. This is the "float-in method".

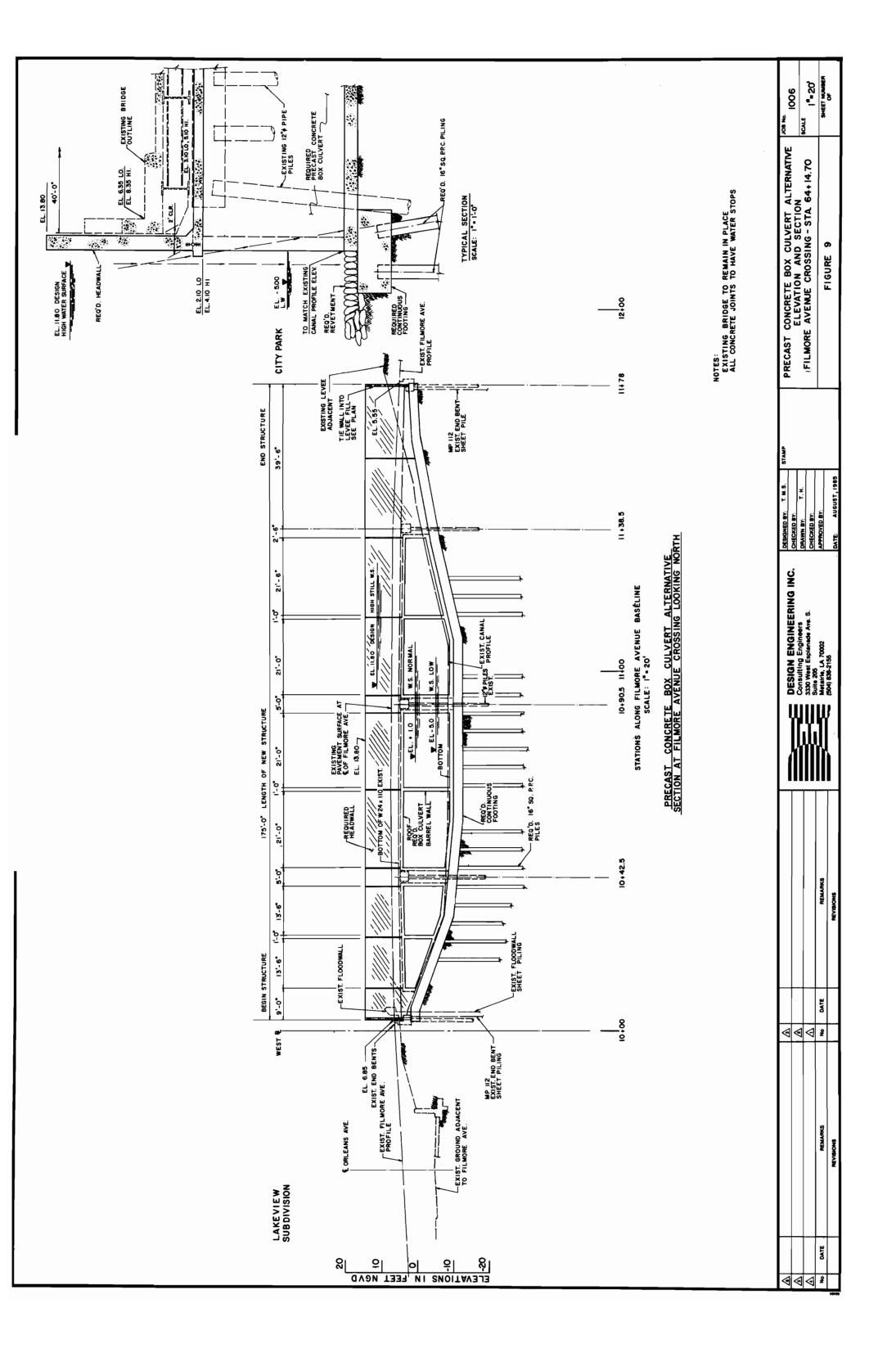
The spacing of the various bridge support bents will allow "half width" size precast box sections to be used. The two "half width" sections can be mated by post tensioning at the final locations to provide the "full width", watertight culverts. The post tensioning work is done in the wet. The precast culverts are supported on pile footings along each side of the bridge with the culverts spanning between the footings (See Figure 9). Because the box culverts are supported by their own footings, the pilings of the existing bridge are not subjected to any added loads.

An alternate to the "float-in method" of construction is to erect the box culvert with precast pieces beneath the existing bridges. The pieces are placed on footings constructed along each side of the bridge and post-tensioned into a continuous member. This alternate method requires the placement of shell, stone, or tremie concrete over the existing canal bottom due to the poor soil consistency. The concrete post-tensioning work is done in the wet.

Both methods of construction of precast box culverts require the construction of the lower portions of headwalls at the bents in the wet unless cofferdams are used. Cofferdam construction, with the precast box culverts in place will be complex and expensive. Another option is to precast the short lengths of the lower portions of headwalls and tie the precast walls to the box culverts with epoxy grout in the wet. Concrete block mats are placed at both ends of the culvert to prevent erosion of the canal bottom.

<u>Determinants</u>

The estimated construction cost is about double the Floodgate or Seal Joints Alternatives (\$932,500 for the Filmore Avenue Bridge). The construction difficulty is extreme with many unknowns and underwater work is also involved. There are no previous projects in the area where this method of construction for this application



has been used. Much of the design, and complexities thereof, would be assumed by the precast contractor as is the common practice.

The hydraulic conditions are poorest of all the alternatives. (See Table VI-4.) Since the box culverts must fit under the bridge and between bents and because headwalls are necessary, the canal flow area is significantly reduced.

The Precast Box Culvert Alternative utilizes the existing bridges without modification. Traffic conditions are very favorable since during storm or high water conditions the bridges would remain open to traffic. There would be no traffic disruption during the construction period except possibly when the upper headwall is constructed. There will be very little neighborhood disruption since much of the work will be performed off-site.

Appearance of the finished construction will be slightly better than the Seal Joints Alternative with the same high walls on each side of the bridges but with the absence of the large anchor block masses on each side of the bridges. If, in the future the high water level is increased, the modification cost would be high, requiring not only raising the wall height, but also strengthening the existing wall and culvert junction for the increased water pressure.

Advantages and Disadvantages

The precast concrete box culvert has few advantages. The fact that the bridges would be open to traffic during high water conditions is its main advantage. Also, the fact that there would be little traffic disruption and little disturbance to the local neighborhood during construction are lesser advantages. The low maintenance requirement is also an advantage.

Primary among the many disadvantages are the higher project cost and the smallest hydraulic flow area of the alternatives considered. The construction difficulties, including work in the wet, the many unknowns, and the lack of previous similar experience are important disadvantages. A feature that would almost rule out this scheme is that, with the box culvert in place, it will not be possible to paint or inspect the existing bridge steel girders. A maintenance inspection access could be provided to solve one of the

problems; however, maintenance painting of the structure would remain extremely difficult at best.

E. New Raised Bridge Alternative

Description

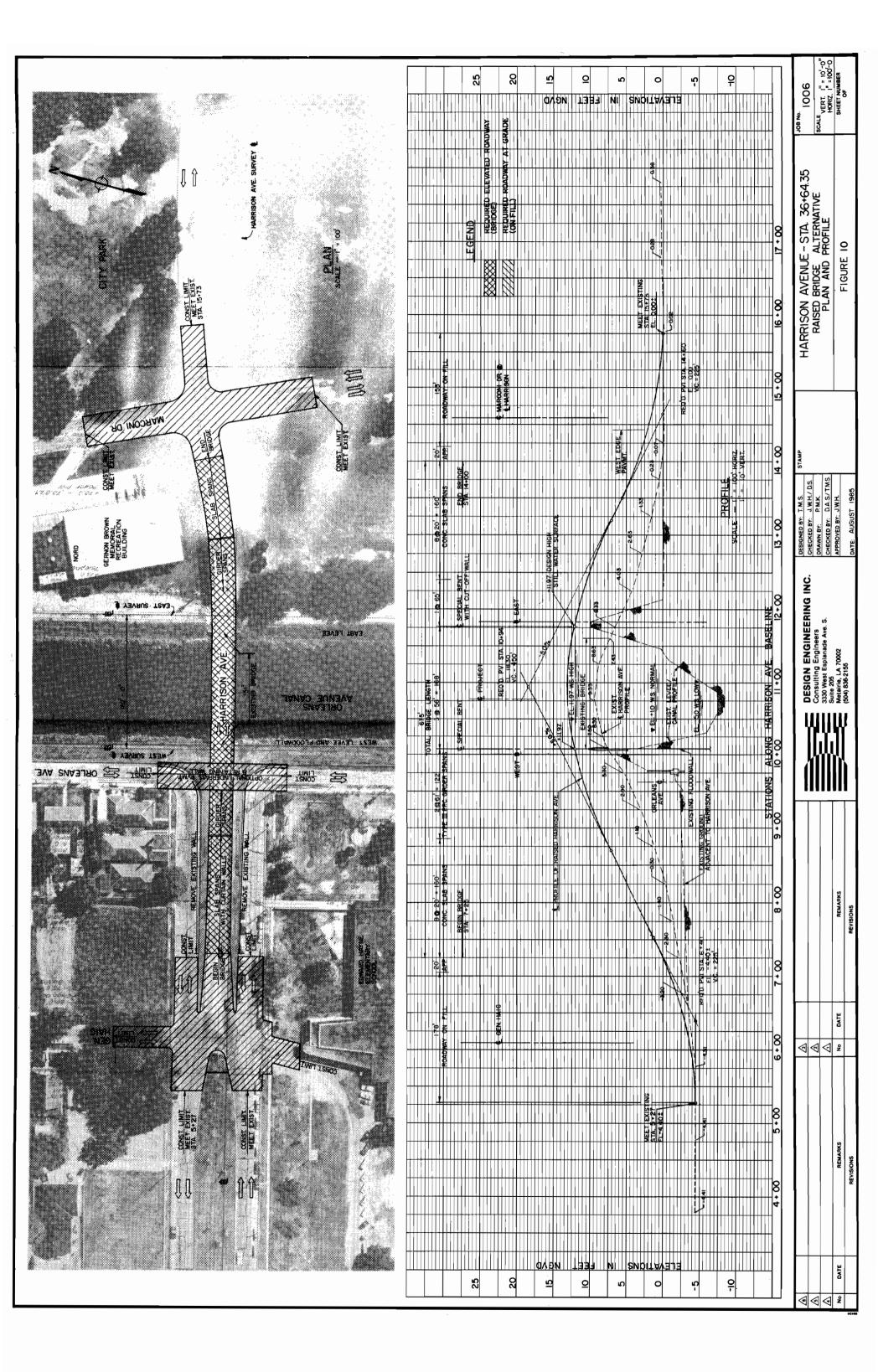
This alternative proposes removal of the existing bridges and construction of new replacement bridges at higher elevations. Under this alternative the top of the bridge decks are set at the design high still water surface elevation (EL +11.80 NGVD at Filmore Ave.) along the lines of the east and west levees. (See Figures 10, 11 & 12.)

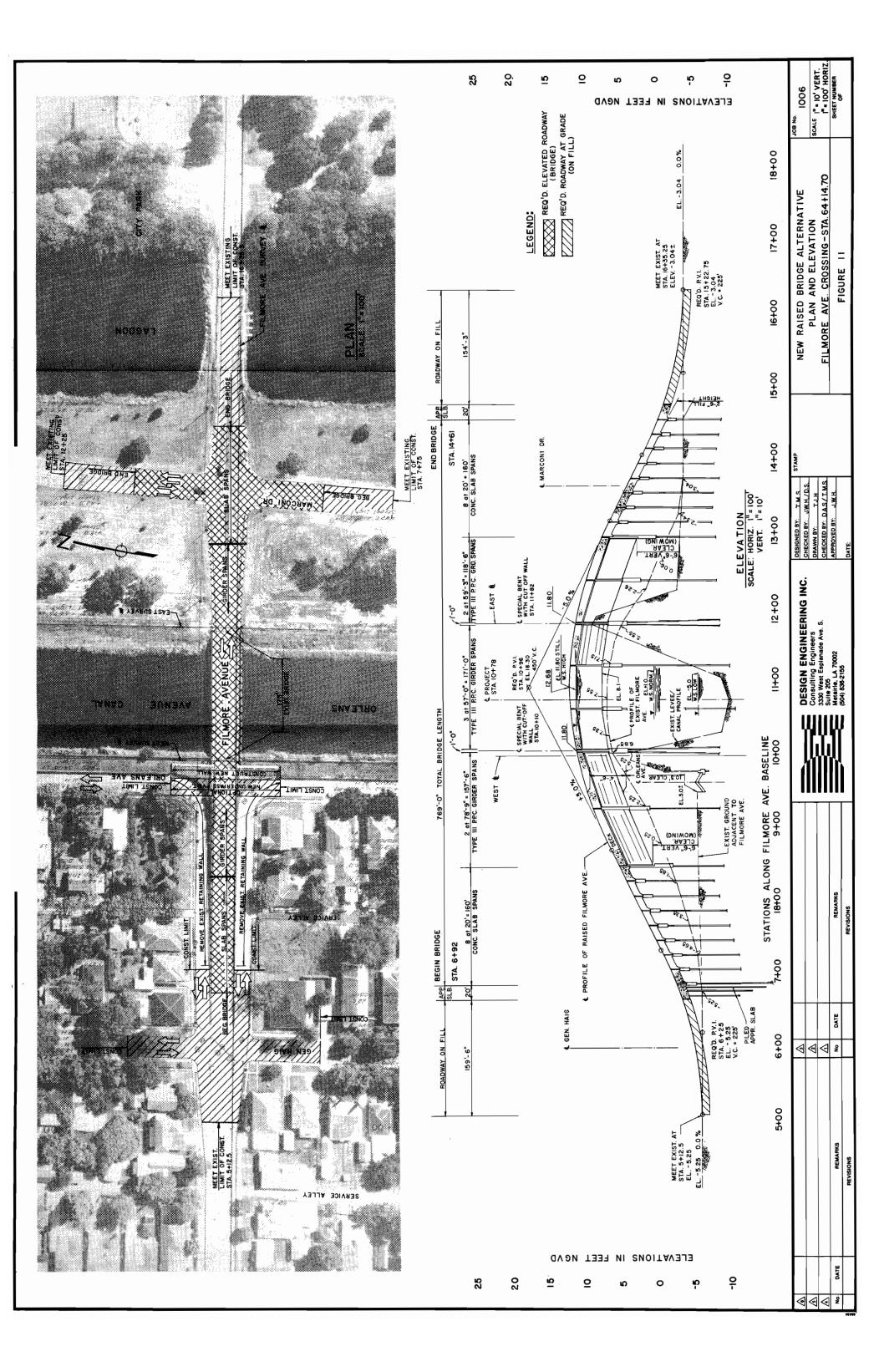
The proposed deck elevation has been economically selected. It is below the "water clear" elevation - the design high water plus freeboard elevation (EL +13.80 NGVD at Filmore Avenue) - but not so low as to require buoyant force anchorage. By using this lower deck elevation, a total approach bridge length reduction of 120 feet is effected - approximately 15% of the total length - compared to higher "water clear" elevation.

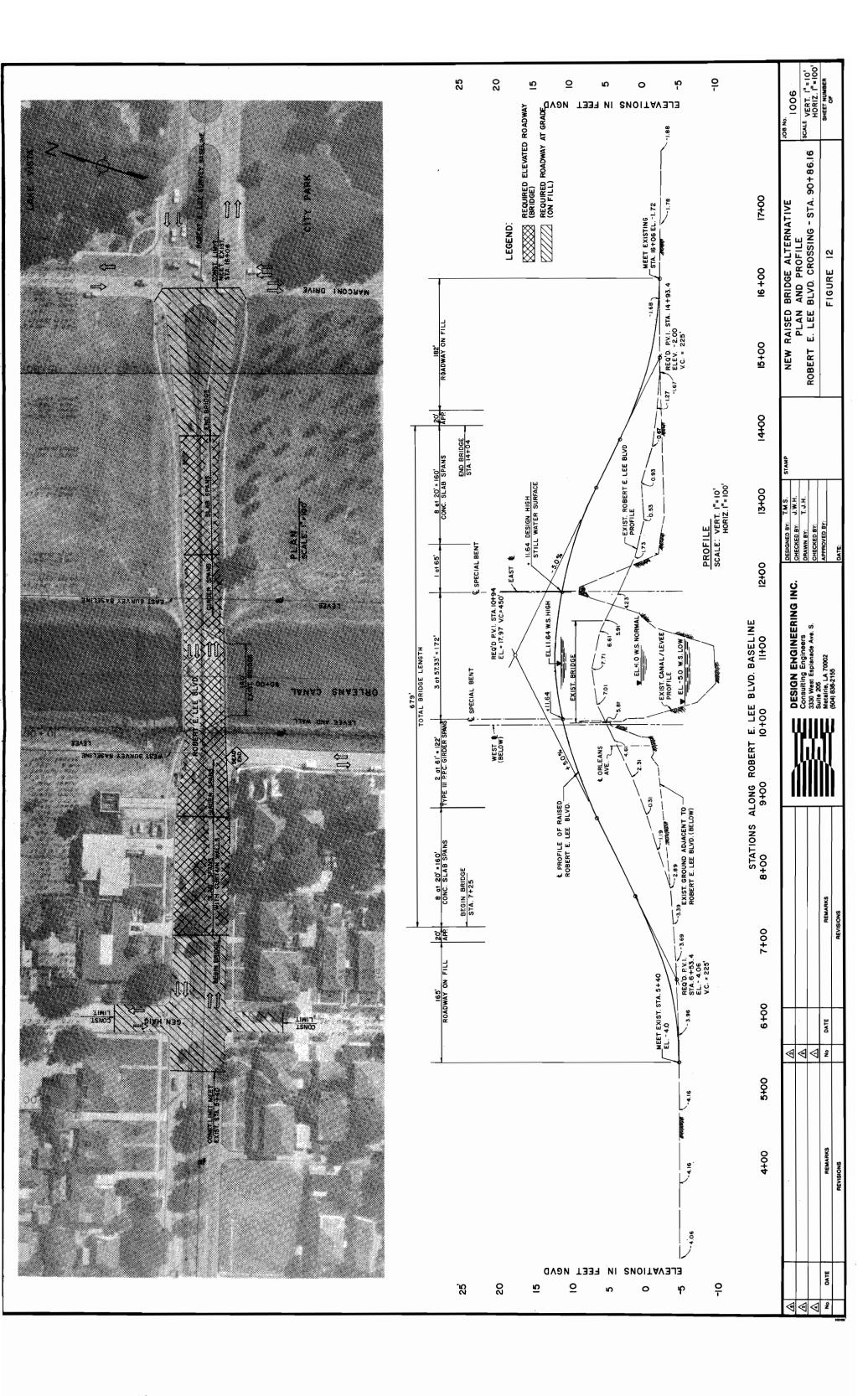
The freeboard height requirement will be satisfied by constructing the bridge barrier railings to the proper freeboard elevation and connecting them to the abutting earthen fill levees or floodwalls. Also the bridge deck joints will be sealed, deck drains manifolded, and special bents at levees will be designed as a combination T-wall/bent to provide the required high level flood protection. (See Figure 13.) In effect, the bridges in this alternative become an integral part of the levee system.

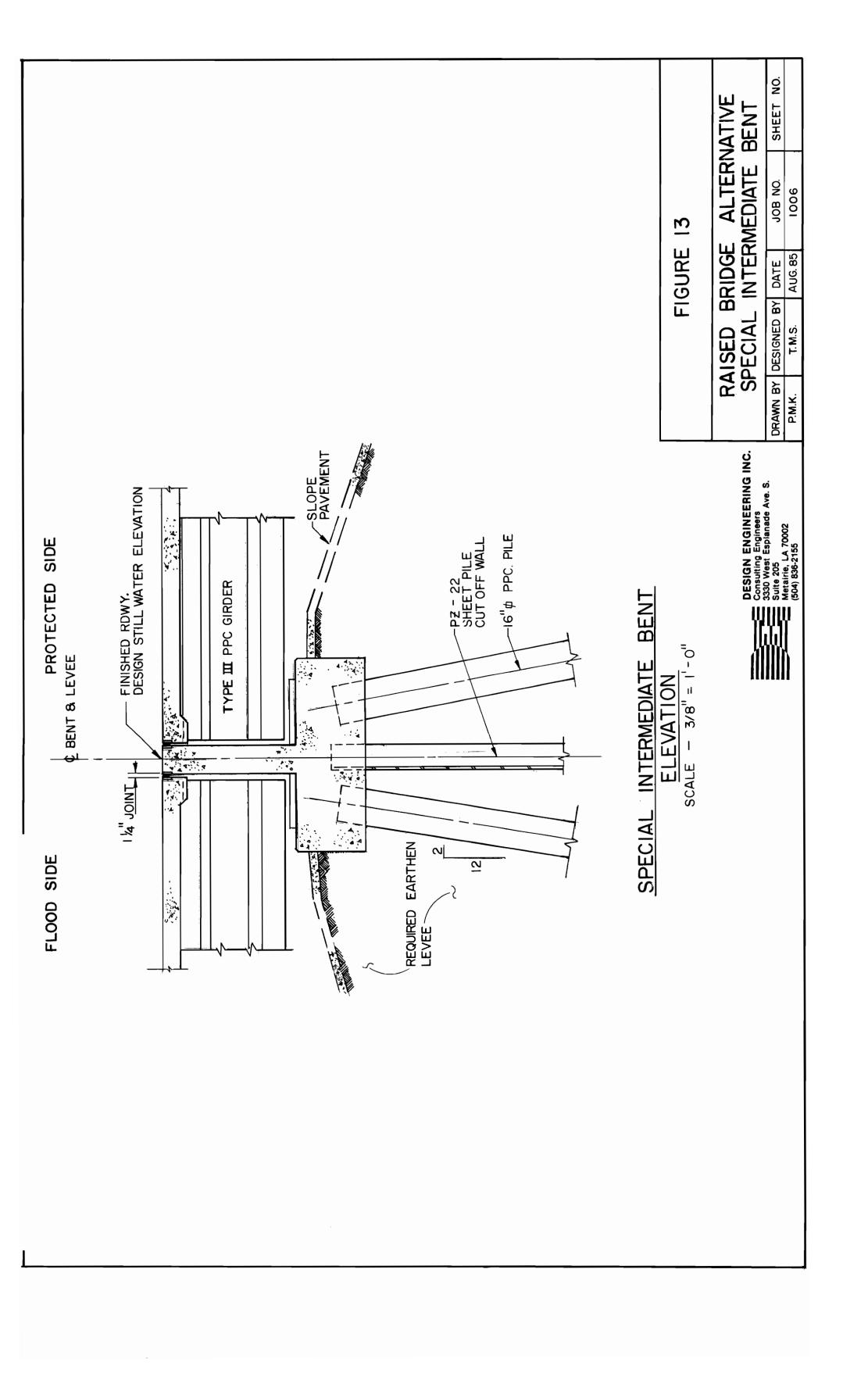
With this selection, water may on occasion rise above the bridge decks, but will not flow through the deck joints or into the surrounding land areas. This selection costs significantly less than a "water clear" bridge deck elevation and has a minimum effect on canal flow area while still providing the required flood protection. Some other features descriptive of the Raised Bridge Alternative are listed as follows:

. The bridges must be raised about 8 feet above the existing structures. Therefore, long approach bridges must be built to meet the existing grade.









- Long spans were selected since they are more economical than the existing short spans. Also hydraulic conditions benefit with correspondingly fewer bents in the waterway.
- Prestressed precast concrete (PPC) girders were selected as more cost-effective than steel girders.
- . Type III PPC girders were selected to optimize the canal flow area during storm conditions.
- . With this alternative Orleans Avenue can optionally be routed under the raised roadways, thereby improving traffic circulation in the area of the bridges. (This has been done at the I-610 bridge near the pumping station.)
- . A 5% grade of approach roadways has been used. This is considered the maximum acceptable grade. If a steeper grade is used, project cost could be slightly reduced.

Determinants

The estimated project cost is of a higher order of magnitude (\$1,985,000 for the Filmore Avenue Bridge) than other alternatives. This cost is about four times the cost of Floodgates or Seal Joints Alternatives and twice the Box Culvert Alternative. Since the bridges are raised about 8 feet, long approach bridges must be built. Fully 80% of the cost is attributable to these approach portions. Significant cost is added at locations where Marconi Drive is closer to the canal because Marconi Drive must also be raised.

The design and construction are much larger in scope, but has little complexity. The hydraulic condition is the best of all the alternatives (See Table VI-4.) Also, with fewer bents and less superstructure in the water, the structure is less prone to damage due to high water and floating debris.

The existing bridge is totally removed with this alternative. Some cost credit could be given for the new structure life extension, but this has not been included. Traffic may use the bridge during high water conditions since it is sealed. Traffic flow during most of the construction period will be completely stopped. Traffic can be routed to

adjacent bridges if staggered bridge construction schedules are used. Also, traffic on the connecting roads will be adversely affected for shorter periods. Disturbance to the near neighborhoods during construction will be extreme with this larger scale project.

The proposed "all concrete" bridge will have lesser maintenance requirement than the existing steel bridges. The appearance of the proposed bridge will be the best of all alternatives, being of normal accepted bridge configuration. If the high water elevation is raised, the height of barrier side rails will have to be increased to provide needed protection. This will be moderate in cost.

Advantages and Disadvantages

The primary advantages of the New Raised Bridge Alternative are that it has the most favorable hydraulic conditions and the bridge will remain open to traffic flow during high water. Also, the maintenance cost is the least of the alternatives and Orleans Levee Board personnel are not required at times of high water. The new bridge will have an extended life over alternates which utilize the existing bridges. The normal appearance is also an advantage. Finally, the optional routing of Orleans Avenue traffic under the new bridges would benefit traffic conditions.

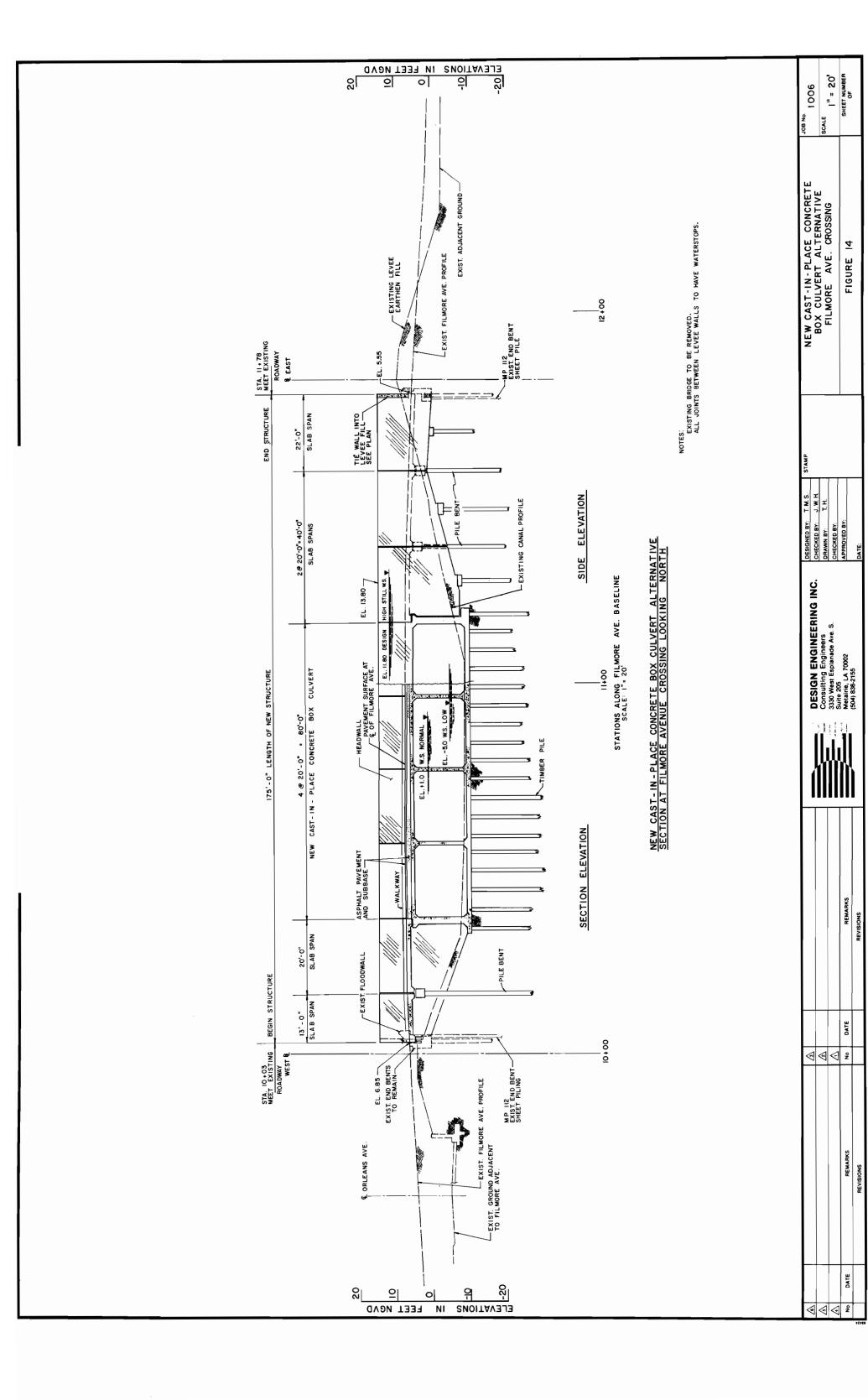
The major disadvantage is the much higher project cost. The larger scale of construction activity, traffic disruption, and neighborhood disturbance during construction are also disadvantages.

F. New Cast-In-Place Concrete Box Culverts Alternative

Description

The final alternative bridge modification is a box culvert constructed of cast-in-place concrete that replaces the existing bridges. This box culvert is pile-supported and new roadway pavement is constructed across the top of the concrete culvert. (See Figure 14.)

A large portion of the construction is below water surface, including all the support piling, the bottoms and half the walls of the box culverts. Economy requires that this significant work be done in the "dry". Therefore, sheet pile



cofferdams large enough to construct one concrete box culvert barrel at a time are required. The methods and procedures of cofferdam installation would have to be reviewed and approved by the Sewerage and Water Board during the design phase since the cofferdams affect canal flow area.

Upon completion of the box culverts, asphalt sub-base and pavement courses will be placed on top of the culverts. Asphalt sub-base and pavement are used because they are less expensive and easier to construct than concrete slab spans, the other alternate.

The grade of the new roadway is selected to match the existing roadway so that no modification of the approach roadway or connecting streets is involved. This is a decision based on economy. An alternate with the new roadway raised was investigated. The cost was higher than the Raised Bridge Alternative because of the much higher cost of box culverts over pier and girder type bridges. The conclusion is, therefore that, if the grade is raised, it would be more economical to adopt the Raised Bridge rather than the Box Culvert Alternative.

High headwalls are constructed along each side of the roadways to the required design high still water plus freeboard elevation. These walls are tied into the adjacent levee floodwalls or earthen fill, as appropriate, to prevent water from flowing onto the roadways and through the slots in the levees at the canal crossings. This headwall configuration, very similar to that used for the Seal Joints Alternative, provides the required flood protection.

In this alternative the portions of canal with sloping bottom are closed to flow to reduce the box culvert cost. The head loss due to this reduction in flow area is very small due to the short length of the culvert.

Concrete block matting is included at the end of each box culvert to prevent canal bottom erosion, which is a possibility when canal flows are increased, with accompanying turbulence and increased velocity through the reduced flow area of the box culvert.

Determinants

The estimated project cost is about two and one-half times the Floodgate or Seal Joints Alternative and 30% higher than the Precast Concrete Box Culvert Alternative (\$1,192,100 for the Filmore Avenue Bridge). There is some design complexity. Construction difficulty is more than Floodgates or Seal Joints Alternatives but much less than the Precast Box Culvert option. The canal flow area through the culverts is less than the three alternatives where the existing bridge remains in place. (See Table VI-4.)

The existing bridge is removed and replaced with a new structure, so some credit for extended life could be assigned to this alternative. Traffic conditions and disturbance to the near neighborhood during construction are similar to the Raised Bridge Alternative. Traffic flow the across canal will be stopped during construction and disturbance to the neighborhood will be noteworthy although not as severe as in the Raised Bridge option. Maintenance requirement will be negligible with this all-concrete structure.

Appearance of the finished construction will be similar to the Precast Concrete Box Culvert option - high walls on each side of the crossings. If the high water level is raised, the modification cost would be high, requiring not only raising the wall heights but also strengthening the existing wall and culvert junction.

Advantages and Disadvantages

The New Cast-In-Place Concrete Box Culvert Alternative has few advantages. The fact that the bridges would be open to traffic during high water events is its principal advantages. The low maintenance requirement and lack of Orleans Levee Board personnel attention during storm conditions are also advantages.

Primary among the disadvantages is the higher project cost. The construction difficulty, larger scale of construction activity, and neighborhood disturbance that will be caused are also disadvantages. The fact that the avenues will be closed for lengthy construction periods, although temporary in nature, is a serious disadvantage.

G. Comparison of Bridge Alternatives

From the determinants, advantages, and disadvantages recorded in the previous sections, the following comparisons of bridge modification alternatives are presented.

One of the alternatives allows high water to flow over the existing roadways; three of the alternatives result in culvert-type structures, forcing high water under the roadways; and one of the alternatives raises the roadway grades, allowing high water to pass below the structure decks.

The Floodgate Alternative Modification allows high water to flow over the existing bridge roadways. It has a high rank in all the major determinant categories except for the fact that the bridges would be closed to traffic during storm high water conditions. This is a serious disadvantage. The Floodgate Alternative has the lowest project cost amounts; provides the largest canal flow areas, except for the Raised Bridges Alternative; and is not aesthetically objectionable. The fact that Orleans Levee Board personnel must physically close the gates at times of emergency is serious disadvantage.

Of the three alternatives that make the structures function as a culvert by the installation of high walls along the sides of the roadways, the Seal Joints, Walls and Anchors Alternative ranks best. It has an approximate 50% lower construction cost than the Cast-in-Place Concrete Box Culvert Alternative. For this alternative, the canal flow area is more than the Concrete Box Culvert options and it will cause less neighborhood disturbance during construction.

The Precast Concrete Box Culvert Alternative is not a viable alternative since, if it is constructed, the existing bridge steel girders cannot be maintained. Also, the New Cast-in-Place Alternative is only about 25% higher in construction cost; therefore, if a Box Culvert option were to be selected, the Cast-in-Place Culvert would be favored.

The Raised Bridge Alternative allows high water to pass below the structure decks, providing the largest flow area, but is almost four times higher in construction cost than the Seal Joints Alternative. The higher order cost results from

the extensive approach bridge and roadway work required with raising of the bridge deck grades. Fully 80% of the cost of this alternative results from the cost of constructing the new approaches.

The cost of the Floodgate Alternative and the Seal Joints Alternative are the two lowest amounts. The other alternatives are from two to four times greater.

The Seal Joints Alternative is relatively less costly on the shorter Robert E. Lee Blvd. and Harrison Avenue crossings than on the Filmore Avenue crossing. In fact, on the short Harrison Avenue crossing the Seal Joints Alternative is slightly less costly than the Floodgate Alternative, and at the wider Robert E. Lee Blvd. the Seal Joints Alternative is only slightly more costly than Floodgates.

Further comparisons of the determinants of the alternatives are presented in Tables VI-2, VI-3, VI-4 and VI-5 following this section.

See Table VI-1 for comparison of construction costs of the five alternative bridge modifications.

BRIDGE MODIFICATION ALTERNATIVES

CONSTRUCTION COST COMPARISON

	CRO	TOTAL COST-		
ALTERNATIVE	R.E. LEE BLVD. (60'X 140')**	FILMORE AVE.* (40'X 175')	HARRISON AVE. (32'X 151')**	TOTAL COST- 3 BRIDGES
FLOODGATES	\$612,000	\$408,000	\$326,000	\$1,346,000
SEAL JOINTS, WALLS AND ANCHORS	\$645,000	\$538,000	\$317,000	\$1,500,000
CONCRETE BOX CULVERT-PRECAST	\$1,120,000	\$932,500	\$643,500	\$2,696,000
NEW RAISED BRIDGE	\$2,980,000	\$1,985,000	\$1,588,000	\$6,553,000
NEW CONC. BOX CULVERT-C.I.P.	\$1,430,000	\$1,192,100	\$822,900	\$3,445,000

- * SEE TABLES VI-6 THROUGH VI-10 FOR DETAILED COST ESTIMATES OF FILMORE AVENUE CROSSING.
- ** PROJECT COSTS FOR R. E. LEE BLVD. AND HARRISON AVE. ARE APPROXIMATED FROM FILMORE AVE. COSTS AND DIMENSIONS OF STRUCTURES.

BRIDGE MODIFICATION ALTERNATIVES

TYPICAL SUMMARY OF DETERMINANTS

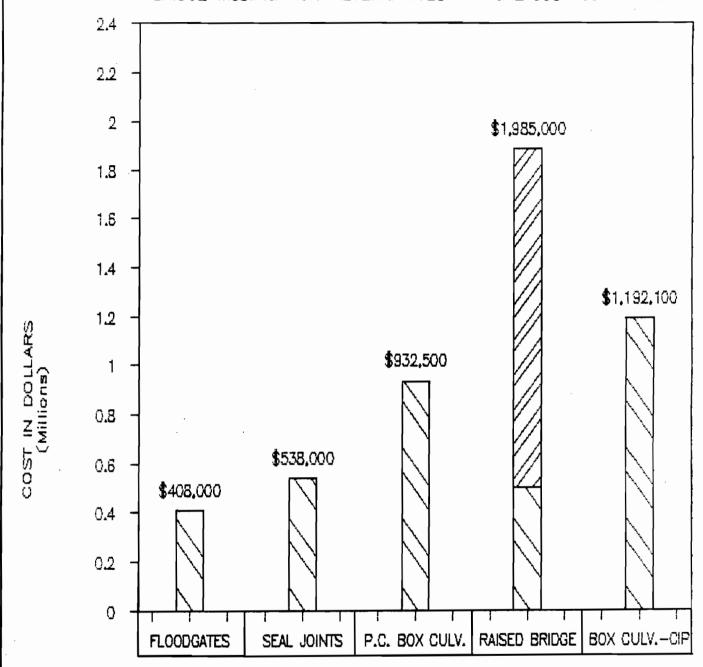
FILMORE AVENUE CROSSING

			ALTERNATIVES			DEMARKS
DETERMINANTS	FL00DGATES	SEAL JOINTS, WALLS, ETC.	PRECAST CONC. BOX CULVERT	NEW RAISED BRIDGES	MEN CIP CONC. Box culvert	REMARKS
MAJOR DETERMINANTS						
1. PROJECT COST RATIO	1.00	1.32	2.28	4.86	2.92	FLOODGATES=1.0
2. HYDRAULIC CONDITIONS **		**********		***************************************		-
2.1 FLOW AREA X -W.S. AT EL. 4.25	98	90	77	100	65	% OF UNOBSTRUCTED
2.2 FLOW AREA X -W.S. AT EL. 9.25	61	56	48	100	43	Z OF UNOBSTRUCTED
2.3 FLOW AREA 2 -W.S. AT EL. 11.80	69	45	38	88	34	2 OF UNOBSTRUCTED
3. TRAFFIC CONDITION AT HIGH MATER	CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	
NINOR DETERMINANTS						
A. TRAFFIC DISRUPTION	HINOR	HINOR	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	DURING CONSTRUCTION
B. MEIGHBORHOOD DISTURBANCE	LITTLE	SOME	LITTLE	EXTREME	MORE	DURING CONSTRUCTION
C. CONSTRUCTION DIFFICULTY	LITTLE	SOME	EXTREME	LARGE SIZE	MORE	
D. DESIGN COMPLEXITY	LITTLE	HOST	MORE	LARGE SIZE	SOME	
E. MAINTENANCE COST	MOST	LITTLE	*	LEAST	LITTLE	
F. COST TO RAISE LEVEL	HODERATE	HIGH	HIGH	HODERATE	HIGH	UNLIKELY HEED
G. APPEARANCE	UNOSTRUSIVE	FAIR TO POOR	600D TO FAIR	BEST	GOOD	JUDGMENTAL
H. OLB PERSONNEL AT STORM	REQUIRED	HONE	HONE	HONE	NONE	
I. EXISTING BRIDGES	UTILIZE	UTILIZE	UTILIZE	REMOVE	RENOVE	

^{*} MAINTENANCE INSPECTION AND PAINTING OF EXISTING BRIDGE GIRDERS INPAIRED

^{**} ELEVATIONS ARE IN FEET - N.G.V.D.

TABLE VI-3
BRIDGE MODIFICATION ALTERNATIVES - TYPICAL COST COMPARISON



FILMORE AVE. BRIDGE MODIFICATIONS

BETWEEN LEVEES

APPROACHES

TABLE VI-3

BRIDGE MODIFICATION ALTERNATIVES

TYPICAL FLOW AREA COMPARISON

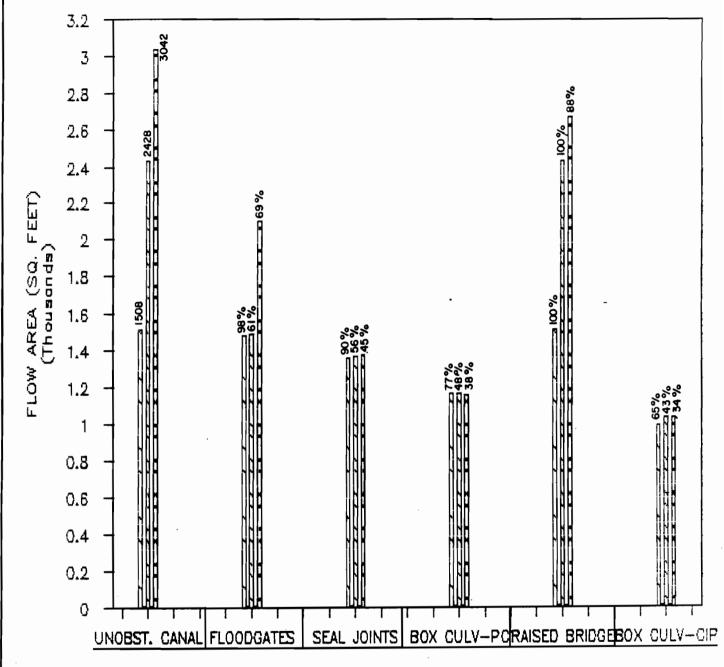
FILMORE AVENUE CROSSING

	ALTERNATIVES						
WATER SURFACE	FLOODGATES	SEAL JOINTS,	PRECAST CONC.	MEN CIP CONC.	NEW RAISED	UNOBSTRUCTED	
ELEVATION	Exist. Bridge	WALLS, ETC.	BOX CULVERT	BOX CULVERT	Bridge	Channel	
4.25 FT. M.G.V.D.	1488	1364	1167	988	1508	1508	
(BOT. OF EXIST. BMS.)	98 2	90%	77 2	65%	100 2	100 2	
9.25 FT. N.G.V.D.	1488	1364	1167	1036	2428	2428	
(TOP OF EXIST. PARAPET)	612	56 2	48%	43 2	100%	100%	
11.80 FT. N.G.V.D.	2102	1364	1167	1036	2672	3042	
(HIGH STILL WATER SURFACE)	69%	45 Z	38%	34 x	88%	100%	

NOTES:

- 1. FLOW AREAS ARE IN SQUARE FEET.
 PERCENTAGE SHOWN IS PERCENT OF
 UNOBSTRUCTED CHANNEL.
- 2. N.G.V.D. = NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM

TABLE VI-5
BRIDGE MODIFICATION ALTERNATIVES-TYPICAL FLOW AREA COMPARISON



FILMORE AVE. BRIDGE MODIFICATIONS

WATER SURFACE EL. 4.25' N.G.V.D.
WATER SURFACE EL. 9.25' N.G.V.D.
WATER SURFACE EL. II.80' N.G.V.D.

TABLE VI-5

TABLE VI-6

BRIDGE ALTERNATIVE -CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE "FLOODGATES"

FILMORE AVENUE BRIDGE

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	<u>AMOUNT</u>
FOUNDATION				
Excavation Piles - 16" SQ.PPC	CY .	. 250	10	\$ 2,500
(50 Ft.Lg. at 20T) Sheet Piling (PZ22x20 Ft.Lg.) Concrete Sill/Ftg. Tracks	EA LF CY LF	96 192 144 168	1,250 300 200 20	120,000 57,600 28,800 3,400
WALL				
Concrete Walls & Posts w/Reinf Sheet Piling (I-Wall Future)	CY	82	350	28,700
(PZ22x30 Ft.Lg.)	LF	83	450	37,000
GATE				
A36 Steel Seals-Neoprene Rollers, Locks, Inserts	LBS LS LS	33,600 LS LS	8,000 8,000	67,000 8,000 8,000
OTHER ITEMS				
Utility Modifications	LS	LS	10,000	10,000
Contingencies (10%)				37,000

Note: The Floodgate Alternative includes 2 gates - each gate is 42 ft. long by 9 ft. high with a 39 ft. clear opening. The gate and sill footing is 96 ft. long by 8 ft. wide. The total structure includes 83 ft. of I-wall for a total length of 266 ft. along the levees.

TOTAL (For 2 Gates).....\$408,000

BRIDGE ALTERNATIVE -CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE "SEAL JOINTS, WALLS AND ANCHORS"

FILMORE AVENUE BRIDGE

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
ANCHOR SYSTEM				
Superstructure Connection A36 Steel (8-W36's) Concrete Block/Wall Support	LS LB	48 81,000	1.75	\$ 25,000 141,800
(10 Locations) Piles - 16" SQ.PPC	CY	85	300	25,500
(60 Ft.Lg. at 20T) Added Girder-Deck Studs	EA EA	48 None	1,500 50	72,000 NA
HEADWALL				2-
Concrete Walls (2-12" Thick) Base Connections Waterstop + Chip Floodwall Sheet Piling (PZ22x30 Ft.Lg.)	CY LS LF	135 10 350	300 - 14 450	40,500 10,000 4,900 83,800
SEAL JOINTS				
Test Existing Copper Strip Repair Allowance	LF LF	200 50	20 170	4,000 8,500
OTHER ITEMS				
Remove End Bent Walls Manifold Drains Utility Modifications Slope Pavement	EA LS LS SF	4	500	2,000 25,000 25,000
Contingencies (15%)				70,000

TOTAL....\$538,000

Note:

The Seal Bridge Alternative includes a bridge deck area that is 40 ft. wide and 175 ft. long, including a 28 ft. roadway with 6 ft. walks. The headwall is 350 ft. (175 ft. each side) long and 9.5 ft. high. Also included are 8-6 pile anchors supporting 8-44 ft. long W36 steel beams. The total length along the levees is 266 ft. which includes 186 ft. of floodwall.

BRIDGE ALTERNATIVE - CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE "PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERT"

FILMORE AVENUE BRIDGE

<u>ITEMS</u>	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
<u>FOUNDATION</u>				
Excavation Underwater Piles - 16" SQ.PPC	LS	(600 cy)		\$ 75,000
(50 Ft.Lg. at 20T) Footing	EA CY	76 200	1,250 400	95,000 80,000
BOX CULVERT				
Bottom Slab (12"tk.) Walls (12"tk.) Roof (9"tk.) Waterstop (12)	CY CY CY LF	285 160 220 504	400 500 500 7	114,000 80,000 110,000 3,500
HEADWALL				
Walls Waterstop (2) Sheet Piling, Floodwall Filler Walls at Sides	CY LF LF CY	125 350 186 10	350 7 450 350	43,800 2,500 83,800 3,500
REVETMENT				
Concrete Block Mats (6 ft. ea. side x 175')	SF	2,100	4	8,400
OTHER ITEMS				
Manifold Drains Utility Modifications Add Concrete Block Mats	LS LS SF	LS LS 7,000	25,000 25,000 4	25,000 25,000 28,000
Contingencies (20%)				155,000

Note: The Precast Concrete Box Culvert Alternative includes a bridge deck area that is 40 ft. wide and 175 ft. long, including a 28 ft. roadway with 6 ft. walks. The headwall length is 350 ft. (175 ft. each side) long and 10 ft. high. The flow area provided is 1,167 sq.ft. The total length along the levees is 266 ft. which includes 186 ft. of floodwall.

TOTAL....\$932,500

BRIDGE ALTERNATIVE - CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE "NEW RAISED BRIDGE"

FILMORE AVENUE BRIDGE

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
MAIN BRIDGE (173'X40') Superstructure Substructure	SF SF	6,920 6,920	16.50 18.50	114,180 112,020
GIRDER SPANS (276'X40') Superstructure Substructure	SF SF	11,040 11,040	16.50 17.50	182,160 193,200
SLAB SPANS (320'X40') Superstructure Substructure Curtain Walls	SF SF LF	12,800 12,800 640	9.50 16.50 120.00	121,600 211,200 76,800
ROADWAY ON FILL (355'X40') Approach Slabs Embankment Roadway	SF SF	1,600 12,600	15.50 7.50	24,800 94,500
DEMOLITION (175'X40')	LS	LS	200,000.00	200,000
SHEET PILING, FLOODWALL	LF	186	450.00	83,800
MODIFY CONNECTING ROADS Gen. Haig & Orleans Ave. Marconi Drive	LF	170	300.00	51,000
(Portion is Raised) Orleans Ave. w/Wall	LF	400	750.00	300,000
(Optional)	LF	150	550.00	
OTHER ITEMS Utility Modifications	LS	LS	40,000.00	40,000
Contingencies (10%)				180,000

TOTAL....\$1,985,260

The Raised Bridge Alternative includes a 40'x173' Main Bridge, 40'x596' Approach Bridge, 40'x355' Fill Roadway, and 725 L.F. Connecting Roads. The total length along the levees is 266'

which includes 186' of floodwall.

Note:

TABLE VI-10

BRIDGE ALTERNATIVE - CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE "NEW CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE BOX CULVERT"

FILMORE AVENUE BRIDGE

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
<u>DEMOLITION</u>				
Existing Bridge (40'x 175')	LS	LS	200,000	200,000
BOX CULVERT (140'x40')				
Excavation (3') Timber Piles (50' Lg.) Concrete Bottom (18") Concrete Walls (1x86'x40'Lg.) Concrete Roof (18") Waterstops (16x40 tk.) Concrete Block Mats	LS EA CY CY CY LF SF	LS 261 315 127 311 640 2,100	20,000 750 400 500 500 7	20,000 200,000 126,000 63,700 155,500 4,500 8,400
HEADWALLS				-
Walls (7.9'high avg.x176'Lg.x2) Waterstop Floodwall Sheet Piling	CY LF	103 352	300 7	30,900 2,500
(PZ22x30 Ft.Lg.)	LF	186	450	83,800
ROADWAY				
Asphalt Subbase (2'tk.) Asphalt Pavement (4") Walkways (6'x24"tk. x 350'Lg.)	CY SY CY	415 435 47	35 15 100	14,500 6,500 4,700
CONCRETE SLAB SPANS				
Slab Spans Bents Curtain Walls	SF SF LF	1,440 1,440 72	9.50 16.50 120	13,700 23,800 8,600
OTHER ITEMS				
Utility Modifications	LS	LS	25,000	25,000
Contingencies (20%)				200,000

Note: The Cast-in-Place Concrete Box Culvert Alternative includes a 40'x175' Deck Area, 28' Roadway w/6' Walks, 176'long x 7.9' high Walls and provides 1,525 sf. of flow area. The total length along the levees is 266' which includes 186' of floodwall.

TOTAL.....\$1,192,100

Special Condition Modifications

VII. SPECIAL CONDITION MODIFICATIONS

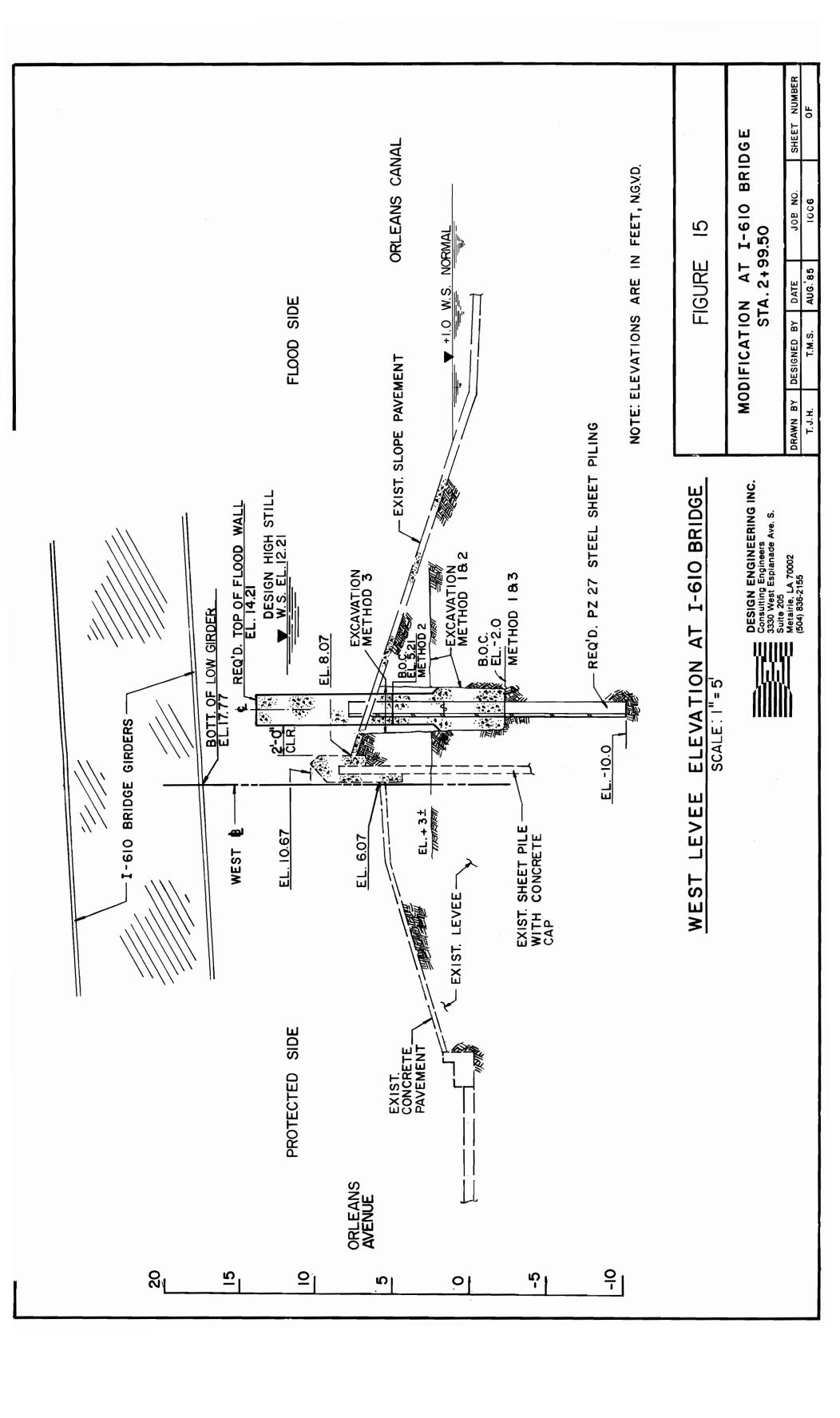
A. Modification at I-610 Bridge

The I-610 Interstate Highway bridge crossing the Orleans Canal near Pumping Station No. 7 (Sta 2+99.5) has a minimum bottom of girder elevation of +16.86 NGVD. This elevation is about 2.5 feet above the required top of floodwall at this location. The existing floodwalls have a top elevation of about EL +10.6, which is lower than required by about 3.5 feet. Therefore, a new sheet pile with a new top floodwall elevation of +14.21 NGVD is proposed. (See Figure 15.) Fortunately, the bridge does not have to be modified in any way since it clears the top of the new floodwall.

The installation of new steel sheet pile for the floodwall cannot be done with conventional driving equipment and is a difficult construction item due to the limited "headroom". There are actually two separate headroom problems. One is to find a crane which can operate in the limited clearance (about 16 feet) under the I-610 bridge at Orleans Avenue and at Marconi Drive and also reach the 40-45 foot distance required to install the wall. The other problem is to install the floodwall with only 2.5 feet of clearance between the top of the proposed wall and the bottom of the low bridge girder.

There is agreement among local contractors that, although difficult, this work can be done. A small "cherry picker" type hydraulic crane will meet the necessary clearance requirements and can reach the required distance. This crane will have only one work line, which means each activity must be done with the one line in lieu of the two normally available. Also, the minimum head room for driving sheet pile using a small hammer is about 7 feet, therefore, a concrete I-wall upper section must be used.

Three possible methods of installing the floodwall are described below. Method 1 is the "excavation method". The entire top of the levee, about 25 feet in width and 110 feet in length, is excavated and the existing wall is removed. This platform type excavation is carried from the present elevation of +8 down to EL+3.0 NGVD. Then a five foot deep by two foot wide trench will be



excavated to EL-2.0 NGVD along the floodwall alignment. Twelve-foot long sections of PZ27 are then lowered into the trench and driven to tip EL-10.0 NGVD using a small drop or vibratory hammer. After completion of driving of the entire under-bridge area, a reinforced concrete I-wall about 16 feet deep is constructed from EL-2.0 to EL +14.21 NGVD. The area is then backfilled roughly to its original shape, leaving approximately 6 feet of I-wall projecting. With the levee excavated, a temporary measure will be required to maintain flood protection in the event of high water. Sand bags stacked on the platform type excavation from EL+3.0 to +8.0 NGVD is one type of temporary protection.

Method 2 is the "splice method". It is similar to Method 1, except that 6-foot long PZ27 sections are butt-welded to the driven sections. This brings the top of the steel sheet piling up to EL+8.0 NGVD. A shorter 9-foot high reinforced concrete I-wall is then constructed.

Method 3 is the "slide and drive" method. A narrow two foot wide trench is excavated down to EL-2.0 NGVD beneath the entire bridge width and extended several feet beyond on one side. Twelve-foot long sections of PZ27 are then lowered into the trench at the one side and slid under the bridge one pile at a time as subsequent sections are interlocked and lowered into the trench. When the entire string in in proper horizontal alignment, a small drop hammer is used to drive the sheets to EL-10.0. A 16 foot deep reinforced concrete I-wall is then constructed from EL-2.0 to EL+14.21 as in Method 1. Since the levee is not excavated, a temporary flood protection measure is not required. (See Figure 15.)

The Contractor should be given the option to choose his preferred installation method for this portion of the work. The preliminary cost estimate used in the tabulation is based on Method 2 and assumes an installed cost of steel sheet piling three times the cost of conventional construction.

Substantial cost savings can be obtained if the existing sheet pile wall could be utilized. Details of its construction will be investigated in the design phase to see if it could be reused.

B. Modification at 30" Waterline

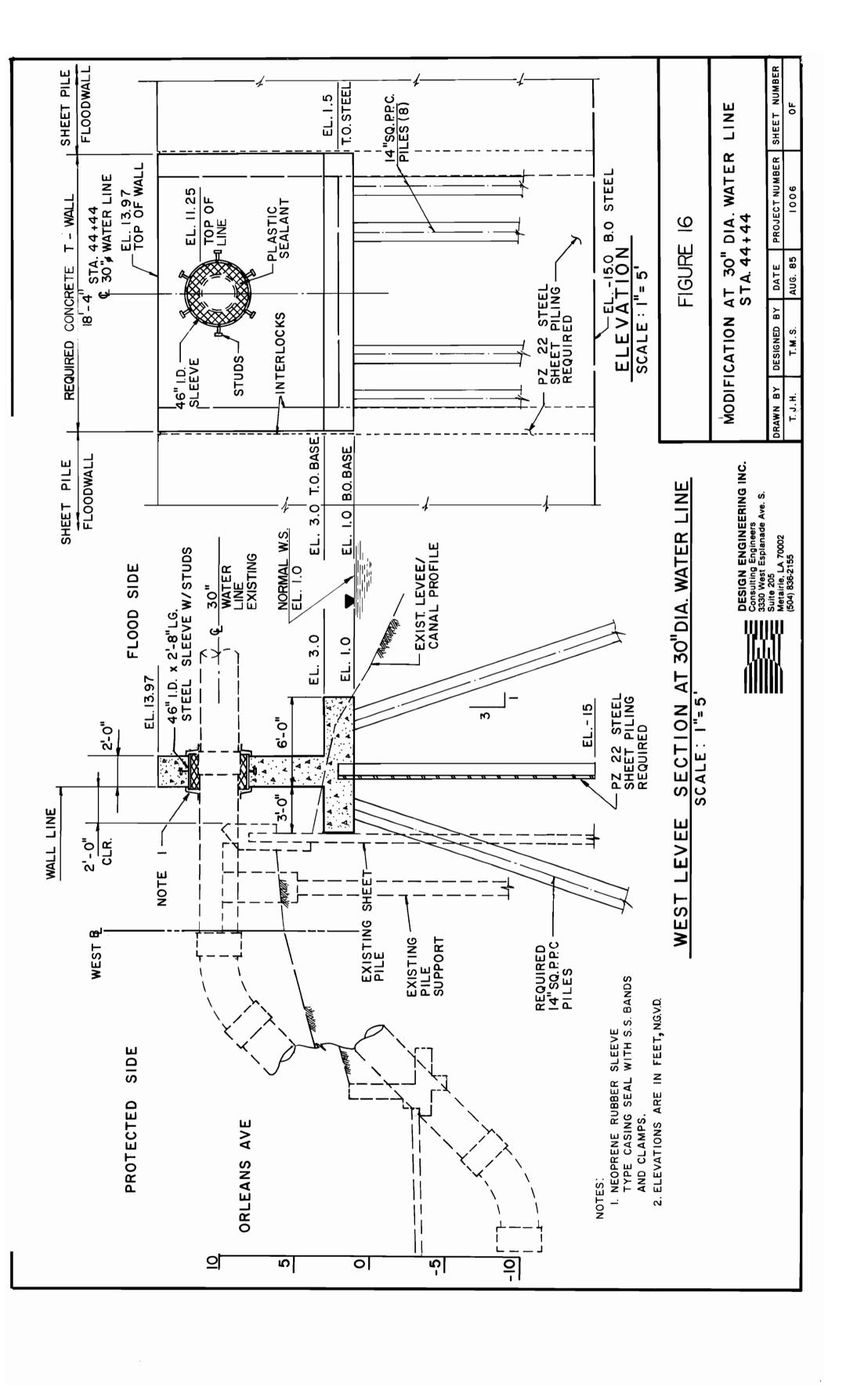
The 30-inch diameter steel water pipeline crossing the canal at Station 44+44 is about 4 feet below the level of protection required at this location. In order to provide the required protection and to prevent any damage to the waterline, pile supported T-walls with top at the required level of protection are proposed on both the east and west levees. The pipeline will pass through an oversized steel sleeve cast in the T-wall. The annular opening between the pipeline and the sleeve will be closed with neoprene rubber sleeve-type casing seals and packed with plastic sealant allowing independent movement of the pipeline. (See Figure 16.)

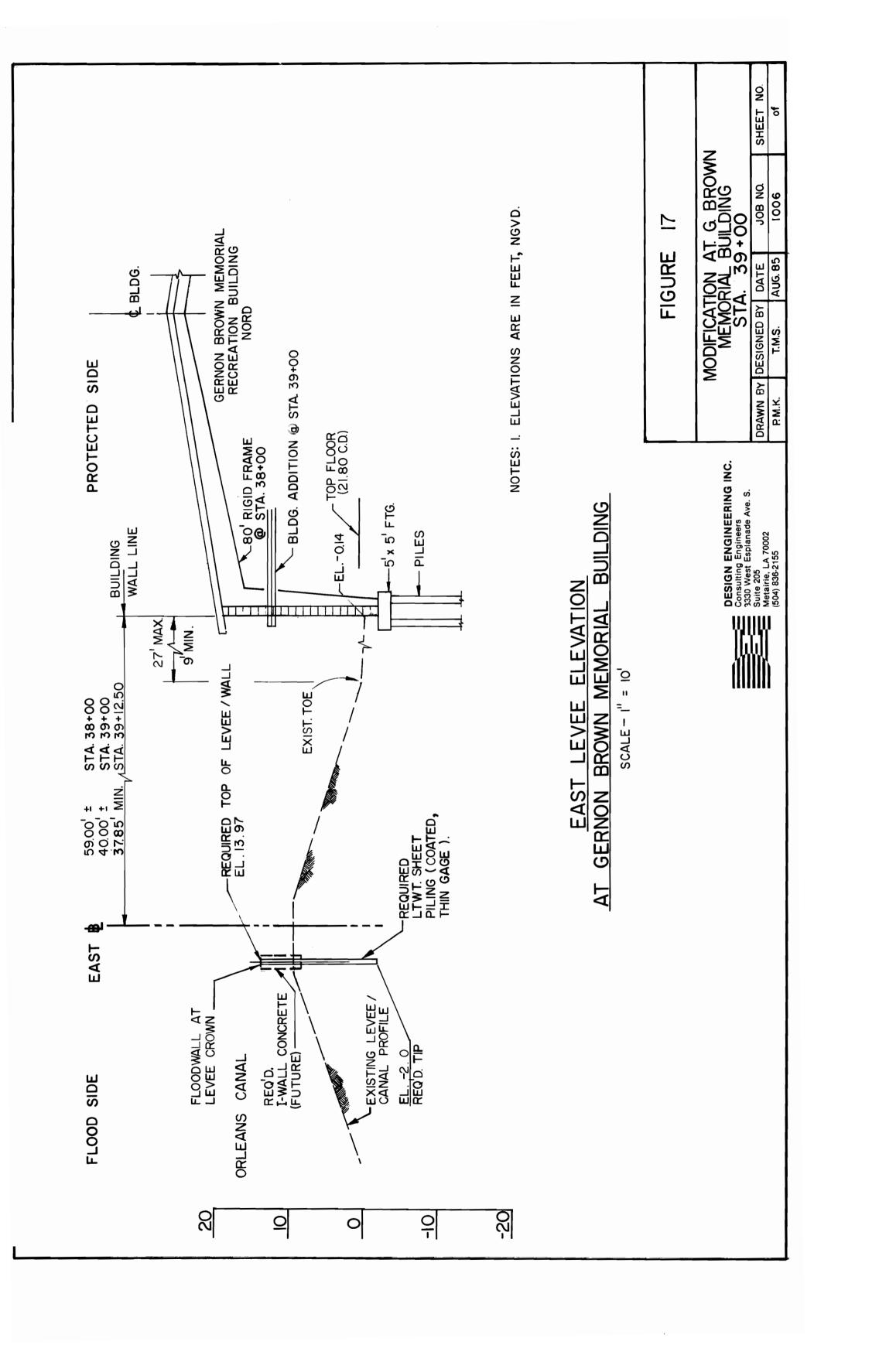
C. <u>Modification at Gernon Brown Memorial Recreation</u> Building

The gymnasium and recreation building located north of Harrison Avenue near Sta. 39+00 is close to the the existing levee toe. To avoid interference with the building and associated walk space and parking area, a floodwall along the existing levee crown rather than additional earthen fill is recommended to raise the level of protection in this reach. The sheet pile floodwall will provide the increased flood protection and will not interfere with the building.

This wall would project only about 4.5 feet above the existing levee crown. A wall of this type would cost about \$150 per linear foot for light-weight, coated steel sheet piling and \$100 per linear foot for the concrete I-wall upper section. No additional earthen fill would be required with this solution. (See Figure 17 for the proposed modification at Gernon Brown Memorial Building.)

The cost is based on the I-wall along the crown of the levee and has been included in Reach E-3 of the Typical Levee Modifications.





D. Modification at Electric Vault Buildings

There are five large electric transformer vaults housed in 12'x16' brick enclosures near the existing east levee toe between Robert E. Lee Boulevard and Lakeshore Drive (Sta. 100+00 to 125+00). These electrical vaults are located from 10' to 36' distance from the top of the east levee crown. A sixth vault is located 119'off of the levee crown and should not be affected by the levee construction. (See Plan and Profile Sheets 8 and 10 in Appendix.)

The two vaults nearest the lake are within the levee reach proposed to be raised to EL+18.00 NGVD. The remaining three vaults are in the zone where the levee is to be raised to EL 13.6 NGVD. The close proximity of the levee to these vaults indicates they will all have to be relocated when the levee is raised, if the earthen fill alternative is selected.

Contact has been made with New Orleans Public Service, Inc., the owners of the vaults. They have supplied drawings descriptive of the vaults. They estimate relocation costs to be \$30-40,000 per vault plus conduit relocation of \$250 per foot with 100-foot minimum. We have approximated the relocation cost to be \$60,000 per vault for budget purposes.

There would be a substantial savings if any of the vaults did not require relocation. A change of levee alignment wherein the existing landside toe was maintained and the canal side toe was shifted towards the center of the canal when the levee was raised may avoid the vault relocation requirement. A minimum canal cross-section must be maintained, but the meandering courses of both of the levees in this reach does indicate some shifting would be acceptable.

The adoption of the alternative of a floodwall at the crown of the existing levee for this reach of modification would nullify the need for relocation of the vaults.

E. Modification at Pumping Station No. 7 (Interim)

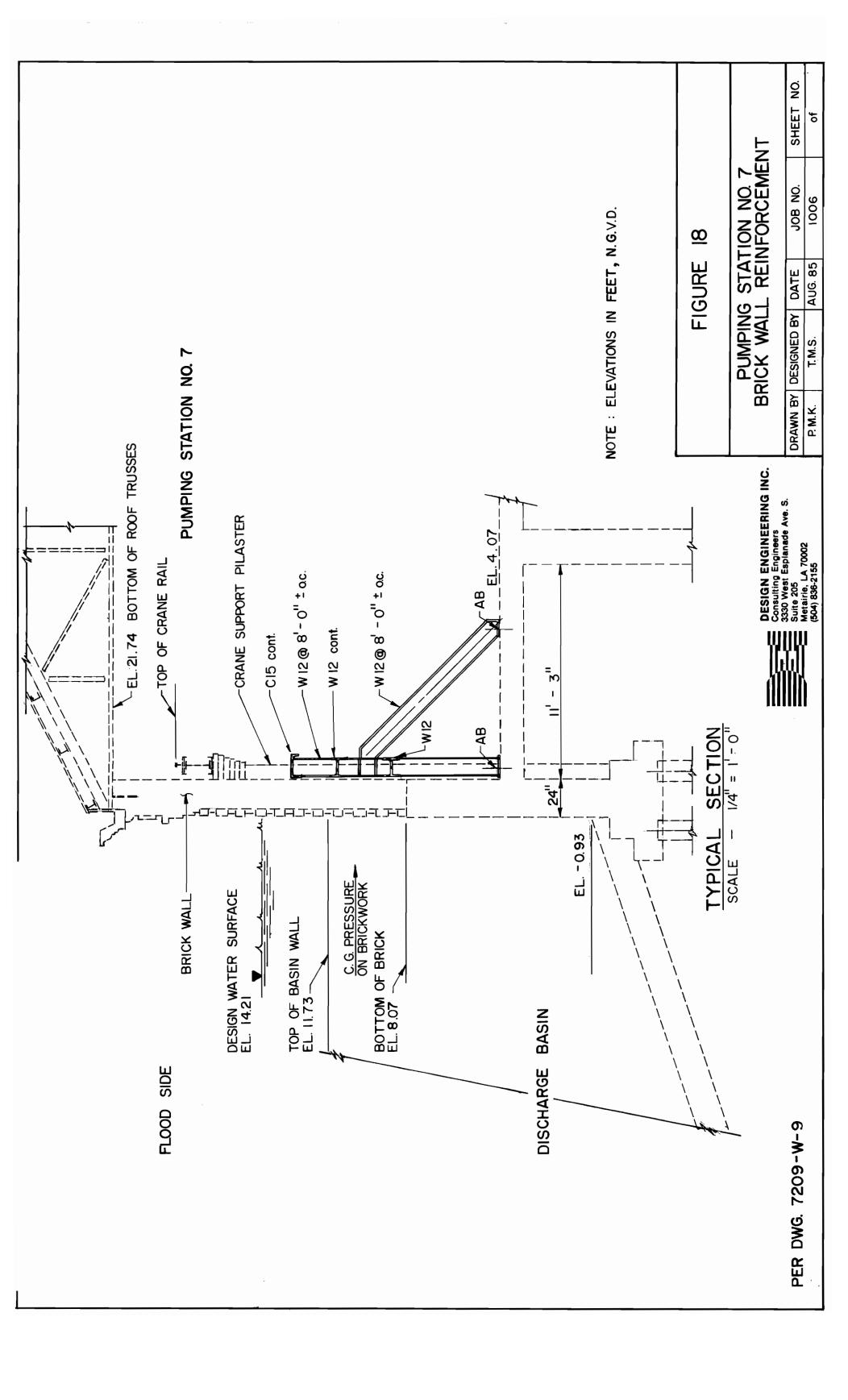
The required interim levee system modifications at the pumping station consist of raising the level of protection of the discharge basin sheet pile/concrete cap walls and the reinforced concrete walls abutting the pumping station building, as well as insuring that the strength of the building's brick wall facing the canal is sufficient to resist flood loads.

The existing discharge basin sheet pile/concrete cap walls have a top elevation of +10.63 NGVD on the east and +10.57 NGVD on the west side. These existing basin walls between the I-610 Bridge and the Pumping Station structure are about 3'-8" below the required flood protection level of EL+14.21 NGVD. Therefore, new sheet pile walls with a top elevation of +14.21 NGVD are proposed.

The existing reinforced concrete walls abutting the pumping station building have a top elevation of +11.59 NGVD on the east side and +12.03 NGVD on the west side. These walls are about 2'-7" maximum below the required level of EL+14.21 NGVD. Therefore, cast-in-place concrete extensions to the walls are proposed with a top elevation of +14.21 NGVD. Holes for grouting in reinforcing steel dowels will be drilled into the existing top of the walls. An epoxy coating will be applied to the surface of the existing top of wall concrete to assure bond to new concrete. If necessary, neoprene rubber waterstops can be used between the existing top of wall concrete and the new wall extension concrete to assure watertightness.

The brick walls of the pumping station have a bottom elevation of +6.90 NGVD. This is 7.31 feet below the required level of protection. Therefore, the walls must withstand the hydrostatic pressure of 7.31 feet of water. The existing brick wall has no windows or other openings (the window openings were filled with brickwork under a previous Sewerage and Water Board contract). brickwork is approximately 2 feet thick. With the brick wall "spanning" to the roof trusses at elevation EL 20.58 NGVD the maximum tension stress in the brick work will be 27 psi under the required hydrostatic load. The weight of brick above the point of maximum wall tension imposes a compression stress of only 8 psi; therefore, there will be tension stress in the brickwork. Since the brickwork cannot, for design purposes, be relied upon under tension stress, a strengthening steel grillage is proposed. (See Figure 18.)

In order to provide the required hydrostatic load capacity the Sewerage and Water Board has proposed a new exterior floodwall to be added along the building wall facing the canal. This new



floodwall would be constructed in the center portion of the building length a short distance away from the brickwall in conjunction with proposed new discharge piping. There is a similiar floodwall at the 17th Street Canal Pumping Station. If this wall is constructed some of the strengthening steel grillage proposed above could be omitted.

F. Back Flow Prevention at Pumping Station No. 7 (Interim)

The three existing large (14-foot diameter) horizontal drainage pumps and related discharge pipes at Pumping Station No. 7 present a possible pathway for high water in the Orleans Canal to backflow through the pumping station and cause flooding of the surrounding area. However, even though this backflow pathway exists, backflow could occur only if the pumps were non-operative.

The Sewerage and Water Board of New Orleans has installed a backflow suppression system to prevent backflow occurrence. It is an air pressure injection system. This system is capable of raising the air pressure in the empty upper loop of the discharge pipe and pump casing to a value greater than the hydrostatic head pressure developed by design high water levels.

The air pressure injection system requires a reservoir of water to be in the suction basin to be operational. Except for the need of the reservoir of water in the suction basin, this system is highly reliable as a backflow preventer, and the Sewerage and Water Board is very confident in the operation of this system.

The Sewerage and Water Board has also installed a pump impeller stop mechanism that will provide a resistance to backflow and the discharge pipes have vacuum breakers to prevent syphon effects.

G. Modification at Drainage Syphon

The large drainage syphon structure built underneath the canal bottom about forty feet north of the bridge at Robert E. Lee Boulevard must be given special consideration to integrate it into the protection improvement project. The concrete box syphon is approximately 12'-6" wide by 10'-0" deep and has a top elevation of -4.0 NGVD as it crosses the crown of the existing levees. Steel sheet piling are cast into the sides of the

concrete structure and project out from the concrete a short distance. These sheet pilings are installed near the access manways at the crown of the existing levees and act as cut-off walls for the syphon.

To include this structure in the flood protection, it is proposed to extend the floodwall that is required for the Bridge Modification at Robert E. Lee Boulevard to connect with the existing sheet piling cast into the sides of the syphon concrete. The floodwall will then be further extended to tie into the earthen levees which are set back a considerable distance from the existing levees. (See Plan and Profile Sheet 7 in the Appendix.)

The cost of the improvement at the syphon has been included in the construction cost estimate for Typical Levee Improvements for Reaches E-6 and W-6.

H. Modification at Pumping Station No. 7 (Final)

In addition to the Interim Protection provided at Pumping Station No. 7 by discharge basin wall improvement, building wall reinforcement and backflow suppression system detailed in the preceding sections; more positive improvements that will meet the "creditable" criteria of the USCE are proposed for the "Final" flood protection improvements phase.

A floodwall/levee structure is proposed across the full width of the discharge basin about 80 feet north of the pumping station wall line. The three large discharge pipes will be extended and will pass through the floodwall/levee. The pipes will have closing sluice gates installed near the floodwall. With these additional constructions, positive flood protection and backflow prevention will be assured at the pumping station.

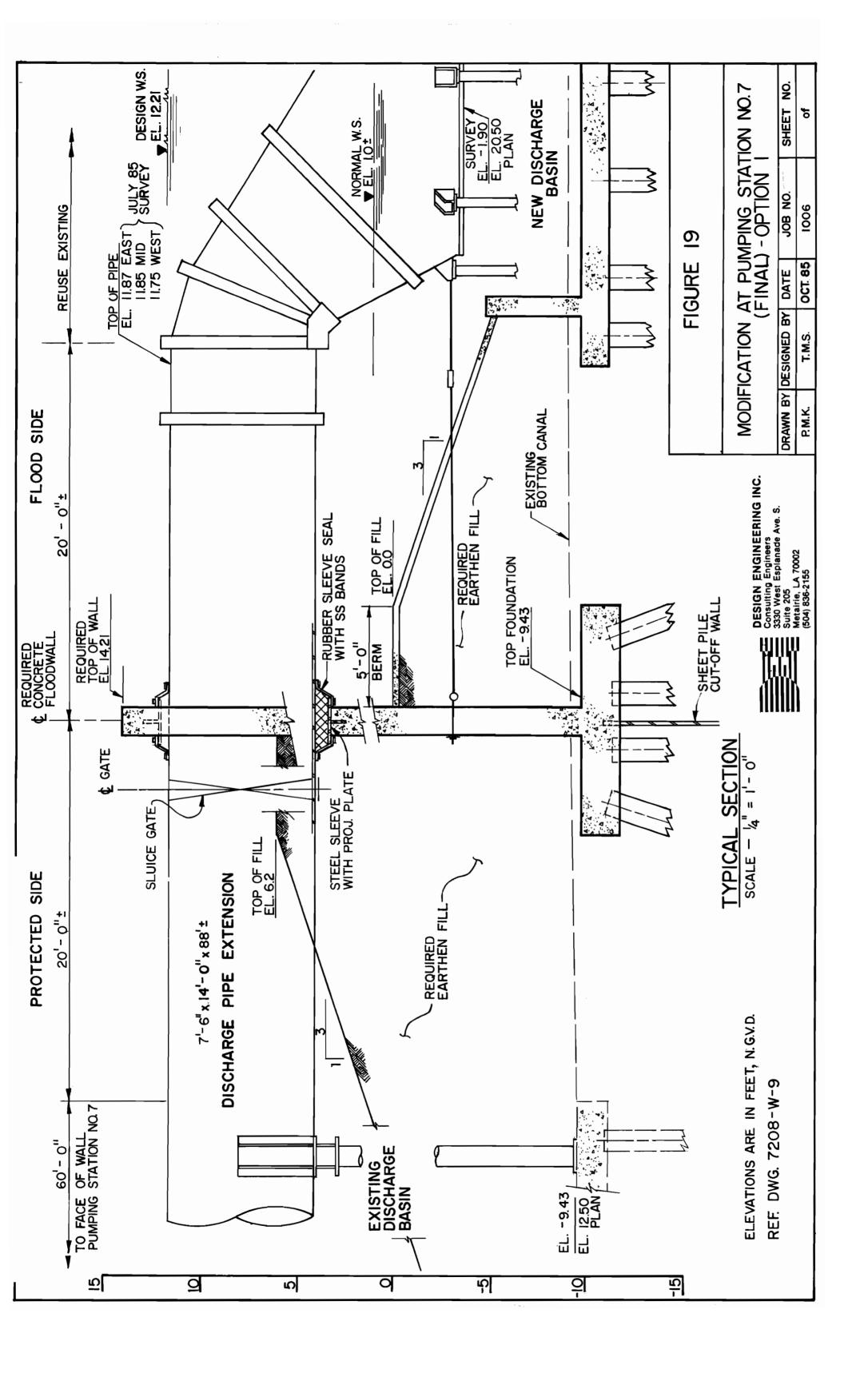
The floodwall/levee structure will consist of a pile- supported cantilevered, concrete floodwall with earthen fill on both the pumping station side and the canal or lake side. The height of fill on each side will be economically selected to best balance the forces on the concrete floodwall with design high water and design low water conditions. The length of the structure will be approximately 200 feet. The floodwall will have a top of concrete elevation of +14.21 NGVD, corresponding to the required level of protection needed at this location. The top of foundation for the floodwall

will be at EL -9.43 NGVD which corresponds to top of concrete across the existing discharge basin. The floodwall will therefore have an overall height of 23.64 feet.

The characteristics of the large (14-foot diameter) drainage pumps will not allow raising of the discharge pipelines over the top of the floodwall/levee structure. Therefore the discharge pipes will be passed through the structure and sealed to the concrete portion to assure watertightness. Large sluice gates will be constructed a short distance from the floodwall on the pumping station side which will positively close the backflow path through the discharge pipelines should the need for this occur.

The design of the floodwall/levee structure and large sluice gates at the discharge pipelines is a complex undertaking and is beyond the scope of this report. For this report an outline sketch has been developed for the approximate cost estimate and concept discussion purposes. (See Figure 19.)

Anticipating the possible objection of the Sewerage and Water Board of New Orleans to the concept illustrated in Figure 19, another concept was developed and is illustrated in Figure 20. The estimated cost for either improvement appears to be nearly the same, therefore, regardless of which concept is finally accepted the magnitude of cost should remain the same.



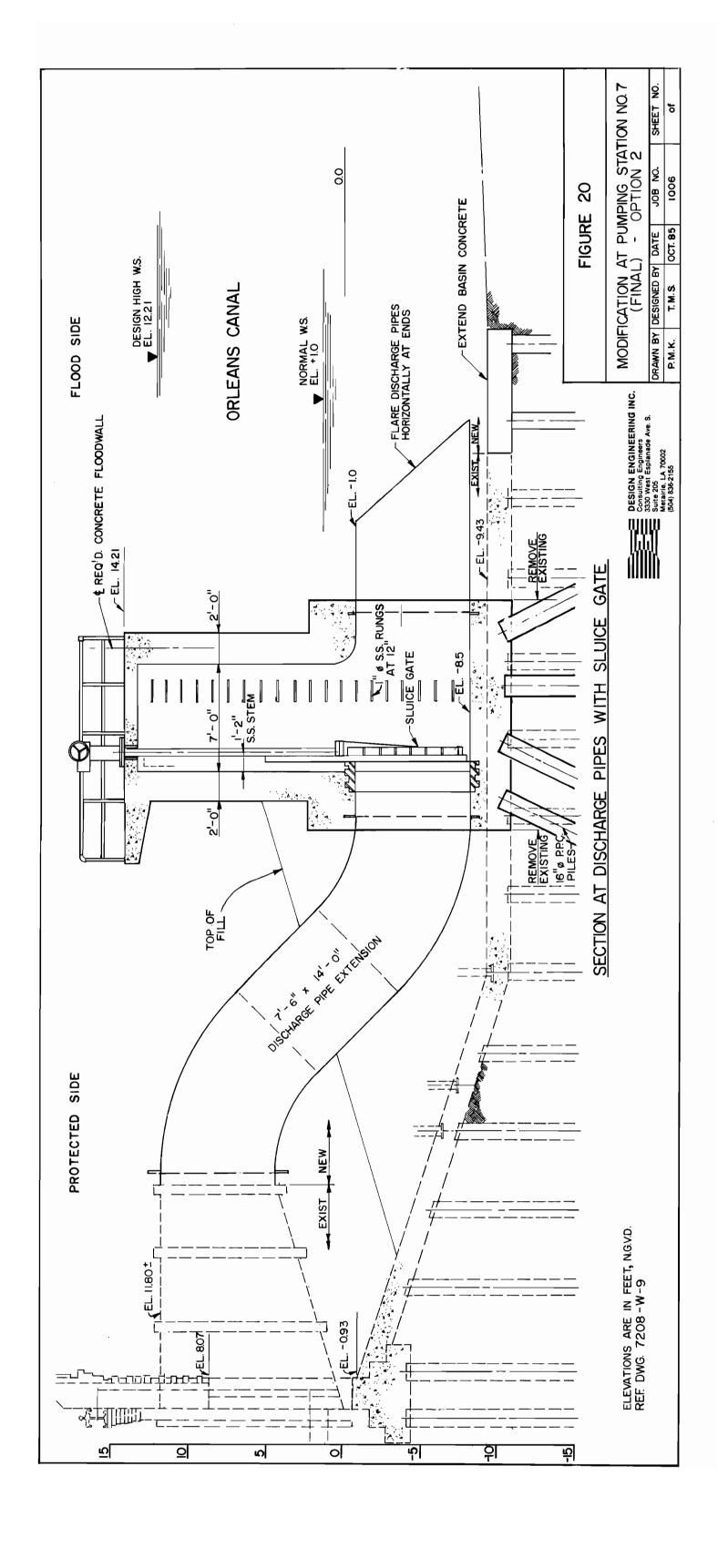


TABLE VII-1

SPECIAL CONDITION MODIFICATIONS CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE

ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
I-610 BRIDGE; STA 2+99.50 (22	0 L.F.)			
Trench + Grout Floodwall Sheet Piling (PZ27 X 18 ft. lg.)	CY LF	400 220	100 810	40,000 178,000
Concrete I-Wall (2' X 9' X 220')	CY .	147	300	44,000
Subtotal	(LF)	(220)	(1,190)	\$262,000
30" DIAMETER WATERLINE; STA 4	4+44 (36.7	L.F.)		
Piles - 14" sq. PPC (40 ft. lg. at 15T)	EA	16	500	8,000
Concrete T-Wall Bases (2' X 9' X 18'-4" lg.)	CY	25	200	5,000
Concrete T-Wall Walls (2' X 11' X 18'-4" lg.)	CY	30	350	10,500
Sheet Piling (PZ22 X 17 ft. lg.)	LF	37	250	9,250
Sleeves and Seals (48" Dia.)	EA	2	500	1,000
Subtotal	(LF)	(36.7)	(920)	\$33,750

GERNON BROWN MEMORIAL RECREATION BLDG. (NORD); STA 39+00 (290 L.F.) (Included in Reach E-2)

ELECTRIC VAULTS (NOPSI); STAS 100+00 to 125+00 (1300 L.F.)

Relocation of Vaults (NOPSI Estimate)	EA	5	35,000	175,000
Conduit Relocation	LF	500_	250	125,000
Subtotal	(LF)	(1,300)	(230)	\$300,000

TABLE VII-1 - (continued)

SPECIAL CONDITION MODIFICATIONS CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE

<u>ITEMS</u>	UNIT	QUANTITY UNI	T PRICE	AMOUNT
PUMPING STATION NO. 7 (INTERIM)	; STAS	1+52.50 TO 2+44.5	50 (184 I	L.F.)
Brick Wall Reinforcment (Steel Grillage)	LF	160	100	16,000
Sheet Piling (PZ27 X 30 lg.)	LF	180	450	81,000
Concrete I-Wall (2' X 9'-6 high)	LF	180	285	Future
Concrete Wall Extension (EL 11.63/12.03 to 14.21)	LF	76	60	4,500
Subtotal w/o Concrete I-Wall	(LF)	(184)	(552)	\$101,500
Concrete I-Wall (2' x 9'-6" high) (Final)	LF	180	285	\$ 51,300
Subtotal with Concrete I-Wall	(LF)	(184)	(830)	\$152,800

EROSION WALLS NEAR LAKE; STAS 123+00 TO 128+70

- Erosions Walls to Remain in Place, see "Lakefront Approach Levees"
 DRAINAGE SYPHON; STA 90+60
 - Drainage Syphon tie-in cost included in Levee Reach E-6 and W-6 -

MODIFICATION AT PUMPING STATION NO 7 (FINAL)

Floodwall	LF	160	100,000	402,000
Sluice Gates	EA	3		300,000

SUBTOTAL \$702,000+

Recommendations and Estimated Cost Summary

VIII. RECOMMENDATIONS AND ESTIMATED COST SUMMARY

A. Recommendations

From the engineering study performed during the development of this Design Memorandum, the following major construction recommendations are made to provide flood protection along the Orleans Avenue Canal required by the USCE High Level Plan.

- 1. Typical Levee Floodwall Modifications:
 - a. A new sheet pile floodwall should be constructed on the westside of the Orleans Avenue Canal between Pumping Station No. 7 and Robert E. Lee Blvd. (Reaches W-1 through W-5). This new wall should be installed on the canal side of the existing wall. The cost of installing this wall is estimated to be \$6,335,000.
 - b. The concrete I-wall upper section of the new westside floodwall ("Final" protection improvements) should be omitted from the initial phase of construction to reduce the project cost of Interim Protection. The cost to install the concrete I-wall is estimated to be \$2,636,000.
 - c. A new floodwall at the crown of the existing levee should be used on the eastside levee of Orleans Avenue Canal to raise the existing levee to the new required elevations from Pumping Station No. 7 to Robert E. Lee Blvd. (Reaches E-1 through E-5). The cost for this construction is estimated to be \$1,250,000.
 - d. The concrete I-wall upper section of the new eastside floodwall ("Final" protectionl improvements) should be omitted from the first phase of construction to reduce the cost of Interim Protection. The cost to install the concrete I-wall is estimated to be \$833,000.

- e. Additional earthen fill should be used on the westside levee to raise the existing levees from Robert E. Lee Blvd. to Sta. 118+00. (Reach W-6.) The cost for this construction is estimated to be \$662,000.
- f. A floodwall at the crown of the existing levee should be used on the eastside levee from Robert E. Lee Blvd. to Sta. 118+00. (Reach 6.) The cost for this construction, including the concrete I-wall, is estimated to be \$636,000.
- g. Additional earthen fill should be used on the westside to raise the existing levees to the required storm wave freeboard levels from Sta. 118+00 to Sta. 125+00. (Reach W-7.) The cost for this construction is estimated to be \$131,000.
- h. A floodwall at the crown of the existing levee should be used on the eastside from Sta. 118+00 to Sta. 128+00. (Reach E-7.) The cost for this construction, including the concrete I-wall, is estimated to be \$948,000.
- i. Study should be undertaken in the Final Design Phase to reduce the area of land required for additional fill by aligning the levees closer to the center of the canal in Reach W-6 (Robert E. Lee Blvd. to Sta. 118+00).
- j. The levees/floodwalls near the lake, Reaches E-7 and W-7, subject to the higher storm wave freeboard should be constructed as soon as possible because the elevations of the existing protection are more deficient than are the levees and floodwalls in other reaches. The existing levees near the lake vary from 7.0 feet to 5.0 feet below the level recommended by USCE.

2. Bridge Modifications:

a. The Seal Joints, Walls and Anchors alternative should be used at the Harrison Avenue, Filmore Avenue and Robert E. Blvd. crossings to provide the

required flood protection. The construction cost is estimated to be \$317,000, \$538,000, \$645,000 for Harrison Avenue, Filmore Avenue and Robert E. Lee Boulevard respectively.

b. The Bridge Modifications should be constructed as soon as possible because the elevations of the existing level of protection at the crossings vary from 4.50 feet to 2.50 feet lower than the adjacent existing levees along the canal and vary from 8.5 feet to 6.5 feet below the level recommended by the USCE.

B. Estimated Project Cost Summary

The Estimated Project Cost includes the general item costs of mobilization/demobilization of contractor's equipment, a 15% contingency added to the estimated construction cost to provide an allowance for items not included in the estimate, and the professional service fees of engineering, testing, surveying material and resident inspection engineer plus geotechnical or soil engineering services. With the addition of these general item costs to the estimated construction costs the all-inclusive or estimated total project costs are obtained. These total project costs can be used to budget funds from the financing available with good assurance that allocated amounts will be adequate to complete the entire amount of work in a phase of the project.

The Estimated Project Cost Summary for the Orleans Avenue Canal - Flood Protection Improvement Project has been broken into three separate phases consistent with the variable existing deficiency of the system, the financing available and the actual increase in level of flood protection that is achieved by the various proposed improvements.

Phase I - Interim Protection includes upgrading of the most deficient portions of the levee system in harmony with the Recommendations Section. This phase includes the improvement of levees nearest to the Lake (north of Robert E. Lee Boulevard), which are subject to the higher level of flood water caused by storm waves; and the Bridge Modifications, which have a level of protection from 4.5 to 2.5 feet lower than the existing adjacent levee/floodwall system. The total project cost for this construction is estimated to be \$4,815,000. The relocation cost of moving the

five existing electric vaults near the east levee in Reaches E-6 and E-7 has been omitted from the estimated amount since relocation is not required with the floodwall alternative.

Phase II - Interim Protection includes upgrading the entire remaining system not included in Phase I. Namely, this phase includes the new floodwall sheet piling on both the east and west sides of the canal from Robert E. Lee Boulevard south to Pumping Station No. 7; the Special Conditions encountered at the I-610 bridge and the 30" diameter waterline; the interim improvements at Pumping Station No. 7; and, the relocation of existing overhead electric distribution lines which will be required for driving of steel sheet piling. The total project cost for this construction is estimated to be \$10,526,000.

The Final Protection phase includes items required by the USCE for corrosion protection, appearance improvement, or achievement of a higher degree of reliability than that required by OLB parameters. These items include installation of the concrete I-walls on the new floodwall sheet piling along both the east and west sides of the canal from Robert E. Lee Boulevard south to Pumping Station No. 7 and the Floodwall and Sluice Gates comprising the Final Modification at Pumping Station No. 7. The total project cost for this construction is estimated to be \$5,375,000.

The total project cost for both Phase I and Phase II - Interim Protection is \$15,342,000. The total project cost of the Orleans Avenue Canal - Flood Protection Improvement Project, including the Final Protection measures, is \$20,717,000. The Estimated Property Credit based on the "footprint" of the existing levee is \$4,454,000 based on 1,272,600 square feet of right-of-way at \$3.50 per square foot acquisition cost. Therefore, the Grand Total Cost, including Land Acquisition, is \$25,171,000. See Table VIII-1 for complete tabulation of Project Costs.

TABLE VIII - 1

SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED PROJECT COST (PHASE CONSTRUCTION)

ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL--FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

ESCRIPTION	COST	EXTENSIO
HASE I - INTERIM PROTECTION		
MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	\$35,000	
		\$35,000
LEVEE-FLOODWALL:		\$33,000
REACH E-6 (INCLUDING CONC. "I"-WALL)	\$636,000	
REACH E-7 (INCLUDING CONC. "I"-WALL)	\$948,000	
REACH W-6	\$691,000	
REACH W-7	\$131,000	
		\$2,406,000
BRIDGE HODIFICATIONS		
(INCLUDES CONTINGENCY):		
HARRISON AVENUE	\$317,000	
FILMORE AVENUE	\$538,000	
ROBERT E. LEE BLVD.	\$645,000	
		\$1,500,000
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST	\$3,941,000	\$3,941,000

CONTINGENCY (15% EXC. BRIDGE MODIFICATION)	\$366,000	
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL		\$4,307,000
ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MENO. (6.5%)	\$280,000	
TESTING (1.0%)	\$43,000	
SURVEYING (1.5%)	\$64,600	
INSPECTION (2.5%)	\$107,700	
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING SERVICES (1.0%)	\$43,000	
		\$530,300
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OTAL PROJECT COST: PHASE I - INTERIM PROTECTION		\$4,845,300

SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED PROJECT COST (PHASE CONSTRUCTION)

ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL--FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

DESCRIPTION	COST	EXTENSION
PHASE II - INTERIM PROTECTION		
MOBILIZATION / DEMOBILIZATION	\$55,000	
HOUSELERIZON / DEHOUSELERIZON		
		\$55,000
LEVEE - FLOODWALL: REACH W-1 TO W-5	\$6,335,000	
REACH E-1 TO E-5	\$1,250,000	
	**********	\$7,585,000
SPECIAL CONDITIONS: I-610 BRIDGE	\$262,000	
30" WATER LINE	\$34,000	
OVERHEAD ELECTRIC LINES		
P.S. NO. 7 WALLS(INTER	(M) \$102,000	
		\$549,000
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST	\$8,188,000	\$8,199,000
CONTINGENCY (15.0%)	\$1,228,200	
CONSTRUCTION SUBTOTAL		\$9,416,200
ENGINEERINGINCL. DESIGN MEMO. (6.5%)	\$612,000	
TESTING (1.0%)	\$94,000	
SURVEYING (1.5%)	\$141,000	
INSPECTION (2.5%)	\$235,400 ***********************************	
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING SERVICES (1.0%)	\$94,000 	
		\$1,176,400
OTAL PROJECT COST: PHASE II - INTERIM PROTECTI	ION	\$10,592,600
		:=========
SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED INTERIM PROTECTION PROJECT	COST	
OTAL PROJECT COST: PHASE I - INTERIM PROTECTIO	·	\$4,845,300
OTAL PROJECT COST: PHASE II - INTERIM PROTECTI		\$10,592,600
OTAL PROJECT COST: INTERIM PROTECTION		\$15,437,900

SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED PROJECT COST (PHASE CONSTRUCTION)

ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL--FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

\$10,000 \$2,636,000 \$833,000 (51,000) \$402,000 \$300,000	\$10,000 \$3,469,000
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\$72,000	
\$120,200	
\$48,000	
	\$600,700
	\$5,408,900
	\$4,845,300
	\$10,592,600
	\$5,408,900
	\$20,846,800
	\$4,454,000

^{**} COST OF \$51,000 FOR CONCRETE I-WALLS AT P.S. NO. 7 NOT APPLICABLE, IF FLOODWALL BUILT.

Schedule of Construction and Design

IX. SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION AND DESIGN

The Schedule of Construction and Design presents a logical sequence and time frame for accomplishing the major tasks in the Orleans Avenue Canal - Flood Protection Improvement Project. In conformance with the Recommendations section, the construction of improvements to the protection system which are most seriously deficient are included in the first construction contract. The construction of improvements which are less deficient will be included in a following contract. The improvements which are required for USCE creditability and which do not raise the level of protection of the system are grouped for construction in the last contract. (See Figure 21.)

The division of the improvement tasks according to deficiency of segments was first presented in a letter to the Orleans Levee Board (OLB) from Design Engineering, Inc. on September 11, 1985. The matter was discussed and agreement reached in a meeting between OLB personnel and Design Engineering, Inc. on September 20, 1985. (See Appendix.)

Phase I - interim protection improvements include the levee segments north of Robert E. Lee Boulevard and the Bridge Modifications. Construction work on the levee segments and bridge modifications can proceed simultaneously. The work at the three individual bridge crossings will be phased to permit detour of traffic to adjacent bridges, thereby minimizing area-wide traffic disruption.

Final design of the construction plans, preparation of contract documents, advertising for and receiving bids and awarding of construction contract is anticipated to require sixteen months. Construction work is anticipated to require one year due to the necessity for phased construction of the bridge improvments.

Phase II - interim protection improvements include the levee segments south of Robert E. Lee Boulevard and three special condition modification improvements. The work on the east and west floodwalls can proceed simultaneously and the work at the three special condition locations can proceed in sequence. The much heavier and longer sheet piling used on the west floodwall will require the longest period of construction time. Work on the west floodwall will therefore be the critical time determinant. Relocation of the existing overhead electric distribution lines will have to be coordinated with sheet pile driving.

DATE PREPARED: OCTOBER 1985		9 1 2 2 9 9 4 3 7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			FL000	ORLEANS AVENUE CANAL FLOOD PROTECTION IMPROVEMENT		PROJECT	8 9 9 9 9 8 9 8 8 8 8			4 4 1 1 1 2 3 4 4			
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Construction equipment will be positioned on Orleans Avenue to drive sheet piling along the west floodwall. Segments of Orleans Avenue will be closed to traffic when work is proceeding adjacent to each segment. Damage to the pavement of Orleans Avenue is anticipated and repairs to the pavement will be made when work on the west floodwall is completed.

Final design, including Final Protection improvements, preparation of specifications, advertising for and receiving bids and awarding of constructing contract is anticipated to require twenty-two months. Construction work is anticipated to require one year and is governed by the time required to drive piling for the west floodwall.

Final Protection improvements include the concrete I-walls atop both the east and west floodwalls south of Robert E. Lee Boulevard and the modifications at Pumping Station No. 7 (Final). The final design of the Final Protection improvements will be performed concurrently with design of Phase II - Interim Protection. The Final Protection improvements will be included as alternates in the bid documents for Phase II - Interim Protection.

If funding is available, Final Protection improvements can then be awarded and completed with the Phase II - Interim Protection contract. There are some work items that will be reduced or eliminated from Phase II - Interim Protection if Final Protection improvements are constructed at the same time. The length of sheet piling can be reduced if the I-wall of Final Protection is constructed. Also the Interim modifications at Pumping Station No. 7 can be eliminated if Final Protection improvements are constructed. Total construction cost is therefore less if the Final Protection improvements are built with the Phase II - Interim Protection improvements.

If funding is not available, the Final Protection improvements will be advertised and bid when funding is available and constructed under a separate contract.

Assembly of separate contract documents, advertising and receiving bids and awarding of construction contract is anticipated to require four months. Construction work is anticipated to require seven months.

Additional Information Required

X. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED

This section lists the currently known additional information that will be required to complete the Final Design Phase of the Orleans Avenue Canal - Flood Protection Improvement Project.

Two geotechnical aspects, critical to this project, are currently being investigated. One is the seepage characteristics of the underlying sand strata; the other is the creditability of extending the steel sheet piling into the firm sand layer to improve the deep seated stability factor of safety of the west levee from Sta. 50+00 to Sta. 90+00. The results of both of these studies are required.

As the Design Memorandum was being developed several additional special conditions requiring geotechnical engineering analysis were noted. They are: the floodwall at Crystal Street, the floodwall at the crown of the west levee at the Fire Station, and the floodwall at the crown of the east levee near Lakeshore Drive. Additional geotechnical analysis of the Special Condition at the I-610 bridge is warranted due to the high cost and difficulty of construction at this location.

Approval will be required from the Sewerage and Water Board for the measures proposed for backflow prevention (Final Protection) at Pumping Station No. 7. Also, the installation of the building wall reinforcement for Interim Protection will require approval from the Sewerage and Water Board. The proposed movement of the levees north of Sta. 99+00 nearer to the center of the existing canal will require review and approval by the Sewerage and Water Board.

Field investigation to determine the type and condition of the existing sheet piling at the Drainage Syphon north of Robert E. Lee Boulevard is required. Also the type and length of existing sheet piling on the west levee beneath the I-610 bridge should be determined by field investigation.

In addition to the specifically mentioned tasks, it is necessary that all parties affected by the proposed construction, including the Orleans Levee District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, City of New Orleans Department of Streets, New Orleans Sewerage and Water Board and the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development review the proposed levee/floodwall, bridge crossing and special condition improvements and other issues addressed in this report, and accept the common solutions.

Appendices

APPENDIX

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- A. Plan and Profile Drawings
 Title Sheet plus 10 Drawings reduced size
- B. Correspondence: D.E.I. to/from U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Date	To/From	In Reference to
Mar. 27, 1985	to	Request for Design Criteria
Apr. 11, 1985	from	Submittal of Design Criteria
June 12, 1985	from	Backwater Computation-Preliminary
June 28, 1985	${ t from}$	Scope of Work Review Comments
July 17, 1985	to	Request for freeboard allowance
Aug. 1, 1985	from	Freeborad Allowance Criteria
Sept. 24, 1985	from	Lakefront Transition Length and Sluice Gate Reference
Oct. 2, 1985	to	Submittal of Geotechnical Report

C. Correspondence: D.E.I. to/from other agencies or firms

Date	To/From	Agency or Firm/In Reference to
Apr. 26, 1985	to	Sewerage and Water Board Re: Location of Facilities
Apr. 26, 1985	to	Cox Cable of New Orleans Re: Location of Facilities
Apr. 26, 1985	to	New Orleans Public Service Re: Location of Facilities
Apr. 26, 1985	to	South Central Bell Telephone Re: Location of Facilities
Apr. 26, 1985	to	Sewerage and Water Board Re: Request Information
Apr. 30, 1985	to	LA Department of Transportation Re: I-610 Plans
Apr. 30, 1985	to	City Park Re: Location of Facilities
May 3, 1985	from	LA Department of Transportation Re: I-610 Plans
May 6, 1985	from	South Central Bell Telephone Re: No Facilities Near Canal
May 14, 1985	, to	Dept. of Streets, City of New Orleans
July 18, 1985	from	Re: Bridges Open Requirement New Orleans Public Service Re: Location Plans
July 23, 1985	to	Dept. of Streets, City of New Orleans
July 26, 1985	to	Re: Planned Improvements Orleans Levee District Re: Right-of-Way Plans

APPENDIX - TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

Page		To/From	Agency or Firm/In Reference to
Sept.	9, 1985	from	New Orleans Public Service Re: Overhead Electric Lines
Sept.	26, 1985	from	Eustis Engineering Company Re: Geotechnical Investigation
Sept.	27, 1985	from	LA Department of Transportation Re: I-610 Sheet Pile Plans

D. Other Documents by Design Eningeering, Inc.

Date	Type	Subject
Jan. 7, 1985 Sept. 11, 1985	Memorandum Letter to OLD	Progress review meeting summary Phased construction

Appendix A

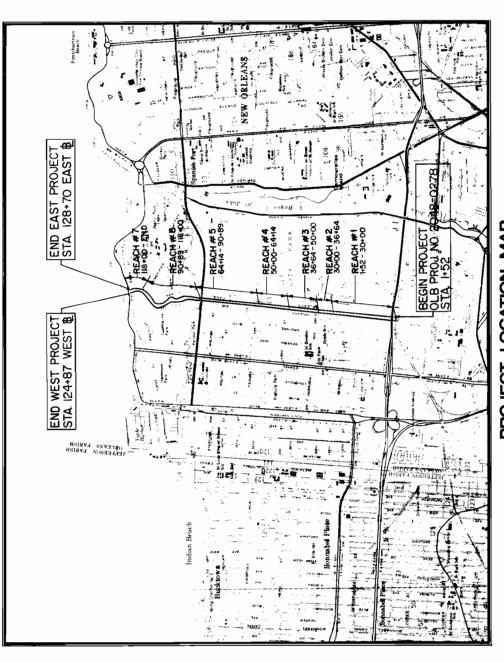
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ORLEANS PARISH, LOUISIANA

ORLEANS LEVEE DISTRICT BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

EMILE W. SCHNEIDER PRESIDENT
JOHN H. ROSS PRESIDENT PRO TEM
WAYNE C. DUCOTE COMMISSIONER
GEORGE TALBOT, JR. COMMISSIONER
FRANK J. UDDO COMMISSIONER
JOHN HAMMOND COMMISSIONER
SIDNEY J. BARTHELEMY COMMISSIONER



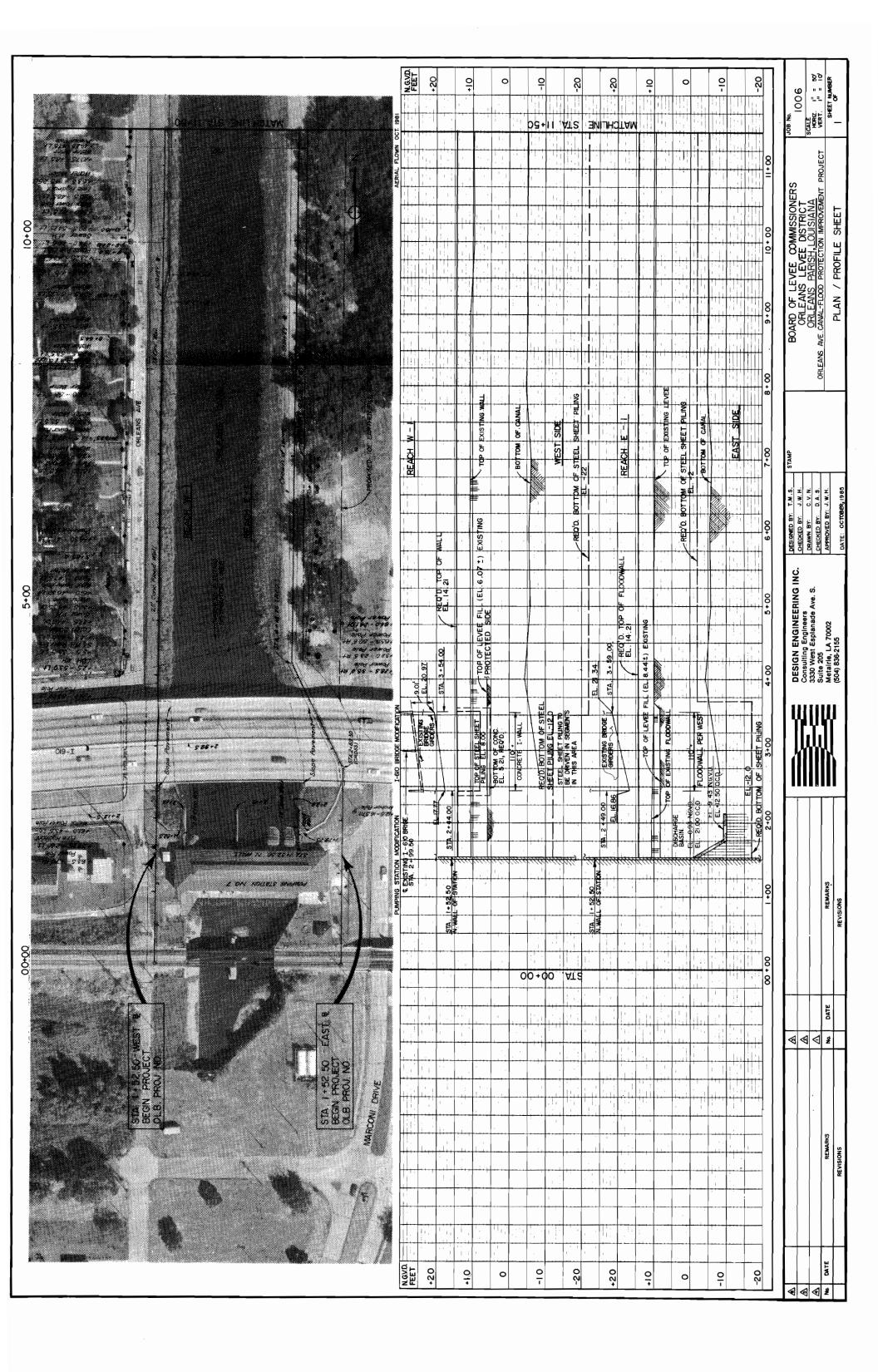
PROJECT LOCATION MAP

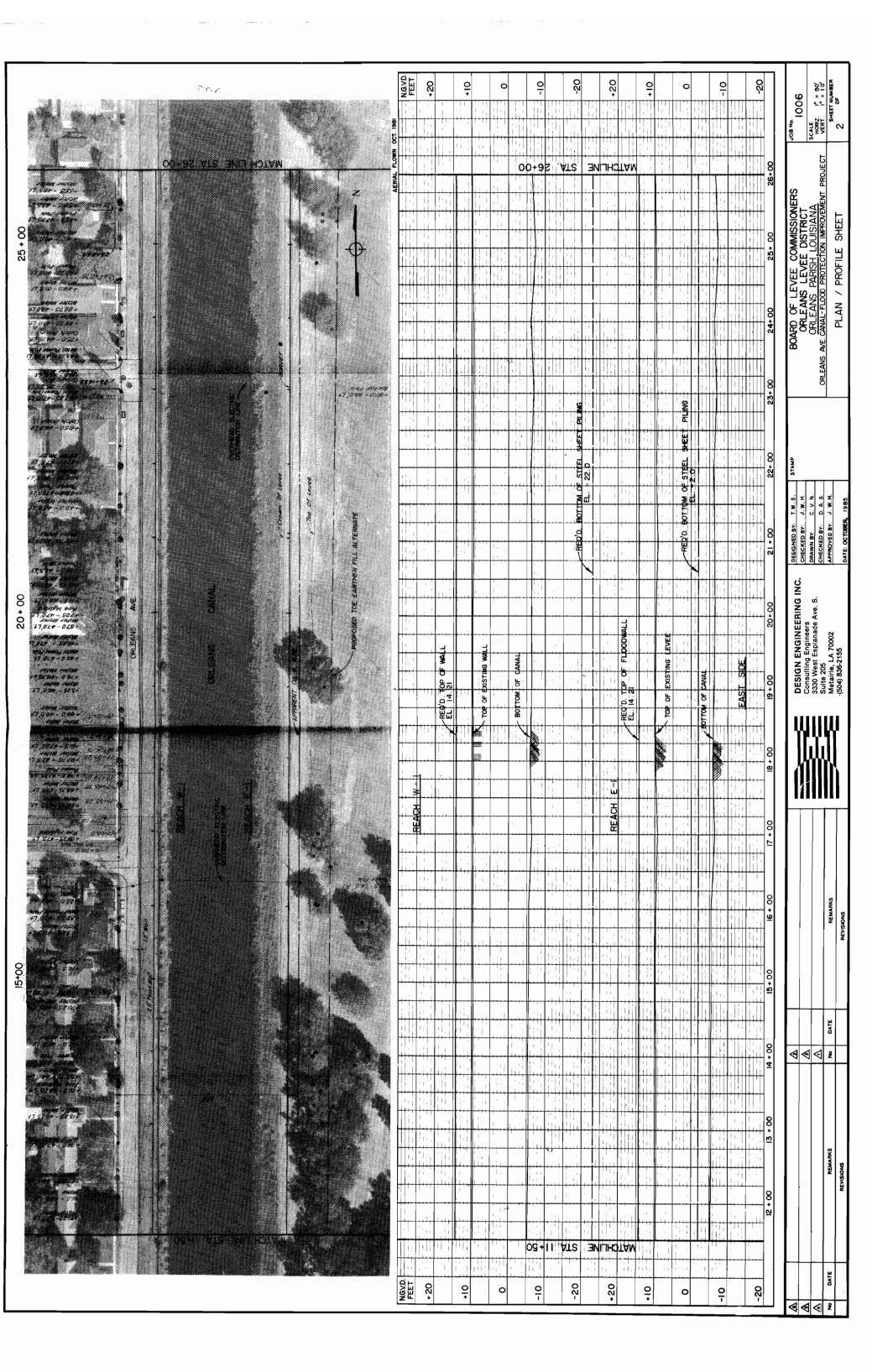


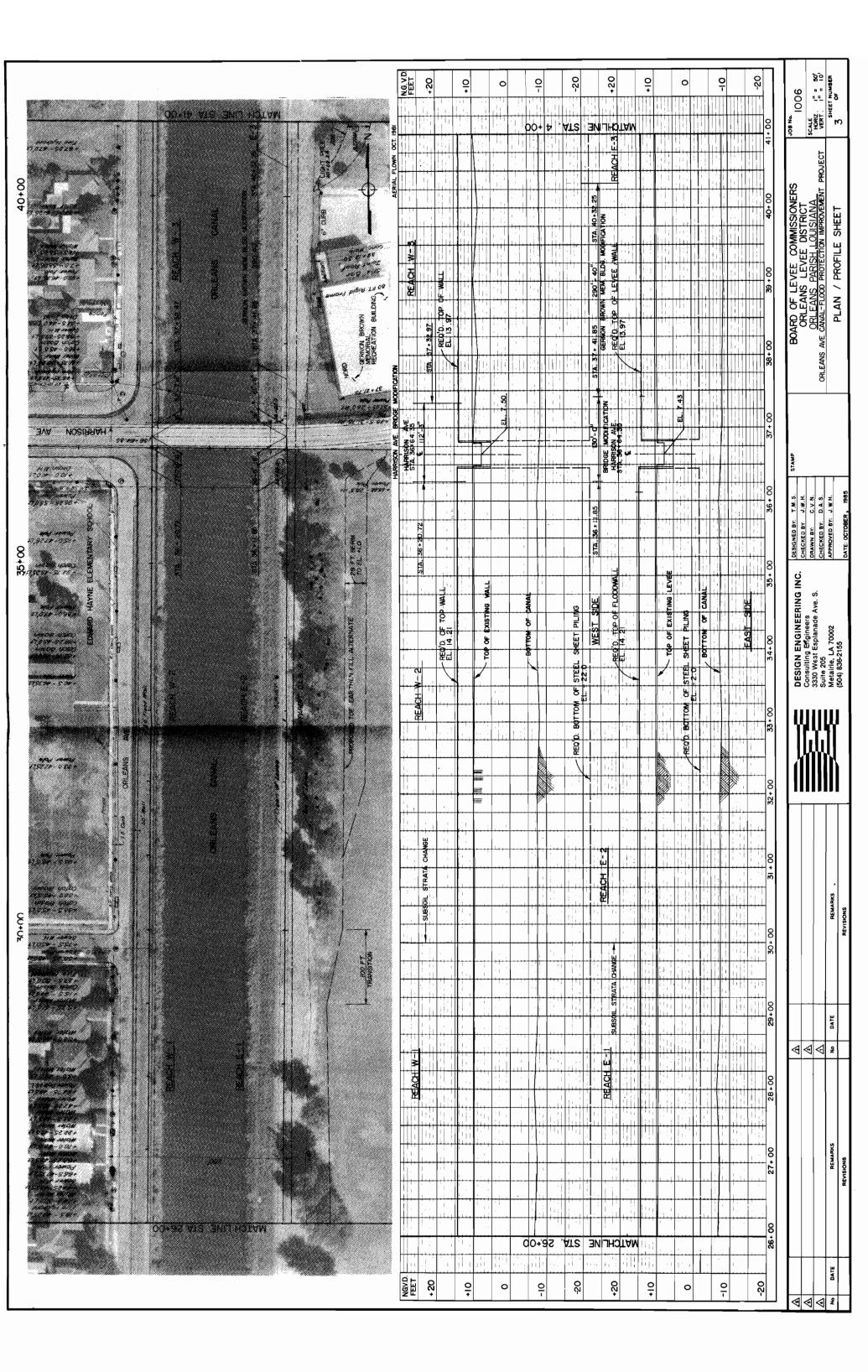
DESIGN ENGINEERING INC.
Consulting Engineers
3330 West Esplanade Ave. S.
Suite 205
Metarie. LA 70002
(504) 836-2155

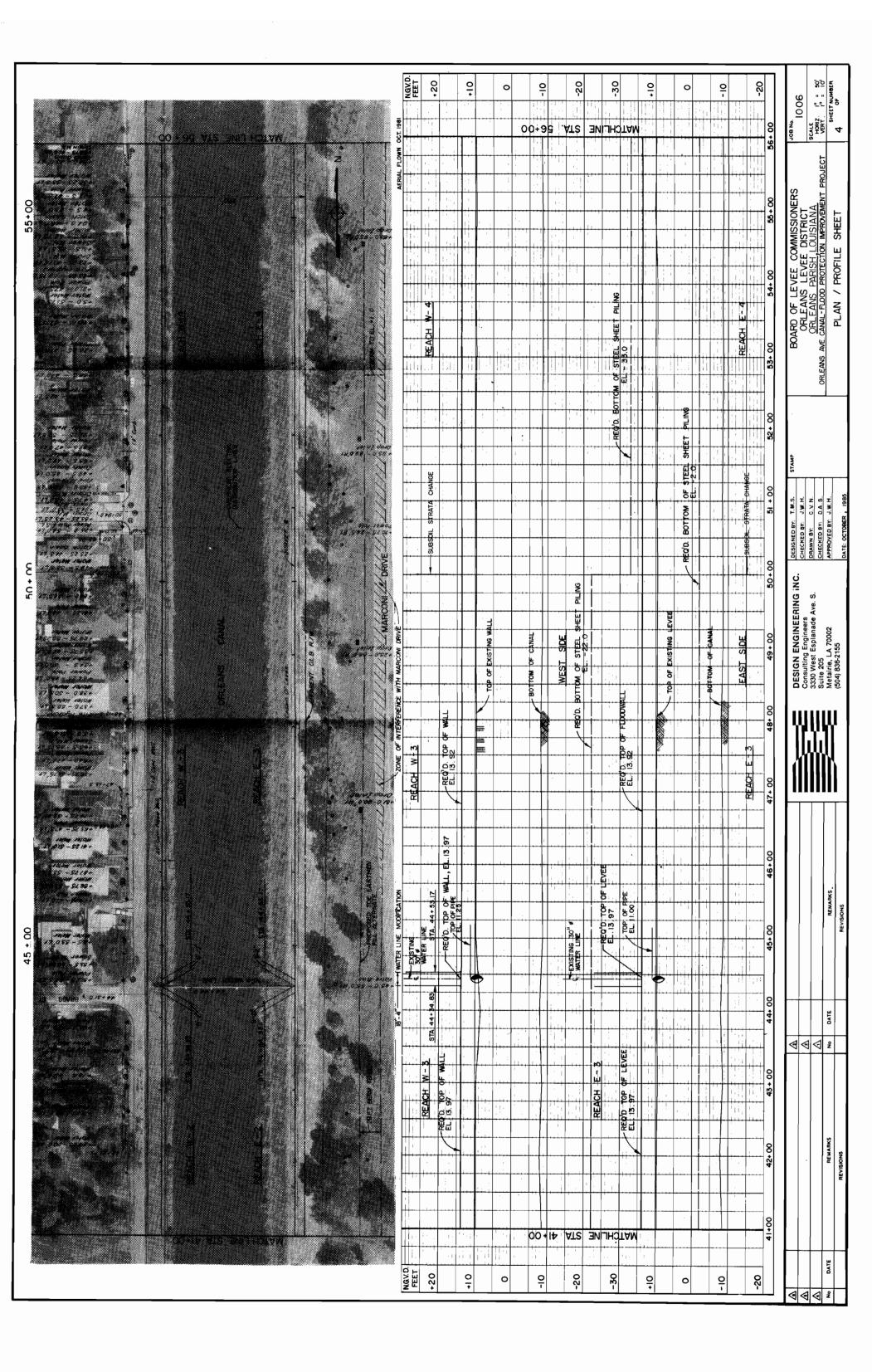
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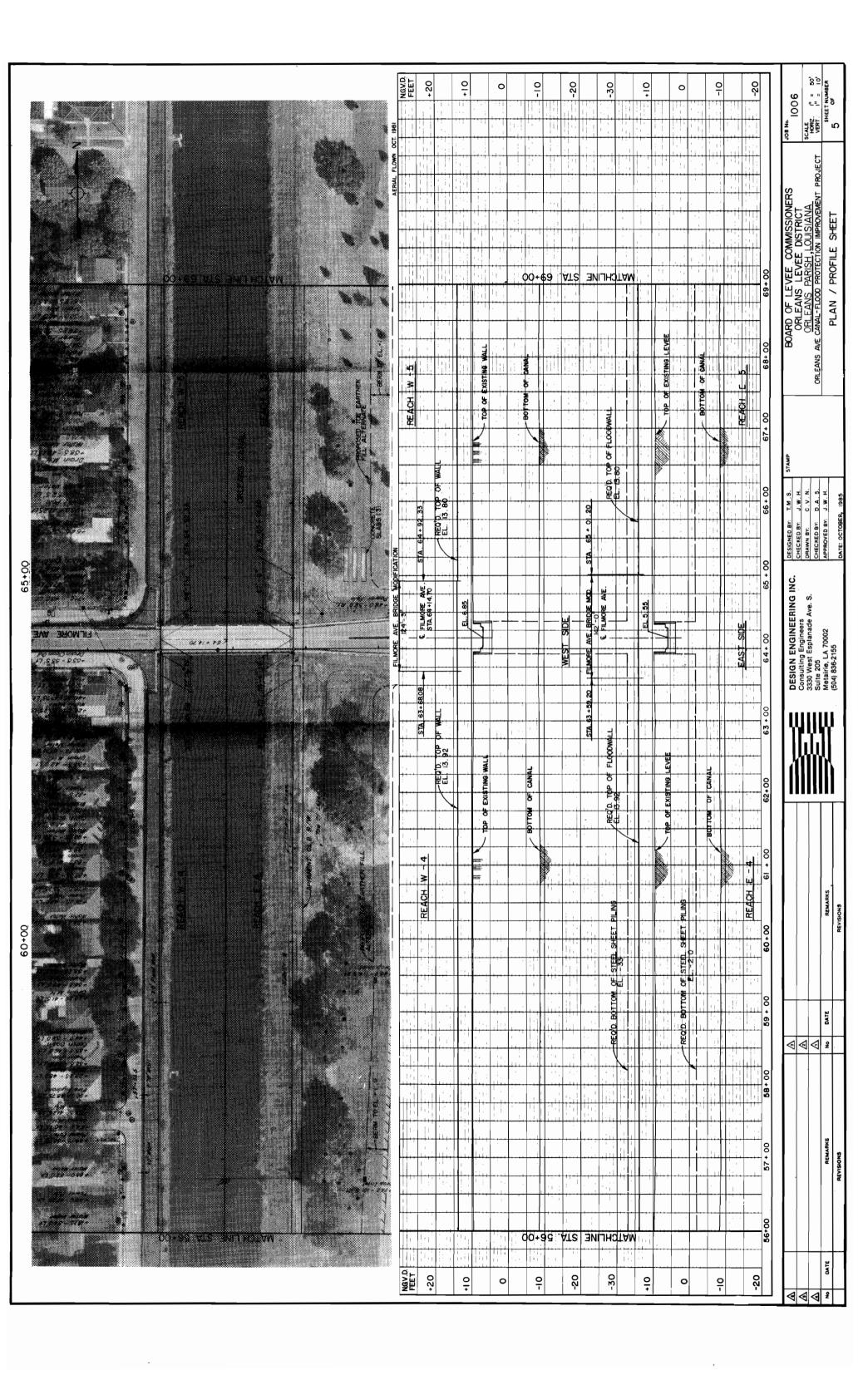
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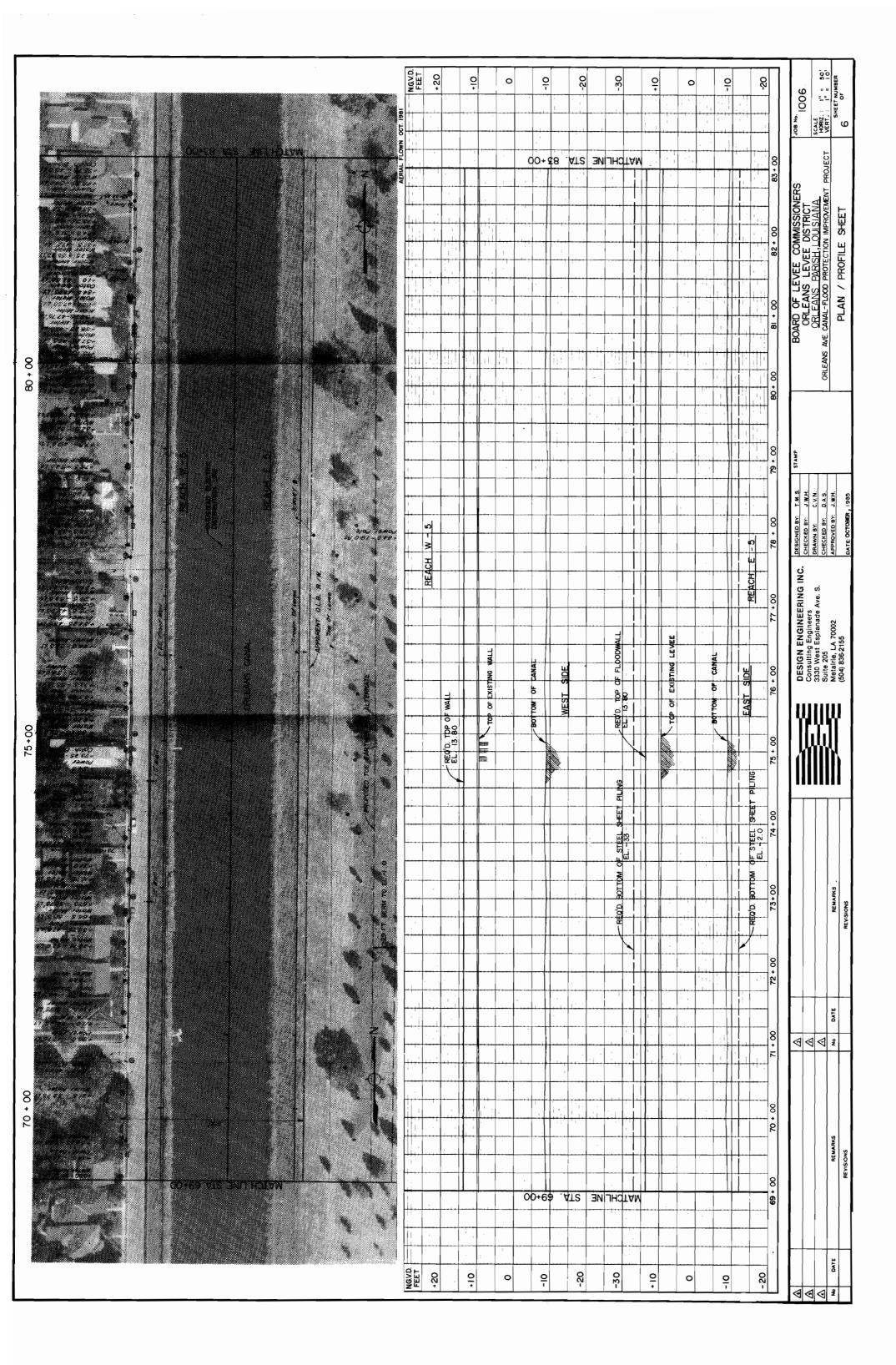


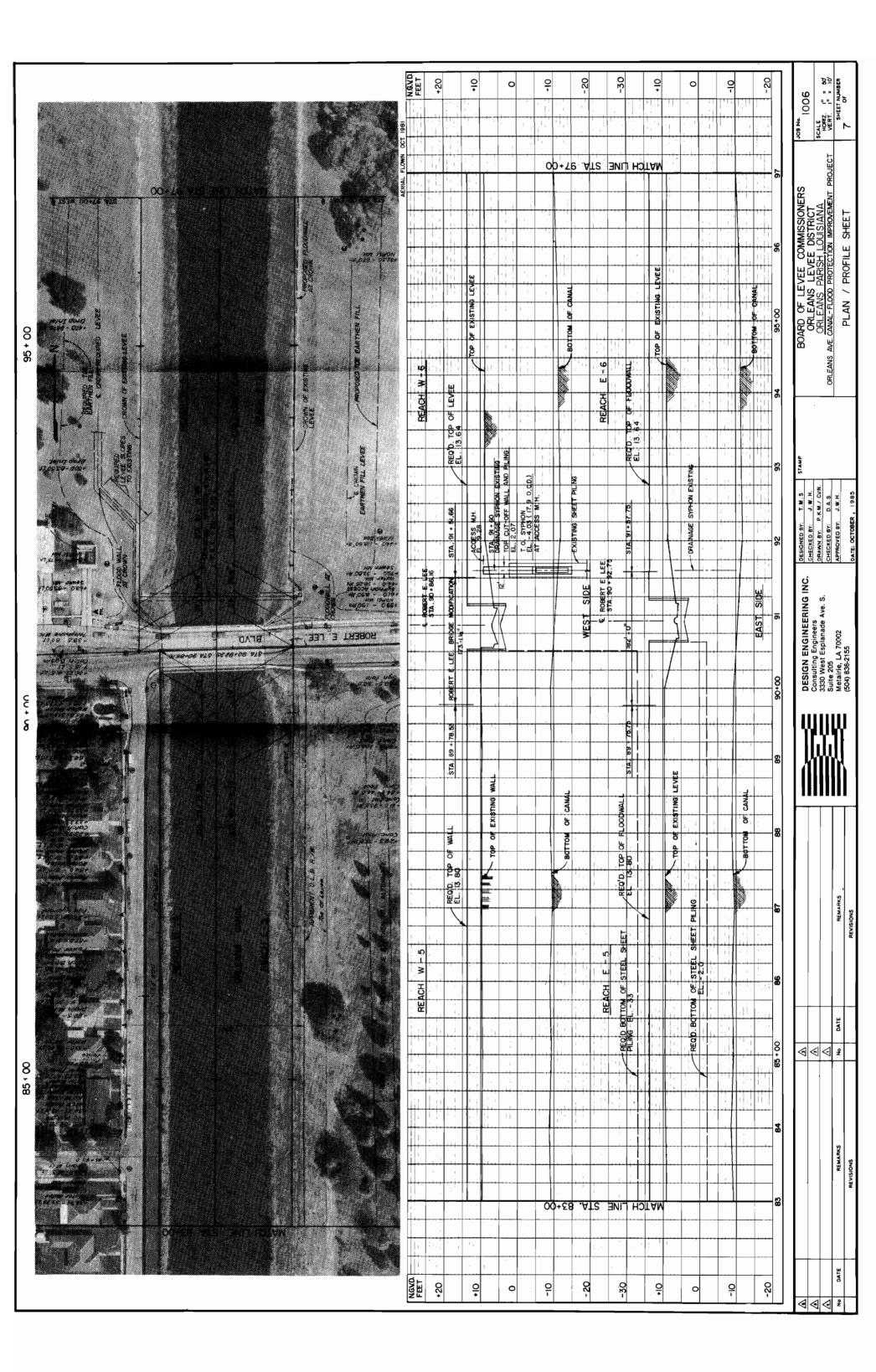


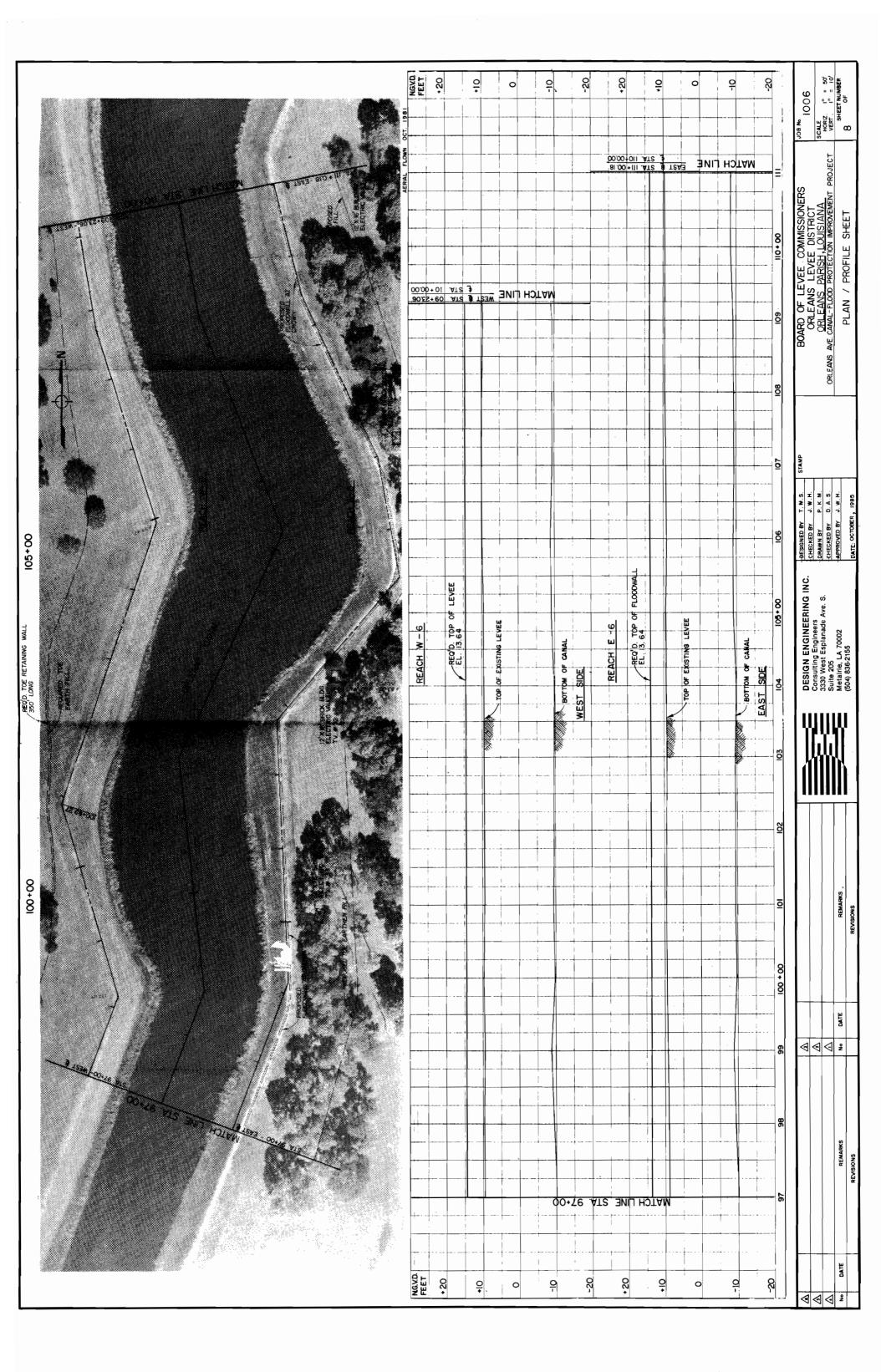


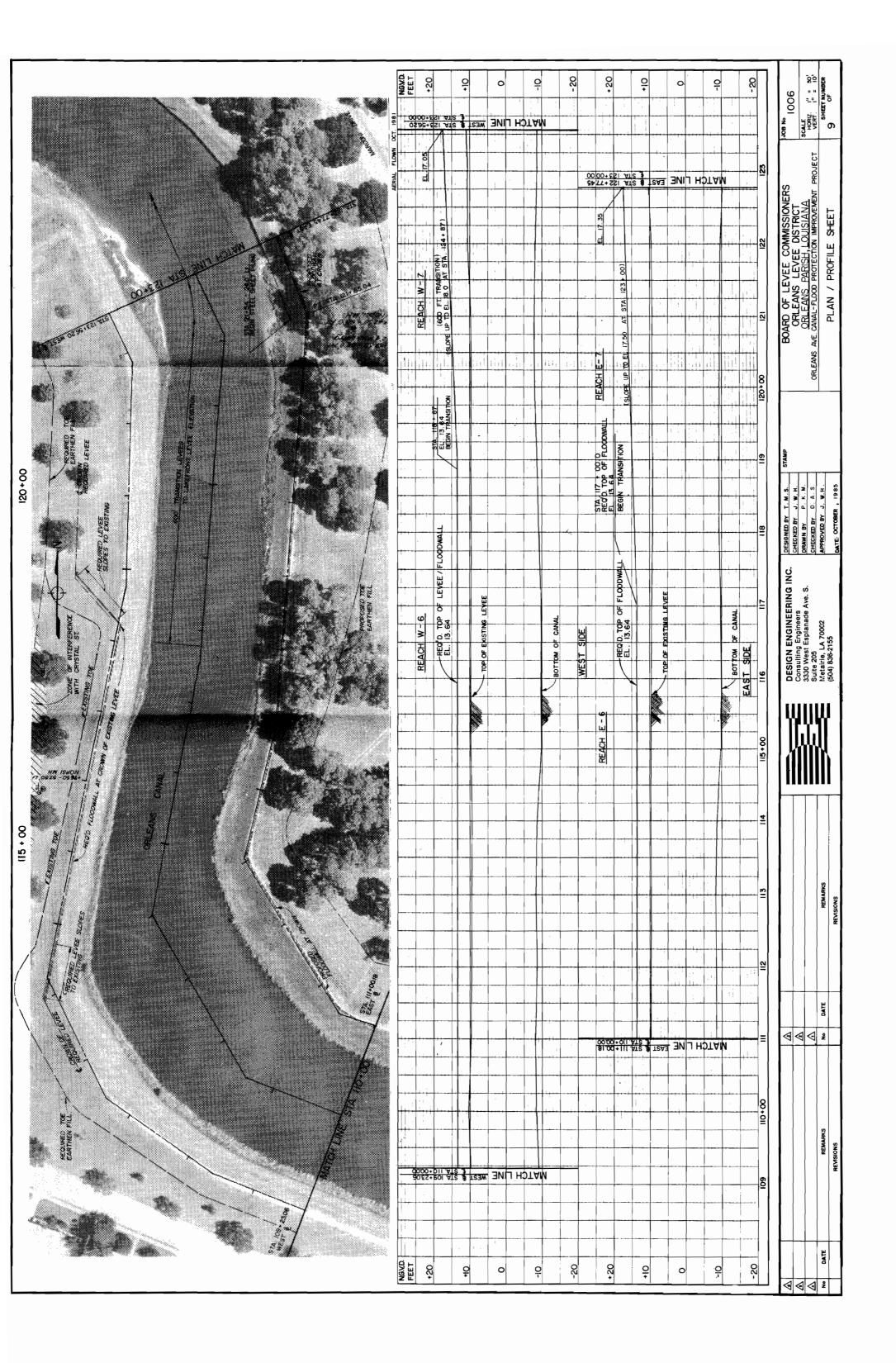


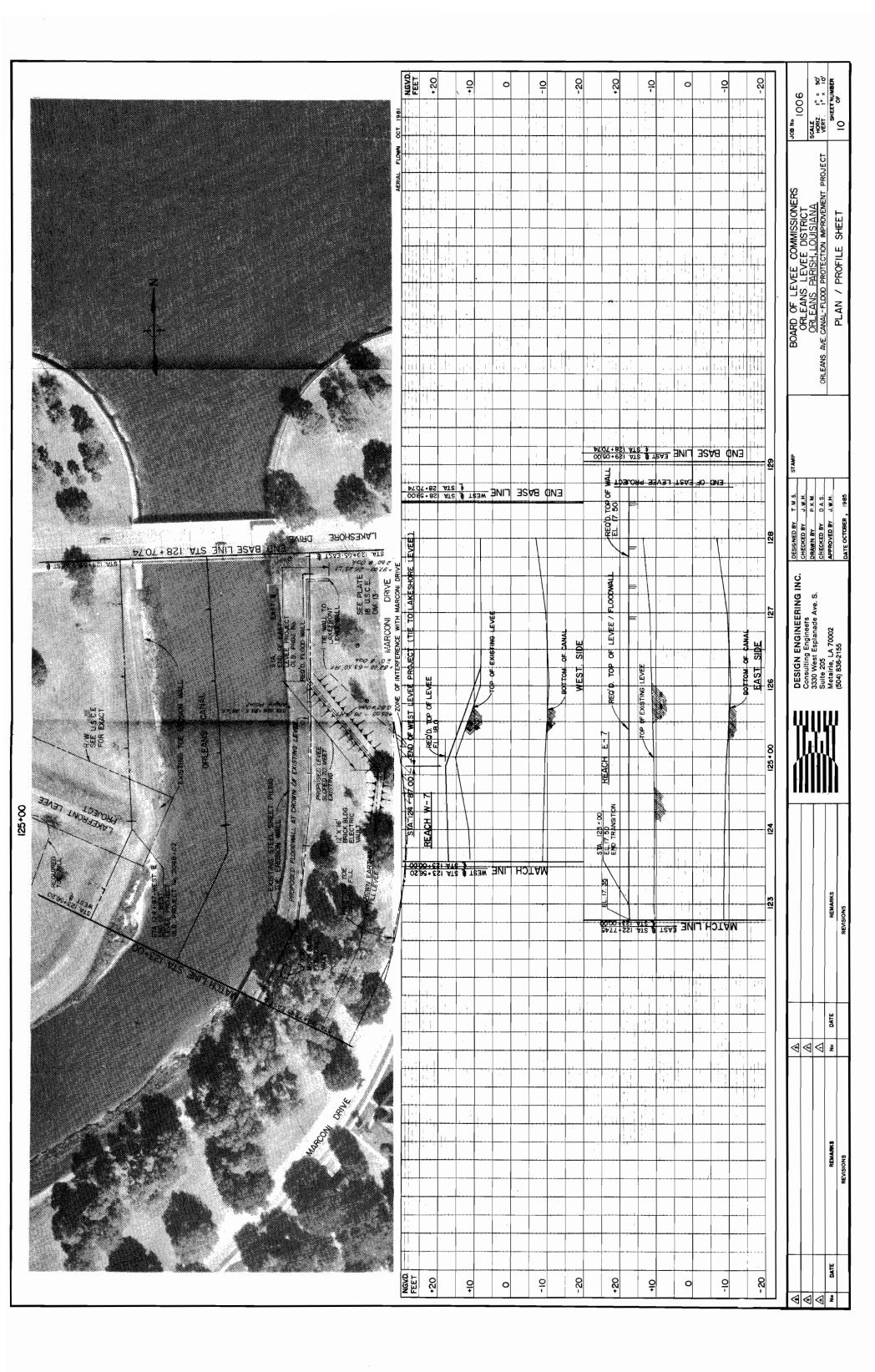












Appendix B

Mr. Frederic M. Chatry Chief, Engineering Division Department of the Army New Orleans District Corps of Engineers P.O. Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Protection Project OLB Project No. DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Chatry:

Our firm has been retained by the Orleans Levee District to provide engineering services with respect to the design of flood protection improvements for the Orleans Canal. It is our understanding that the Orleans Levee District desires to design this project in accordance with Corps of Engineers design criteria. By following Corps guidelines, the Orleans Levee District hopes to increase the probability that the project will be found suitable for incorporation into the Lake Pontchartrain La. and Vicinity project.

Pursuant to the above, we are requesting that your office provide us with design criteria and other pertinent information as follows:

- 1. Hydraulic Design Criteria
- 2. Design Criteria for Floodwalls
- 3. Soils Information
- 4. Design Criteria and Standards for Floodgates
- 5. Design Criteria for Earthen Structures

We would appreciate the opportunity to discuss this project with you and your technical staff at your earliest opportunity.

Thank you for your cooperation and we look forward to meeting with you in the near future.

With best regards, I remain,

Sincerely,

John Holtgreve

JH/tg

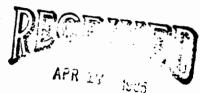


DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160

April 11, 1985



Engineering Division Structural Design Section D. E. I.

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering, Incorporated 3330 West Esplanade Avenue Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your letter of March 27, 1985, in which you requested design requirements and details for flood protection along the Orleans Avenue Canal. We are pleased to work with you to ensure that your designs are consistent with applicable Corps criteria and procedures. This will maximize the probability that the features involved will ultimately be found suitable for incorporation into the Lake Pontchartrain, Louisiana, and Vicinity Hurricane Protection Project. Actual credit will be determined after completion of our General Design Memorandum Number 19, which document will provide the basis for a determination as to the degree to which the features designed by you meet the requirements of the Federal project.

Pursuant to the above, we offer the following:

1. Hydraulic Design Criteria.

- a. Low water elevation in Orleans Avenue Canal is -5.0 National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD).
- b. Still water elevation in Lake Pontchartrain under hurricane condition is 11.5 NGVD.
- c. A hydraulic gradient between the lake and the pumping station must be calculated for the water elevation in the canal.

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Copy of letter to 14:05. Peturn plan to 14

2. Soils Information.

- a. Soil Boring Logs. See Enclosure 1.
- b. Lab Test Reports. See Enclosure 2.
- c. Location of Soil Borings. See Enclosure 3.

3. <u>Design Criteria for Floodwalls</u>.

- a. Foundation design criteria:
- (1) <u>I-Walls</u>. A factor of safety of 1.5 is applied to the design shear strength as follows:

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of safety).

Using the resulting shear strengths, net lateral water and earth pressure diagrams are determined for movement toward each side of the sheet pile. Using these distributions of pressure, the summation of horizontal forces is equated to zero for various tip penetrations. At these penetrations summations of overturning moments about the tip of the sheet pile are determined. The required depths of penetration to satisfy the stability criteria are determined as those where the summation of moments is equal to zero.

(2) T-Walls and Gates.

- a. Steel Sheet Pile Cutoff. A steel pile cutoff will be used beneath the gates and T-walls to provide protection against seepage during a hurricane. The sheet pile penetration is based on an acceptable seepage analysis.
- b. <u>Deep Seated Stability Analysis</u>. A conventional stability analysis utilizing a 1.30 factor of safety incorporated into the soil parameters is performed for a pile supported floodwall or gate as explained in enclosure 4.

- c. Pile Capacities. For pile supported structures where no pile tests are anticipated, a safety factor of 3.0 will be applied to ultimate calculated capacities to determine actual service pile lengths. For jobs where pile tests are anticipated, a safety factor of 2.0 will be used to determine actual service piles lengths, based on the results of the pile tests.
- d. For structural design criteria of reinforced concrete, see enclosure 5.
- 4. Design Criteria and Standards for Floodgates. Gates are to be designed by the working stress method using an allowable bending stress of F = 0.55 Fy, using A36 steel. Consider 2 cases for design of each gate:
 - Case I. Water to top of the gate.

Case II. Wind Load of 50 pounds per square foot (psf) on the gate.

I am forwarding a copy of this letter to Mr. Earl J. Magner.

If you have any questions concerning the soils and foundation information provided, please contact Mr. Jim Richardson (838-1031). If you have any other questions or would like to arrange to meet with us to discuss this project, feel free to contact Mr. Jorge Romero (838-2645) of this office.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosures

DAEN-CWE-D

Engineer Technical Letter No. 1110-2-265

15 September 1981

Engineering and Design STRENGTH DESIGN CRITERIA FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES

- 1. Purpose. This ETL provides guidance for designing reinforced concrete hydraulic structures by the strength design method.
- 2. Applicability. This ETL applies to all field operating activities having Civil Works responsibilities.

3. References.

- a. EM 1110-1-2101, Working Stresses for Structural Design.
- EM 1110-2-2902. Conduits, Culverts, and Pipes. b.
- "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete (ACI 318-77)." American Concrete Institute, Box 19150, Redford Station, Detroit, MI 48219.
- "Commentary on Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete (ACI 318-77)," American Concrete Institute, Box 19150, Redford Station, Detroit, MI 48219.
- e. Liu, Tony C., "Strength Design of Reinforced Concrete Hydraulic Structures, Report 1: Preliminary Strength Design Criteria," Technical Report SL-80-4, July 1980, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station. P.O. Box 631, Vicksburg, MS 39180.
- f. Liu, Tony C. and Gleason, Scott, "Strength Design of Reinforced Concrete Hydraulic Structures, Report 2: Design Aids for Use in the Design and Analysis of Reinforced Concrete Hydraulic Structural Members Subjected to Combined Flexure and Axial Loads, Technical Report SL-80-4, September 1981, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, P.O. Box 631, Vicksburg, MS 39180.
- g. Liu, Tony C., "Strength Design of Reinforced Concrete Hydraulic Structures, Report 3: T-Wali Design, "Technical Report SL-80-4, September 1981, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, P.O. Box 631, Vicksburg, MS 39180.
- 4. Discussion. The current guidance for designing concrete hydraulic structures is contained in EM 1110-1-2101, dated 1 November 1963. The basic method of design in EM 1110-1-2101 is the working stress method in accordance with the ACI Building Code with several listed modifications. Since 1963 the structural engineering profession has gradually been adopting the strength design approach in lieu of the working stress method in the structural design practice. EM 1110-1-2101 permits the use of the strength design method, but it does not provide adequate guidance for proportioning structural members of

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hydraulic structures for strength and serviceability requirements. To assure adequate strength and serviceability for reinforced concrete hydraulic structures, the load factors have to be increased, limits have to be set on the strength and amount of reinforcement, and limits have to be set on the strain capacity of the concrete. The inclosed strength design criteria are based on research conducted at the Structures Laboratory, U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES), and from extensive input from a task group of structural engineers assembled by the Office, Chief of Engineers. Work is proceeding on refining these basic criteria to account for the special loading and service characteristics of particular types of structures.

- 5. <u>Design Aids</u>. Reference 3f. comtains design aids for use in the design and analysis of reinforced concrete hydraulic structural members subject to combined uniaxial bending and axial load. These design aids are based on the strength design criteria contained herein.
- 6. <u>Special Designs</u>. Consultation with and approval by DAEN-CWE is required when:
 - a. Reinforcement with a yield strength in excess of Grade 60 is used.
 - b. Reinforcement ratios in excess of $0.50p_b$ are used.
 - c. Shear strengths are based on the results of tests.

7. Action. Pending revision of EM 1110-1-2101, reinforced concrete hydraulic structures should be designed with the strength design method in accordance with the current ACI Building Code, except as specified in the inclosed guidance. Plain concrete and prestressed concrete are not covered in this ETL.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

l Incl

LLOYD A. DUSCHA, P.E.

Chief, Engineering Division Directorate of Civil Works

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SUMMARY OF ERRORS AND SPECIAL NOTES

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P. O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

June 28, 1985

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section

ما دات د

Mr. Earl J. Magner, Jr.
Chief Engineer
The Board of Levee Commissioners
Orleans Levee District
Suite 202 - Administration Building
New Orleans Lakefront Airport
New Orleans, Louisiana 70126

JUL 8 1985

Dear Mr. Magner:

Reference is made to your June 20, 1985, letter concerning Lake Pontchartrain and Vicinity Hurricane Protection Project - Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal, London Avenue Outfall Canal, and 17th Street Outfall Canal with enclosed material for our review and comment.

The information provided at your office during the June 19, 1985 meeting has been reviewed, and we offer the following comments:

- 1. We have no comment relative to the scope of services for your design memorandum work at London Avenue and Orleans Avenue Canals.
- 2. The topographic survey scope of services is sufficient for our design purposes and meets the Corps requirements for design memorandum scope designs.
- 3. The Geotechnical scope of services for Orleans Avenue is sufficient for our needs, except for the need for piezometric data. We request that you provide the check borings that were discussed and requested during the June 19, 1985 meeting. The number and locations are shown on the enclosure plans. Attached to the plans, please find a description of the locations and type boring and piezometric data needed at each of the Orleans and London Avenue Canals.

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It is noted that the scope of work for Geotechnical Services for London Avenue Canal has not been developed. However, if the scope of the London Avenue Canal program is similar to the Orleans Avenue Canal, then the level of detail is sufficient for our GDM design purposes. We request that you furnish the London Avenue Canal scope of services to this office once you have developed it.

We are reviewing the reports on the 17th Street Outfall Canal furnished in your June 20, 1985 letter. We will furnish our comments to you as soon as they are available.

Should you have any questions concerning the enclosed plans and boring requirements, please contact Mr. Vann Stutts, telephone number 838-2614.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief. Engineering Division

Enclosures

The NOD field data required for Orleans Avenue and London Avenue Outfall Canals from the Orleans Levee District's consultants are:

ORLEANS AVENUE OUTFALL CANAL

- a) Four undisturbed 5-in diameter continuous sampling borings.
 - 1.) 1¢ levee 50 ft. depth and 1 toe 40 ft. depth boring 300 feet south of Robert E. Lee Blvd. on east side of canal.
 - 2.) 1¢ levee 50 ft. depth boring 200 feet south of Filmore Avenue on east side of canal.
 - 3.) 1¢ levee 40 ft. depth 1800 feet south of Harrison Avenue on west side of canal.
- b) Piezometric data from piezometers installed in the buried beach sand at one representative cross section of the canal. Corresponding canal water elevations at the site of the piezometers.

LONDON AVENUE OUTFALL CANAL

- a) Two undisturbed 5-in diameter continuous sampling borings.
 - 1.) 1¢ levee 50 ft. depth boring 200 feet north of Filmore Avenue on east side of canal.
 - 2.) 1¢ levee 50 ft. depth boring 200 feet north of Virgil Blvd on west side of canal.
- b) Piezometric data from piezometers installed in the buried beach sand at one representative cross section of the canal. Corresponding canal water elevations at the site of the piezometers.

Tubes from the undisturbed borings are to be furnished to the NOD Soils & Material Testing Section. Please contact Mr. Vernon Leufroy, telephone 733-5000, in advance to make arrangement for tubes.

Mr. Frederic M. Chatry Chief, Engineering Division Department of the Army New Orleans District Corps of Engineers P.O. Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Protection Project OLB Project No. 2048-0278
DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Chatry:

Your previous correspondence to us dated April 11, 1985 omitted mention of the required freeboard allowance to be used in our Design Memorandum Report for high level flood protection on the Orleans Canal.

Subsequent calls to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' personnel yielded the recommendation that a freeboard height of three (3) feet should be added to the predicted extreme maximum still water level in the Orleans Canal for setting the top elevation of high level protection levees, walls and gates.

This conflicts with the freeboard height of two (2) feet established in the engineering study previously performed on the very similar 17th Street Canal which was dated April, 1985. Furthermore, the Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District has accepted the recommendations of this report and are proceeding with that project according to the recommendations.

We are endeavoring to develop the most economic scheme in our report to the Orleans Levee Board. Please carefully Mr. Frederic M. Chatry Page 2

review your base criteria and notify us of the minimum freeboard allowance that can be used to provide creditable high level protection along the long canals from the drainage pumping stations to Lake Pontchartrain.

With best regards, I remain

Yours very truly,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgrey

JH/drb

cc: Mr. Earl Magner

Mr. Van Stutts, Project Coordinator U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Post Office Box 60267 New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267

Re: Orleans Avenue Canal Flood Protection Project OLB Project No. 2048-0304 DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Stutts:

Attached herewith please find one copy of the draft geotechnical engineering report and one set of existing cross-sections as requested for your review and comment.

Your prompt review of the enclosed material will be greatly appreciated. Should you have any questions or need additional information please call us.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve

JH/mnh

Enclosures

cc: Mr. Earl J. Magner, Jr. Chief Engineer

Mr. Ed Bailey

Assistant Chief Engineer

Orleans Levee Board

Appendix C

Mr. Wes Busby Sewerage and Water Board of New Orleans 1300 Perdido Street New Orleans, Louisiana 70165

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Control Project DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Parker: Bushy

Our firm has been engaged by the Orleans Levee District to provide Engineering Services for the above referenced project.

Attached is a copy of a city map showing the limits of the project. Please provide us with the locations of any facilities you may have in the affected areas.

It is very important that we receive this information as soon as possible as we are working under a very tight time schedule.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter and please call us should you have any questions.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E.

JH/ta

Attachment*

Mr. Chuck Gibson Cox Cable New Orleans, Inc. 2120 Canal Street New Orleans, Louisiana 70112

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Control Project DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Para Colican

Our firm has been engaged by the Orleans Levee District to provide Engineering Services for the above referenced project.

Attached is a copy of a city map showing the limits of the project. Please provide us with the locations of any facilities you may have in the affected areas.

It is very important that we receive this information as soon as possible as we are working under a very tight time schedule.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter and please call us should you have any questions.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

ohn Holtgreve, P.E.

JH/tg

Attachment#

Mr. John Lozes
Assistant Director of Engineering
New Orleans Public Service
P.O. Box 60340
New Orleans, Louisiana 70160

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Control Project DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Parket (0)

Our firm has been engaged by the Orleans Levee District to provide Engineering Services for the above referenced project.

Attached is a copy of a city map showing the limits of the project. Please provide us with the locations of any facilities you may have in the affected areas.

It is very important that we receive this information as soon as possible as we are working under a very tight time schedule.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter and please call us should you have any questions.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E.

JH/tg

Attachment*

Mr. Joe Neathamer South Central Bell Telephone Company 4101 Pauger Street New Orleans, Louisiana 70122

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Control Project DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Parker: Neathaner

Our firm has been engaged by the Orleans Levee District to provide Engineering Services for the above referenced project.

Attached is a copy of a city map showing the limits of the project. Please provide us with the locations of any facilities you may have in the affected areas.

It is very important that we receive this information as soon as possible as we are working under a very tight time schedule.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter and please call us should you have any questions.

With best regards, I remain

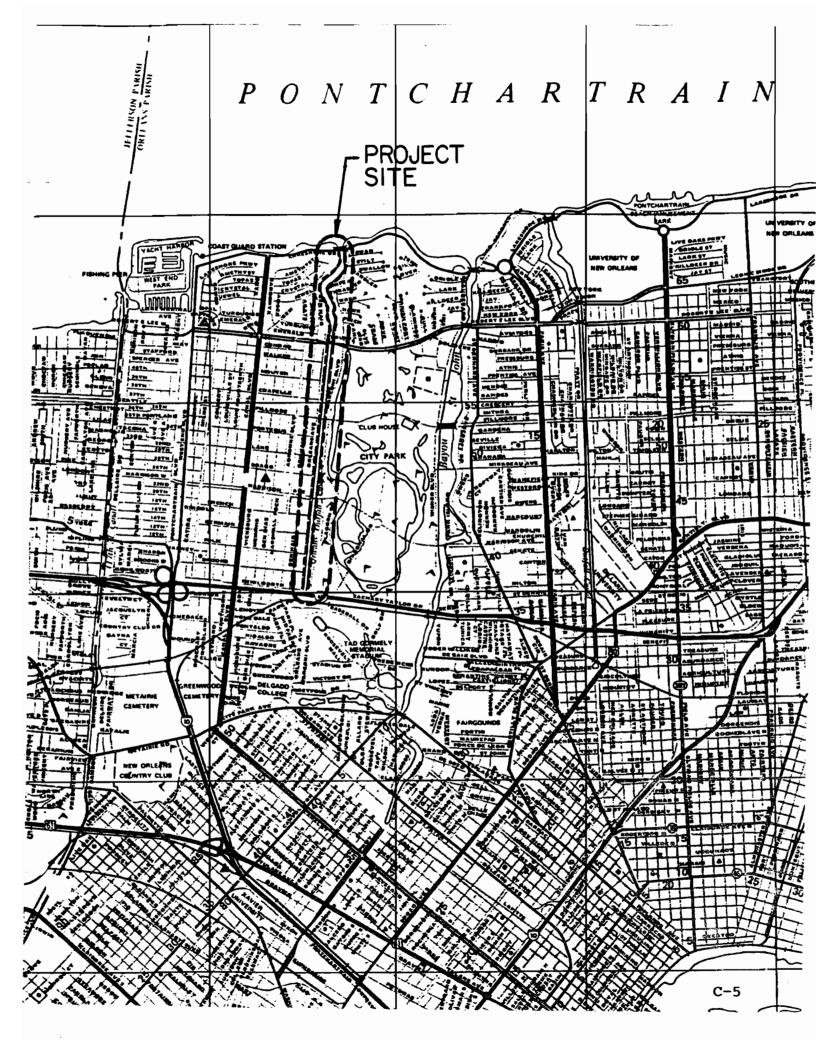
Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E.

JH/tg

Attachments





DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P. O. 80X 50267

NEW ORLEANS. LOUISIANA 70160-0267

ALIC

AUG 7 1985

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF

August 1, 1985

Engineering Division
Projects Engineering Section



Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your July 17, 1985, letter concerning Orleans Canal Flood Protection Project, OLD Project No. 2048-0278 DEI Project No. 1006, and freeboard requirements for same.

We have reviewed the basic criteria which we furnished to the Orleans Levee District in connection with the High Level Plan Project for the 17th Street Canal and find that the 2-foot freeboard requirement is correct. We regret that conflicting data was given to your office by phone for the Orleans Ave Canal. The 2-foot freeboard requirement should also be applied to both the Orleans and London Ave Canals.

A copy of this letter is being furnished to Mr. Earl J. Magner, Jr., Chief Engineer, The Board of Levee Commissioners, Orleans Levee District, Suite 202 - Administration Building, New Orleans Lakefront Airport, New Orleans, Louisiana 70126.

We will, in the future, confirm by writing information of this type which is given over the phone. Hopefully this will help us avoid problems of this type.

Sincerely,

Frederic M. Chatry

Chief, Engineering Division

DISTRIBUTION

DISTRIBUTION

15 TMS



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS

P.O. BOX 60267

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160

September 24, 1985

SEP 30 1985

D. E. I.

Engineering Division Projects Engineering Section

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering, Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 · Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

Reference is made to your September 10, 1985 letter, concerning the Orleans Canal Flood Protection Project, DEI Project No. 1006, in which you requested our input to enable you to complete your ongoing study.

Relative to the first item requested, you should use a 600-foot transition for the lateral levees on either side of the canal. The transition should drop the levee elevation from their intersection height with the lakefront levees (18.0 ft. NGVD) to a minimum height which provides two feet of freeboard above the maximum flowline (elevation 13.6 ft. NGVD).

The second item that you requested is enclosed. Plates 2, 12 through 17, and 23 were taken from GDM No. 4, Florida Avenue Complex, IHNC. These plates show a typical sluice gate layout. In addition, plans for the detail design of the sluice gate structures on the discharge culverts of the new Florida Avenue pumping station can be obtained through the Orleans Levee District from Pepper & Associates (OLB Project No. 78-M-13-5).

I trust that the foregoing will satisfy your needs. If you have any questions concerning this material, please contact Mr. Vann Stutts, Phone: 862-2614.

Sincerely,

Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosure

Mr. G. Joseph Sullivan General Superintendent Sewerage and Water Board of New Orleans City Hall, City Central Room 5w02 New Orleans, Louisiana 70165

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Protection Improvement Project OLB Contract No. 2048-0278 DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Sullivan:

Our firm has been engaged by the Orleans Levee District to provide engineering services for the above referenced project. As part of the project, the Levee Board has required that levee improvements be compatible, as much as possible, with the existing facilities and proposed improvements of the Sewerage and Water Board.

Pursuant to the above we are requesting that your office provide us with the following information:

- * Plans and specifications of existing Sewerage and Water Board facilities.
- * Design Criteria of proposed projects.
- * Hydraulic Design requirements, such as,
 - a) Minimum and maximum canal x-section.
 - b) Water surface gradient.
 - c) Max water levels during pumping conditions.
 - d) Other data pertinent to project.
- * Structural Design requirements.

We would appreciate the opportunity to discuss this project with you at your earliest convenience. Since we are presently operating under a very tight time schedule, your

prompt attention in this matter would be greatly appreciated.

Thank you for your cooperation and please call us should you have any questions.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E.

JH/tg

Mr. Frank Heroy
Chief Design Engineer
Louisiana Department of Transportation
and Development
P.O. Box 94245
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9245

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Protection Project DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Heroy:

Our firm has been retained by the Orleans Levee District to provide engineering services with respect to the design of flood protection improvements for the Orleans Canal. Project limits are generally defined on the attached map.

Pursuant to the above, we are requesting that your office provide us with the following information:

- * Record drawings of I-610 bridge crossing the Orleans Canal.
- * Plans of Proposed Modifications to the structure, if any.
- * Plans of other facilities which may be affected by the levee improvement project.

We will be happy to discuss this project with you at your convenience and should you have any questions please call us.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E.

Jh/tg

Attachment

Mr. Joseph Buscher Administrative Office City Park New Orleans, Louisiana 70119

RE: Orleans Canal Flood Control Project DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Buscher:

Our firm has been engaged by the Orleans Levee District to provide engineering services for the above referenced project.

Attached is a city map showing the limits of the projects. Please provide us with the location of any facilities you may have in the affected areas.

Your prompt attention in this matter will be appreciated and should you have any questions please call us.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E.

JH/tq

Attachment



Department of Transportation and Development

YXXX8GQQXXXXQQQQQXXXX

BATON ROUGE, LA. 70804 - 9245 P.O. Box 94245



May 3, 1985

(504)342-7511

Porte JH WB N TS

RE: New Orleans By-Pass Highway I-610

I-610 Over Orleans Outfall Canal

Design Engineering, Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Attention: Mr. John Holtgreve

Dear Sir:

As per your letter dated April 30, 1985, we are pleased to send you the as-built plans for the I-610 Bridge crossing the Orleans Canal. This is a partial set of plans comprised of the following sheets: 3AC, 15, 135, 138, 139, 147, 148, 149, 198 and 202. This office is not aware of any planned modifications to this structure or other facilities maintained by this Department on this canal.

Very truly yours,

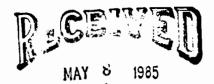
FRANK M. HEROY, JE CHIEF DESIGN ENGRAPE

FMH, jr:klc

Attachment

cc: Mr. Louis A. Garrido

Mr. James McGrew



D. E. I.



4101 Pauger Street New Orleans, Louisiana 70122 (504) 245-5420 or 282-0203

May 6, 1985

JH

Mr. John Haltgreve, P.E. Design Engineering, Inc. 3330 West Esplanade Avenue Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Dear Mr. Haltgreve:

Please be advised that South Central Bell does not have any facilities that parallel the Orleans Canal from Filmore Avenue to the lakefront.

As was previously discussed, a copy of your letter and drawing were sent to Mr. Al Lunn, 3500 N. Causeway Boulevard, telephone number 832-6655, for his perusal.

If you require any further assistance, please contact me at 245-5420.

Yours truly,

me. S. A. Oser

Mrs. S. A. Oser Engineer - OSP

SAO/1m

DISTER BUTION

Mr. Harold Gorman, Director Department of Streets City of New Orleans 1300 Perdido, Room 6W02 New Orleans, LA 70112

RE: Orleans Avenue Canal Levee and Floodwall Improvements
Orleans Levee Board Project No. 2048-0278
DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Gorman:

Our firm has been retained by the Orleans Levee District to provide engineering services on the above referenced project. As shown on the attached map, the subject project extends from Lake Pontchartrain to the Sewage and Water Board Pumping Station No. 7, near I-610. As part of our work, we are to investigate different methods to include the bridge crossings into the flood protection system. In general, the basic requirement of the flood protection project involves raising the elevation of the existing levee system to a minimum elevation of +14.5 feet m.s.l.

Since the existing canal crossings are significantly lower than the proposed levee height, some method of incorporating these structures into the proposed levee improvement will have to be developed. Several methods, such as floodgates, bridge sealing, construction of new bridges, replacement of bridge with culverts, etc., are presently being considered. Based on the preliminary investigation installation of floodgates may be the most economically feasible method of increasing the flood protection at the bridge locations.

However, there is one drawback associated with using floodgates. When the floodgates are closed, the bridge will also be closed to vehicular and pedestrian traffic for the duration of the high water event. Please review these canal crossings and determine from a traffic and safety standpoint, if any of these bridges should remain open during high water events.

We will be happy to meet with you at your convenience to discuss this matter and should you have any questions please feel free to call me.

Your prompt attention in this matter will be greatly appreciated.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve, P.E.

JH/drb

Attachment

NEW OFILEAMS, IBUC DERVICE MIDDLE SOUTH UTILITIES SYSTEM

NEW ORLEANS PUBLIC SERVICE INC.

POST OFFICE BOX 60340

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160

595-2362

AREA CODE 504 XINXX



DET

ob. E. J.

FNGINEFRING DEPARTMENT

July 18, 1985

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Inc. 3330 West Esplanade Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

> Re: Flood Protection Improvement Project - Orleans Canal DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

In response to your July 9, 1985 letter pertaining to the referenced project, we are forwarding for your use and information two (2) copies each of the following New Orleans Public Service Inc. (NOPSI) electric prints:

5162

5164

5182

These prints indicate existing NOPSI electric facilities along the Orleans Canal levee between Robert E. Lee and Lakeshore Drive.

If I can be of any further assistance, please let me know.

Very truly yours,

R. E. Roberts

Division Engineer

RER:mca Enclosures

C-17

DISTRIBUTION

FILE 1006

TSTWS

DS

July 23, 1985

Mr. Harold Gorman Director Department of Streets City of New Orleans 1300 Perdido, Room 6W02 New Orleans, LA 70112

RE:

Orleans Avenue Canal Levee and Floodwall Improvements

Orleans Levee Board Project No. 2048-0278

DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Gorman:

As indicated in our previous correspondence to you dated May 14, 1985, we have been retained by the Orleans Levee District to provide engineering services for the referenced project. As part of our services, we have been requested to coordinate our design efforts with city agencies to insure that improvements planned by other agencies can be incorporated into the flood protection project.

Please notify us, as soon as possible, of any projects that your office is considering that may be affected by the flood protection project.

We will be happy to meet with you to discuss this matter or should you have any questions please call us.

With best regards, I remain

Sincerely,

DESIGN, ENGINEERING, INC.

John Holtgreve

JH/drb

MEMORANDUM

TO:

File 1006

FROM:

John Holtgrey

RE:

Orleans Avenue Canal

Flood Protection Project - R.O.W. Plans

DATE:

July 26, 1985

I spoke with Earl Magner concerning right-of-way plans for the Orleans Avenue Canal and according to him no such plans are available. He suggested that we assume the levee toe is the end of the Levee Board property and that, on the east side, the property beyond the toe is owned by City Park. He also said he would ask Steve King to look through the plans to see if there were any plans available.

Steve called the next day to tell me that he did not find anything at all that indicated the canal right of way. He said that he would send copies of two drawings that showed Orleans Avenue and the canal. We received these drawings on July 26, 1985.

Roy Anslem is also searching for the property line information. He has not been very successful in finding any information on the canal either. Roy did, however, find a plot that showed the Orleans Canal right-of-way and Orleans Avenue right-of-way having a total width of 250 feet. This information will be plotted on the drawings.

JH/drb



New Orleans Public Service Inc.

POST OFFICE BOX 60340

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160



ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

September 9, 1985

Mr. John Holtgreve Design Engineering Inc. 3330 West Esplanade, Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Subject: Flood Protection Improvement Project

Orleans Canal

DEI Project No. 1006

Dear Mr. Holtgreve:

In response to your July 16, 1985 letter concerning the subject project, we have reviewed the existing New Orleans Public Service Inc. (NOPSI) overhead electrical power lines crossing the Orleans Canal within the project limits and our comments are as follows:

Please refer to enclosed copies of NOPSI Distribution Maps 384-484-P4 and 384-492-P4 which have been marked in red to indicate proposed temporary rearrangements of existing overhead electric distribution lines to accommodate the construction of the subject project. These temporary lines would be installed and removed as required to provide for the orderly progression of construction with minimum interruption to electric service.

The approximate NOPSI charges for the installations and removals of the existing and temporary replacement power lines are as follows:

Three Phase Primary Circuits 3,700 ckt. ft.

@ \$26 per ckt. ft. \$ 96,200

Single Phase Primary Circuits

2,860 ckt. ft.

@ \$18 per ckt. ft.

51,480 \$147,680

or approximately \$150,000 Total

For coordination with NOPSI on the subject project up until the contract is let, please contact our representative as follows:

Mr. George A. Miller, Jr. NOPSI Engineering Telephone 595-2322

FILE 1006

JHV TS INS Mr. John Holtgreve Page two September 9, 1985

When the contractor has been selected, he should contact the following NOPSI representative for field coordination:

Mr. John A. Schultz NOPSI Electric Distribution Construction Telephone 595-3839

Approximately two (2) weeks notification is required to arrange for planned disconnection of the electric circuits.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please let me know.

Yours very truly,

R. E. Roberts Division Engineer

RER:mca Enclosures PARTNERS

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

CHARLES A. SRAGG (1916-1979)

REG. C. E.

REG. C. E.

JOHN W. ROACH, JR.

J. BRES EUSTIS

REG. C. E.

GERALD A. BRAGG

REG. C.E.

LLOYD A. HELD, JR.

REG. C. E.

BORINGS . TESTS . ANALYSES

3011 267 STREET

METAIRIE, LOUISIANA 70002

P. O. BOX 8708 METAIRIE, LOUISIANA 70011

PHONE (504) 834-0157

- (504) 834-0157

26 September 1985

OFFICERS

EUSTIS ENGINEERING CO,INC.

ASSOCIATED WITH

EUSTIS ENGINEERING CO. CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

J. BRES EUSTIS

PRESIDENT

Jil 1006

JOHN W. ROACH, JR.

CORP. VICE-PRESIDENT AND

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

GERALD A. BRAGG

VICE PRESIDENT AND

CHIEF ENGINEER

LLOYD A. HELD, JR.

Design Engineering Inc. Suite 205 3330 West Esplanade Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Attention Mr. John Holtgreve

Gentlemen:

Draft of Report Geotechnical Investigation OLB Project No. 2048-0304 New Orleans, Louisiana

As instructed by your Mr. John Holtgreve, we are enclosing three copies of a draft of our engineering report for the subject project. Following your review and approval, we will issue the final report.

Yours very truly,

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

LAH: bh

Enclosures



Department of Transportation and Development

P. O. BOX 9179 BRIDGE CITY, LA. 70094 624-1103 September 27, 1985



DISTRICT NO. 02



D. E. I.

Design Engineers, Inc. 3330 West Esplanade Ave. Suite 205 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

Attention: Mr. Thomas Smith

Dear Mr. Smith:

Attached are Plan Sheets indicating general bridge plan and steel sheet pile retaining wall at the Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal. AT I-610 BRIDGE.

If additional information is needed, please advise.

ENCLOSURES:

GEN BRIDGE PLAN EFLEVATION 135
ROADWAY PLAN STATETOBS 14
DETAILS OF SHEET PILE WALL 70
EAST SIDE ONLY

Very truly yours,

J. C. McGREW
DISTRICT ADMINISTRATOR

BY:

W. T. TAYLOR, JR. DIST. CONST. ENGR.

FILE 1006

DISTRIBUTION

WTT/db

C-23

TS THS YE

Appendix D

CONFERENCE RECORD

DATE: June 7, 1985

FILE NO.: 1006-35

SUBJECT: Orleans Avenue Canal

Flood Protection Improvement Project

Design Memorandum Report

ATTENDANCE: Mr. Earl Magner - OLB

Mr. John Holtgreve - DEI Mr. Thomas Smith - DEI

PROGRESS - REVIEW MEETING

The purpose of this meeting was to apprise the Orleans Levee Board (OLB) representative of the status of Design Engineering, Inc. (DEI) progress to date and to review and receive comments on the basic engineering criteria, assumptions and general outline of the Design Memorandum Report. A preliminary draft of the report containing exhibits illustrating DEI engineering concepts was prepared for this meeting and a copy was given to OLB. The list of topics and exhibits reviewed with summary of comments received is briefly presented as follows:

1.0 CONTACT WITH OTHER AGENCIES:

- 1.1 Sewerage and Water Board They have not as yet responded to several DEI requests for the required Orleans Canal flow characteristics.
- 1.2 U.S. Army Corp. of Engineers Mr. Cecil Soileau of USCE has developed the water surface elevation profile to be used along the length of the canal for various discharge rates from the pumping station. Mr. Soileau said that he would furnish this information to us.
- 1.3 Utilities Information requested has been received from NOPSI, SCB and S&WB and DEI is working on locations.
- 1.4 City Park The Park has not been contacted thus far. When details concerning the Park are firm they will be contacted.

- 1.5 New Orleans Recreation Department NORD has transmitted the plans for Gernon Brown Gymbuilding. A retaining wall is proposed at the toe of the raised levee where the building would intersect the toe.
- 1.6 Bridges Plans for all the bridges crossing the canal have been obtained.

2.0 REPORT OUTLINE:

The appendix of the report will include pertinent correspondence from outside/other agencies.

3.0 COST ESTIMATE DATA:

Prices obtained from USCE tend to be higher than bid prices on past OLB projects.

4.0 I-WALL:

- 4.1 Safety Factor may be reduced from USCE required figures for interim protection. The minimum acceptable is 1.15. However, whatever is constructed must be consistent with a permanent solution, (i.e. creditable).
- 4.2 OLB does not want elevations reduced but strength safety factor can be reduced.
- 4.3 Do not "lock-in" a reduced safety factor.
- 4.4 OLB wishes maximum protection for least dollar amount with interim construction.
- 4.5 DEI will study alternatives and make an illustration to clarify interaction of safety factor, cost, construction phasing, and options for the I-wall.

5.0 TYPICAL LEVEE SECTION:

- 5.1 Future increase in flow area/section data proposed by S&WB has not been received.
- 5.2 The stability of the existing retaining wall along Orleans Avenue should be checked for the new water surface elevation conditions.

Conference Record Page 3

6.0 LEVEE NEAR LAKE:

USCE probably will give required wave height data. In the interim, DEI will assume logical data and adjust when USCE data furnished.

7.0 BRIDGE ALTERNATIVES:

- 7.1 Filmore Avenue bridge is the lowest. It has a roadway surface elevation of 5.55' at the East levee baseline. This compares with a required flood gate or wall elevation of about 14.5'. Other bridges are slightly higher.
- 7.2 Three alternative solutions at Filmore bridge have been cost estimated. These were briefly described in OLB.
- 7.3 The "Raise the Bridge" alternatives were sketched and briefly discussed.

8.0 USCE CRITERIA:

A memo dated April 11, 1985, presenting the basic criteria to be used had been received from the USCE. Clarification concerning design water surface elevation for levees and walls still needs confirmation. DEI will obtain these clarifications.

TMS/drb

September 11, 1985

Mr. Earl J. Magner, Jr.
Chief Engineer
Board of Levee Commissioners
Orleans Levee District
Suite 202, Administration Building
New Orleans Lakefront Airport
New Orleans, Louisiana 70126

RE: Orleans Avenue Canal and Levee Raising DEI Project No. 1005-18

We are considering a phased construction project for the Orleans Canal flood protection project. Under consideration at this time are two schemes that would increase the level of flood protection in the shortest time. These are:

- 1) Raise the levee from Robert E. Lee to the lake and increase flood protection at the Robert E. Lee bridge at the Orleans Canal; and,
- 2) Provide flood protection to the high levee plan roadway crossing at Harrison Avenue and Filmore Avenue in addition to (1) above.
- 3) Complete the project subsequent to (1) and/or (2) above in 36 months.

We would like the opportunity to discuss this with you in detail. Please advise of a time.

With best regards, I am

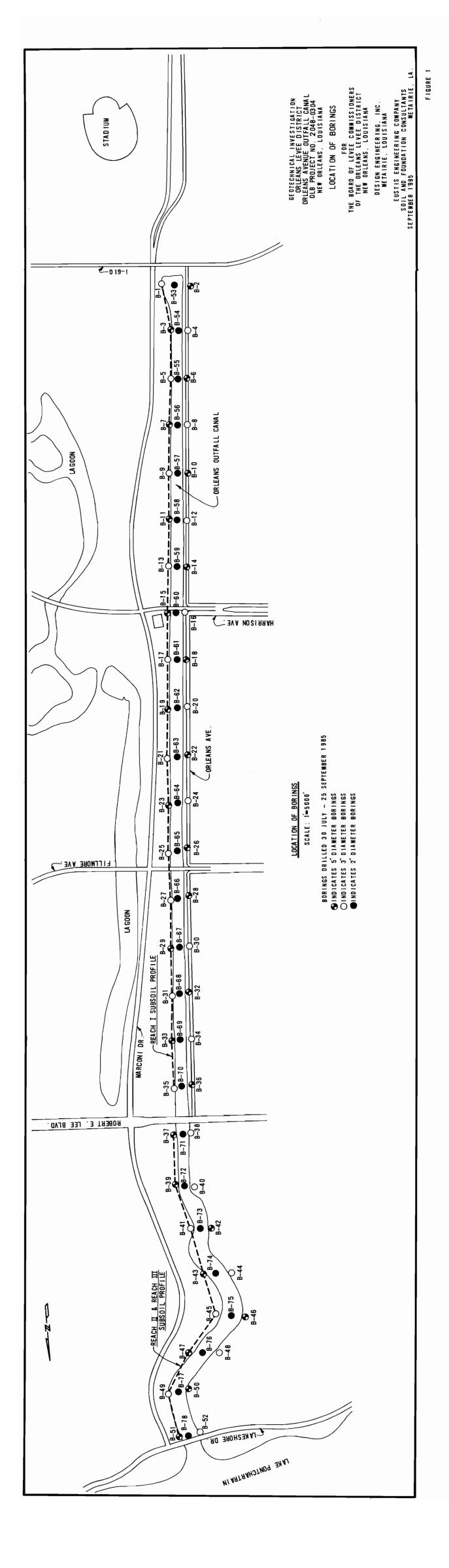
Yours very truly,

DESIGN ENGINEERING, INC

Walter Haudier

WB:drb





Geotechnical Investigation Orleans Levee District Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal OLB Project No. 2048-0304 New Orleans Louisiana

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

BORING LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS

Boring Number	Elevation NGVD	<u>Station</u>	Baseline Offset
1	9.94	4+18	17' Southwest
2	- 1.70	4+36	23' Left
3	10.04	8+61	5' Left
1 2 3 4 5	- 1.54	9+00	23' Left
5	9.88	14+26	4' Left
6 7	5.60	14+17	4' Right
7	9.98	18+22	5' Left
8 9	- 1.77	18+67	24.5' Left
9	9.83	24+57	4.5' Left
10	5 . 73	24+94	2' Left
11	9.83	27+97	4' Left
12	- 1.27	28+38	24' Left
13	9.83	31+80	2! Left
14	- 3.30	31+38	28' Left
15	9.81	37+54	2' Left
16	- 1.24	37+58	24.5' Left
17	9.81	41+65	2' Left
18	- 1.60	41+40	23' Left
19	. 10.01	47+40	1.5' Left
20	- 1.87	47+31	25' Left
21	9.71	53+20	0.5' Left
22	- 4.47	51+80	25' Left
23	9.56	57+97	1' Right
24	- 4.27	58+44	25' Left
25	9.61	62+88	1.5' Right
26	- 4.27	62+73	25' Left
27	9.06	64+27	5' Right
28	- 5.48	67+33	25' Left
29	9.81	72+40	5' Right
30	- 5.29	72+22	25' Left

Geotechnical Investigation Orleans Levee District Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal OLB Project No. 2048-0304 New Orleans, Louisiana

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

BORING LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS (Continued)

Boring Number	Elevation NGVD	Station	Baseline Offset
31	9.71	77+27	5.5' Right
32	- 6.21	77+24	25' Left
3 3	9.26	82+90	6' Right
34	4.70	83+01	3.5' Left
35	9.16	87+34	4.5' Right
36	- 5.20	87+26	25' Left
37	9.04	93+97	1.5' Left
38	8.89	93+67	***
39	9.14	98+52	11' Right
40	9.69	90+08	1.5' Left
41	9.22	103+37	
42	9.49	103+44	
43	9.42	107+69	3' Left
44	9.90	106+80	
45	9.67	113+33	
46	9.45	114+05	8' Right
47	9.19	118+76	2' Left
48	9.65	117+92	
49	10.39	123+77	
50	10.09	123+03	
51	12.89	128+82	1.5' Left
52	8.59	128+20	4' Right

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Sheet 1 of 2

METAIRIE, LA. Orleans Levee District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal Name of Project: . OLB Project No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District, For: New Orleans, La. Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana Date 17 September 1985 A. J. Mayeux Boring No._ Soil Technician _ 9.94 NGVD See Text Ground Elev. Datum _ Gr. Water Depth. SAMPLE Depth — Feet DEPTH STRATUM *STANDARD VISUAL CLASSIFICATION PENETRATION TEST From From 2.0 2.5 1 0.0 4.0 Stiff tan & gray silty clay w/silt pockets 2 5.0 5.5 4.0 7.0 Stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets & fill 3 8.0 8.5 7.0 10.0 Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/organic matter 4 11.0 11.5 10.0 12.5 Soft gray sandy clay w/organic matter 14.0 14.5 12.5 16.0 Medium stiff gray clay w/organic matter & wood 6 17.0 17.5 16.0 18.5 Medium stiff gray clay w/some organic 50 Ë matter z 7 18.5 20.0 18.5 21.0 Dense gray sand 10 43 8 21.022.5 21.0 12 50=10" Very dense gray sand 9 23.5 25.0 Ditto 13 50=10" 60 10 26.0 27.5 28.0 50=9" Ditto 11 11 28.5 30.0 28.0 Medium dense gray sand 6 21 12 33.5 35.0 37.5 Ditto 6 29 13 38.5 40.0 37.5 Dense gray sand w/shell fragments 11 48 14 43.5 45.0 10 32 Ditto 15 48.5 50.0 53.0 Ditto 10 38 16 53.0 53.5 53.0 Medium dense gray sand w/shell 5 11 fragments & clay layers 5 1.7 58.5 60.0 62.0 Ditto 14 18 63.5 65.0 62.0 Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets 5 & shell fragments 19 69.0 69.5 Ditto *Number in first column indicates number of blows of 140-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. Number in second column indicates number of blows of 140-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 it. after seating 6 in.

WHILE THIS LOG OF BORING IS CONSIDERED TO BE REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS RESPECTIVE LOCATION ON THE DATE SHOWN, IT IS NOT WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT OTHER LOCATIONS AND TIMES. HUMUS Remarks:

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METAIRIE, LA.

Sheet 2 of 2

Name	of Proje	ct:			e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Cana			_
					No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			
or:	The Bo	pard o			issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Net	v Orleans,	La.
		1			gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		1005	
3oring	No((Cont'd	oil Tech	nnician _	A. J. Mayeux Date 17 Se	epter	nber 1985	
Groun	d Elev		9.94		Datum NGVD Gr. Water Depth		Text	
Sample No.		IPLE — Feet To		STRATUM Feet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
20	74.0	74.5		78.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			-
					६ shell fragments			
21	79.0	79.5	78.0	84.0	Stiff gray clay w/silt lenses			_
22	84.0	84.5	84.0	86.0	Stiff gray clay w/organic matter			
23	89.0	89.5	86.0	92.0	Stiff greenish-gray & tan clay w/sand			_
					pockets			
24	94.0	94.5	92.0	96.0	Very stiff greenish-gray & tan clay			_
					w/sand pockets			
25	98.0	99.5	96.0	100.0	Compact tan & gray sandy silt	8	26	٦
						1		
								F
								<u>z</u>
						+		DЕРТН
_								
						+		_
				_				
						+		_
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						-		
	_				 			
						-		
							_	
			_					٦
xolumn ir	idicates nun	nber of blow	rs of 140-lb.	hammer dro	0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in.	. Numbe	er in second	
HILE THE	S LOG OF BO	PRING IS CO	NSIDERED T	O BÉ REPRES	SENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF	SAND) HUMUS	
							7	-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

			Des	ign Eng	issioners of the Orleans Levee District, gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			- Da.
_					George Hardee Date 21 Se			-
Groun					Daturn NGVII Gr. Water Depth			- 20
Sample No.	Depth	IPLE Feet To	From	MUTARTS	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		'STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
	7,6		0.0	0.3	Asphalt w/gravel	-		-
			0.3	1,0				
1	1.0	2.5	1.0	2.5		11	36	30
2	5.5	7.0	2.5	7.0	Wood	2	7	
3	8.5	9.0	7.0	9.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets		_	
					ξ roots			1
4	9.0	10.5	9.0		Dense gray fine sand	2	30	-
5	11.5	13.0		13.5	Ditto	8	45	
6	14.0	15.5	13.5	17.0	Very dense gray fine sand	12	50=9''	
7	18.5	20.0	17.0	22.0	Dense gray fine sand	5	31	50
8	23.5	25.0	22.0		Very dense gray fine sand	11	50=8''	E -
9	28.5	30.0			Ditto	14	50=9''	≧ E
10	33.5	35.0		37.0	Ditto	14	50=8''	ОЕРТН
11	38.5	40.0	37.0	41.0	Medium dense gray silty sand w/shells	9	1.8	
12	43.0	44.0	41.0	44.0	Medium stiff gray sandy clay w/shells			_
					& large sand pockets			
13	44.0	45.5	44.0	48.5	Medium dense gray silty sand	1	25	
14	48.5	50.0	48.5	50.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets	4	3	
					& shells			_
								•
						-	· ·	
					<u> </u>		_	
					0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in			

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.

			OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana issioners of the Orleans Levee District,		v Orleans,	La. 10	
					gineering, Inc., Metairie Louisiana				
ina	No3	5s	oil Tech	nician	A. J Mayeux Date 3 So	epter	mber 1985	-	2
_	d Elev				DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth			20	•
nple	SAN	IPLE Foot	DEPTH S	STRATUM out		\top	*STANDARD	20	•
No.	From	To	From	To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		PENETRATION TEST		
1	2.0	3.0	0.0	4.0	Compact tan & gray clayey silt			-	•
2	5.0	6.0	4.0	7.5	Medium stiff gray & tan silty clay			70	•
					w/some organic matter			<u>30</u>	•
3	8.0	9.0	7.5	10.0	Loose dark brown clayey silt w/sand				•
					layers & organic matter			_	•
4	11.0	11.5	10.0	11.5	Loose tan sand w/some clay (fill)			40	•
5	14.0	15.0	11.5	16.0	Soft gray clay w/roots			40	•
6	16.0	17.5	16.0	18.0	Very dense gray sand	12	50=10''		•
7	18.5	20.0	18.0	_	Dense gray sand	12	35	-	•
8	21.0	22.5			Ditto	6	31		:
9	23.5	25.0		27.5	Ditto	10	42	<u>50</u>	•
0	28.5	30.0	27.5	32.5	Medium dense gray sand	5	22	<u>z</u>	
1	33.5	35.0	32.5	38.0	Dense gray sand	10	35	рертн 	
2	38.5	40.0	38.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	5	25		
					fragments	1			
3	43.5	45.0			Ditto	8	30		
4	48.5	50.0	•	50.0	Ditto	8	27	_	
								_	
\dashv									
\dashv								_	
\dashv									
\dashv								_	
\dashv									
\dashv									
\dashv									
ber II	n first colum	n indicates	number of	blows of 140	Hb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in	. Numbe	er in second		
nn in	dicates num	ber of blow	s of 140-lb. I	hammer drop	oped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. ENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF				
IRFA	CE CONDITI	ONS AT OTH	ER LOCATIO	ONS AND TIME	CLAY SILT	SAND	HUMUS		
arks	:5''	Diamet	ter Bo	ring		•••	:-		
						•••			

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

For:			Des	ign Eng	issioners of the Orleans Levee District, gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana R. Elkins Date 19 Se			La.
	No						e Text	
Groun	d Elev		DEPTH S		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth	1		.20
Sample No.	Depth	IPLE — Feet To		To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	,	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
			0.0	0.5	Asphalt			
			0.5	1.0	Medium compact tan & white sand &			70
					shells			30
1	1.5	2.5	1.0	3.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay			
					w/miscellaneous fill			
2	4.0	5.0	3.0	6.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter & roots			40
3	6.0	7.5	6.0		Dense gray sand	5	34	40
4	8.5	10.0		11.0	Ditto	8	34	
5	11.0	12.5	11.0		Very dense gray sand	12	50=10''	•
6	13.5	15.0		18.5	Ditto	26	50=5	50
7	18.5	20.0	18.5	23.5	Dense gray sand	10	35	F _
8	23.5	25.0	23.5		Very dense gray sand w/shell fragments	19	50=10''	¥ ∓
9	28.5	30.0			Ditto	25	50=6"	рертн
10	33.5	35.0		38.5	Ditto	15	50=8''	
11	38.5	40.0	38.5	43.5	Medium dense gray sand w/clay layers	5	16	_
12	43.5	45.0	43.5	48.5	Dense gray sand	12	41	
13	48.5	50.0	48.5	50.0	Very soft gray clay w/sand layers	2	4	-
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_
								-
								_
								-
					O-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in.	b.		

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE, LA.

r:. '	The Boa	ard of	Levee	Commis	ssioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New	Orleans,	_ La	-0
			Desig	gn Eng	ineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			_	
oring	No	5s	oil Techr	nician	A. J. Mayeux Date 16 Sep	teml	per 1985	_	-
aroun	d Elev	9.8	38	r	DatumNGVDGr. Water Depth	See	Text	- 2	20
Sample No.	SAM Depth -	PLE Feet To	DEPTH S Fe	TRATUM set	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	,	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST		_
1	2.0	2.5	0.0	3.0	Medium stiff brown & gray fissured				-
					clay w/silt pockets			7 ,	ķň
2	5.0	5.5	3.0	7.0	Very stiff tan & gray clay w/silt				
					pockets				
3	8.0	8.5	7.0	10.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/silt pockets				-
	11.0	11.5	10.0	12.0	Loose tan silty sand w/clay			4	.0
4	14.0	14.5	12.0	16.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter & wood] <u>-</u>	_
5	16.0	17.5	16.0	19.5	Wood w/some clay	4	18		
6	19.5	21.0	19.5		Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	8	32		-
7	22.0	23.5			Ditto	10	35	_ 5	'n
8	25.0	26.5		28.0	Ditto	12	40] ti =	_
9	28.5	30.0	28.0	31,0	Very dense gray sand	15	50=10''] <u>z</u> _ <u>r</u>	
10	33.5	35.0	31.0		Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	13	37	ОЕРТН	_
11	38.5	40.0			Ditto	15	40		
12	43.5	45.0			Ditto	14	38	_	_
13	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	6	34		
									-
				_					
								_	-
									-
								_	
									\dashv

Predominant type shown heavy. Modifying type shown light.

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METAIRIE, LA.

: T		-14 01			ssioners of the Orleans Levee District, gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana	NOW	orreans,	
oring	No	6 s	Soil Tech		A T M	epter	mber 1985	
round	d Elev	5	.60	i	DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth			- 20
impie No.	SAI Depth From	MPLE — Feet	DEPTH S	STRATUM oot To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		'STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.0	3.0	0.0	5.0	Medium stiff brown & gray clay w/sand,	-		_
					shell fragments & gravel (fill)			
2	5 0	6.0	5.0	8.0				30
					pockets			
3	8.0	9.0	8.0	10.0	Soft dark gray clay w/sand pockets &			_
					organic matter			
			10.0	11.0	Humus & miscellaneous fill			40
4	11.0	12.0	11.0	14.0	Very soft gray clay w/wood, roots &			
					organic matter			Ī -
5	14.0	.15.5	14.0	16.0	Medium dense gray sand w/wood &	2	28	
					organic matter			T E 50
6	16.5	18.0	16.0	,	Medium dense gray sand w/shell	4	10	Z I
					fragments			ОЕРТН
7	19.0	20.5		23.0	Ditto	6	22	
8	23.5	25.0	23.0		Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	15	46	
9	28.5	30.0			Ditto	11	31	
0	33.5	35.0			Ditto	10	34	_
1	38.5	40.0		41.0	Ditto	5	33	
2	43.5	45.0	41.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	6	19	_
					fragments			
3	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	4	19	_
								_

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METABLE 1 A

lorina	No.	7 9			gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. J. Mayeux Date 31 A	lugu:	st 1985	-	
	d Elev	9.9					Text	-	_
Sample No.		APLE Feet To		STRATUM eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		STANDARD PENETRATION TEST		2 <u>(</u>
1	2.0	3.0	0.0	4.5	Stiff tan & gray silty clay w/silt			,	
					pockets				
2	5.0	6.0	4.5	6.0	Stiff gray & tan silty clay w/organic				<u>30</u>
					matter				
3	8.0	9.0	6.0	10.5	Medium stiff dark gray clay w/humus &				
					wood				4.0
4	11.0	12.0	10.5	12.0	Very soft gray clay w/organic matter				40
					& sand pockets & layers				
			12.0	14.5	Wood				
5	18.5	19.0	14.5	20.0	Extremely soft gray sandy clay w/wood,				בח
					organic matter & humus			L	<u>50</u>
6	20.0	21.5	20.0	22.0	Dense gray sand w/some organic matter	8	35	≥ E	
7	22.5	24.0	22.0		Dense gray sand	12	38	рертн	-
8	25.0	26.5			Ditto	8	38		
9	28.5	30.0			Ditto	15	37		-
10	33.5	35.0			Ditto	8	35		
11	38.5	40.0			Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	12	42		-
12	43.5	45.0			Ditto	12	45		
13	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	12	46		_
						1			
\rightarrow									-
								-	
									-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE, LA.

		_			issioners of the Orleans Levee District, gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		,	
Boring	No	3s	oil Tech	nician _	R. Elkins Date 19 Se	pte	mber 1985	
	d Elev					Sec	Text	- 20
Sample	SAI Depth	APLE — Feet	DEPTH	STRATUM Sect	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION	==
No.	From	То	From	То			TEST	
			0.0	0.5	Asphalt			-
			0.5		Medium compact tan & white sand & shells			30
1	1.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	Soft to medium stiff gray & brown			
					clay w/organic clay layers, roots &			
					humus			-
2	4.5	5.5	3.0	8.0	Very soft brown & gray clay w/roots &			40
					organic matter			
3	8.5	10.0	8.0	11.0	Dense gray sand w/roots	3	36	
4	11.0	12.5	11.0		Medium dense gray sand	7	28	
5	13.5	15.0	_	16.0	Ditto	4	19	50
6	16.0	17.5	16.0	18.5	Very dense gray sand	15	50=9''	E -
7	18.5	20.0	18.5	23.5	Medium dense gray sand	6	28	DEPTH #
8	23.5	25.0	23.5	28.5	Very dense gray sand	14	50=8''	DEP
9_	28.5	30.0	28.5	33.5	Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	10	43	
10	33.5	35.0	33.5	38.5	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	5	8	
11	38.5	40.0	38.5	43.5	Medium dense gray sand w/shell	8	22	
					fragments			-
12	43.5	45.0	43.5		Medium stiff gray clay w/shell	1.	2	
					fragments & sand pockets			
13	48.0	49.0		50.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/shell			
					fragments			-
								_
							_	-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METAIRIE, LA.

The Bo					New	Orleans,	- 10 _La.=
							_
No	9s	oil Tech	nician _	A. J. Mayeux Date 16 Sep	tem	ber 1985	_
d Elev	9.8	3			See	Text	- 20
SAM Depth From	APLE Feet To			VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
2.0	2.5	0.0		Stiff tan & gray clay w/silt & sand			
				pockets			30
5.0	5.5			Ditto] <u> </u>
8.0	8.5		9.0	Ditto			
11.0	11.5	9.0	12.5	Medium stiff gray silty clay w/organic			
				matter			40
14.0	14.5	12.5		Soft gray clay w/organic matter & wood			
19.0	19.5		21.0	Ditto			
23.0	23.5	21.0	23.5	Soft gray sandy clay w/organic matter			
				& roots			50
23.5	25.0	23.5	25.5	Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	7	36	E -
26.0	27.5	25.5		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	6	26	≧ E
				fragments			DEPTH
28.5	30.0			Medium dense gray sand w/some organic	7	23	
	_			matter			_
33.5	35.0			Ditto	5	17	
38.5	40.0			Ditto	5	13	
43.5	45.0		46.0	Ditto	3	16	
48.5	50.0	46.0	50.0	Medium dense gray sand w/shell fragments	4	16	_
							-
							_
							-
	No	The Board of No. 9 9.8 SAMPLE Poeth From To	The Board of Levee Designation Proceed	The Board of Levee Comminate Design Eng	Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. J. Mayeux Date 16 Sep	The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District, New Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana No. 9	Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

	., 1	0 -			ineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana	nter	mher 1005	-	
_					A. J. Mayeux Date 21 Se				20
	SAM Depth		DEPTH S	TRATUM	Gr. Water Deptil		*STANDARD	- 1	
Sample No.	From	To	From	To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	F	PENETRATION TEST		
1	2.0	3.0	0.0	4.5	Medium stiff brown & gray clay w/silty				-
					sand pockets				30
2	5.0	6.0	4.5	8.0	Very soft to soft brown clay w/humus				
					& sand pockets				
3	8.0	9.0	8.0	10.0	Very soft dark gray clay w/organic				-
					matter & sand pockets				40
4	11.0	12.0	10.0		Very soft brown & gray clay w/organic				
					matter				
5	15.0	16.0		18.0	Very soft brown & gray clay w/humus				-
					& roots				50
6	18.5	20.0	18.0		Medium dense gray sand	2	16	Ę	\neg
7	21.0	22.5			Ditto	5	18	Z ∑	
8	23.5	25.0			Medium dense gray sand w/shell	3	15	ОЕРТН	4
					fragments				
9	26.0	27.5			Ditto	3	15		\neg
10	28.5	30.0			Ditto	4	22		
11	33.5	35.0			Ditto	6	18		7
12	38.5	40.0			Ditto	6	20		
13	43.5	45.0		48.0	Ditto	8	22		\neg
14	48.5	50.0	48.0	50.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & shell	3	3		
					fragments				-
								-	\dashv
									7

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

orino	No.	11 5			gineering Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. J. Mayeux Date 31 Au	igus1	 t 1985		
_	d Elev	Λ 0			DatumNGVD Gr. Water DepthS				
Sample No.	SAA Depth From	APLE — Feet To	DEPTH S	TRATUM MH To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	<u>2</u> 1	
1	2.0	3.0	0.0		Stiff tan & gray clay w/silt pockets				
2	5.0	6.0		7.5	Ditto			30	
3	8.0	9.0	7.5	10.5	Medium stiff dark gray clay w/humus			<u> </u>	
					& wood				
4	11.0	12.0	10.5		Soft gray clay w/organic matter & wood				
5	14.0	15.0		20.5	Ditto			Δ	
6	22.5	24.0	20.5	25.5	Dense gray sand	7	37	40	
7	25.0	26.5	25.5	27.0	Very dense gray sand	9	50=10''		
8	27.5	29.0	27.0		Dense gray sand	13	40		
9_	30.5	32.0		32.5	Ditto	12	38	50	
10	33.5	35.0	32.5	37.0	Medium dense gray sand	5	21	F. 20	
L1	38.5	40.0	37.0		Dense gray sand	11	24	Z Ľ	
L2_	43.5	45.0			Ditto	8	32	DEPTH	
13	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	10	37		
						!		_	
								•	
								•	
								_	
								-	

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

	No1 d Elev			nician	R. E1kins Date 19 Sep Datum NGVD Gr. Water Depth			- - 20
ample No.		PLE Feet To	DEPTH S	Tratum Het	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
	From	10	0.0		Asphalt		1231	-
1	3.0	4.5			Loose gray sand w/wood	3	10	
2	5.0	6.5	5.0		Very soft gray clay w/wood	1	2	30
	7.5	8.5			Ditto			
3	10.5	11.5		12.0				_
4	12.0	13.5	12.0		Loose gray sand w/wood	1	7	10
5	14.5	16.0		17.0	Ditto	1	7	40
6	17.0	18.5	17.0	19.5	Medium dense gray sand	3	12]
7	19.5	21.0	19.5	23.5	Loose gray sand	2	8	_
8	23.5	25.0	23.5	28.5	Medium dense gray sand	5	28	50
9	28.5	30.0	28.5	33.5	Dense gray sand	10	37	F
10	33.5	35.0	33.5	38.5	Medium dense gray sand w/shell	2	18	_ <u>z</u> _ E
					fragments			ОЕРТН
11	38.5	40.0	38.5	41.5	Soft gray sandy clay	7	6	
12	43.0	44.0	41.5		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			_
					& shell fragments			
13	48.0	49.0		50.0	Ditto			_
								_
								-
						+		

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

oring				_	gineering Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		1 1005	
		¹³ s			R. Elkins Date 9 Sep			
iroun	INDUSTRIAL SAMPLE DEPTH STRATUM				DatumNGVD Gr. Water DepthS	1		2
Sample No.	Depth	— Feet		To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	'	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
1	1.5	2.5	0.0	3.0	Medium stiff brown clay w/silt layers			
					å pockets å grass roots			7
2	4.5	5.5	3.0	6.0	Very soft tan & gray clay w/silt			3
					pockets			
3	7.5	8.5	6.0	9.5	Soft brown clay w/organic matter (fill)			
4	10.5	11.5	9.5	12.0	Soft dark gray clay w/sandy clay			41
					pockets			41
5	13.5	14.5	12.0	16.0	Medium stiff gray clay			
6	18 0	19.0	16.0	23.0	Soft gray & tan clay w/wood			
7	23.0	24.0	23.0	28.0	Loose gray fine sand w/wood			. 50
8	28.0	29.5	28.0	30.5	Medium dense gray fine sand w/trace	8	16	E -
					of shell fragments			Ξ
9	30.5	32.0	30.5	33.0	Dense gray fine sand	10	37	рертн
10	33.0	34.5	33.0	_	Medium dense gray fine sand w/clay	3	13	
					layers			-
L1	35.5	37.0		38.5	Medium dense gray fine sand	4	16	
.2	38.5	40.0	38.5	43.5	Dense gray fine sand w/shell fragments	8	45	
13	43.5	45.0	43.5		Very dense gray fine sand w/shell	14	50=7''	
					fragments			-
14	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	18	50=10''	
					·			
		_						
								_

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

·: '	ine boa				ssioners of the Orleans Levee District, I gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana	NEW	Officalis,	
oring	No	<u>14</u> s	oil Tech	nician	A. J. Mayeux Date 20 Sc	epte	mber 198	5
iroun	d Elev	3	3.30		DatumNGVDGr. Water Depth			_ 20
Sample	SAM Depth	IPLE Feet		MUTATTE	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	,	*STANDARD PENETRATION	
No.	From	To	From	Το	A - 1 - 1 -		TEST	<u>.</u>
			0.0	0.5	Asphalt	-		
7	2.0	3.0	1.5	1.5	Sand & shell fill Soft black & gray clay w/organic matter			30
1	2.0	3.0	1,5	3,0	roots & shell fragments	,		
2	5.0	6.0	3.0	7.5	Very soft gray & black clay w/organic	-		-
	3.0	0.0	3.0	7.3	matter & roots			
3	8.0	9.0	7.5	10.0	Soft gray clay			40
4	11.0	12.0	10.0	12.0	Very soft gray clay w/sand pockets			1
_ -	12.0	13.5	12.0	15.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell	1	5	١.
	12.0		12.0		fragments			1
6	15.0	16.5	15.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	3	11	<u> </u>
					fragments			<u>z</u>
7	18.5	20.0			Ditto	7	19	DEPTH -
8	21.0	22.5			Ditto	3	11	1
9	23.5	25.0		28.5	Ditto	5	16	-
10	28.5	30.0	28.5		Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	6	32	
11	33.5	35.0			Ditto	10	48] -
12	38.5	40.0		41.0	Ditto	10	35	
13	43.5	45.0	41.0		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets	3	6] –
					& shell fragments			
14	49.0	50.0		50.0	Ditto			-
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

or:	The Bo	ard of	ELeve	e Comm:	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	v Orleans,	La. 1
			Des	ign Eng	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			_
3oring	No1!	5s	oil Tech	nician	A. J. Mayeux Date 31 Au	gust	1985	_
Groun	d Elev	9.8	31		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth_S	ee 1	- 2	
Sample No.	SAN Depth From	PLE — Feet To		STRATUM eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		'STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.0	3.0	0.0		Extremely stiff tan & gray silty clay			
					w/silt pockets			1
2	5.0	6.0		7.5	Ditto			3
3	8.0	9.0	7.5	10.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/organic			
					matter			
4	11.0	12.0	10.0	13.0	Very soft gray clay w/organic matter			Α.
					& silt			40
5	14.0	15.0	13.0		Soft gray clay w/humus & wood			
6	19.0	20.0		27.0	Ditto			
7	27.5	29.0	27.0	30.0	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	ļ		5/
8	30.0	31.5	30.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	4	20	E =
	_				fragments			프
9	32.5	34.0			Ditto	5	16	рертн
10	35.0	36.5			Ditto	5	19	
11_	38.5				Ditto	9	27	
12	43.5	45.0		47.5	Ditto	10	35	
13	48.5	50.0	47.5	50.0	Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	14	45	•
						-		_
					,			_
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	1							
			1	1				
						ļ		_

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Sheet 1 of 2

METAIRIE, LA. Orleans Levee District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal Name of Project: _ OLB Project No. 2048-0304. New Orleans, Louisiana For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District, New Orleans. Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana 20 September 1985 S. Porta & R. Elkins 16 Boring No. Soil Technician Date See Text -1.24**NGVD** Ground Elev. Datum Gr. Water Depth DEPTH STRATUM SAMPLE Depth — Feet *STANDARD VISUAL CLASSIFICATION PENETRATION TEST 0.0 0.5 0.0 0.5 Asphalt 0.5 0.5 Shells & sand 1.0 1.0 1 2.5 3.0 1.0 4.0 Medium stiff brown & gray clay w/shells & gravel 4.0 5.5 4.0 5.5 Wood 2 5.5 6.0 5.5 7.0 Soft brown humus w/wood & organic clay layers 7.0 Soft brown organic clay w/roots & wood 8.5 9.0 11.5 4 11.5 12.0 11.5 Loose gray silty sand w/clay pockets 12.0 & layers 12.013.5 12.0 5 1.7.5 Very soft gray clay w/sand layers & Z pockets 17.5 18.0 17.5 Loose gray silty sand w/clay pockets 7 18.0 19.5 Ditto 2 3 9 8 20.5 22.0 Ditto 3 9 23.5 25.0 26.0 Ditto 13 2 15 27.5 Medium dense gray silty sand 10 26.0 26.0 23 33.5 Ditto 6 11 28.5 30.0 50=10" Very dense gray silty sand 12 35.0 33.5 35.0 33.5 Loose greenish-gray silty sand 9 12 13 38.5 40.0 35.0 43.5 2 Soft gray clay w/sand pockets 1 14 43.5 45.0 43.5 Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets 15 49.5 50.0 & sand 55.0 57.0 Medium stiff gray clay 16 54.5 60.0 Stiff greenish-gray & tan clay 17 59.5 60.0 57.0 (Continued) *Number in first column indicates number of blows of 140-lb. hammer dropped 30 in, required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. Number in second column indicates number of blows of 140-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 it. after seating 6 in. WHILE THIS LOG OF BORING IS CONSIDERED TO BE REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS RESPECTIVE LOCATION ON THE DATE SHOWN, IT IS NOT WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT OTHER LOCATIONS AND TIMES. HUMUS Remarks:

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METAIRIE, LA.

Sheet 2 of 2

For:	The B	oard o	f Leve	e Comm	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	v Orleans,	La.
			Des	sign Er	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
Boring	No	16 s	oil Tech	nician _	S. Porta & R. Elkins Date 20 Sep	ot.emb	oer 1985	
Groun	d Elev	JOIL U	' - :	1.24	DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth	See	e Text	
Sample No.	SAI Depth From	MPLE — Feet To		STRATUM Foot	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		STANDARD ENETRATION TEST	-
18	60.0	61.0	60.0		Medium dense gray sandy silt w/shell			
					fragments			
19	61.0	62.5			Medium dense gray sandy silt	6	15	_
20	63.5	65.0			Ditto	8	17	
21	66.0	67.5			Ditto	6	15	
22	68.5	70.0			Ditto	5	27	
23	73.5	75.0		78.5	Ditto	11	22	_
24	78.5	80.0	78.5	83.5	Medium dense gray & tan sandy silt	6	22	
					w/clay layers			
25	83.5	85.0	83.5		Stiff gray clay w/silt layers	3	5	
26	88.0	89.0			Stiff gray clay w/silt lenses			E -
27	93.0	94.0			Ditto			<u>z</u>
28	98.0	99.0		100.0	Ditto			рертн
				_				-
								-
								-
								_
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Name	of Proje	ct:			e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal			-
or:	The D	م لمده			No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			10
or:	me Be	oard o			issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Ne	w Orleans,	La.
		17			gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
Boring	No		Soil Tech		NOTE TO		ember 1985	
Groun	d Elev	9.8			Datum Gr. Water Depth	See	Text	20
Sample No.	SAI Depth From	APLE — Feet To		To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.0	2.5	0.0		Stiff to very stiff tan & gray clay			_
					w/silt & sand pockets			30
2	5.0	5.5			Ditto			30
3	8.0	8.5		9.5	Ditto			
4	11.0	11.5	9.5	13.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter & wood			
5	14.0	14.5	13.0	16.5	Soft gray clay w/sand, organic matter			40
					& wood			
6	19.0	19.5	16.5	20.0	Soft gray organic clay w/silt pockets			
					& roots			-
7	24.0	24.5	20.0	28.5	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets			50
8	29.0	29.5	28.5	30.0	Very loose gray sand w/shell fragments			E -
9	30.0	31.5	30.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell fragments	4	16	z r
10	32.5	34.0			Ditto	3	11	рертн
11	35.0	36.5			Ditto	5	13	
12	38.5	40.0		43.5	Ditto	5	14	
13	43.5	45.0	43.5	46.0	Dense gray sand w/shell fragments	8	34	ĺ
14	48.5	50.0	46.0	50.0	Medium dense gray sand w/shell fragments	7	17	4
								ľ
								-
							_	-
							-	_

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

			Des	ign En	gineering, Inc , Metairie, Louisiana			
Boring	No. 1	8s	oil Tech	nician	George Hardee Date 20 Se	pter	mber 1985	
_		-1.					Text	20
Sample No.	SAN	APLE — Feet To	DEPTH	STRATUM eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
			0.0	0.5	Asphalt w/gravel			
			0.5					7.0
1	1.0	2.5	0.9	3.0	Medium stiff dark gray sandy clay	1	5	-
					w/roots, organic matter & clay pocket	S		
2	5.5	6.0	3.0	6.0	Loose brown humus w/wood & roots			
3	8.0	8.5	6.0	9.0	Very soft brown organic clay w/roots			40
					& humus layers			40
4	11.5	12.0	9.0	13.5	Loose gray clayey sand w/roots & sandy			
					clay pockets			
5	15.5	17.0	13.5		Loose gray fine sand	2	5	50
6	18.0	19.5			Ditto	1	5	ff. 30
7	20.5	22.0		23.0	Ditto	2	9	<u>z</u> E
8	23.0	24.5	23.0		Medium dense gray fine sand	4	12	рертн
9	25.5	27.0			Medium dense gray fine sand w/shells	2	19	
10	28.5	30.0		33.0	Medium dense gray fine sand	7	30	_
11	33.5	35.0	33.0	39.0	Very dense gray fine sand	12	50=8"	
12	38.5	40.0	39.0		Medium stiff gray clay	8	4	•
13	43.5	44.5			Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			
					& shells			_
14	48.5	49.5		50.0	Ditto			
								-
								-
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

	of Projec	ot	OLB Pa	roject	Postrict, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			. 10	
or:	The Bo	oard of	Leve	e Comm	ssioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New	Orleans,	La.L	
			Desi	ign Eng	gineering, Inc , Metairie, Louisiana			-	4
3oring	No			nician _	A. J. Mayeux Date 28 Aug				
	d Elev	10.			Datum NGVD Gr. Water DepthSe	ee T	ext	- 20) [
Sample	SAN Depth	APLE Feet	DEPTH S	STRATUM eet	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION		7
No.	From	То	From	То			TEST		
1	2.0	3.0	0.0		Stiff tan & gray silty clay w/silt				٦,
					pockets			30) (
2	5.0	6.0			Ditto				7
3	8.0	9.0		9.0	Ditto				
4	11.0	12.0	9.0	13.0	Very soft dark gray clay w/humus & wood				7
5	14.0	15.0	13.0	17.0		-		40	<u>)</u>
					layers, organic matter & wood				1
6	19.0	20.0	17.0	21.0					
					€ wood				
	24.0	25.0	21.0	26.5				. 50	}
7	27.5	29.0	26.5	30.0	Very loose gray sand w/shell fragments	1	4	F 30	T
8	30.0	31.5	30.0		Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	3	9	DEPTH	
9	32.5	34.0			Ditto	2	8	DE	
10	35.0	36.5				4	6		
11	38.5	40.0		42.5	Ditto	3	9		7
12	43.5	45.0	42.5		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	6	17		
					fragments				٦
13	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	7	18		
								_	٦
									1
								_	\exists
									-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Sheet 1 of 2

METAIRIE, LA. Orleans Levee District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal Name of Project: OLB Project No. 2048-0304, New Orleans Louisiana For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District, New Orleans, La. Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana R. Elkins Date 20 September 1985 Boring No ... Soil Technician -1.87NGVD See Text Ground Elev. Datum Gr. Water Depth. DEPTH STRATUM 'STANDARD VISUAL CLASSIFICATION PENETRATION TEST From From Tα 0.00.5 Asphalt 0.5 Medium compact tan & white sand & shells 1.0 1 1.5 2.5 1.0 3.0 Loose gray sandy silt w/clay layers & shells & wood 2 4.5 5.5 3.0 6.0 Soft gray organic clay w/wood & humus 1ayers 3 7.5 8.5 6.0 9.0 Loose gray clayey silt w/sandy silt layers & wood 4 10.5 11.5 9.0 Loose gray clayey sand w/shell fragments 5 13.5 14.5 15.0 Ditto 6 18.0 19.015.0 Very loose gray clayey sand w/trace of clay 7 20.0 21.5 Very loose gray clayey sand 2 6 8 22.5 24.0 25.0 Ditto 1 4 9 25.0 26.5 25.0 Medium dense gray sand 2 18 10 27.5 29.0 Ditto 3 11 11 30.0 31.5 33.5 Ditto 5 17 12 33.5 35.0 33.5 38.5 Dense gray sand w/shell fragments 8 39 13 38.5 40.0 38.5 Soft gray clay w/sand layers & shell 40.0 3 fragments 14 43.0 44.0 40.0 Medium stiff gray clay w/sand lenses & shell fragments 15 48.0 49.0 Ditto 16 53.0 54.0 Ditto 17 57.0 58.0 58.0 Ditto (Continued) *Number in first column indicates number of blows of 140-lb, hammer dropped 30 in, required to seat 2-in, O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in, Number in second COlumn indicates number of blows of 140-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in.
WHILE THIS LOG OF BORING IS CONSIDERED TO BE REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS
RESPECTIVE LOCATION ON THE DATE SHOWN, IT IS NOT WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF
SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT OTHER LOCATIONS AND TIMES.

CLAY
SILT HUMUS Remarks:

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE LA

Sheet 2 of 2

Name o	of Project	t:			Positive District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		-
For:	The Bo	ard of	f Leve	e Commi	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La.
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		
3oring I	No	S	oil Tech	nician	R. Elkins Date 20 Se	ptember 1985	-
Ground	Elev. (C	ont'd)	-1.8	<u> 37 </u>		See Text	
Sample No.	SAMF Depth	PLE - Feet To		STRATUM eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
18	58.0	59.0	58.0	60.0	Very stiff greenish-gray & tan clay		_
					w/sand pockets		
							_
							_
							_
							E
							<u>z</u> ŗ
							ОЕРТН
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_
							7
					<u>-</u>		

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

	No	²¹ _s	oil Tech	nician _	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. J. Mayeux Date 16 Se	pter	mber 1985	
iroun	d Elev	9.7			Datum Gr. Water Depth	See	e Text	. 20
Sample No.	SAM Depth From	APLE — Feet To		STRATUM eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	-
1	2.0	2.5	0.0	4.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/clayey			
					sand layers			30
2	5.0	5.5	4.0	6.0	Loose tan silty sand w/clay			_
3	8.0	8.5	6.0	10.5	Stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets			
4	11.0	11.5	10.5	13.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter, silt			
					& wood			40
5	14.0	14.5	13.0	17.0	Medium stiff gray sandy clay w/organic			_
					matter			
6	19.0	19.5	17.0	21.5	Soft gray clay w/wood & organic matter			
7	24.0	24.5	21.5		Medium stiff gray sandy clay w/some			50
					organic matter			£ _
8	29.0	29.5		32.5	Ditto			ī Z
9	32.5	34.0	32.5	35.0	Medium dense gray sand w/shell	5	17	ОЕРТН
					fragments			
10	35.0	36.5	35.0		Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	4	6	
11	38.5	40.0		43.0	Ditto	2	8	
12	43.5	45.0	43.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	3	11	-
					fragments			
13	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	9	21	_
						ļ		-
					<u>-</u>			
								_
						Ш		-
					D-ib. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in.			

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE I A

OH III IG	No2	² s	oil Tech	nician _	George Hardee Date 20 Se	pten	nber 1985	- -
		-4.				See	Text	- 20
Sample No.	SAI Depth	MPLE — Feet	DEPTH :	STRATUM eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	1	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	_
	From	То	0.0		Asphalt w/gravel	-	1651]] .
			0.1	0.6	Concrete	-		
1	1.0	2.5	0.6		<u>, </u>	1	2	30
2	4.5	5.5	2.5		Soft brown & gray organic clay w/roots	+-	_	_
					& clay layers	+		
3	8.0	8.5	6.5	8.5				40
					matter & sand layers			40
4	10.5	11.5	8.5		Medium dense gray silty sand w/shell			
					fragments			
5	14.5	15.0		16.0	Ditto			50
6	18.0	18.5	16.0		Loose gray fine sand w/trace of clay			E -
7	18.5	20.0			Loose gray fine sand	3	8	Z T
8	21.0	22.5		24.0	Ditto	3	10	ОЕРТН
9	23.5	25.0	24.0	26.5	Very loose gray fine sand w/shells	3	3	
10	26.0	27.5	26.5		Medium dense gray fine sand	2	11	
11	28.5	30.0			Ditto	5	16	
12	33.5	35.0		38.0	Medium dense gray fine sand w/shells	7	18	-
13	38.5	40.0	38.0		Medium stiff gray clay	1	2	
14	43.5	44.5			Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			_
					& shells			
15	48.5	49.5		50.0	Ditto			-
								
								-
					0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in			

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

rinc			<u>Des</u>	ign Eng	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
,, n is	No	23s	oil Tech	nician _	A. J. Mayeux Date 27 Au	gus	t 1985	
oun	d Elev	9	. 56		DatumNGVD Gr. Water DepthS	ee [Гехt	2
imple No.	SAM Depth From	APLE Feet		STRATUM set	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	۷.
1	2.0	3.0	0.0		Very stiff tan & gray silty clay			
	2.0	3.0	0.0	7.3	w/silt pockets			
2	5.0	6.0	4.5	7.0				<u> 3</u>
					pockets			
3	8.0	9.0	7.0	10.0	•			
4	11.0	12.0	10.0		Soft gray clay w/silt, organic matter			
=					€ wood			40
5	14.0	15.0		15.0	Ditto			
6	16.0	17.0	15.0	18.0	Very soft gray clay w/humus layers			
					& wood			-
			18.0	22.0	Wood w/organic matter & some clay			E 51
7	24.0	25.0	22.0	26.0	Loose gray clayey silt w/wood			<u>z</u>
8	29.0	30.0	26:0	33.0	Soft gray clay w/silt layers			ОЕРТН
9	33.5	35.0	33.0	36.0	Medium dense gray sand w/shells	7	21	
0	36.0	37.5	36.0	•	Very loose gray sand w/shells	3	5	_
1	38.5	40.0		41.0	Ditto	2	3	
2	41.0	42.5	41.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	5	21	
					fragments			
3	43.5	45.0		47.5	Ditto	5	21	
4	48.5	50.0	47.5	50.0	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	4	9	
								•
						1		
								_
						ļ		
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			Ţ					

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

	TIL . D.				No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			_ 10
r: '	ine Boa	ara of			ssioners of the Orleans Levee District, 1	Vew	Orleans,	_La
	,				gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		1 100	_
_	, 140					ерт	ember 198	5
Groun					Datum NGVD Gr. Water Depth	_		_ 20
Sample No.		APLE — Feet	F	STRATUM eet	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION	
	From	To	0.0	0.5	Concrete		TEST	-
1	2.5	3.0	0.5	3.0		_		+
	1 2.3	3.0	0.5		roots, silt pockets & shells	,		30
2	5.0	6.0	3.0	6.0				+
		0.0	5.0		w/humus pockets & roots			┤ .
3	8.5	9.0	6.0	9.0	Loose brown humus w/roots & wood layers	-		-
4	10.5	11.5	9.0		Very soft gray clay w/sand pockets			4 <u>0</u>
5	13.5	14.5			Ditto			
6	18.0	19.0		19.0	Ditto			┆ .
7	20.0	21.5	19.0	22.0	Medium dense gray fine sand	3	12	1
8	22.5	24.0	22.0		Loose gray fine sand w/shells	2	7	<u>50</u>
9	25.0	26.5	24.5	27.0	Very loose gray fine sand w/shells &	1	4	Z T
					trace of clay			оертн
10	27.5	29.0	27.0	31.0	Medium dense gray fine sand	6	12	
11	30.5	32.0	31.0	33.0	Dense gray fine sand	7	34	
12	33.5	35.0	33.0	37.5	Medium dense gray fine sand	7	18	
13	38.5	40.0	37.5		Medium stiff gray clay	1	2	-
14	43.5	44.5			Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			
					& shells			_
15	48.5	49.5		50.0	Ditto			
								-
								_
								_
								_

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Sheet 1 of 2

METAIRIE, LA. Orleans Levee District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal Name of Project: OLB Project No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District, New Orleans, For: Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana Date 12 September 1985 A. J. Mayeux Boring No. Soil Technician _ NGVD 9.61 See Text Ground Elev. Datum _ Gr. Water Depth. SAMPLE Depth — Feet DEPTH STRATUM *STANDARD Sample VISUAL CLASSIFICATION PENETRATION TEST 1 2.0 2.5 0.0Very stiff tan & gray silty clay w/clayey silt pockets 2 5.0 5.5 7.0 Ditto 3 8.0 8.5 7.0 10.0 Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets 4 11.011.5 10.0 Soft gray clay w/organic matter, humus & wood 5 14.0 14.5 15.0 Ditto 6 19.0 19.5 15.0 Soft black organic clay w/humus & wood 21.0 7 24.0 24.5 25.0 21.0 Very soft gray silty clay w/organic matter & wood z 8 29.0 29.5 25.0 29.5 Soft gray sandy clay 9 32.0 32.5 29.5 33.5 Soft gray clay 10 33.5 35.0 33.5 36.0 Medium dense gray sand w/shell 7 21 fragments 36.0 11 37.5 36.0 Very loose gray clayey sand w/shells 1 2 12 38.5 40.0 41.0 1 3 Ditto 13 41.0 42.5 41.0 Medium dense gray sand w/shell 15 fragments 14 43.5 45.0 Ditto 3 13 15 48.5 50.0 50.5 Ditto 3 11 16 53.5 55.0 50.5 56.0 Medium stiff gray clay w/sand layers 2. 17 Medium stiff gray clay w/clayey sand 59.0 59.5 56.0 pockets & shell fragments 18 64.0 64.5 66.0 Ditto 19 69.5 71.0 | Medium stiff gray clay 69.0 66.0 Number in first column indicates number of blows of 140-lb, hammer dropped 30 in, required to seat 2-in, O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. Number in second column indicates number of blows of 140-lb, hammer dropped 30 in, required to drive 2-in, O, D, splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. WHILE THIS LOG OF BORING IS CONSIDERED TO BE REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS RESPECTIVE LOCATION ON THE DATE SHOWN, IT IS NOT WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT OTHER LOCATIONS AND TIMES. Remarks:

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE, LA.

Sheet 2 of 2

		25			A. J. Mayeux Date 12 S	September 1985	-
ing oun	140	ont'd)		nician [Date	ee Text	-
npie io.	SAM Depth From	IPLE Feet To		STRATUM Goot To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
20	74.0	74.5	71.0	74.5	Medium stiff greenish-gray clay		
					w/organic matter & shells		
21	79.0	79.5	74.5	81.5	Very stiff greenish-gray clay w/silt		
					pockets		
2	84.5	85.5	81.5	86.0	Stiff greenish-gray & tan sandy clay		
23	89.0	89.5	86.0	91.0	Stiff tan ६ gray clay w/sand layers		
24	94.0	94.5	91.0		Stiff tan & gray clay w/silt lenses		-
25	99.0	99.5		100.0	Ditto		
							표 -
							Z E
							DEPTH
					_		
							-
						·	
					-		_
					-		
							-
lumbar	n first colur	nn indicates	s number of	blows of 14	0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. opped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in.	. Number in second	-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

					SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.				FI
Nama	of Proje	ct. (rleans	s Leve	e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal			-	Wo
vame	or Proje	CI:		-	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			_	***
r: 7	The Boa	ard of	Levee	Commis	ssioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New	Orleans,	1 <u>0</u> _	2
		~-	Desi	ign Eng	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			_	
Borino	No	26	_		A. J. Mayeux Date 20 Se	pter	mber 1985	_	- 1
_	d Elev		1.27		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth				
	SAI	MPLE — Feet		STRATUM			*STANDARD	<u> 20</u>	
Sample No.	From	To	From	To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		PENETRATION TEST		
			0.0	0.5	Concrete				-{3/
			0.5	1.25	Sand & shell fill			70	
1	3.0	4.0	1.25	4.0	Wood, organic matter, clay,			$\frac{30}{}$	-
					miscellaneous fill				•
	5.0	6.0	4.0	7.0	Wood w/humus & organic matter			-	-
2	7.0	8.0	7.0	10.0	Very soft brown humus w/organic clay			10	
					& roots			40_	///
3	11.0	12.0	10.0	13.0	Very soft gray clay w/clayey silt				
					pockets & shell fragments] -	//
4	14.0	15.0	13.0	16.0	Soft gray clay w/silt pockets				
. 5	19.0	20.0	16.0	22.5	Very soft gray clay w/silt pockets			50	//
6	24.0	25.0	22.5	25.0	Very loose gray clayey sand w/shell			<u>z</u>	
					fragments & clay pockets			ОЕРТН	-
7	25.0	26.5	25.0	27.0	Very loose gray sand w/shell fragments	1	4		
8	27.5	29.0	27.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	4	20]	1
					fragments				
9	29.5	31.0			Ditto	4	19	_	_
10	33.0	34.5		35.5	Ditto	4	19		
11	35.5	37.0	35.5	38.0	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	2	8		1
12	38.5	40.0	38.0	42.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & shell	1	3		
					fragments] -	1
13	44.0	45.0	42.0		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets				
					& shell fragments				
14	49.0	50.0		50.0	Ditto				
							_		1

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

	No2				gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. Croal, Jr. Date 31 Au			-
Groun	d Elev	9.0	06		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth_S	See '	Text	- 20
Sample No.	SAI Depth From	MPLE Feet To		STRATUM eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	l	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	20
1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	Medium stiff brown & gray clay w/fine			-
					sand pockets & grass roots			7.0
2	1.7	2.5	0.5	3.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/many			30
					fine sand pockets & lenses			1
3	4.7	5.5	3.0	5.5	Medium compact tan & gray sandy silt] -
					w/thin clay layers			1
4	7.7	8.5	5.5	9.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay			40
5	10.7	11.5	9.0		Stiff gray clay w/few clayey silt			
					pockets] -
6	13.7	14.5		17.5	Stiff gray clay w/trace of organic			
					matter			1 E 50
7	18.2	19.0	17.5	19.0	Loose gray clayey silt w/organic clay			⊒ r
					§ humus layers			ОЕРТН
8	23.2	24.0	19.0	25.0	Loose brown humus w/roots & organic			
					clay layers			_
9	28.2	29.0	25.0		Soft gray clay w/clayey silt lenses &			
					shell fragments			_
10	33.2	34.0		38.0	Soft gray clay w/few shell fragments			
11	38.2	39.0	38.0		Dense gray silty sand w/clay pockets			
					& shell fragments			
12	42.2	43.0		43.0	Ditto] -
13	43.5	45.0	43.0	46.0	Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell	4	24	
					fragments			_
14	46.0	47.5	46.0		Medium dense gray silty sand w/shell	6	14	
					fragments			_
15	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	3	11	

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

			Des:	ign Eng	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
Boring	No.	²⁸ s	oil Tech	nician _	A. J. Mayeux Date 19 Se	epte	ember 1985	
iroun	d Elev		. 48	[See	Text	20
Sample No.	SAM Depth From	IPLE — Feet To		TRATUM set	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	,	'STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	_
			0.0	0.2	Asphalt			
			0.2		Concrete			3(
			0.7	1.5	Fill (sand & shells)			_
			1.5	4.0	Miscellaneous fill (wood, clay, organic			
					matter & shells)			
1	4.5	5.5	4.0	6.0	Extremely soft black humus w/roots &			40
					wood			_
2	7.5	8.5	6.0	8.5	Extremely soft gray silty clay			
					w/organic matter & wood			
3	11.0	12.0	8.5		Very soft gray clay w/some organic			50
					matter			F
4	14.0	15.0		16.0	Ditto			<u>z</u> E
5	19.0	20.0	16.0	24.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt lenses			ОЕРТН
6	24.0	25.0	24.0	27.0	Soft gray sandy clay w/shell fragments			
7	27.0	28.5	27.0	29.5	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	1_	7	
8	29.5	31.0	29.5		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	5	17	
					fragments			
9	32.5	34.0			Ditto	4	14	
10	35.0	36.5		38.0	Medium dense gray sand w/some clay	3	10	_
11	38.5	40.0	38.0	42.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & shell	1	3	
					fragments			•
12	44.0	45.0	42.0		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			
					§ shell fragments			
13	49.0	50.0		50.0	Ditto			
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

Name	of Proje	ct:			e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Cana No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			_	1 (
or:	The Bo	oard o	f Leve	e Comm	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Ne	w Orleans	, La	ı . <u>- 1</u>
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			_	
Boring	No			nician _	A. J. Mayeux Date 27 At	ugus	t 1985	_	•
	d Elev	0	81		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth	See '	Гext	_	20
Sample	- SAI Depth	MPLE — Feet		STRATUM oot	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION		
No.	From	То	From	То			TEST		
1	2.0	3.0	0.0		Very stiff brown & gray clay w/silt				-
					pockets	-		-	30
2	5.0	6.0		7.0	Ditto			-	
3	8.0	9.0	7.0	10.5	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets	-		-	-
4	11.0	12.0	10.5	12.0	<u> </u>			1	
<u>.</u> 5	14.0	15.0		17.0	, , ,			1	40
6	19.0	20.0	17.0	20.0					
					matter				-
7	24.0	25.0	20.0	26.0					
8	29.0	30.0	26.0		Extremely soft gray clay w/wood	T		ΕĖ	50
9	34.0	35.0	31.5		Soft gray clay w/silt lenses			Z T	
10	39.0	40.0		40.0	Soft gray clay w/sand lenses			DEPTH	-
11	43.0	44.0	40.0	44.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell	-			
					fragments				_
12	44.0	45.5	44.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	5	20		
					fragments				-
13	46.0	47.5			Ditto	5	22		
14	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	6	16		
					<u></u>				
									-
									-
				-					

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

Borina					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
	No3	<u>0</u> s	Soil Tech	nician _	A. J. Mayeux Date 19 Sep	oten	ber 1985	
	d Elev		5. 29	I	DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth	See	Text	20
Sample No.	SAI Depth From	MPLE Feet To		STRATUM Sect	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	F	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	_
			0.0	0.2	Asphalt			
			0.2	0.7	Concrete			30
			0.7	1.5	Fill (sand & shells)			_
1	2.0	2.5	1.5	4.0	Loose brown humus			
2	5,0	5.5	4.0	6.0	Loose gray clayey silt w/organic matter			
					& wood			40
3	8.0	8.5	6.0		Very soft gray clay w/organic matter			-
_					& silt			
4	11.0	11.5		13.0	Ditto			,
5	14.0	14.5	13.0		Soft gray clay w/silt lenses			50
6	19.0	19.5		24.0	Ditto			<u>≅</u> E —
7	24.0	24.5	24.0	27.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell fragments			DEPTH II
8	27.5	29.0	27.0	29.0	Ditto	2	7	DEF
9	29.0	30.5	29.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell fragments	6	19	
10	31.5	33.0			Ditto	6	19	
11	34.0	35.5		38.0	Ditto	4	12	
12	38.5	40.0	38.0		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets	1	4	•
4.5	- 1 1 0				ξ shell fragments			
13	44.0	44.5			Ditto			
14	49.0	49.5		50.0	Ditto			_
	-							
								_
-								
							_	
						-		

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

					METAIRIE, LA.				
Name	of Proje	ct:			e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal			_	_
					No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			_	10
or:	The Bo	pard of			issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	v Orleans	<u>,</u> La	.—
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			_	
Boring	No				A. Croal, Jr. Date 31 At			_	
Groun	d Elev	9.	71		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth_Se	ee]	Text	_	20
Sample No.	Depth	MPLE — Feet	F	STRATUM	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST		
	From	То	From	To		\vdash	1001	+	_
1 	0.0	0.5			Very stiff tan & gray clay	+		+	
	1.7	2.5	0.5	3.0	Hard tan & gray silty clay w/silt				<u>30</u>
7	4 7		7 0		lenses	+		+	
3	4.7	5.5	3.0	6.0		+		-	
					pockets & layers			+	
4	7.7	8.5	6.0		Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/clayey	-		-	40
-					silt pockets			-	
5	10.7	11.5		12.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/trace of			4	
					organic matter			4	
6	13.7	14.5	12.0	15.0	Very loose gray clayey silt w/trace of	-		4 .	50
					organic matter	-		□ E	
7	18.2	19.0	15.0	19.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/organic matter	_		DEPTH I	
					& clayey silt pockets	_		_ <u>#</u>	-
8	23.2	24.0	19.0	25.0	Soft gray organic clay w/humus layers	ļ		_	
					ξ wood	-			\neg
9	28.2	29.0	25.0		Soft gray clay w/clayey silt pockets	ļ		_	
					& layers	ļ		_	
10	33.2	34.0			Soft gray clay w/clayey silt pockets	<u> </u>			
					& lenses			_	\neg
11	38.2	39.0		41.5	Soft gray clay w/few fine sand lenses				
12	43.2	44.0	41.5	45.0	Very loose to loose gray clayey sand				+
					w/clay pockets & shell fragments	ļ			
13	45.0	46.5	45.0	48.5	Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell	6	26		\dashv
					fragments		_		
		50.0	48.5	50.0	Medium dense gray silty sand w/shell	3	12		4
14	48.5	30.0	.0.0						

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

or:	The B	oard o			issioners of the Orleans Levee District, gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana	Ner	w Orleans,	La.
	3	2				nter	nher 1985	•
	No3	_	ioil Tech , 21	nician	אורשודו		Text	
Sample	d Elev SAI Depth	APLE Feet	DEPTH :	STRATUM eet	Oatum Gr. Water Depth visual classification		*STANDARD PENETRATION	2
No.	From	То	From	To			TEST	
			0.0	0.2			_	
			0.2		Concrete	-	_	3
			0.7	1.5		-		_
-1	7.0	4.0	1.5					
2	3.0	4.0	2.5			<u> </u>		
3	7.0	8.0	7.0	10.0				40
	11.0	12.0	10.0	13.0				
4	15.0	16.0	13.0		organic matter			
5	19.0	20.0	13.0	22.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt lenses Ditto			
6	24.0	25.0	22.0	26.0				£ 5
7	26.5	28.0	26.0	28.0		2	7	<u>z</u>
	20.5	20.0	20.0	20.0	fragments		/	DEPTH
8	28.5	30.0	28.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	6	29	
	20.0	30.0	20.0		fragments		23	
9	31.0	32.5			Ditto	6	22	
10	33.5	35.0		36.0	Ditto	3	14	
11	36.0	37.5	36.0		Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	2	7	
12	38.5	40.0	38.0		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets	1	4	
					& shell fragments			
13	44.0	45.0			Ditto			
14	49.0	50.0		50.0	Ditto			
								-
								•

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

Name	of Proje		OLB P	roject	e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Cana No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			_ _ 1
For:	The B	oard o	f Leve	e Comm	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Ne	w Orleans	s, La-
	_		Des	ign_En	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			_
Boring	No			nician _	Date		st 1985	_
Groun	d Elev	9.	26	1	DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth	See	Text	— 20
Sample	SA& Depth	APLE Feet		STRATUM	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION	_ <u>-</u>
No.	From	То	From	То	VISUAL SEASON IONION		TEST	
1	1.5	2.5	0.0	4.0	Hard tan & gray silty clay w/roots			
2	4.5	5.5	4.0		Stiff to very stiff gray & tan clay			
					w/sand layers ६ lenses			_ =
3	7.5	8.5			Stiff to very stiff gray & tan clay			
					w/silt lenses & pockets			
4	10.5	11.5		12.0	Stiff to very stiff gray & tan clay			
					w/sandy clay ६ sand layers			40
5	13.5	14.5	12.0		Soft to medium stiff dark gray			
					flocculated clay w/silt pockets			
6	18.0	19.0		20.0	Soft to medium stiff dark gray			
					flocculated clay w/sand layers, humus			
					layers & wood			Z I
7	23.0	24.0	20.0	25.0	Soft brown organic clay w/sand layers			DEPTH
					& humus			
8	28.0	29.0	25.0	30.0	Medium stiff gray sandy clay w/sand] -
					layers			
9	33.0	34.0	30.0		Soft gray clay w/sand layers & pockets			7 -
10	38.0	39.0		43.5	Ditto			
11	43.5	45.0	43.5		Dense gray sand w/few shell fragments	7	48	_
12	46.0	47.5			Ditto	11	44	
13	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	11	39] -
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

The Bo	oard of				Ne	w Orleans,	La.
3	34 0				ent e	mher 1985	-
	4 0						
SAM Depth	PLE Feet	DEPTH S	STRATUM bet	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		'STANDARD PENETRATION	- 20 -
				Ctiff ton C grove alove whilt morkets		1651	
2.0	4.5	0.0	4.0	·			
5.0	5 5	4 0	7.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	-	30
3.0	3,3	7.0	7.0				
8.0	8.5	7.0	10.0				
11.0	11.5	10.0					4.0
14.0							40
				& humus			
19.0	19.5	:.	21.0	Ditto			
24.0	24.5	21.0	26.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt & roots			50
29.0	29.5	26.0		Soft gray clay w/silt lenses			Ľ. <u> </u>
34.0	34.5		36.0	Ditto			<u>z</u> E
38.0	38.5	36.0	38.5	Soft gray sandy clay w/shell fragments			ОЕРТН
38.5	40.0	38.5		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	6	25	
				fragments	ļ 		-
41.0	42.5		,	Ditto	4	16	
43.5	45.0		45.0	Ditto	3	11	
46.0	47.5	45.0	48.0	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	3	7	
48.5	50.0	48.0	50.0	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments &	2	5	_
				clay layers			
							•
-					-		
					1		
	No	No. 34 S d Elev. 4.7 SAMPLE Depth Feet	No. 34 Soil Tech 4,70	Design Engress No. 34	Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. J. Mayeux Date 17 Sc 15 Elev 4.70 Datum NGVD Gr. Water Depth Gr. Water Depth Obeth Feet Peet Pe	Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. J. Mayeux Date 17 Septe 4.70 Datum NGVD Gr. Water Depth See See	No. 34 Soil Technician A. J. Mayeux Date 17 September 1985 18 18 19

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Boring No. 35 Soil Technician A. Croal, Jr. Date 31 August 19 Ground Elev. 9.16 Datum NGVD Gr. Water Depth See Text Sample Depth Feet Depth Feet VISUAL CLASSIFICATION PENETR	ans Ia	New Orleans		No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			ard of	The Do	or:
Roring No. 35	:a115, La.	New Offearis,	,				Daid OI	The bo	01.
Sample Sample Datum NGVD Gr. Water Depth See Text		mist 1985	Διι	A Cross Tra			-	3.5	
SAMPLE DEPTIFIENT DEPTIFIATION From To From To From To Stiff tan & gray clay w/grass roots								140	
No. Pent P				Datum Gr. Water Depth	ound Elev.			Groun	
1 0.0 0.5 0.0 Stiff tan & gray clay w/grass roots 2 1.7 2.5 3.0 Stiff tan & gray clay w/clayey silt		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST		VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	bet	F	Feet	Depth	
2 1.7 2.5 3.0 Stiff tan & gray clay w/clayey silt pockets 3 4.7 5.5 3.0 Stiff gray clay w/clayey silt pockets & silty sand layers 4 7.7 8.5 Stiff gray clay w/clayey silt pockets 5 10.7 11.5 12.0 Ditto 6 13.7 14.5 12.0 15.0 Soft dark gray clay w/humus pockets 7 18.2 19.0 15.0 19.0 Soft dark gray silty clay w/clayey silt pockets 8 23.2 24.0 19.0 24.0 Soft brown & gray organic clay w/humus layers & few roots 9 28.2 29.0 24.0 29.0 Very loose gray clayey silt 10 33.2 34.0 29.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few clayey silt lenses & shells 11 38.2 39.0 41.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few silty sand pockets 12 43.2 44.0 41.0 44.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay pockets & shell fragments 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18				Stiff ton 8 gray clay w/grass roots					1
pockets					3.0	0.0		-	
3 4.7 5.5 3.0 Stiff gray clay w/clayey silt pockets					3.0		2.5	1.7	
\$\frac{8}{4}\$ 7.7 8.5 Stiff gray clay w/clayey silt pockets \$\frac{5}{10.7}\$ 11.5 12.0 Ditto \$\frac{6}{13.7}\$ 14.5 12.0 15.0 Soft dark gray clay w/humus pockets \$\frac{6}{4}\$ organic matter \$\frac{7}{18.2}\$ 19.0 15.0 19.0 Soft dark gray silty clay w/clayey silt \$\frac{7}{18.2}\$ 19.0 15.0 19.0 Soft brown \(\frac{6}{4}\) gray organic clay w/humus \$\frac{1}{4}\] \$\frac{1}{4}\				<u> </u>		3.0	5.5	4.7	3
4 7.7 8.5 Stiff gray clay w/clayey silt pockets 5 10.7 11.5 12.0 Ditto 6 13.7 14.5 12.0 15.0 Soft dark gray clay w/humus pockets 7 18.2 19.0 15.0 19.0 Soft dark gray silty clay w/clayey silt 8 23.2 24.0 19.0 24.0 Soft brown & gray organic clay w/humus 9 28.2 29.0 24.0 29.0 Very loose gray clayey silt 10 33.2 34.0 29.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few 11 38.2 39.0 41.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few 12 43.2 44.0 41.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay 12 43.2 44.0 44.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18			\dashv	<u> </u>		3.0	3.3	1.7	
5 10.7 11.5 12.0 Ditto 6 13.7 14.5 12.0 15.0 Soft dark gray clay w/humus pockets 8 23.2 19.0 15.0 19.0 Soft dark gray silty clay w/clayey silt 8 23.2 24.0 19.0 24.0 Soft brown & gray organic clay w/humus 9 28.2 29.0 24.0 29.0 Very loose gray clayey silt 10 33.2 34.0 29.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few 11 38.2 39.0 41.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few 12 43.2 44.0 41.0 44.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18							8.5	7.7	4
6 13.7 14.5 12.0 15.0 Soft dark gray clay w/himus pockets	4				12.0				
\$\text{ qranic matter}\$ \[\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc				Soft dark gray clay w/humus pockets		12.0			
7 18.2 19.0 15.0 19.0 Soft dark gray silty clay w/clayey silt pockets 8 23.2 24.0 19.0 24.0 Soft brown & gray organic clay w/humus layers & few roots 9 28.2 29.0 24.0 29.0 Very loose gray clayey silt 10 33.2 34.0 29.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few clayey silt lenses & shells 11 38.2 39.0 41.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few silty sand pockets 12 43.2 44.0 41.0 44.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay pockets & shell fragments 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18									
pockets pockets pockets			lt		19.0	15,0	19.0	18.2	7
1ayers & few roots 9 28.2 29.0 24.0 29.0 Very loose gray clayey silt 10 33.2 34.0 29.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few clayey silt lenses & shells 11 38.2 39.0 41.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few silty sand pockets 12 43.2 44.0 41.0 44.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay pockets & shell fragments 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18									
9 28.2 29.0 24.0 29.0 Very loose gray clayey silt 10 33.2 34.0 29.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few	Z I		s	Soft brown & gray organic clay w/humus	24.0	19.0	24.0	23.2	8
9 28.2 29.0 24.0 29.0 Very loose gray clayey silt 10 33.2 34.0 29.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few	ОЕРТН			layers & few roots					
clayey silt lenses ξ shells 11 38.2 39.0 41.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few silty sand pockets 12 43.2 44.0 41.0 44.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay pockets ξ shell fragments 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18					29.0	24.0	29.0	28.2	9
11 38.2 39.0 41.0 Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few silty sand pockets 12 43.2 44.0 41.0 44.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay pockets & shell fragments 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18	-			Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few		29.0	34.0	33.2	10
Silty sand pockets Silty s				clayey silt lenses & shells					
12 43.2 44.0 41.0 44.0 Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay pockets & shell fragments 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18				Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/few	41.0		39.0	38.2	11
pockets & shell fragments 13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18				silty sand pockets					
13 45.0 46.5 44.0 Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell 5 18			у	Very loose to loose clayey sand w/clay	44.0	41.0	44.0	43.2	12
The state of the s				pockets & shell fragments					
fragments		5 18		Medium dense gray fine sand w/shell		44.0	46.5	45.0	13
				fragments					
14 48.5 50.0 50.0 Ditto 5 13		5 13		Ditto	50.0		50.0	48.5	14
				<u> </u>					
				<u> </u>					
O D with was a major 6 in Number in se	nd .	lumber in second	G in N	O D at the complex C in					
*Number in first column indicates number of blows of 140-lb, hammer dropped 30 in, required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. Number in second column indicates number of blows of 140-lb, hammer dropped 30 in, required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. WHILE THIS LOG OF BORING IS CONSIDERED TO BE REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS RESPECTIVE LOCATION ON THE DATE SHOWN, IT IS NOT WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF	na -	lumber in second	6 In. N 6 in.	poped 30 in, required to drive 2-in. U. D. splitspoon sampler 1 it. after seating 6 in.	. hammer dr	rs of 140-lb.	mber of blov	ndicates nur	column i

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

or:	The Bo				No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana ssioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New	Orleans.	- 1 La
1			_		ineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		<u>/</u> _	
Borino	No	36 g	Soil Tech	nician _	A. J. Mayeux Date 18 Se	pte:	mber 1985	_
	d Elev	-	. 20				Text	- - 21
Sample	SAI	MPLE — Feet		STRATUM	·		*STANDARD	
No.	From	То	From	То	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		PENETRATION TEST	
			0.0	0.2	Asphalt			
			0.2	0.7	Concrete			30
			0.7	2.0	Fill (sand & shells)] =
	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	Miscellaneous fill		_	
1	5.0	6.0	3.0	7.0	Extremely soft black & brown humus	ļ		
					w/wood & roots			40
	8.0	9.0	7.0	9.0	Wood w/humus & clay			
2	11.0	12.0	9.0	13.0	Loose gray clayey silt w/organic matter			
3_	14.0	15.0	13.0		Very soft to soft gray clay w/silt			
					lenses			50
4	19.0	20.0			Ditto			F -
5 .	24.0	25.0		25.5	Ditto			Z I
6	28.0	29.0	25.5	29.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell			ОЕРТН
					fragments			
7	29.0	30.5	29.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	3	23	_
					fragments			
88	31.5	33.0		34.0	Ditto	4	18	
9	34.0	35.5	34.0		Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	3	7	
10	38.5	40.0		42.0	Ditto	1	5	_
11	43.5	45.0	42.0		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets	2	4	
					§ shell fragments			
12	49.0	50.0		50.0	Ditto			
								_
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Sheet 1 of 2

orino			Desi		ssioners of the Orleans Levee District, ineering, Inc. Metairie, Louisiana			-	
-vanna	No 3	57			George Hardee Date 1 Aug	πıst	1985	-	-
	i No. <u> </u>	0			a vider broad			-	
_	SAI	MPLE	DEPTH	STRATUM	Datum $\frac{NGVD}{D}$ Gr. Water Depth $\frac{Se}{D}$	- ·	*STANDARD	1	20
Sample No.	From	— Feet	From	loo t To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		PENETRATION TEST		
1	1.0	1.5	0.0		Medium compact to compact brown clayey				-
					silt w/clay pockets (fill)	1			
2	1.5	3.0			Medium compact to compact brown clayey	8	25		<u>30</u>
					silt	+-			
3	4.0	5.5		6.0	Medium compact to compact brown clayey	10	14		-
					silt w/shells, brick, glass, etc.				
4	8.3	9.0	6.0		Medium stiff to stiff brown silty				<u>40</u>
					clay w/bricks & silt pockets				
					(fill)				-
5	11.3	12.0		12.0	Medium stiff to stiff brown silty clay				F.0
					w/sand & silt pockets			ᄩ	<u>50</u>
6	14.3	15.0	12.0		Loose dark gray clayey silt w/roots			ĭ ĭ	
					§ organic matter			DEPTH	-
7	17.0	18.0		18.0	Loose dark gray clayey silt w/clay				
					layers, roots & wood				_
			18.0	19.5	Wood				
8	23.5	24.5	19.5	24.5	Soft brown silty clay w/roots & silty				-
					clay layers & organic matter				
9	28.5	29.5	24.5	30.0	Soft gray silty clay w/roots & organic				
					matter				
10	33,5	34.5	30.0		Soft gray clay w/silt lenses				
11	38.5	39.5		41.0	Soft gray clay				
12	42.5	43.5	41.0	43.5	Loose gray clayey sand w/clay pockets				
					& shells	-			
13	44.0	45.5	43.5		Medium dense gray fine sand	4	12		-
14	46.5	48.0			Ditto O-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in.	5	18		

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE, LA.

Sheet 2 of 2

			Desi	ign Eng	ineering, Inc., Metai	rie Louisiana			
orina	No. 3	57 s		nician _			gust	1985	-
		Cont'd		$\cap A$	DatumNGVD	Gr. Water DepthS	ee T	Text	
Sample No.	SAM Depth	PLE	DEPTH S	STRATUM set To	VISUAL CLASSI			*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	_
15	48.5	50.0		50.0	Medium dense gray fin	e sand w/clay	9	22	-
					layers				
									-
									_
							!		_
				_					F. —
									<u>z</u> ⊥
									DЕРТН }
					· .				_
						· 			
									-
									-
									-
					-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat				

r:			OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			
	The Bo	oard of			issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	v Orleans	_ La. <u>1</u>
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			<u>,</u>
Borine	No.	 38 c				Sept	tember 19	 85
	d Elev		89		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth_S			_
	SAI	MPLE		STRATUM	GI. WAREI DEPRIL		*STANDARD	_ 2
Sample No.	From	Feet To	From	To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.0	2.5	0.0	4.5	Stiff gray & tan silty clay w/silt			
					pockets			T
2	5.0	5.5	4.5	7.5	<u> </u>			30
3	8.0	8.5	7.5		Soft gray clay w/organic matter			
4	11.0	11.5			Ditto			
5	14.0	14.5		15.0	Ditto] ,
6	19.0	19.5	15.0		Soft brown organic clay w/organic			40
					matter & wood			
7	24.0	24.5		26.5	Ditto			·
8	29.0	29.5	26.5		Soft gray clay w/organic matter			7
9	34.0	34.5			Soft gray clay w/silt lenses			F. 20
10	39.0	39.5		40.5	Ditto			Z I
11	42.0	42.5	40.5	43.5	Soft gray sandy clay w/shell fragments			оертн
12	43.5	45.0	43.5		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	5	13	
					fragments			00
13	46.0	47.5			Ditto	4	11	
14	48.5	50.0		53.5	Ditto	5	15	-
15	53.5	55.0	53.5	56.5	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	3	8	70
16	58.5	60.0	56.5	61.0	Soft gray sandy clay w/shell fragments	2	5	
17	64.0	64.5	61.0		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			
					§ shell fragments			
18	68.5	69.5		73.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/roots &			80
					organic clay layers			
19	73.5	74.5	73.0	75.0	Medium stiff light gray silty clay			
20	78.5	79.5	75.0	81.0	Stiff greenish-gray clay			
					(Continued)			0.0

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.

FRING COMPANY Sheet 2 of 2 of 2 of 2

or:	The Bo	oard of	f Leve	e Comm	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La.
Boring	No.	38 s			gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. J. Mayeux & George Hardee Date 5-6 Se	entember 198	- १५ -
		(Cont'd			DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth Sec		20
Sample		IPLE — Feet	DEPTH	STRATUM God	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	*STANDARD PENETRATION	
No.	From	Ta	From	То		TEST	
21	83.5	84.5	81.0	86.0	Stiff greenish-gray sandy clay w/clayey sand pockets		•
22	89.5	90.0	86.0		Medium dense gray & tan clayey sand		
					w/clay layers		
23	94.0	94.5		95.0	Ditto		-
24	98.5	99.5	95.0	100.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand lenses &		
					layers		_
							-
				_			E
							оертн -
							9 -
+							
+			_		-		_
_							
T					·		_
- 1							_
-							

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Name	of Proje	ect:	Orlean	ıs Leve	METAIRIE, LA. ee District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal	_		_
	•	_			No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			_
or:	The E	Board o	of Leve	ee Comm	missioners of the Orleans Levec District,	Ne	w Orleans	, La <u>lu</u>
			Des	sign Er	ngineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			_
Boring	No3	9	Soil Tech	nnician _	George Hardee Date 31 Jul	.у 8	1 August	1985-
	d Elev	_				See	Text	- 20
Sample	SA Depti	MPLE n Feet		STRATUM	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION	20
No.	From	То	From	To	VIDEL CEASURICATION		TEST	
1	2.0	2.5	0.0		Medium compact tan & gray clayey silt			_
					w/clay pockets & shells			30
2	5.5	6.0		6.0	Medium compact tan & gray clayey silt			30
3	6.0	7.5	6.0		Medium stiff gray & tan clay	2	6	_
4	9.5	10.0		10.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/silt			_
					pockets			40
5	12.5	13.0	10.0	13.5	Loose gray clayey silt w/clay pockets,			40
					roots & wood			
6	14.5	15.5	13.5	16.5	Soft brown silty clay w/sandy silt			_
					pockets, roots, wood & organic matter			50
7	18.5	19.5	16.5		Loose to very loose gray clayey silt	<u> </u>	-	F 30
					w/organic matter & roots			Σ E
8	23.5	24.5			Loose to very loose gray clayey silt			ОЕРТН
					w/organic matter, roots & clay layers			
9	28.5	29.5		29.5	Loose to very loose gray clayey silt	_		
					w/silty clay & clay layers_			
10	33.5	34.5	29.5		Soft gray clay w/silt lenses			7
11	38.5	39.5		41.0	Ditto	ļ		
12	41.5	42.5	41.0	43.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/shells & clay			
					pockets			
13	43.0	44.5	43.0	47.0	Loose gray fine sand	2	5	
14	47.0	48.5	47.0		Medium dense gray fine sand	4	15	
15	48.5	50.0		50.0	Medium dense gray fine sand w/silt	5	27	
								İ

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

			D 1	- m	included the Mark 1 1 7 1 1			
-	/	10 0		-	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		-ban 1005	
•		^ ^	_		A. J. Mayeux Date 5 Se Datum MGVD Gr. Water Depth S			
iround	I Elev			STRATUM	Datum Gr. Water Depth_S	<u>ee 1</u>	*STANDARD	20
Sample No.	Depth From	IPLE Feet To		To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	1	PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.0	2.5	0.0		Very stiff gray & tan clay w/silt			
					pockets			70
2	5.0	5.5		7.0	Ditto			30
3	8.0	8.5	7.0	10.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/some organic			
					matter			
4	11.0	11.5	10.0	12.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter			4.0
5	14.0	14.5	12 0	17.0	Very soft brown & gray clay w/wood &			40
					organic matter			
6	19.0	19.5	17.0	21.5	Very loose gray silty sand w/organic			-
					matter			EC
7	24.0	24.5	21.5		Soft to medium stiff gray clay			<u> </u>
					w/organic matter			ĭ
8	29.0	29.5			Ditto			ОЕРТН
9	34.0	34.5			Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/silt			
					lenses			
10	39.0	39.5		42.5	Ditto			
11	44.0	44.5	42.5	44.5	Soft gray sandy clay w/shell fragments			-
12	44.5	46.0	44.5	46.5	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	3	9	
13	46.5	48.0	46.5		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	4	12	
					fragments			
14	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	5	13	-
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE I A

roun	d Elev				George Hardee Date 31 Aug Datum NGVD Gr. Water Depth Second S			-
iample No.		APLE Feet To	DEPTHS	STRATUM eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION .		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	2.0
1	1.5	2.5	0.0		Stiff gray & tan clay w/clayey silt			
					pockets & brick fragments			
2	4.5	5.5		6.0	Stiff gray & tan clay w/clayey silt			3 <u>(</u>
					pockets			
3	7.5	8.5	6.0	9.0	Medium dense tan & gray silty sand			
					w/clayey silt layers			10
4	10.5	11.5	9.0	12.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/silt			40
					pockets			
5	13.5	14.5	12.0	16.0	Very soft gray clay w/organic matter			
					& sandy clay layers			. 50
6	18.5	19.5	16.0	20.0	Loose gray silty sand w/roots & clayey			. ₹
					silt layers			DEPTH II
7	23.5	24.5	20.0	26.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/roots, organic			DEP
					matter & silt			
8	28.5	29.5	26.0	30.0	Medium dense gray silty sand			
9	33.5	34.5	30.0		Soft gray clay w/silt pockets			
.0	38.5	39.5		42.0	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses			
1	44.5	45.0	42.0		Medium dense gray fine sand			
. 2	45.0	46.5			Ditto	6	16	
3	48.5	50.0		50.0	Medium dense gray fine sand w/silt	6	13	
								•
							_	
\dashv							_	
								_

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE, LA.

		baru Oi			ssioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	v Orleans,	La.
		12 -			gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana A. J. Mayeux Date 4-5 Se	nte	mher 1985	
_	No				A. J. Mayeux Date4-5 Se			
iroun	d Elev			STRATUM	Gr. Water Depth 50		*STANDARD	20
Sample No.	Depth	IPLE Feet To		To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.0	3.0	0.0	3.5	Medium stiff gray & tan silty clay			
					w/organic matter & shells			
2	5.0	6.0	3.5	7.0	Medium stiff tan & gray silty clay			30
					w/silt pockets			
3	8.0	9.0	7.0	10.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/wood			
					& organic matter			
4	11.0	12.0	10.0	13.0	Very soft gray clay w/sand pockets,			4 <u>(</u>
					wood & organic matter			
	14.0	15.0	13.0	16.0	Wood w/clay & organic matter & sand			
5	19.0	20.0	16.0	22.0	Loose gray silty sand w/clay layers,			
				_	wood & organic matter			i 5 <u>(</u>
6	24.0	25.0	22.0	27.0	Soft gray sandy clay w/organic matter			Z I
7	29.0	30.0	27.0	31.0	Loose gray silty sand w/organic matter			DEPTH
8	34.0	35.0	31.0		Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			
					& shell fragments			_
9	39.0	40.0			Medium stiff gray clay w/sand lenses			
10	44.0	45.0		45.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/shell fragments			
11	45.0	46.5	45.0	48.5	Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	3	9	
12	48.5	50.0	48.5	50.0	Medium dense gray sand w/shell fragments	3	12	
								•
								_
								•

		bara o	f Leve	e Commi	ssioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	Orleans,	La.
			Des	ign Eng	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			-
Boring	No		Soil Tech	nician _	George Hardee Date 31 Ju			-
arour	d Elev	9.	42		Datum Gr. Water DepthSe	ee 1	<u>'ex</u> t	- 2
Sample	SAI Depth	MPLE Feet		STRATUM Goot	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	1	*STANDARD PENETRATION] -
No.	From	То	From	То			TEST	
1	2.5	3.0	0.0	3.5	Medium compact gray & tan miscellaneous			
					fill, clayey silt, shells, gravel &			3
					wood	ļ		-
2	4.5	5.5	3.5	6.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/shells & sand			
					pockets (fill)			
3	8.5	9.0	6.0	9.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/sand			4
					pockets			
4	10.5	11.5	9.0	11.5	Very soft gray silty clay w/clay lenses,			
					clayey silt & silty sand layers	ļ		
5	13.5	14.5	11.5	16.0	Loose gray silty sand w/clay layers	ļ		5
6	16.5	17.5	16.0		Loose gray sandy silt w/clayey silt			_ E
					1ayers ·			
7	19.5	20.5			Loose gray sandy silt			ОЕРТН
8	23,5	24.5			Loose gray sandy silt w/clayey silt			
					layers			_
9	25.0	26.5		29.0	Ditto	2	5	
10	28.5	30.0	29.0	31.0	Soft gray silty clay w/clayey silt	4	3	
					layers			
11	33.5	34.5	31.0		Soft gray clay w/silt pockets			-
12	38.5	39.5		41.0	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses			
13	43.5	44.5	41.0	45.0	Soft gray sandy clay w/clayey sand			
					pockets & shells			
14	45.0	46.5	45.0		Medium dense gray fine sand	5	17	-
15	48.5	50.0	_	50.0	Medium dense gray fine sand w/silt	6	20	
		-						

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTAI METAIRIE, LA.

 For:	Tha Da	ord of		-	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nο	u Onloana	T ~	10
or:	The Bo	para oi			gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana	Nev	v Orieans,	. La	•
 Dd	No	14 6			A. J. Mayeux Date 12 Sep	oter	mber 1985	•	_
	No d Elev	^	90 90				Text	•	
	SAN	1PLE		STRATUM	Jaium Gr. Water Deptil	_	*STANDARD	- 	20
Sample No.	Depth From	— Feet To	From	eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		PENETRATION TEST		
1 .	2.0	2.5	0.0	4.0	Medium compact to compact tan clayey				_
					silt w/silt pockets & fill			,	
2	5.0	5.5	4.0	7.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/silt				30
					lenses				
3	8.0	8.5	7.0		Soft tan & gray clay w/wood				_
	11.0	11.5	•	12.0	Ditto				40
4	14.0	14.5	13.0	14.5	Soft gray clay				40
5	14.5	16.0	14.5	16.0	Very loose gray sand	1	4		
6	19.0	19.5	16.0	21.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/organic matter				٦
		-			& wood				50
7	24.0	24.5	21.0		Very loose gray sand w/shells			Ę	50
8	29.0	29.5		31.0	Ditto			<u>Z</u> _I	
9	34.0	34.5	31.0	36.0	Soft gray clay w/sandy silt pockets &			DEPTH	-
					shell fragments				
10	39.0	39.5	36.0	43.0	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses				-
11	44.0	44.5	43.0	45.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell				
					fragments				-
12_	45.0	46.5	45.0		Medium dense gray sand w/shell	4	13		
					fragments				\neg
13	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	3	11		
									4
		_							-
									-
					·				

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE 1 A

	of Projed						
_			OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		
For:	The Bo	oard of	f Leve	e Comm	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La 10
			Des	ign Eng	gineering, Inc , Metairie, Louisiana		
Boring	No. 45	5s	oil Tech	nician _	George Hardee Date 31 Au	gust 1985	
_	d Elev				DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth_S		- 20
Sample	SAN Depth	APLE Feet		STRATUM		*STANDARD	20
No.	From	То	From	To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	PENETRATION TEST	
1	1.5	2.5	0.0		Very compact tan & gray clayey silt]
					w/shells		30
2	5.0	5.5		6.0	Very compact tan & gray clayey silt		
					w/sand pockets & shells		
3	7.5	8.5	6.0	9.0	Loose tan & gray clayey silt w/silty		
					sand pockets		40
4	10.5	11.5	9.0	12.0	Soft gray & tan clay w/silt pockets		40
5	13.5	14.5	12.0	16.0	Soft gray clay w/roots & sandy clay		
					layers		
6	18.5	19.5	16.0		Medium dense dark gray silty sand		50
					w/shells & clay pockets		F. 201
7	23.5	24.5			Medium dense dark gray silty sand		프
					w/clay layers		ОЕРТН
8	28.5	29.5		30.0	Medium dense dark gray silty sand		
					w/clayey silt & clay layers		-
9	33.5	34.5	30.0		Soft gray clay w/silt pockets & silty		
					clay layers		-
10	38.5	39.5			Soft gray clay w/silt lenses		
11	43.5	44.5		46.0	Soft gray clay w/silt pockets & clayey		-
_					silt layers		
12	49.5	50.0	46.0	50.0	Loose gray fine sand w/clay layers &		-
					shells		
							-
							-
'Number in	n first colum	nber of blow	rs of 140-lb.	hammer dro	0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. SENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF ES. CLAY SILT	Number in second	

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE, LA.

_	No ⁴ d Elev	16 s 9.		nician	Date	ee T	ber 1985 ext	- 20
Sample No.	SAM Depth From	(PLE — Feet To		STRATUM pet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	,	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.θ	3.0	0.0	3.5	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/silt			
					pockets & shells			7.0
2	5.0	6.0	3.5	7.5	Very stiff tan & gray silty clay w/silt			30
					layers & pockets			
3	8.0	9.0	7.5	12.0	Soft tan & gray clay w/brick, wood &			
					shells (fill)			4.0
4	14.0	15.0	12.0	17.0	Very soft gray clay w/sand pockets			40
					& shell fragments			
5	19.0	20.0	17.0	22.5	Soft gray sandy clay w/shells & sand			-
					layers			E (1
6	24.0	25.0	22.5		Very loose gray sand w/shell fragments			F. 20
7	29.0	30.0		31.5	Ditto			Ξ Ξ
8	34.0	35.0	31.5		Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/sand			рертн
					lenses & shell fragments			
9	39.0	40.0			Ditto			-
10	43.5	44.5		44.5	Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/shell			
					fragments & sand pockets			-
11	45.0	46.5	44.5		Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	3	9	
12	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	4	10	_
								-
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Sheet 1 of 2

Jama	of Projec	~+ . (Orlean:	s Leve	METAIRIE, LA. District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal			_
Valle	oi Piojec	<u> </u>			No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			_
or:	The Bo	oard of			issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	v Orleans	, La ¹⁰
•					gineering Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			- 1
Borina	No.	17 s	oil Techi	nician	George Hardee Date 30-31	Ju:	ly 1985	
_					DatumNGVD Gr. Water DepthSe			
		IPLE Feet	DEPTH S	STRATUM			STANDARD	20
Sample No.	From	To	From	To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	'	PENETRATION TEST	
1	1.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	Medium compact tan & gray clayey silt] - ;
					w/shells & clay pockets			70
2	2.0	3.5	2.0	4.0	Extremely stiff gray & tan clay	6	16	30
					w/shells & sand pockets			
3	5.0	6.0	4.0		Stiff to very stiff brown & gray			
					fissured clay w/shells & sand pockets			10
4	7.5	8.5		8.5	Stiff to very stiff brown & gray			40
					fissured clay w/shells & silty clay			
					layers			
5	11.0	11.5	8.5	12.0	Medium stiff to stiff tan & gray clay			
					w/silt pockets & sand layers			F 2012
6	14.0	15.0	12.0		Soft gray clay w/shells, sand pockets			Z E
					& layers			DEPTH
7	16.5	17.5			Soft gray clay			
8	19.5	20.5		23.5	Soft gray clay w/sand layers & shells			
9	24.0	25.0	23.5		Loose gray silty sand w/shells & clay			
					layers] -
10	28.5	29.5		30.0	Loose gray silty sand w/shells & clayey			
					silt layers			
11	33.5	34.5	30.0		Soft gray clay w/silt lenses, pockets			1 1
					& shell fragments			1 7
12	38.5	39.5		41.5	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets			-
					& shell fragments			
13	43.5	44.5	41.5	44.5	Loose gray clayey sand w/clay pockets			-
					& shells			_
	44.5	46.0	44.5	46.5	Medium dense gray fine sand	4	21	

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METAIRIE, LA.

Sheet 2 of 2

	No	17s	oil Techr	nician	George Hardee Date 30-	31 Jul	ly 1985	
roun	d Elev.	Cont'd)	9.19		Datum	See 7	Text	
ample No.	SAM Depth -	=	DEPTH S Fe		VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	ı	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	_
15	47.0	48.5	46.5	48.5	Loose gray fine sand w/clay layers	4	8	
16	48.5	50.0	48.5	50.0	Medium dense gray fine sand w/clay	7	30	
					layers			_
								-
								-
								F. —
								ĭ
								рертн
								_
								-
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_								
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								-
_					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

Name	The D	omd s			No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana	λ1	Om ¹ .com	- ₁₀ 10
or:	ine Bo	bard of			issioners of the Orleans Levee District, gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana	Ne	w Orleans,	La .—
D i	No	18			George Hardee Date 6 Sep	tem	per 1985	
	l No d Elev	Α.			DateDateDate	See '	Text	-
		APLE — Feet	DEPTH :	STRATUM	Gr. Water Deptil	1	*STANDARD	20
Sample No.	From	— Feet	From	oet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		PENETRATION TEST	;
1	1.5	2.5	0.0	3.0	Hard tan & gray clay w/shells & clayey			1 -
					silt pockets			
2	4.5	5.5	3.0	6.0				<u>30</u>
					& sand layers			
3	7.5	8.5	6.0	8.5	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/sand			-
					pockets			
4	10.5	11.5	8.5		Soft gray clay w/sand pockets			40
5	13.5	14.5			Ditto			
6	18.5	19.5		19.5	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & shell			-[
					fragments			
7	24.5	25.0	19.5	26.0	Very loose gray sandy silt w/shells			F. 50
8	28.5	29.5	26.0	33.0	Very loose gray clayey silt w/shells			₹ E
9	33.5	34.5	33.0		Soft gray clay w/shells & sand pockets			DEРТН I
10	38.5	39.5		42.5	Soft gray clay	ļ		
11	43.5	44.5	42.5	46.0	Soft gray sandy clay w/clayey sand	ļ	·	\neg
					layers			
12	47.5	48.5	46.0		Medium dense gray fine sand w/clay			
					pockets			
13	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	5	10	\dashv
								-
								-
Number	n first colum	n indicates	number of	blows of 140	0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in.	Numb	er in second	-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METAIRIE, LA.

Dorina					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		
		4.0		nician _	George Hardee Date 31 Au		
Groun	d Elev		. 39	STRATUM	DatumNGVD Gr. Water DepthSe		2
Sample No.	Depth	IPLE — Feet To		To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
1	1.5	2.5	0.0	3.5	Medium dense tan silty sand w/clay		
					pockets		7
2	4.5	5.5	3. 5	6.0	Hard tan & gray clay w/sand pockets &		2
					brick fragments		
3	8.0	8.5	6.0	9.0	Medium dense tan & gray clayey sand		
					w/clay pockets & silt		41
4	10.5	11.5	9.0	12.5	Medium stiff tan & gray sandy clay		-
					w/sand & clay layers		
5	13.5	14.5	12.5		Very soft gray sandy clay w/sand		
					pockets & clay layers		50
6	18.5	19.5		20.0	Very soft gray sandy clay w/clay layers		F _
7	23.5	24.5	20.0	26.0	Soft gray clay w/sand layers		₽
8	28.5	29.5	26.0		Very loose gray clayey silt w/shells		ОЄРТН
9	33.5	34.5		34.5	Ditto		
10	38.5	39.5	34.5		Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/silt		_
					lenses		
11	43.5	44.5		46.0	Soft to medium stiff gray clay w/sand		
					pockets & shell fragments		
12	48.5	49.5	46.0	50.0	Loose to medium dense gray fine sand		_
					w/clay pockets & shell fragments		
							_

					SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.			
Name	of Project	ct: C	rleans	Levee	District Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal			_
t arrio			OLB Pr	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana			1.0
or:	The Bo	ard of	Levee	Commi	ssioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New	Orleans,	La. 10
			Desi	gn Eng	ineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
3oring	No5	<u>50</u> s	oil Tech	nician	A. J. Mayeux Date 3-4 Se	pte	mber 1985	
	d Elev		.09		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth_Se			
Sample	SAN	APLE — Foot	DEPTH S	STRATUM			*STANDARD	20
No.	From	То	From	То	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	<u> </u>	PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.5	3.0	0.0	3.0	Medium stiff gray silty clay w/wood,			-
					shells, brick, etc. (fill)			70
2	5.0	6.0	3.0	6.0	Stiff tan & gray silty clay w/silt			30
					pockets			
3	8.0	9.0	6.0	10.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/shells			_
					& silt pockets			40
4	13.5	15.0	10.0	16.5	Soft gray sandy clay	1	4	40
5	19.0	20.0	16.5	23.0	Very soft gray clay			
6	24.0	25.0	23.0	27.0	Extremely soft gray clay w/sand layers,			-
					pockets & shells			50
7	29.0	30.0	27.0	32.5	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell			F 20
,					fragments			ĭ E
8	34.0	35.0	32.5		Soft gray clay w/silt lenses			рертн
9	39.0	40.0			Ditto			
10	44.0	45.0		45.0	Soft gray clay w/shell fragments			
11	45.0	46.5	45.0		Loose gray sand w/shell fragments	2	7	
12	48.5	50.0		50.0	Ditto	1	5	7
					·			
								-
								\neg
								-
column i	ndicates nur	nber of blow	rs of 140-lb.	hammer dro	3-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in.	Numbe	er in second	_
VHILE TH	IS LOG OF BO	ORING IS CO	NSIDERED TO	O BE REPRES	SENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF	SAND	D HUMUS	
						•	∵] ≅≅≅	
Remark	s:	5" D <u>1a</u>	meter	Boring			·. =====	

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METAIRIE, LA.

or:	The Bo	oard of			issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	v Orleans,	La
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			-
Boring	No			nician _	George Hardee Date 30 3	July See :		
Groun	d Elev		.89		DatumNGVD Gr. Water Depth			20
Sample No.	SAI Depth From	MPLE Feet To		STRATUM Foot To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
1	1.0	2.5	0.0	3.0	Medium compact tan & gray clayey silt	5	14	
					w/sand & clay pockets			7.0
2	3.5	5.0	3.0	5.0	Loose tan & gray clayey silt w/sand	4	8	<u>3(</u>
					ξ clay pockets			
3	5.5	6.0	5.0		Very stiff to hard gray & tan clay			-
					w/sand pockets, bricks & cinders			4.0
4	6.0	7.5			Ditto	4	15	40
5	7.5	8.5		8.5	Very stiff to hard gray & tan clay			
					w/shells, gravel, bricks ६ sand			-
					pockets			50
6	8.5	10.0	8.5		Medium dense gray & tan silty sand	8	18	F. 20
					w/shells			Z Ľ
7	11.0	12.5			Medium dense gray & tan silty sand	3	15	DEPTH
					w/shells & clay pockets			
8	13.5	15.0		16.5	Medium dense gray ६ tan silty sand	3	18	_
					w/clay pockets	<u> </u>		
9	18.5	20.0	16.5	20.0	Soft gray clay w/sand layers	1	6	-
10	25.0	26.5	20.0	27.0	Loose gray fine sand w/clay layers	3	5	
11	28.5	29.5	27.0		Soft gray sandy clay	ļ		
12_	33.5	34.5		36.5	Soft gray sandy clay w/shell layers			
13	38.5	39.5	36.5		Medium stiff gray clay w/silt lenses			-
14	43.5	44.5			Ditto			
15	48.5	49.5		50.0	Ditto	<u> </u>		_
								-

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

METAIRIE I A

r:	The Bo	oard of		_	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	Nev	Orleans	La.H
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			_
Boring	No			nician _	George Hardee Date 6 Sep	temb	per 1985	_
aroun	d Elev		59	!	DatumNGVD Gr. Water DepthS	ee 1	Text	_ 20
Sample No.	SAM Depth	IPLE — Feet To		To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION		'STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	
1	2.0	2.5	0.0	3.0	Very stiff tan & gray clay w/silt] .
·					pockets, shells & brick fragments			30
2	4.5	5.5	3.0	6.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & shells			30
3	8.5	9.0	6.0	10.0	Loose gray silty sand w/shells & clay			
					pockets & bricks			-
			10.0	11.0	Wood			1
4	12.0	13.0	11.0	14.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/clay pockets			
5	15.0		14.0		Medium dense gray fine sand w/clay			
					pockets			_
6	16.0	17.5		18.0	Medium dense gray fine sand	2	11	50
7	18.5	20.0	18.0	21.0	Loose gray fine sand	3	7] <u>i</u> 30
8	23.5	24.5	21.0	25.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & shell:			_ <u>₹</u>
					fragments			DEPTH
9	28.5	29.5	25.0	32.0	Soft gray silty clay w/shells			
10	33.5	34.5	32.0		Soft gray clay w/silt pockets			_
11_	38.5	39.5		42.0	Soft gray clay			
12	43.5	44.5	42.0	44.5	Loose gray clayey sand			_
13	45.0	46.5	44.5	48.0	Medium dense gray fine sand	4	21	
14	48.5	50.0	48.0	50.0	Loose gray silty sand w/clay pockets &	3	6	_
					shells			
				,				-
							-	
								_
							_	_
,					<u> </u>			-
					0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in.			

				_	EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.			0
		. 0	rleans	Levee	District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal			_
Name	of Proje	JI:			No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		-	
r:	The Bo				ssioners of the Orleans Levee District, 1	New Orleans,	La.	10
- ,					ineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		-	
lorina	No			nician	0.00	ptember 1985	-	-
					Datum Gr. Water Depth	_		20
		IPLE Feet	DEPTH:	STRATUM		*STANDARD	-]	20
No.	From	To	From	Υo	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	PENETRATION TEST		
					BORING 53			\dashv
			0.0	4.5	Water			
1	6.5	7.0	4.5	7.0	Very loose gray organic clayey sand			
2	8.5	9.0	7.0	9.0	Very loose gray fine sand w/organic			
					matter			4
3	10.5	11.0	9.0		Very soft gray organic clay w/sand			0
					layers			-
4	12.5	13.0			Ditto			
5	14.5	15.0		15.0	Ditto			7
								íoÉ
							E	
			_		BORING 54		<u>z</u>	â
			0.0	0.5	Water		DEPTH	+
			5.0	7.0	Extremely loose leaves, roots & organic			20
					clay		:	-
1	8.5	9.0	7.0	9.0	Loose gray fine sand w/organic matter			
2	10.5	11.0	9.0	11.0	Loose gray organic clayey sand		•	+
					w/organic clay layers			
3	12.5	13.0	11.0		Very soft gray organic clay w/roots			
					& sand pockets			
4	14.5	15.0		15.0	Ditto			
					·		-	
								-
	n first colun							





B-53

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LOG OF BORING

			Desi	gn Eng	ineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		_
Boring	No		Soil Tech	nician	George Hardee Date 25 Sep	ptember 1985	_
Grour	nd Elev				Datum Gr. Water Depth		_
Sample	SAI Depth	MPLE — Feet	DEPTH S	STRATUM Bet	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	'STANDARD PENETRATION	
No.	From	То	From	То		TEST	_
	ļ				BORING 55		_
			0.0	6.5	Water		_
1	10.5	11.0	6.5	11.5	Extremely loose leaves, roots & organic		_
					clay		
2	12.5	13.0	11.5		Very soft gray organic clay w/leaves,		
					peat & sand		
3	14.5	15.0			Very soft gray organic clay w/sand		
					pockets		
4	16.5	17.0		17.0	Ditto		
							E
					BORING 56		Z E
			0.0	7.0	Water		DEPTH
1	8.5	9.0	7.0		Extremely loose leaves, roots & organic		
					clay		
2	10.5	11.0		11.0	Ditto		
3	12.5	13.0	11.0		Very soft gray organic clay w/trace of		
					sand & much peat		
4	14.5	15.0		15.5	Very soft gray organic clay w/trace of		
					sand		
5	16.5	17.0	15.5	17.0	Loose gray organic clayey sand w/clay		
					pockets		

B-57

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LOG OF BORING

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.

or:	The Bo	oard of			issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La.	
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		-	
					George Hardee Date 25 Sep	otember 1985		
Ground	d Elev			TRATUM	Datum Gr. Water Depth		20	
Sample No.	Depth From	IPLE — Feet To		To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	*STANDARD PENETRATION TEST		
					BORING 57		_	-
			0.0	7.0	Water			
1 .	8,5	9.0	7.0	9.0	Extremely loose leaves, roots & organic			
					clay			
2	10.5	11.0	9.0		Extremely soft gray organic clay		_	-
					w/leaves ६ sand pockets		0	B-
3	12.5	13.0		13.0	Ditto			-
4	14.5	15.0	13.0	16.5	Very soft gray organic clay w/trace of			
					sand		-	WAT
5	16.5	17.0	16.5	17.0	Loose gray organic clayey sand		10	27
							F	
							Z I	Ž
_					BORING 58		0еРТН	
			0.0	7.5	Water		20 1	2 52
1	9.5	10.0	7.5	_	Extremely soft gray organic clay w/much			1
					peat & leaves			
2	11.5	12.0		12.5	Ditto		-	1
3	13.5	14.0	12.5		Very soft gray organic clay w/sand			
					pockets			1
4	15.5	16.0			Very soft gray organic clay w/roots			
					& sand pockets		_	
5	17.5	18.0		18.0	Very soft gray organic clay w/sand			
					pockets		\neg	İ
]
							-	

B-59

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EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS
METAIRIE, LA.

					METAIRIE, LA.			1
Name	of Proje	ct:	Orlean	s Leve	e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal		-	WATER
			OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		- - 10	
For:	The B	oard o	f Leve	e Commi	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,		PEAT
	_		Des	ign Eng	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		_	
Boring	No	s	oil Tech	nician _	George HardeeDate 24 Se	ptember 1985		
					Datum Gr. Water Depth		- 20	••••
Sample	SAI Depth	MPLE Feet		STRATUM out	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	'STANDARD PENETRATION		1
No.	From	То	From	То		TEST		
					BORING 59		-	1
			0.0					
1	10.5	11.0	8.5	11.5			-	1
		4 77 0			grass & roots)			
2	12.5		11.5		Very soft gray organic clay w/leaves		_	B-60
3	14.5	15.0		16.0	Very soft gray organic clay		0	
			16.5	17.5	Loose gray fine sand			
								WATER
							_	איאיובוי
					PORTING CO		_ 10	7. 757
			0.0	0 5	BORING 60		⊑ <u> </u>	
		10.0	0.0	9.5	Water		рертн	ROTOS
1	11.5	12.0	9.5	12.5	Extremely soft gray organic clay w/much		Ö	7777
	15.5	16.0	10.5	16.0	peat		20	1/6 6
2	15.5	16.0	12.5	16.0	Loose gray fine sand w/roots & wood	-		
3	17.5	18.0	16.0	18.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets		_	
4	18.5	19.0	18.0	19.0	Loose gray fine sand w/clay pockets			
					<u> </u>		_	
						-		
							_	
						_		
						_	_	
Number II	n first colum	n indicates	number of l	blows of 140	Hb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in.	Number in second	<u>. </u>	
VLNI E TUK	21 00 0E BC	ADING IS COL	JEINEDEN TY	1 DE DEDDE	oped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. IENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF ES. CLAY SILT			
UBSURFA	CE CONDITI	IONS AT OTH	ER LOCATIO	ONS AND TIME	ES. CLAY SILT	SAND HUMUS		
Remarks	s:							

B-61

					METAIRIE, LA.			
Name	of Proje	ct:	Orlean	s Leve	e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal		.	WATER
			OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		- 10	*****
or:	The Bo	pard of	f Leve	e Commi	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La.	222
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
Boring	No	s	Soil Tech	nician _	George Hardee Date 24 Se	eptember 1985	-	••••
					Datum Gr. Water Depth		20	
Sample	SAMPLE DEPTH STRATUM		*STANDARD PENETRATION	_	1			
No.	From	То	From	То		TEST		
					BORING 61		_	1
			0.0	8.5	Water			
1	9.5	10.0	8.5		Extremely soft gray organic clay		_	1
2	11.5	12.0		13.0	Extremely soft gray organic clay			
					w/roots		-	-
			13.0	16.0	Loose gray fine sand		0	B-62
							-	
							_	WATER
					BORING 62		10	
			0.0	8.0	Water		F. 10	
1	9.5	10.0	8.0	11.5	Extremely soft gray organic clay		<u>z</u>	
2	11.5	12.0	11.5		Very soft gray clay w/organic matter &		ОЕРТН	1/10
					roots		20	
3	13.5	14.0		14.5	Ditto		20	
4	16.5	17.0	14.5	17.0	Loose gray fine sand w/clay pockets			
١.								
-							_	
							_	
							_	
Number	ın first colur	nn indicates	s number of	blows of 14	0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. opped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in.	Number in second		
HILE TH	IS LOG OF B	ORING IS CO	NSIDERED T	O BE REPRE	SENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS I WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF	CAUD		
UBSURF	ACE CONDIT	IONS AT OT	HEH LOCATI	ONS AND TIM	IES. CLAY SILT	SAND HUMUS		
Remark	s:							
						<u></u>		

B-63

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LOG OF BORING

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana George Hardee Date 24 Se	ptember 1985
			Soil Tech			promoor 1300
Groun	d Elev	_		STRATUM	Datum Gr. Water Depth	*STANDARD
Sample No.	Depth	IPLE Feet To	From	To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	PENETRATION TEST
					BORING 63	
			0.0	9.0	Water	
1	10.5	11.0	9.0		Extremely soft dark gray organic clay	
2	12.5	13.0		13.0		
					w/clay pockets	
3	14.5	15.0	13.0	15.5	Very soft dark gray organic clay	
4	16.5	17.0	15.5		Loose gray fine sand w/clay pockets	
5	18.5	19.0		19.0	Ditto	
					BORING 64	
			0.0	9.0	Water	
1	10.5	11.0	9.0		Extremely soft dark gray organic clay	
					w/roots	
2		13.0		13.5	Ditto	
3	14.5	15.0	13.5	15.5	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
					matter & clay layers	
4	16.5	17.5	15.5		Very soft gray clay w/sand layers &	
	10.5	10.0		10.0	shells	
5	18.5	19.0		19.0	Ditto	
						-

B-65

					METAIRIE, LA.			
Name	of Projec	ct:			e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Cana	<u> </u>	_	WATE
	mt »	•			No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		10	
or:	The Be	oard o			issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La.	
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
Boring	No	s	oil Tech	nician _	George Hardee Date 24 S	September 1985	_	Z
Ground	d Elev			(Datum Gr. Water Depth		20	15%
Sample	No.			STRATUM God	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	*STANDARD PENETRATION		
	From	То	From	To		TEST		
					BORING 65		-	
			0.0		Water			
1	10.5	11.0	9.0	11.0	,			
					w/roots & sand pockets			
2	12.5	13.0	11.0	13.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		٦	B-6
. 3	14.5	15.0	13.0		Very soft gray organic clay w/roots &		0	درد
					clay pockets			
4	16.5	17.0	_	17.0	, , , ,			WATE
					६ clay pockets		_	WAI
5	18.5	19.0	17.0	19.0	Very soft gray clay w/roots & humus		10	*
					layers		E -	
							Ξ E	
							ОЕРТН	
					BORING 66		20	
			0.0	9.0	Water		20	
1	11.5	12.0	9.0	12.0	Very soft dark gray organic clay			
					w/humus layers		-	
2	14.5	15.0	12.0	15.0	Soft gray silty clay w/organic matter			
3	16.5	17.0	15.0	_	Very soft gray clay w/silt lenses &		_	
					pockets			
4	18.5	19.0		19.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt pockets &		4	
					shells			
			-				-	
	-							
	_						4	
Number	n first colun	nn indicates	number of	blows of 140	D-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in.	. Number in second		
column ir	odicates nun	nber of blow	is of 140-lb.	nammer dro	pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. SENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF ES. CLAY SILT			

B-67

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	of Projec		OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		10				
For:	The Bo	oard of	f Leve	e Comm	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La.				
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana						
Boring	No	S	oil Tech	nician	George Hardee Date 24 Se	ptember 1985	-				
Groun	d Elev			[Datum Gr. Water Depth						
Sample	SAM Depth	IPLE Feet	DEPTH STRATUM Feet		VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	*STANDARD PENETRATION					
No.	From	То	From	To	PORTING 67	TEST	_				
			0.0	0.5	BORING 67						
1	11.5	12.0	0.0	9.5	Water						
2	14.5	12.0 15.0	9.5	15.0	Extremely soft dark gray organic clay	++					
	14.5	15.0		15.0	Extremely soft dark gray organic clay w/roots	++	_				
3	17.0	17.5	15.0	18.0	Soft gray silty clay w/clayey silt			B-68			
	17.0	17.3	13.0	10.0	layers	 	0				
4	19.5	20.0	18.0	20.0	Very soft gray clay w/shells & silt						
	13.3	20.0	10.0	20.0	pockets		_	WATER			
					pockets			7.7.7			
						+ +	10				
					BORING 68		Z				
			0.0	7.0	Water		оертн				
1	8.5	9.0	7.0	9.0	Very soft dark gray organic clay						
			,,,		w/roots		20	-			
2	10.5	11.0	9.0	11.0							
					matter & clay lenses		-	-			
3	12.5	13.0	11.0	14.0	Very soft gray clay w/organic matter						
					& silt pockets						
4	14.5	15.0	14.0	15.5	Very soft to soft gray organic clay						
5	16.5	17.0	15.5	17.0	Soft gray silty clay w/clayey silt		_				
					layers						
							_				
			-				-				
column i WHILE THI RESPECTI	ndicates nuc	nber of blow ORING IS COUNTY ON THE I	/S Of 140-lb. NSIDERED T DATE SHOW	hammer dro O BE REPRES N, IT IS NOT	0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. SENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF CLAY SILT	Number in second					

B-69

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EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.

Name	of Proje	ct:			e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal		
or:	The R	nard of			No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana	Nors Onland	- 10
<u>. </u>	THE D	Daru Oi			issioners of the Orleans Levee District, gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana	New Orleans,	La.
						ntember 1005	-
							-
Ground				STRATUM	Datum Gr. Water Depth	*STANDARD	·
Sample No.	Depth From	MPLE — Feet To		eet To	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	PENETRATION TEST	
					BORING 69		_
1	1.5	2.0	0.0	3.0	Very soft brown & gray humus w/organic		B.
					clay		0
2	3.5	4.0	3.0		Very soft brown humus		
3	5.5	6.0		7.0	Ditto		1
4	7.5	8.0	7.0		Very loose gray sandy silt		
5	9.5	10.0		10.0	Ditto		10
							-
					BORING 70		
1	1.5	2.0	0.0	2.0	Very soft brown humus w/roots		<u> </u>
2	3.5	4.0	2.0	4.0			<u>z</u>
					layers		ОЕРТН
3	5.5	6.0	4.0		Very loose gray sandy silt w/clay		
4	7.5	8.0			Very loose gray sandy silt		
5	9.5	10.0		10.0	Ditto		
							_
							-
							_
							_
Number ii	n first colum	nn indicates	number of	blows of 14	0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in.	Number in second	
ZOIUMN IN HILE THIS ESPECTIV	CICATES NUM LOG OF BO E LOCATIO	TIDER OF DIOWS DRING IS CON DN ON THE D	S Of 140-lb. ISIDERED TO DATE SHOW	nammer dro O BE REPRE: N, IT IS NOT	pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. SENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF ES. CLAY SILT		
UBSURFA	CE CONDIT	IONS AT OTH	ER LOCATK	ONS AND TIM	CLAY SILT	SAND HUMUS	
emarks	:			_			
						····	

					SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.			
Name	of Proje	ct·	Orlean	s Leve	e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal		_	WATER
ranic	01110,6	· · ·	OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		. 10	
For:	The B	oard o	f Leve	e Comm	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	10 La:	_
			Des	ign En	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana		_	
Boring	No	s	oil Tech	nician _	A. Croal, Jr. Date 10 Se	ptember 1985	_	7//
					Datum Gr. Water Depth		- 20	
Sample	SAI Depth	MPLE Feet		STRATUM	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	'STANDARD PENETRATION		
No.	From	То	From	То		TEST		
					BORING 71		_	
			0.0	12.0	Water			
1	13.5	14.0	12.0		Extremely soft gray clay w/organic			
					matter			
2	14.5	15.0		15.0	Extremely soft gray clay		_	7.72
			15.0		Loose gray fine sand		0	B-72
					<u> </u>			
					BORING 72	-		WATER
			0.0	11.0	Water		10	
1	12.5	13.0	11.0	13.0	Extremely soft gray clay w/organic		<u>₹</u>	
		_			matter		рертн 	7.7.7
			13.0		Loose gray fine sand		90	
							20	
					· •			
				_				
			··					
						 		
*Number	in first colur	nn indicates	number of	blowe of 14	0-lb. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in.	Number in second		
column ir WHILE THR	ndicates nur S LOG OF B	nber of blow	rs of 140-lb. MSIDERED T	hammer dro O BE REPRE	opped 30 in, required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in.			
RESPECTI	VE LOCATIO	ON ON THE	DATE SHOW	IN, IT IS NOT ONS AND TIM	WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF	SAND HUMUS		
Remark	s:			_				

B- 73

EUSTIS ENGINEERING COMPANY

SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

					METAIRIE, LA.			
Jame	of Proje	ct:	Orlean	s Leve	e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal		_	WATER
		· · ·	OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		10	
or:	The B	oard o	f Leve	e Comm	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La. 10	
			Des	ign Eng	gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			AM
Boring	No	s	oil Tech	nician _	A. Croal, Jr. Date 10 Sep	ptember 1985	-	• • • •
iroun	d Elev				Datum Gr. Water Depth		20	
Sample	SAI Depth	MPLE Feet		STRATUM set	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	'STANDARD PENETRATION		
No.	From	То	From	То		TEST		
					BORING 73			
			0.0	10.0	Water			
1	11.5	12.0	10.0	12.0				
					organic matter			
2	13.0	13.5		13.5	Very loose gray clayey silt			D 74
			13.5		Loose gray fine sand		0	B-74
	*							
								laTTD
				0.5	BORING 74		٦	WATER
	11.0	11 5	0.0	9.5	Water		. 10	
1	11.0	11.5		4.7. 5	Very soft gray clay		Z Z	<i>[</i>
2	13.0	13.5		13.5	Very soft gray clay w/clayey silt		рертн	///
			17.5		layers		90	
			13.5		Loose gray fine sand		20	
								
•					-		_	
						-	_	
					-			
							-	
					_			
lumber i	n first colun	nn indicates	number of	blows of 140	0-lib. hammer dropped 30 in. required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. t	Number in second		
HILE THE	LOG OF BO	ORING IS CO	NSIDERED TO	D BE REPRES	pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. IENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAT IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF ES. CLAY SILT	CAND		
ibaumi /	CE CONDIT	IUNS AT UTH	IEH LUCATK	IMIT UNA SAL	CLAY SILT	SAND HUMUS	-	
emarks	s:				/// ////////////////////////////	:::		
						••		

B-75

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					SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.			
Name	of Project	ct:	Orlean	s Leve	e District, Orleans Avenuc Outfall Canal		WATER	
			OLB P	roject	No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana	10	,	
For:	The Bo	oard o	f Leve	e Comm	issioners of the Orleans Levee District, New Orlea	ns, La.		
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
Boring	No	s	oil Tech	nician _	A. Croal, Jr. Date 10 September 19	85 -	111	
Groun	d Elev			[Datum Gr. Water Depth	20		
Sample No.	SAMPLE Depth — Feet From To				oet	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION VISUAL CLASSIFICATION PENETRATION TEST		7
	710			,,,	BORING 75		-	
			0.0	9.5	Water			
1	11.0	11.5	9.5		Very soft gray clay	_	-	
2	13.0	13.5			Ditto			
3	15.0	15.5		16.0	Very soft gray clay w/clayey silt		J D 76	
					layers	0	B- 76	
			16.0		Loose gray fine sand			
							WATER	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\dashv $$	WAICA	
							777	
					BORING 76	<u>z</u>		
			0.0	9.5		DEPTH		
1	11.0	11.5	9.5	J. J	Very soft gray clay		 ••••	
2	13.0	13.5			Ditto		-	
3	15.0	15.5		15.5	Ditto .			
			15.5		Loose gray fine sand		1	
							1	
						┥ -	-	
<u> </u>								
*Number	ın first colun	nn indicates	number of	blows of 140	0-lb, hammer dropped 30 in, required to seat 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 6 in. Number in second		-	
WHILE TH RESPECT	IS LOG OF BO	PRING IS CO	NSIDERED TO	OBEREPRES	pped 30 in. required to drive 2-in. O. D. splitspoon sampler 1 ft. after seating 6 in. SENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT ITS WARRANTED THAY IT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF SES CLAY SILT SAND HUI	MUS		
audaURF	ACE CONDITI	i∪na a1 0∏	IER LUCATK	MIT UNA CAL	🖼 النَّذَا اللَّهُ السَّالِ الرَّبِيِّ	<u>≅</u> -	-	
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					SOIL AND FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS METAIRIE, LA.			
Name (of Projec	ct:	rlean:	s Leve	e District, Orleans Avenue Outfall Canal		-	_ WA ⁻
					No. 2048-0304, New Orleans, Louisiana		. 10	•Ř•
or:	The Bo	oard of		_	issioners of the Orleans Levee District,	New Orleans,	La.	
					gineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana			
Boring	No	S	oil Tech	nician	A. Croal, Jr. Date 10 Se	ptember 1185		
Ground	i Elev			[Datum Gr. Water Depth		20	
Sample No.	SAM Depth	IPLE — Feet		TRATUM	VISUAL CLASSIFICATION	*STANDARD PENETRATION	_	
NO.	From	То	From	То	DODING 77	TEST		
			0.0	7.5	BORING 77 Water	+		7
_	0.5							
1 2	8.5		7.5	9.0	Very loose gray fine sand w/roots			
3		10.5	9.0		Very soft gray clay w/fine sand lenses		_	
4	11.5	12.0			Ditto Very soft gray clay			B-
5		15.0			Ditto		0	
6	17.0	17.5		17.5	Very soft to soft gray clay			\.la-
	27.0	1,.5		,	Total Solic Blay Clay		-	WA
							•	••
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			0.0	6.5	Water			}
			6.5		Loose gray fine sand		•	
								}
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							4	

APPENDIX B

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In		Water Content	P	sity CF	Unconfined Compressive Strength
No.	<u>Feet</u>	Classification	Percent	Dry	Wet	PSF
2	5.0	Stiff brown & gray clay w/silt pockets	20.5	93 7	112.9	3210*
4	11.0	Soft gray sandy clay w/trace of organic matter	25.2	95.9	120.1	705
6	17.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/roots	56.6	65.7	102.8	1640

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In <u>Feet</u>	Classification	Water Content Percent		esity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1 2	2 0 5.0	Compact tan & gray clayey silt Medium stiff tan & gray silty clay w/large sandy silt pockets & shells	16.9 38.9	100.8 72.3	117.8 100.5	2735* 1405
3	8.0	Loose dark brown clayey silt w/organic matter & sand	21.4	79.6	96:7	535*
5	14.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & roots	43.1	75.4	107.9	830

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In	Classification	Water Content	P	sity PCF	Unconfined Compressive Strength
No.	Feet	Classification	Percent	Dry	Wet	PSF
2	4.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter & roots	76.1	54.4	95.7	645
		BORING 5				
1	2.0	Medium stiff brown & gray fissured clay w/many silt pockets	24.0	89.1	110.5	1085*
2	5.0	Very stiff tan & gray clay w/silt pockets	25.1	98.2	122.9	6295
3	8.0	Medium stiff dark gray clay w/silt pockets	33.8	78.0	104.4	1370*
4	14.0	Soft gray clay w/roots & trace of organic matter	84.5	49.6	91.6	730

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple <u>No.</u>	Depth In <u>Feet</u>	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Medium stiff brown & gray clay w/sand pockets, shell fragments & gravel (fill)	35.9	81.2	110.3	1510
3	8.0	Soft dark gray clay w/sand pockets & organic matter	68.2	59.9	100.8	510
4	11.0	Very soft gray clay w/organic matter & roots	75.0	55.6	97.3	350

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple <u>No.</u>	Depth In <u>Feet</u>	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Stiff tan & gray silty clay w/partings	18.9			
3	8.0	Medium stiff dark gray clay w/silty sand layers	40.0	74.0	103.6	1020*
4	11.0	Very soft gray clay w/silty sand layers	50.3	66,1	99.4	495*
5	18.5	Extremely soft gray sandy clay w/roots	44.0	77.7	111.9	115

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	4.5	Very soft brown & gray clay w/roots & organic matter	115.8	38.7	83.4	330
13	48.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand layers & pockets	50.4	68.0	102.2	1270*
		BORING 9				
1	2.0	Stiff tan & gray clay w/silt pockets	24.6	95.4	118.9	3545*
3	8.0	Stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets	28.6	86.8	111.6	2705*
4	11.0	Medium stiff dark gray silty clay w/trace of organic matter	37.3	74.4	102.2	1265*
5	14.0	Soft gray clay w/organic clay layers & wood	140.6	31.2	75.1	760*
7	23.0	Soft gray sandy clay w/organic matter & roots	35.9	81.3	110.5	760*

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF <u>Wet</u>	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Medium stiff brown & gray clay w/silty sand pockets	26.4	91.3	115.4	1440*
2	5.0	Very soft to soft brown & tan fissured clay w/sand & humus pockets	66.5	58.8	97.9	460*
3	8.0	Very soft dark gray clay w/sand pockets & organic matter	40.7	77.0	108.3	460*
4	11.0	Very soft brown & gray clay w/organic matter	145.0	32.4	79.5	425
5	15.0	Very soft brown & gray clay w/organic matter & roots	120.1	38.2	84.1	450

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	5.0	Stiff tan & gray clay w/silt pockets	25.0	95.0	118.7	3100*
_3	8.0	Medium stiff dark gray clay w/organic matter & sand pockets	50.0	64.1	96.1	1135
4	11.0	Soft gray clay w/silty sand layers	54.5	66.1	102.1	930

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	1.5	Medium stiff brown clay w/clayey silt pockets	24.1	90.0	111.6	1585*
2	4.5	Very soft tan & gray clay	34.7	78.6	105.8	31 5
3	7.5	Soft brown clay w/sand pockets & trace of organic matter (fill)	53.6	63.2	97.1	545
4	10.5	Soft dark gray clay w/clayey silt pockets & trace of sand	44.4	72.1	104.2	860
5	13.5	Medium stiff gray clay w/clayey sand pockets	45.4	73.0	106.2	1045

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Soft brown & gray clay w/organic matter, roots & shell fragments	125.8	36.0	81.2	600
2	5.0	Very soft gray & brown clay w/organic matter & roots	123.4	37.4	83.5	
3	8.0	Soft gray clay	73.1	56.0	97.0	520
4	11.0	Very soft gray clay w/sand pockets	33.8	85.8	114.7	270

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Extremely stiff tan & gray silty clay	15.5	99.7	115.2	8425*
3	8.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/silt pockets	28.5	86.6	111.3	1520*
4	11.0	Very soft gray clay w/organic matter	52.7	66.4	101.5	410
5	14.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter & roots	94.1	45.2	87.7	635

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent	Density PCF Dry Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.5	Medium stiff gray clay w/clayey sand layers, shells & organic matter (fill)	33.1		
2 ;	5.5	Soft brown humus w/organic clay, decayed wood & roots	276.4	18.1 68.3	730
3	8.5	Very soft brown organic clay w/humus layers & decayed roots	210.8	23.2 72.0	485
15	49.5	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets & shell fragments	51.0	63.7 103.7	1350
17	59.5	Stiff greenish-gray & tan clay w/sand pockets	23.2	99.8 122.9	2965
26 28	88.0 98.0	Stiff gray clay w/silt lenses Ditto	48.2 39.5	72.8 107.9 80.9 112.8	2615 2550

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
No.	1.000	Grassification	Tercente	$\frac{DIy}{}$	1100	
2	5.0	Very stiff tan & gray clay w/silt pockets	25.8	96.5	121.4	4965
4	11.0	Soft dark gray clay w/silt pockets	55.2	61.9	96.0	595
5	14.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter layers & sand pockets	73.6	53.6	93.1	755
6	19.0	Soft brown organic clay w/silt pockets & roots	191.1	25.2	73.4	670
7	24.0	Soft gray clay w/many sand pockets	36.7	81.2	111.0	695

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		Sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
3	8.0	Very soft brown organic clay	229.1	21.9	72.0	280
13	43.5	<pre>w/humus layers & roots Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets & shell fragments</pre>	55.3	65.8	102.2	1260*

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Stiff tan & gray silty clay	21.2	98.7	119.6	3945*
2	5.0	Ditto	32.3	83.5	110.5	2725*
3	8.0	Stiff tan & gray silty clay	29.5	89.7	116.1	2365*
		w/silt pockets & lenses				
4	11.0	Very soft dark gray clay w/sand	50.7	62.4	94.0	410*
		pockets & organic matter				
5	14.0	Extremely soft brown & gray	51.4	67.0	101.4	160
		clay w/large sand pockets				
6	19.0	Very soft black organic clay	196.8	24.4	72.5	725
		w/humus layers				

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	1.5	Soft dark gray clay w/sandy silt layers, humus pockets, decayed wood & shells (fill)	43.3	69.9	100.2	655*
3	7.5	Loose gray clayey silt w/decayed roots	39.0	78.2	108.6	680*
5	13.5	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell fragments	26.2	99.5	125.5	500*
14	43.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets	54.7	65.5	101.3	1320
16	53.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets & few shell fragments	59.1	64.3	102.2	1225
18	58.0	Very stiff greenish-gray & tan clay w/sand pockets	20.6	106.5	128.5	6380

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/clayey sand layers	34.8	82.7	111.5	1000*
3	8.0	Stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets	29.5	87.2	113.0	2255
4	11.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter & trace of sand	52.6	60.5	92.4	515
5	14.0	Medium stiff gray sandy clay w/silty clay layers	25.8	98.7	124.1	1995*
6	19.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter, roots & wood	117.3	38.7	84.1	585
8	29.0	Medium stiff gray sandy clay w/shell fragments	29.1	93.2	120.4	

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In		Water Content		sity CF	Unconfined Compressive Strength
No.	<u>Feet</u>	Classification	Percent	Dry	Wet	PSF
2	4.5	Very soft brown & gray organic clay w/humus layers & roots	173.2	28.4	77.5	490
4	10.5	Medium dense gray silty sand w/shell fragments	26.3	99.7	125.9	1880*
14	43.5	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets & shell fragments	54.4	66.9	103.4	1190

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For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Very stiff tan & gray silty clay	14.4	101.2	115.8	6305*
2	5.0	Very stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets	25.8	95.7	120.3	5460
3	8.0	Stiff gray clay w/silt pockets	33.3	86.9	115.8	2945
4	11.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter & silt pockets	45.5	69.0	100.3	500
5	14.0	Soft gray clay w/clayey silt lenses, layers & organic matter	37.8	78.9	108.8	755*
6	16.0	Very soft gray clay w/organic clay layers	97.1	44.4	87.4	490
7	24.0	Loose gray clayey silt w/roots	35.1	82.5	111.4	630
8	29.0	Soft gray clay w/silty sand pockets & shell fragments	53.7	68.4	105.1	735

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
5	13.5	Very soft gray clay w/sand	56.8	65.8	103.3	360
6 14	18.0 43.5	pockets Ditto Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets & shell fragments	73.1 65.0	56.3 59.8	97.4 98.7	405 1505

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	5.0	Very stiff tan & gray silty clay w/clayey silt pockets	25.2	93.3	116.9	4165*
3	8.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/clayey silt pockets	28.2	86.4	110.8	1000*
4	11.0	Soft dark gray silty clay w/organic matter & roots	43.2	61.2	87.6	
6	19.0	Soft black organic clay w/humus, roots & wood	198.7	24.4	73.0	540
7	24.0	Soft gray silty clay w/much organic matter & wood	76.4	50.3	88.6	500
9	32.0	Soft gray clay w/silt pockets	63.4	61.0	99.6	655
17	59.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/clayey sand pockets & shell fragments	53.8	66.9	102.9	1350
19	69.0	Medium stiff gray clay	50.6	69.3	104.3	1125
21	79.0	Very stiff greenish-gray clay w/clayey silt pockets	19.5	105.7	126.3	4505
23	89.0	Stiff tan & gray clay w/silt pockets	33.3	86.1	114.8	2000*
25	99.0	Stiff greenish-gray & tan clay w/silt lenses	37.9	82.5	113.7	2510

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	7.0	Very soft brown humus	244.3	20.6	71.1	355
-	7.0	w/organic clay & roots	244.5	20.0	/1.1	333
3	11.0	Very soft gray clay w/clayey	46.4	72.7	106.4	490
		silt pockets & few shell fragments				
4	14.0	Soft gray clay w/silt pockets	68.5	58.5	98.6	530
5	19.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt pockets	86.8	51.9	96.9	390
6	24.0	Very loose gray clayey sand w/clay pockets & shell fragments	38.1	80.7	111.5	255*
14	49.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets & shell fragments	54.0	68.1	104.9	1250

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In <u>Feet</u>	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	1.7	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/silty sand lenses, layers & roots	22.5	94.4	115.6	1065
3	4.7	Medium compact tan & gray sandy silt w/silty clay layers	22.2	93.6	114.4	1090*
4	7.7	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets	31.3	87.1	114.4	1275
6	13.7	Stiff gray clay w/silt pockets	29.6	90.0	116.6	2145
7	18.2	Loose gray clayey silt	37.2	82.3	113.0	840*
8	23.2	Loose brown humus w/organic clay layers & roots	235.8	19.7	66.0	745
9	28.2	Soft gray clay w/sandy silt pockets & few shell fragments	56.1	65.7	102.5	710
12	42.2	Dense gray silty sand w/trace of clay & few shell fragments	26.6	99.2	125.6	3695*

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For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In		Water Content	P	sity	Unconfined Compressive Strength
<u>No.</u>	<u>Feet</u>	Classification	<u>Percent</u>	$\underline{\mathtt{Dry}}$	Wet	PSF
1	4.5	Extremely soft brown humus w/roots	138.5	35.3	84.1	110
2	7.5	Extremely soft gray & brown silty clay w/organic matter & wood	61.4	60.4	97.5	180
4	14.0	Very soft gray clay w/shell fragments & few roots	58.1	63.9	101.1	435
5	19.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt lenses	74.9	54.2	94.8	415
12	44.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets	65.7	59.2	98.1	1215

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In		Water Content	Density PCF		Unconfined Compressive Strength
$\underline{\text{No}}$.	<u>Feet</u>	Classification	Percent	Dry	Wet	PSF
1	2.0	Very stiff brown & gray clay w/clayey silt pockets & trace of organic matter	24.7	96.4	120.2	4445
3	8.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/clayey silt pockets	25.8	89.8	113.0	1905*
4	11.0	Stiff gray clay w/many clayey silt lenses, layers & pockets	29.0	89.3	115.3	3340*
5	14.0	Soft dark gray clay w/trace of organic matter	50.9	66.0	99.6	720
6	19.0	Soft dark gray silty clay w/organic matter & decayed wood	56.4	60.3	94.4	715
8	29.0	Extremely soft gray clay w/silt pockets, shell fragments & roots	47.3	73.5	108.3	245
10	39.0	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses	69.9	57.7	98.1	835

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
						
1	2.0	Loose brown humus	403.9	11.2	56.3	355*
2	5.0	Loose gray clayey silt w/silty clay layers, roots & organic matter	37.5	79.5	109.3	535*
3	8.0	Very soft gray clay w/trace of organic matter	49.2	68.3	101.8	410*
4	11.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt pockets	50.4	69.3	104.2	265
5	14.0	Soft gray clay w/silt pockets	59.0	63.0	100.1	520
7	24.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/clay pockets & shell fragments	32.5	84.7	112.3	360
14	49.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand lenses & pockets	53.6	66.0	101.3	1045*

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	1.7	Hard tan & gray silty clay	12.0			
						4 == 0
4	7.7	Medium stiff tan & gray clay	26.9	84.9	107.8	1530*
6	13.7	w/silt pockets Very loose gray clayey silt w/trace of organic matter	39.2	76.7	106.8	455*
8	23.2	Soft gray organic clay	161.5	29.1	76.0	655
0	23.2	w/decayed wood & clay layers	101.5	23.1	70.0	
10	33.2	Soft gray clay w/clayey silt	49.8	70.6	105.7	740
		lenses & layers				
12	43.2	Very loose gray clayey sand w/shell fragments	29.4	93.2	120.6	420*

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple <u>No.</u>	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent	Density PCF Dry Wet		Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	3.0	Soft brown organic clay	187.8	26.2	75.4	790
2	7.0	Soft dark gray clay w/roots & organic matter	89.2	47.4	89.7	565
3	11.0	Loose gray clayey silt	38.0	78.7	108.6	845*
4	15.0	Very soft gray clay	62.2	61.6	100.0	330
5	19.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt pockets	61.5	61.7	99.6	295
6	24.0	Soft gray clay	75.5	54.8	96.2	525*
14	49.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets & shell fragments	55.7	66.5	108.5	1425

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF		erbe imit PL	_
1	1.5	Hard tan & gray silty clay w/roots	12.7						
3	7.5	Very stiff gray & tan clay w/silt lenses & pockets	23.5	96.9	119.6	4600*			
5	13.5	Soft dark gray flocculated clay w/silt pockets	46.5	70.1	102.7	980			
7	23.0	Soft brown organic clay w/silty clay layers	130.1	34.8	80.0	500	118	32	86
9	33.0	Soft gray clay w/clayey silt layers, lenses, pockets & decayed shells	53.1	67.4	103.2	745			

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	5.0	Medium compact gray & tan clayey silt w/trace of wood & shells	30.0	84.1	109.3	1250*
3	8.0	Soft dark gray clay w/silt pockets	48.9	64.4	96.0	815*
4	14.0	Soft gray & brown organic clay w/humus & roots	152.7	30.8	77.7	545
5	19.0	Soft dark gray & brown organic clay w/humus & clayey silt layers	95.6	44.2	86.5	600
6	24.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt pockets & few shell fragments	61.0	61.9	99.7	410
8	34.0	Soft gray clay	75.5	55.2	96.8	545

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In		Water Content	P	sity CF	Unconfined Compressive Strength
No.	Feet	Classification	Percent	Dry	Wet	PSF
2	1.7	Stiff tan & gray clay w/clayey silt layers & pockets	26.2	91.9	115.9	2290*
4	7.7	Stiff gray clay w/clayey silt layers & lenses	22.6	95.7	117.3	2440*
5	10.7	Ditto	30.1	89.1	115.9	2560*
7	18.2	Soft dark gray silty clay w/organic matter	70.0	52.8	89.8	640
9	28.2	Very loose gray clayey silt w/silty clay layers	47.0	71.8	105.5	385
11	38.2	Medium stiff gray clay	70.9	57.3	98.0	1105

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In	n		Density PCF		Unconfined Compressive Strength
No.	Feet	<u>Classification</u>	Percent	Dry	Wet	PSF
1	5.0	Extremely soft black & brown humus w/organic clay & roots	212.0	23.5	73.2	215
3	14.0	Very soft gray clay w/silt pockets & shell fragments	64.3	60.7	99.7	435
5	24.0	Soft gray clay	75.7	54.3	95.4	700
6	28.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell fragments	28.2	93.2	119.5	345*
12	49.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/shell fragments & sand pockets	58.8	63.3	100.5	. 1010

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- p1e No.	Depth In <u>Feet</u>	Classification	Water Content Percent		esity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	1.5	Compact brown clayey silt w/silty clay & roots (fill)	9.1			
4	8.3	Medium stiff brown silty clay w/sandy silt (fill)	26.5		:	
6	14.3	Loose dark gray clayey silt w/organic matter	38.4	78.4	108.5	630
8	23.5	Soft brown silty clay w/much organic matter	98.2	41.9	82.9	795
10	33.5	Soft gray clay w/silt & sand pockets & decayed shell fragments	56.1	66.2	103.3	575

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	5.0	Stiff brown clay w/clayey sand pockets	34.6	78.8	106.0	2165
4	11.0	Soft gray clay w/organic matter lenses & silty sand pockets	55.6	65.4	101.8	660
6	19.0	Soft brown organic clay w/humus & roots	198.1	23.8	70.9	745
8	29.0	Soft gray clay w/clayey silt pockets & decayed shells	59.4	63.9	101.9	570
10	39.0	Soft gray clay w/clayey silt lenses	70.8	57.2	97.7	890
17	64.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/decayed shells	54.0	67.3	103.7	1175
19	73.5	Medium stiff light gray silty clay w/trace of sand	23.3	99.0	122.1	1835
20 21	78.5 83.5	Stiff greenish-gray clay Stiff light gray sandy clay	39.9 24.9	79.7 97.2	111.5 121.4	2825 2515

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
4	9.5	Medium stiff gray & tan flocculated clay w/silt pockets	53.0	66.3	101.4	1015
6	14.5	Soft brown silty clay w/roots & much organic matter	105.6	40.7	83.7	835
8	23.5	Very loose gray clayey silt w/roots	34.0			
10	33.5	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses & layers	53.1	67.4	103.2	755
11	38.5	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses	69.5	58.2	98.6	835

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	5.0	Very stiff tan & gray clay w/large clayey sand layers	30.8	87.9	115.0	6715*
4	11.0	Soft gray clay w/trace of organic matter	54.8	67.9	105.2	740
5	14.0	Very soft brown & gray clay w/organic matter & roots	56.8	65.2	102.2	345
8	29.0	Soft gray clay w/silt pockets & shell fragments	52.8	70.7	108.1	700
9	34.0	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses	51.9	68.1	103.4	820
10	39.0	Ditto	68.6	58.1	98.0	850

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	4.5	Stiff tan & gray clay w/silt lenses & layers	22.2	93.3	114.0	3485*
4	10.5	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/silt pockets	56.2	65.3	102.0	1015
6	18.5	Loose gray silty sand w/trace of clay & shells	28.8	96.6	124.5	620*
8	28.5	Medium dense silty sand w/decayed shells	31.6	87.6	115.2	1060*
10	38.5	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses	67.3	58.9	98.6	800

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Medium stiff tan & gray silty clay w/clayey silt pockets	27.1	85.7	109.0	1100*
3	8.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay w/silty sand lenses & pockets	42.7	74.3	106.0	1000
4	11.0	Very soft gray clay w/silty sand pockets	57.3	65.0	102.3	330*
5	19.0	Loose gray silty sand w/clayey silt layers & trace of organic matter	39.7	79.2	110.7	635*
8	34.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/clayey silt pockets	53.8	67.9	104.4	1140
9	39.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/silt lenses	65.8	60.4	100.2	1165

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For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	4.5	Medium stiff gray clay w/sand pockets & much shells (fill)	24.8			
3	8.5	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/sandy silt pockets	34.6	83.7	112.7	1565*
4	10.5	Very soft gray silty clay w/clayey silt & silty sand layers	33.9	86.4	115.7	495
11	33.5	Soft gray clay w/silty sand pockets & vertical layers	46.8	72.1	105.9	540*
13	43.5	Soft gray sandy clay w/clayey sand, clay layers & shell fragments	34.2	85.4	114.6	515*

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For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In <u>Feet</u>	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	5.0	Medium stiff tan & gray clay	43.9	70.2	101.0	
3	8.0	Soft tan & gray clay w/clayey silt & sand pockets	45.6	72.8	106.0	~
4	14.0	Soft gray clay w/fine sandy silt pockets	71.9	56.3	968	535
9	34.0	Soft gray clay w/sandy silt pockets & few shell fragments	54.8	67.2	104.0	900
11	44.0	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell fragments	32.5	87.4	115 8	

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	1.5	Very compact tan & gray clayey silt w/shells	15.9			
3	7.5	Loose tan & gray clayey silt	25.1	82.8	103.5	520*
5	13.5	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses	55.6	66.1	102.9	525
7	23.5	Medium dense dark gray silty sand	34.5	88.1	118.5	1100*
9	33.5	Soft gray clay w/sandy silt pockets & few shell fragments	48.3	70.9	105.2	885*
11	43.5	Soft gray clay w/clayey silt pockets & few shell fragments	58.5	63.8	101.1	600

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For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
1	2.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/silty clay layers, pockets & shell fragments	24.5	93.6	116.6	1650*
3	8.0	Soft gray & tan clay w/sand pockets, lenses & shells	37.4	80.5	110.6	845*
4	14.0	Very soft gray clay w/sand lenses, pockets & shell fragments	63.0	61.4	100.1	460
8	34.0	Medium stiff gray clay w/silt pockets & shell fragments	50.6	70.1	105.6	1070
10	43.5	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & shell fragments	36.3	83.9	114.3	510

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
4	7.5	Stiff brown & gray fissured clay w/silt pockets & decayed shells	33.4	86.9	116.0	2615*
6	14.0	Soft gray clay w/shells	32.6	87.9	116.5	355
8	19.5	Soft gray clay	69.6	58.3	98.9	915
11	33.5	Soft gray clay w/silt lenses	51.0	70.3	106.1	770
12	43.5	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & few shell fragments	57.2	65.7	103.3	625

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For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF <u>Wet</u>	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	4,5	Stiff brown clay w/silty sand layers & pockets	27.0	80.3	101.9	
4	10.5	Soft gray clay w/clayey sand pockets	48.4	71.7	106.4	865
6	18.5	Soft gray clay w/shell fragments & sand pockets	50.8	70.2	105.9	620
10	38.5	Soft gray clay	63.4	61.4	100.4	815

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For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity PCF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2	4.5	Hard tan & gray clay w/sandy silt layers, brick & shell fragments	16.0			
4	10.5	Medium stiff tan & gray sandy clay w/decayed shells	25.7	95.7	120.3	1535
6	18.5	Very soft gray sandy clay w/few shell fragments	37.8	80.7	111.2	455
8	28.5	Very loose gray clayey silt w/some shells	39.5	81.8	114.2	280*
10	38.5	Medium stiff gray clay w/silt lenses	65.2	60.4	99.8	1115

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple	Depth In		Water Content		sity CF	Unconfined Compressive Strength
No.	Feet	Classification	Percent	Dry	Wet	PSF
2	5.0	Stiff gray & tan silty clay w/sandy silt layers & shells	15.7	95.0	109.9	3290*
3	8.0	Medium stiff gray & tan clay w/sand pockets	38.3	80.2	110.9	1500
5	19.0	Very soft gray flocculated clay	77.5	53.2	94.4	475
6	24.0	Extremely soft gray clay w/large clayey sand pockets & shells	48.5	70.0	103.9	
8	34.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets	59.3	64.2	102.2	920
10	44.0	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets & shell fragments	42.3	77.3	110.1	845

^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In Feet	Classification	Water Content Percent	Density PCF Dry W	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF	Atterberg Limits LL PL PI
5	7.5	Very stiff gray &	26.9			
		tan clay w/silt pockets, shells, brick & sand (fill)				
11	28.5	Soft gray sandy clay w/few shell fragments	34.7	85.8 115	.5 720	
13	38.5	Medium stiff gray clay w/silt lenses	67.0	60.3 100	.7 1410	96 25 71
15	48.5	Ditto	67.1	60.2 100	.6 1310	

For: The Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District New Orleans, Louisiana

Design Engineering, Inc., Metairie, Louisiana

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

Sam- ple No.	Depth In <u>Feet</u>	Classification	Water Content Percent		sity CF Wet	Unconfined Compressive Strength PSF
2 4 8	4.5 12.0 23.5	Soft gray clay w/sand pockets Loose gray clayey sand Soft gray clay w/silty sand	31.9 23.5 70.9	88.0 100.2 57.4	116.0 123.7 98.1	810 615* 950
10	33.5	layers Soft gray clay w/clayey silt lenses	52.1	69.1	105.1	915
12	43.5	Loose gray clayey sand w/shell fragments & clay pockets	29.2	91.1	117.7	610*

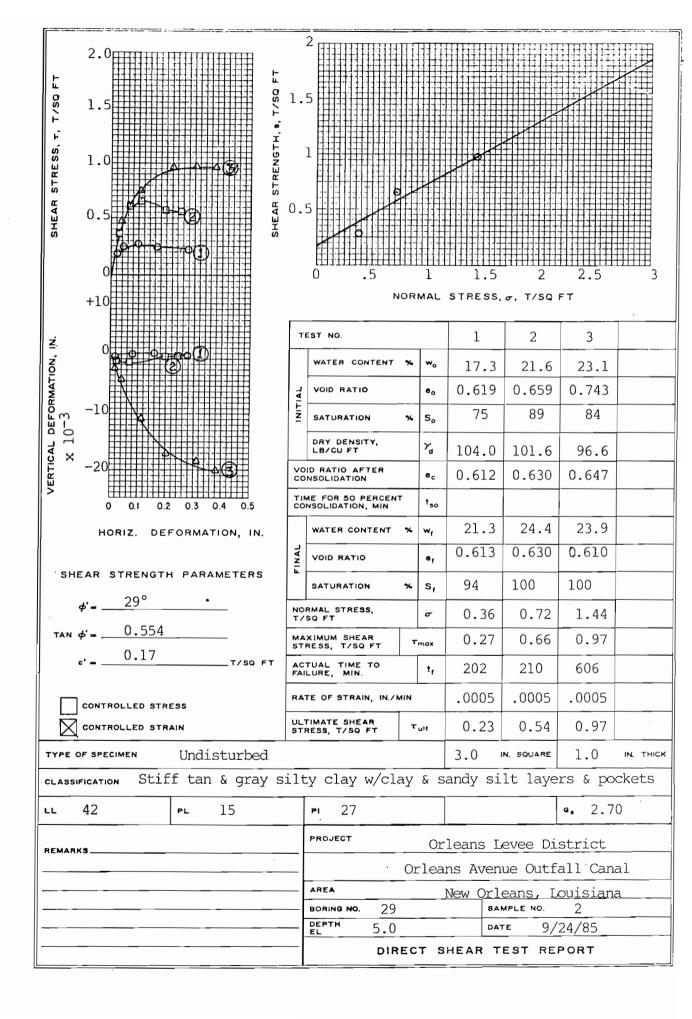
^{*}Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Compression Test - One Specimen; Confined at the approximate overburden pressure.

	3.0									
DEVIATOR STRESS, 9,-9, 1/80 FT	SHEAR STRESS, T, J/SQ FT			3						
0 6] .			2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0			
	0 1,0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 NORMAL STRESS, σ, T/SQ FT									
	TEST	no.		1	2	3				
		WATER CONTENT	% w		41.0	40.9				
	NITIAL 8	OID RATIO	0.	1.13	1.16	1.15				
	-	BATURATION	% S	98	97	97				
		DRY DENSITY, B/CU FT	7,	79.7	78.8	79.0				
	SHEAR	WATER CONTENT	* w	,						
	11 1	OID RATIO	е,							
0 5 10 15	ᆡᇛ닏	BATURATION	% S	c						
AXIAL STRAIN, %	<u> </u>	TINAL BACK PRESSU	u,	-						
	ž -	VATER CONTENT	* w		41.0	40.9				
SHEAR STRENGTH PARAMETER		OID RATIO	8		1.16	1.15				
φ =	T/SQ	FT		0.50	1.15	2.30				
$\tan \phi = \frac{0.22}{\text{T/sq FT}}$	STRES	S, T/SQ FT	- σ ₃) _{ma}		0.44	0.43				
1/30 F1		OF STRAIN.	† _f	12	20	16				
METHOD OF SATURATION	PERCE EFFE	NT/MIN CTIVE NORMAL	_	0.5	0.5	0.5				
	ULT D	SS, T SQ FT								
CONTROLLED STRESS		S, T/SQ FT	- σ ₃) _{ui}	+	1.39	1.39				
CONTROLLED STRAIN		. HEIGHT, IN.	Н	+	3.00	3.00				
TYPE OF TEST UU TYPE OF SE		Undisturb		3.00	7.00	3.00				
CLASSIFICATION Soft gray 8	tan c	lay w/sand p		.s & roo	 ts					
LL PL		PI				g 2.72	Est.			
REMARKS		PROJECT	Orle	ans Leve	ee Distri	ct				
REMARKS		Or	leans	Avenue	Outfall	Canal				
		AREA	New	Orleans	, Louisia	na				
		BORING NO.	3		SAMPLE NO.	5				
		DEPTH 14.	0' -	15.0'	DATE	9/21/85				
		TRIAXI	AL C	OMPRES	SION TES	T REPO	RT			

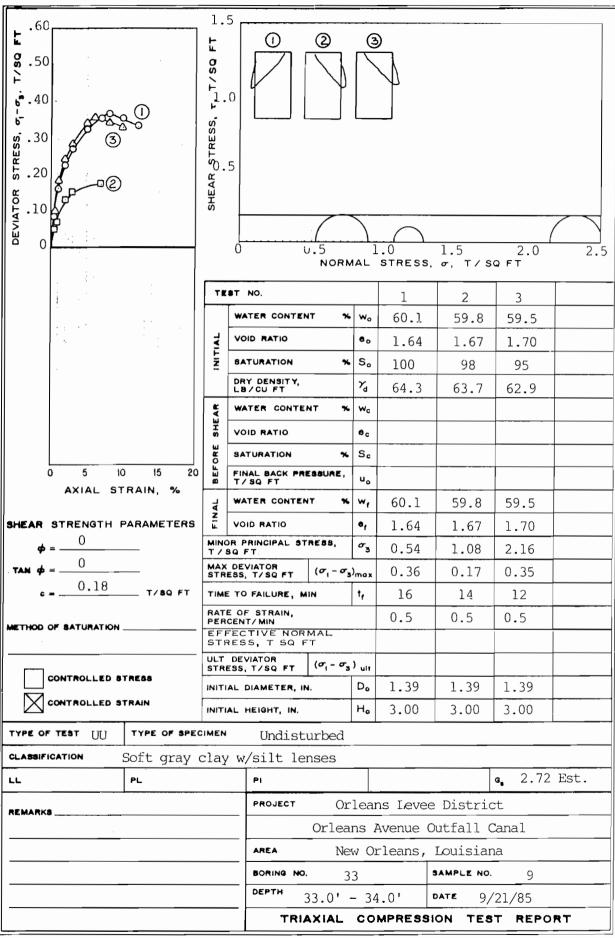
DEVIATOR STRESS, 9-9, 1/80 FT 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1	SHEAR STRESS, T, T/SQ FT		2	3		1.5 σ, T/ so	_2.0	2.5
	TEST				1	2	3	4
		TER CONTEN	т %	wo	62.9	50.3	5 <u>4</u> .8	53.2
	│ . ├─	DID RATIO		e ₀	1.84	1.38	1.64	1.53
	I VO	TURATION	*	s.	94	100	92	100
	DR LE	Y DENSITY,		۲۵	60.2	71.8	64.8	67.7
	SHE AR	ATER CONTER	et %	w _c				
1 1		DID RATIO		6 c				
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		TURATION	*	Sc				
0 5 10 15 20 AXIAL STRAIN, %	E FIF	NAL BACK PRE	BSURE,	uo				
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<	TER CONTEN	т %	w,	62.9	50.3	54.8	53.2
SHEAR STRENGTH PARAMETERS		OITAR DIC		ef	1.84	1.38	1.64	1.53
φ =		PRINCIPAL ST		<i>σ</i> ₃	0.36	0.72	1.44	0.36
0.20	MAX DE STRESS	T/SQ FT	(σ ₁ - σ ₃) _{max}	0.48	0.22	0.38	0.11
c = T/8Q FT		F STRAIN	IN	† _f	3	10	10	5
METHOD OF SATURATION	PERCENT/MIN EFFECTIVE NORMAL				0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
	STRES	VIATOR					· .	-
CONTROLLED STRESS	STRESS	, T/SQ FT	(σ ₁ - σ ₃) _{uit}	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.39
CONTROLLED STRAIN	\vdash	HEIGHT, IN.	i.	H _o				
TYPE OF TEST THE TYPE OF SPEC		· ·	vale e d	0	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
00	CYCOLI.	Undist		/	and mak	ots		
LL Soft brown &	qray	PI	Clay	w/ 5c	and pock		G . 2.74	Est.
		PROJECT	O:	rlea	ans Leve	e Distri		200.
REMARKS	_					Outfall		
AREA New Orleans, Louisiana								
BORING NO. 6 SAMPLE NO. 2								
		DEPTH	5.0'	- 6.	0'	DATE 9	/23/85	
		TRIA	XIAL	CO	MPRESSI	ON TES	T REPO	RT

. .6 [3.0					-			
STRESS .5 .4 .4 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2	SHEAR STRESS, T. J. SQ FT		2	(3)					
DEVIATOR 1	SHS								
		0 1	.0 NORM		STRESS	3.0 , ø, T/s	4.0 q FT	5.0	
,	TEST	T NO.			1	2	3		
	Τ,	WATER CONTEN	т %	wo	65.0	65.0	71.1		
	<u> </u>	VOID RATIO		80	2.04	1.92	2.27		
	INITIAL	BATURATION	*	s.	86	91	85		
1	[DRY DENSITY,		な	55.4	57.6	51.5		
. :	A V	WATER CONTEN	iT %	Wc					
	SHEAR	VOID RATIO		e _c					
	EFORE	BATURATION	%	Sc					
0 5 10 15 20	BE E	SSURE,	uo						
AXIAL STRAIN, %	١ ١	WATER CONTENT % W,		w,	65.0	65.0	71.1	_	
SHEAR STRENGTH PARAMETERS	FINAL	OID RATIO		e _f	2.04	1.92	2.27		
φ =	MINOR T/SC	PRINCIPAL ST	RE38,	<i>σ</i> ₃	0.54	1.08	2.16		
TAN \$\phi = \frac{0}{0.74}	MAX D	EVIATOR SS, T/SQ FT	$(\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)$) _{max}	0.20	0.32	0.27		
0.14 T/89 FT	TIME	TO FAILURE, MI	N	tr	16	22	12		
METHOD OF SATURATION		OF STRAIN, ENT/MIN			0.5	0.5	0.5		
METHOD OF SATURATION		CTIVE NORM							
		EVIATOR IS, T/SQ FT	(σ ₁ - σ ₃) _{ult}					
CONTROLLED STRESS	INITIAL	_ DIAMETER, IN		D _o	1.39	1.39	1.39		
CONTROLLED STRAIN	INITIAL	HEIGHT, IN.		Н。	3.00	3.00	3.00		
TYPE OF TEST UU TYPE OF SPEC	CIMEN	Undist	ırbed			-			
CLASSIFICATION Soft black c	lay w	/organic m	matter	& :	silt po	ckets			
LL, PL		Pi					9. 2.70	Est.	
REMARKS		PROJECT	0.	rle	ans Leve	ee Distri	.ct		
			Orle	ans	Avenue	Outfall	Canal		
AREA New Orleans, Louisiana									
-	BORING NO. 23 SAMPLE NO. 4								
		DEPTH]	1.0'	- 13	2.0'	DATE	9/21/85		
		TRIA	XIAL	co	MPRESS	ION TES	T REPO	RT	

DEVIATOR STRESS, 9,-9, T/80 FT 0 1 2 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SHEAR STRESS, T, T/SQ FT		.5 NORM		1.0	1.5 σ, T/SG	2.0 2.T	2.5	
	TES	T NO.			1	2	3		
		WATER CONTEN	T %	w _o	51.3	50.8	50.2		
	NITIAL	VOID RATIO		60	1.43	1.39	1.42		
		BATURATION	*	S	98	100	96		
	<u> </u>	DRY DENSITY, LB/CU FT		7	70.0	71.1	70.2		
	∰	WATER CONTER	NT %	Wc					
		void ratio ec							
0 5 10 15 20	1 6 6	FINAL BACK PRE							
AXIAL STRAIN, %	-	T/SQ FT		u _o	E1 2	50.8	50.2		
SHEAR STRENGTH PARAMETERS	FINAL	VOID RATIO	70	w,	51.3	1.39	1.42		
O O	MINO	R PRINCIPAL ST	RE88,	ο _f σ ₃	0.54	1.08	2.16		
TAN d = 0	T/S MAX	DEVIATOR	(σ ₁ – σ ₃		0.36	0.38	0.53		
0.19 T/89 FT		TO FAILURE, M		t _f	16	14	12		
	RATE	OF STRAIN, ENT/MIN			0.5	0.5	0.5		
METHOD OF SATURATION	EFF	ECTIVE NOR ESS, T SQ F							
		DEVIATOR SS, T/SQ FT	(σ ₁ - σ ₃) _{ult}					
CONTROLLED STRESS		L DIAMETER, IN		D _o	1.39	1.39	1.39		
CONTROLLED STRAIN	INITIA	L HEIGHT, IN.		Но	3.00	3.00	3.00		
TYPE OF TEST UU TYPE OF SPE	CIMEN	Undist	urbed						
CLASSIFICATION Soft gray c	lay w	/sand pock	cets &	she	ell frag	ments			
LL PL		PI					a, 2.72	Est.	
REMARKS		PROJECT	O	rlea	ins Leve	e Distri	ct		
		_				Outfall			
AREA New Orleans, Louisiana									
		BORING NO.	. 23	3		SAMPLE NO.	8		
			29.0'		•		/21/85		
		TRI	AXIAL	CO	MPRESS	ION TES	T REPO	RT	

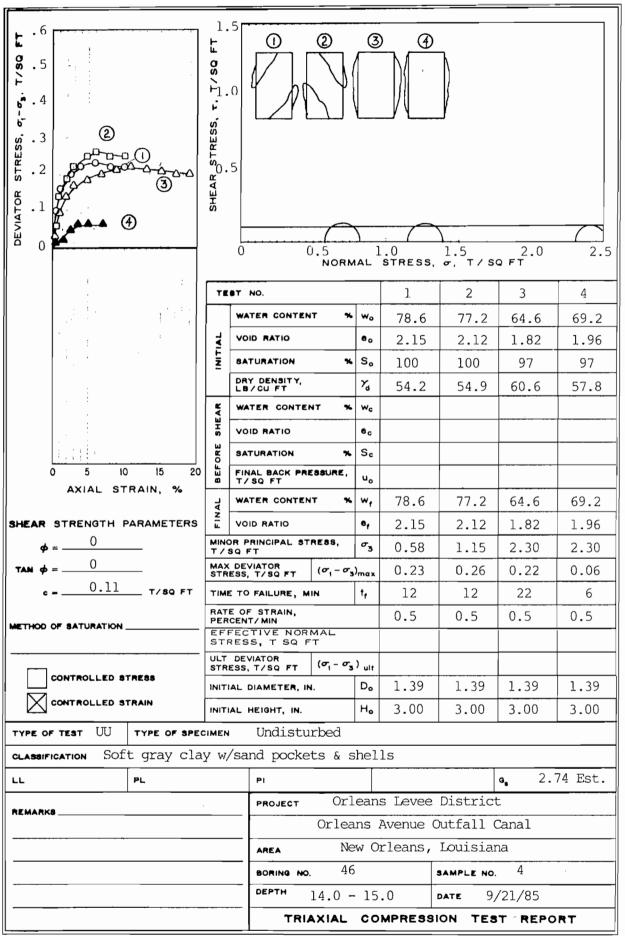


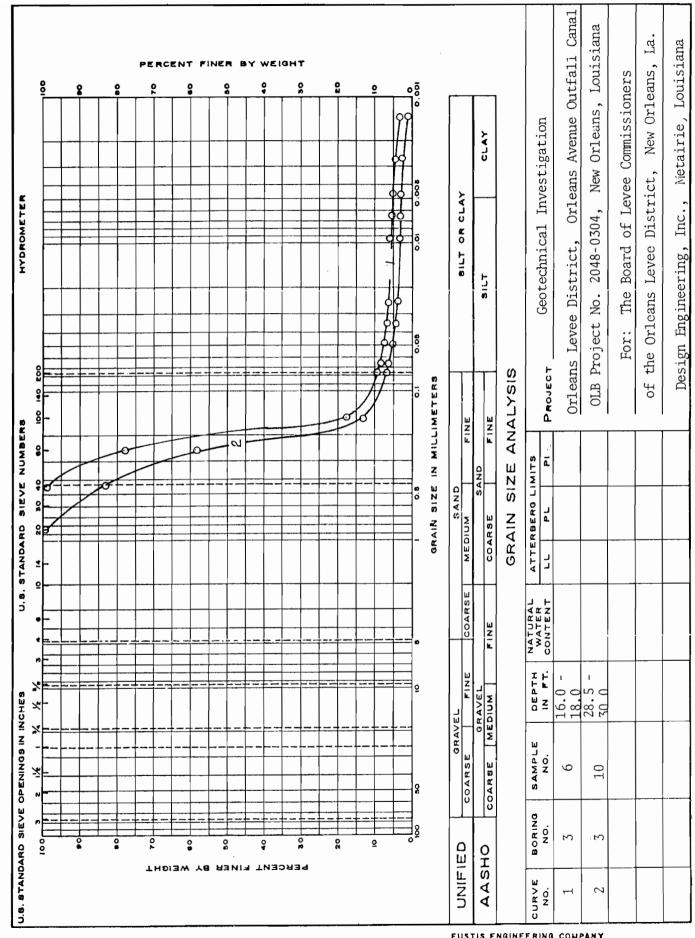
DEVIATOR STRESS. 9-9. 1/50 FT 1	SHEAR STRESS, T,T/SQ FT 1		2 5 NORM			1.5 σ, T/S0	2.0 2.T	2.5
	TEST	NO.	 		1	2	3	
	 	ATER CONTEN	т %	wo	81.2	79.7	89.1	
	٧ اړ	OID RATIO		6 0	2.36	2.26	2.55	
	NITIAL	ATURATION	*	So	93	95	94	
	P	RY DENSITY, B/CU FT		Ϋ́d	50.1	51.6	47.5	
	A A	ATER CONTEN	iT %	w _c				
	" _	OID RATIO		e c				
	101	ATURATION	*	Sc				
0 5 10 15 20 AXIAL STRAIN, %	1 F	FINAL BACK PRESSURE, Uo						
AAIAE STAAIA, IS	∢	ATER CONTEN	т %	w _f	81.2	79.7	89.1	
SHEAR STRENGTH PARAMETERS		OID RATIO		o,	2.36	2.26	2.55	
φ = <u>0</u>	T/SQ			<i>σ</i> ₃	0.43	0.86	1.73	
TAN \$\phi = \frac{0}{0}	STRES	EVIATOR S, T/SQ FT	$(\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)$	max	0.28	0.22	0.39	
6 = 0.15 T/89 FT		O FAILURE, M	in	†*	26	14	22	
METHOD OF SATURATION	PERCE	OF STRAIN, NT/MIN CTIVE NOR!	MAL		0.5	0.5	0.5	
		SS, T SQ F						
CONTROLLED STRESS	STRES	S, T/SQ FT	(σ, - σ3		1.39	1.39	1.39	
CONTROLLED STRAIN		DIAMETER, IN	1.	D _o	3.00	3.00	3.00	
TYPE OF TEST THE TYPE OF SPEC		Undist	urhed		3.00	3.00		
CLASSIFICATION Soft dark gr				nic	matter	& sand]	enses	
LL PL	<u> </u>	PI	, j-	<u> </u>				70 Est.
		PROJECT	0	rle	ans Leve	ee Distri	.ct	
REMARKS			Orle	ans	Avenue	Outfall	Canal	
	AREA New Orleans, Louisiana							
BORING NO. 33 SAMPLE NO. 7								
		DEPTH	23.0'	- 2	4.0'	DATE G	21/85	
		TRI	AXIAL	CO	MPRESS	ION TES	T REPO	RT

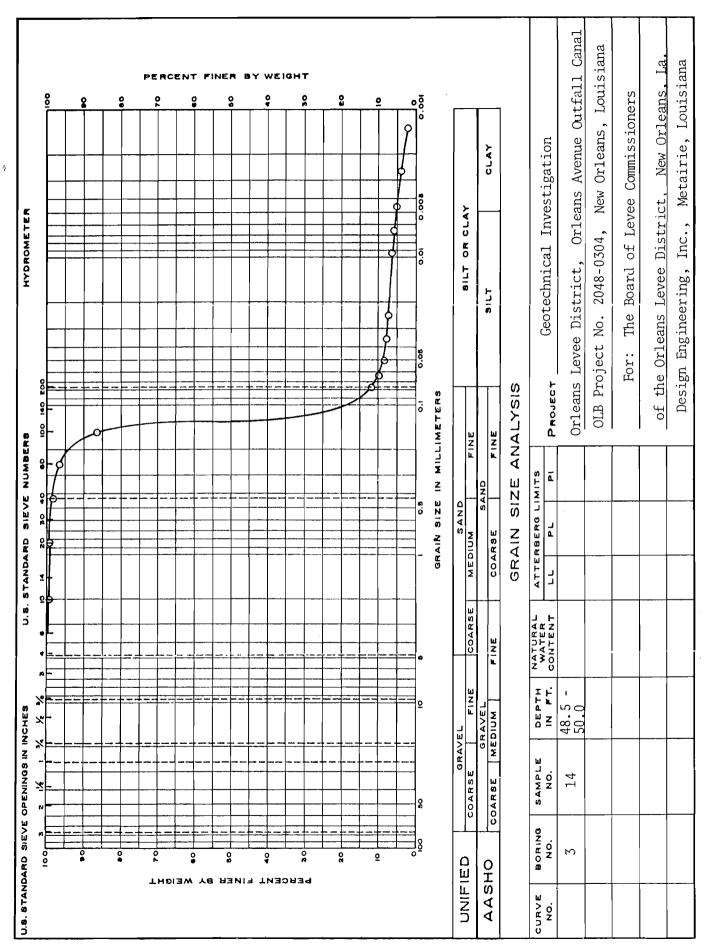


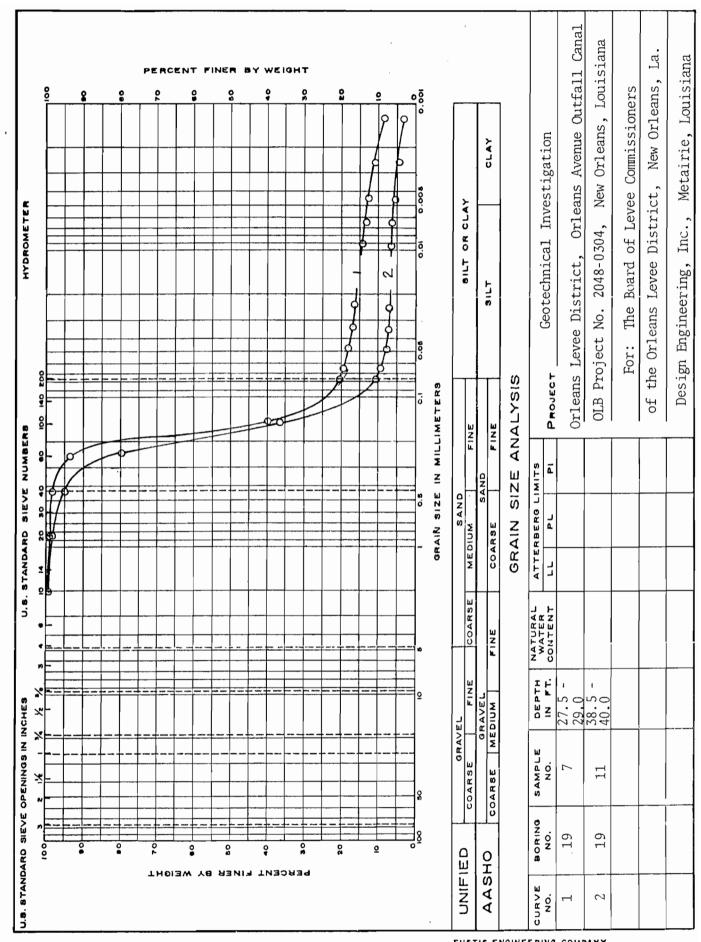
DEVIATOR STRESS, 9-9, T/80 FT	SHEAR &TRESS, TLT/SQ FT		2	3		1.5	2.0	2.5			
0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 NORMAL STRESS, σ, T/SQ FT											
	TEST				1	2	3				
	١. ⊢	ATER CONTEN	IT %	wo	43.9	49.6	38.3				
	N Ti W	DID RATIO		e _o	1.20	1.42	1.15				
	ı - ⊢	TURATION	*	s.	99	94	90				
		Y DENSITY,		ઢ	76.7	69.6	78.4				
	SHE AR	ATER CONTE	NT %	Wc							
		DID RATIO		e _c		1.					
0 5 10 15 20	0	TURATION	%	Sc				1			
AXIAL STRAIN, %	₩ Fii	NAL BACK PRE	ESSURE,	uo							
	FINAL AC	ATER CONTEN	IT %	w,	43.9	49.6	38.3				
SHEAR STRENGTH PARAMETERS		PRINCIPAL ST	DE 00	ef	1.20	1.42	1.15				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	T/SQ	FT		<i>σ</i> ₃	0.54	1.08	2.16				
0.18	STRESS	, T/SQ FT	$(\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)$		0.35	0.26	0.42				
c = T/8Q FT		F STRAIN,	IN	t _e	0.5	0.5	0.5				
METHOD OF SATURATION	PERCEN	TIVE NOR				0.5	0.5				
	ULT DE										
CONTROLLED STRESS	STRESS	T/SQ FT	(σ ₁ - σ ₃	D _o	1.39	1.39	1.39				
CONTROLLED STRAIN		DIAMETER, IN	-	H _o	3.00	3.00	3.00				
TYPE OF TEST ITT TYPE OF SPEC	<u> </u>					3.00	3.00				
00		Undistu		_	-17:	1	,				
LL Soft gray cla	ay W/S	PI Sand	u, cla	yey	siit p		_				
		PROJECT		~1 ~·	and Tarr		2.1	O Est.			
REMARKS						ee Distri					
		AREA				Outfall (
		BORING NO.			realis,	Louisiar					
 		DEPTH	42		12.0'		4 ′21/85				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		TRIA				ION TES		RT			

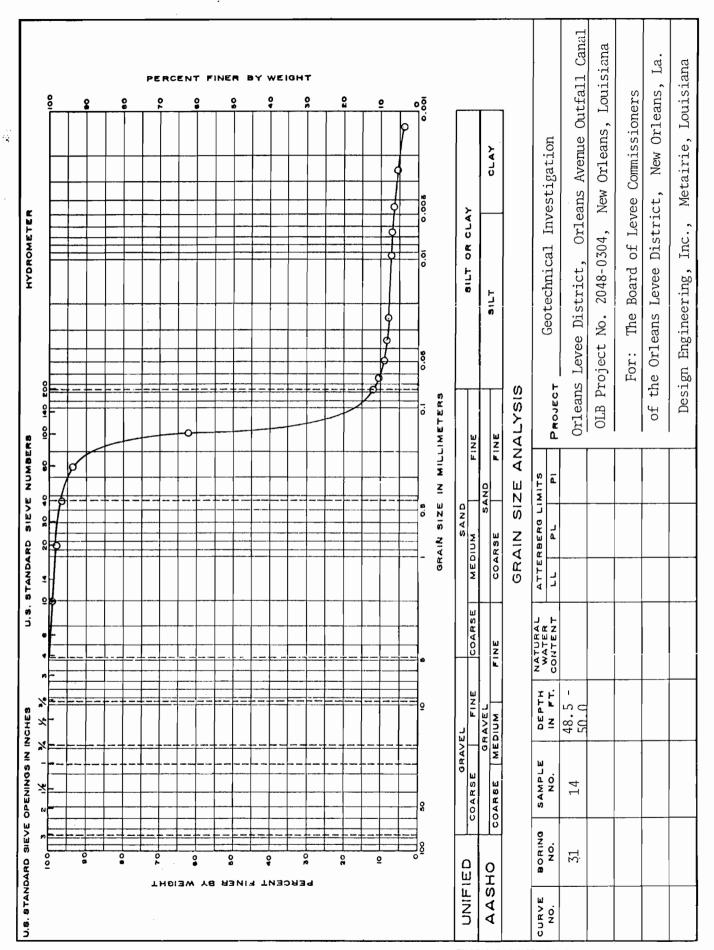
DEVIATOR STRESS, 9-9, 1/50 FT 1	SHEAR_STRESS, T.LI/SO FT 1		2 . 5 NORM	3 AL		1.5 6. T/s	q FT.0	2.5
	TEST				1	2	3	
		WATER CONTEN	т %	wo	39.7	43.4	38.1	
	1	OID RATIO		e _o	1.10	1.18	1.08	
	INITIAL	BATURATION	%	S _o	97	99	95	
<u> </u>	[RY DENSITY,		ፖል	80.2	77.2	81.0	
	SHEAR	WATER CONTEN	IT %	wc				
		OID RATIO		e _c				
	°	BATURATION	*	Sc				
0 5 10 15 20 AXIAL STRAIN, %	9 F	INAL BACK PRE	SSURE,	uo				
	FINAL	VATER CONTEN	т %	w _f	39.7	43.4	38.1	
SHEAR STRENGTH PARAMETERS		VOID RATIO		6,	1.10	1.18	1.08	
φ =	173071			<i>σ</i> ₃	0.43	0.86	1.73	
ΤΑΝ Φ =	STRES	EVIATOR S, T/SQ FT	$(\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)$	max	0.26	0.41	0.43	
c =		FAILURE, MI	N	†r	8	10	20	
METHOD OF SATURATION	PERCE	OF STRAIN, NT/MIN CTIVE NORN	MAL		0.5	0.5	0.5	
	STRE	SS, T SQ F	T					
CONTROLLED STRESS	STRES	S, T/SQ FT	(σ ₁ - σ ₃			1 20	1 20	
CONTROLLED STRAIN		DIAMETER, IN	•	D _o	3.00	3.00	3.00	2 (1/1)
TYPE OF TEST [J[] TYPE OF SPE		Undistu	chod	, , ,		3.00	3.00	,
CLASSIFICATION Soft gray &				ets	_		_	
LL PL	0011 0	PI PI	x poon				g. 2.70	Est.
		PROJECT	Or	lear	s Teves	Distric		
REMARKS			•			Outfall (
-		AREA				Louisiar		
		BORING NO.				SAMPLE NO.		
		DEPTH 8	3.0' -	9.0)'	DATE C	9/21/85	
		TRIA	XIAL	co	MPRESS	ION TES	T REPO	RT

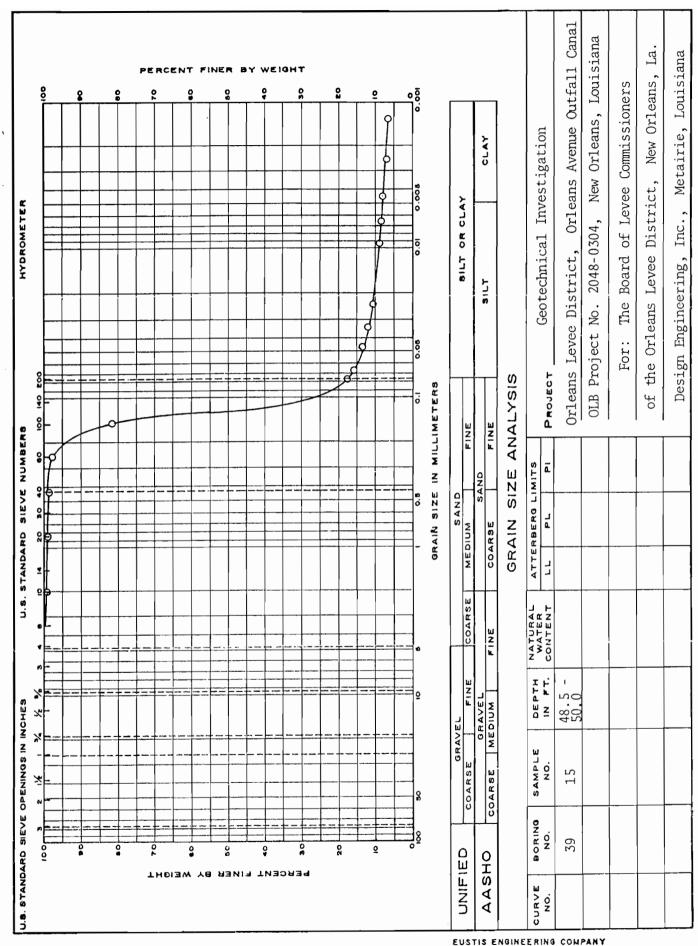


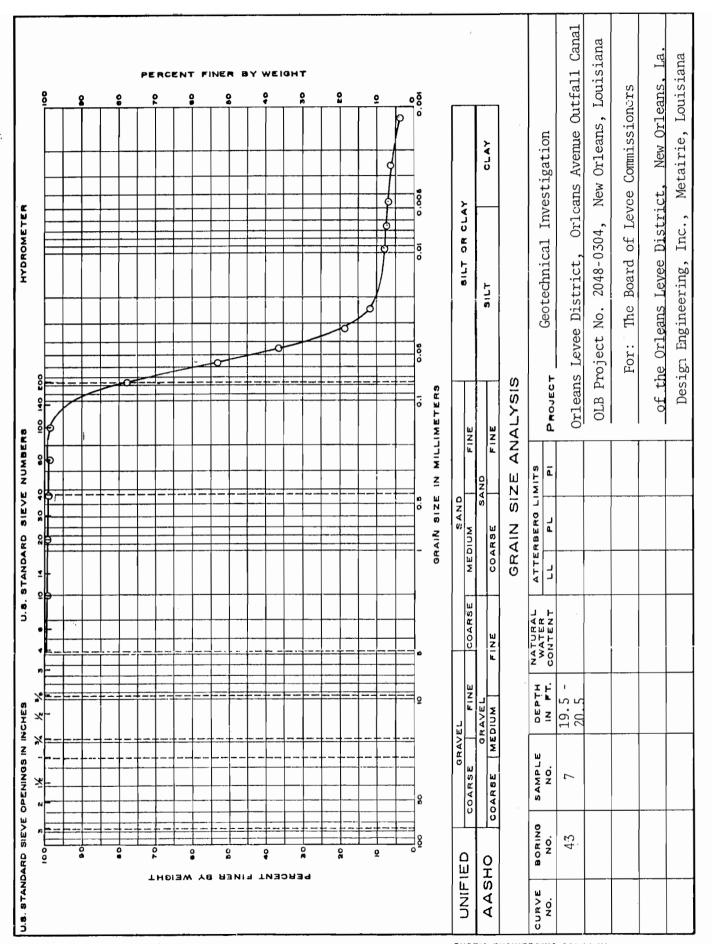


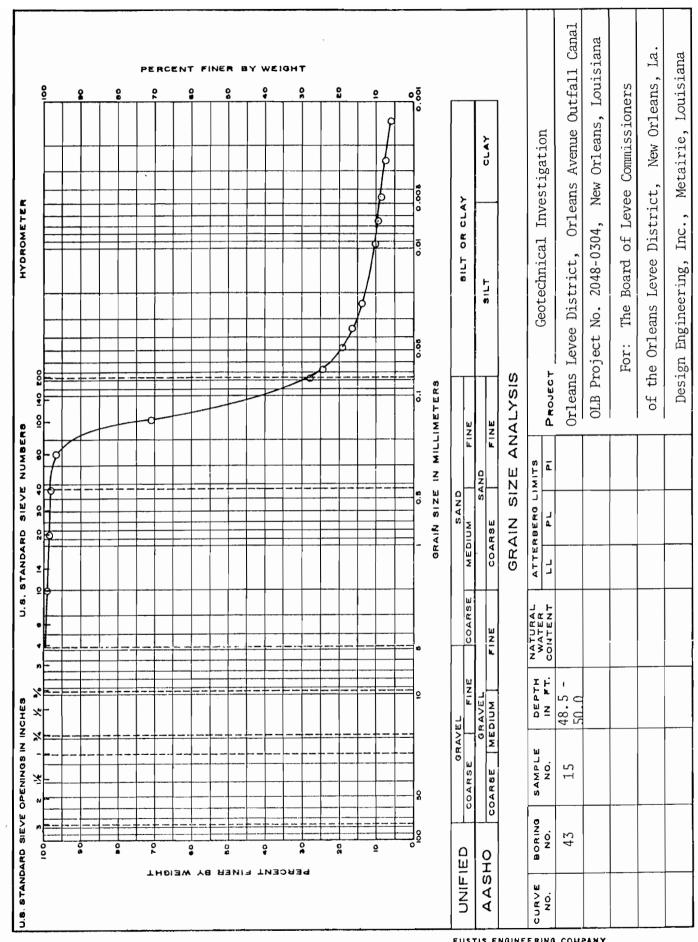


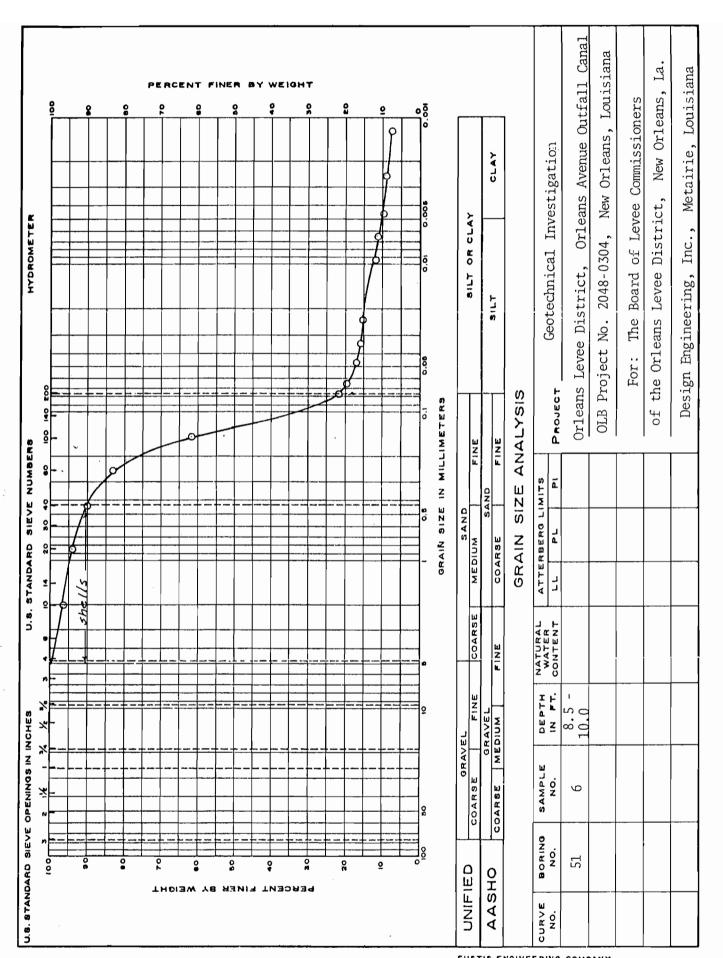


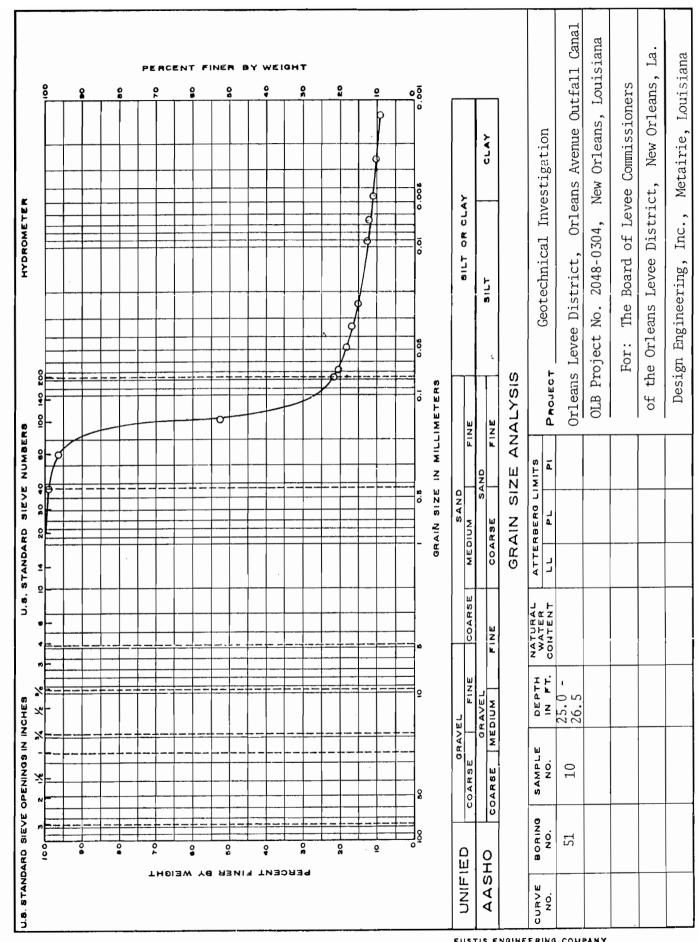




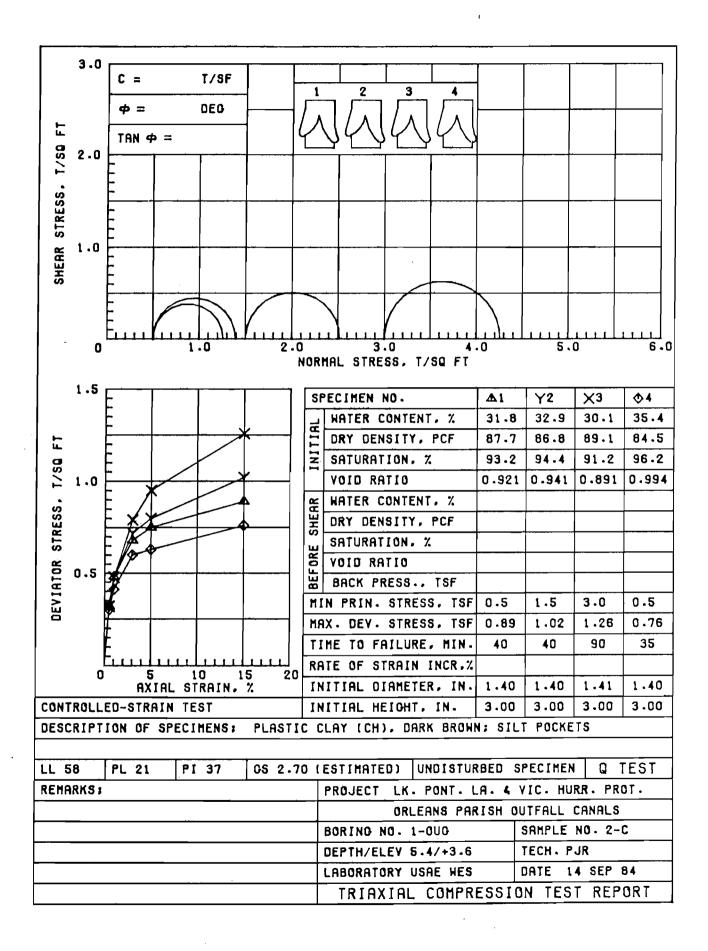


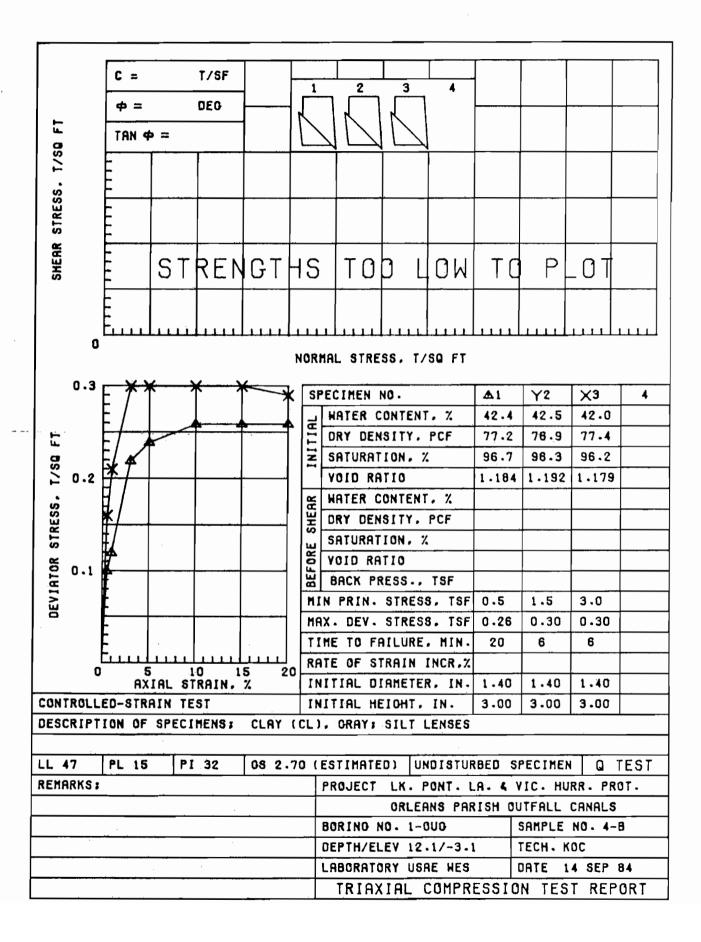


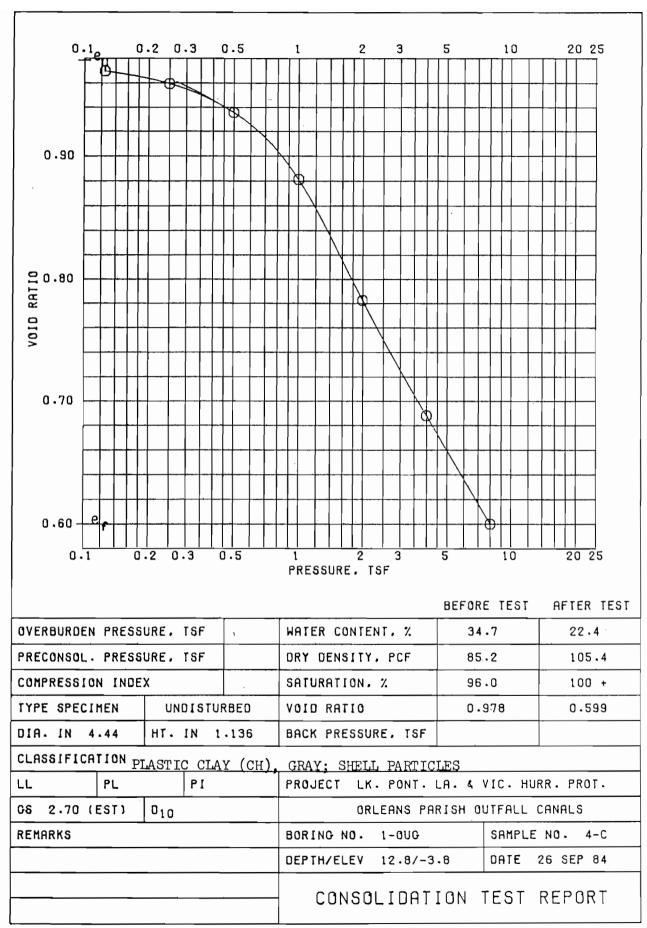


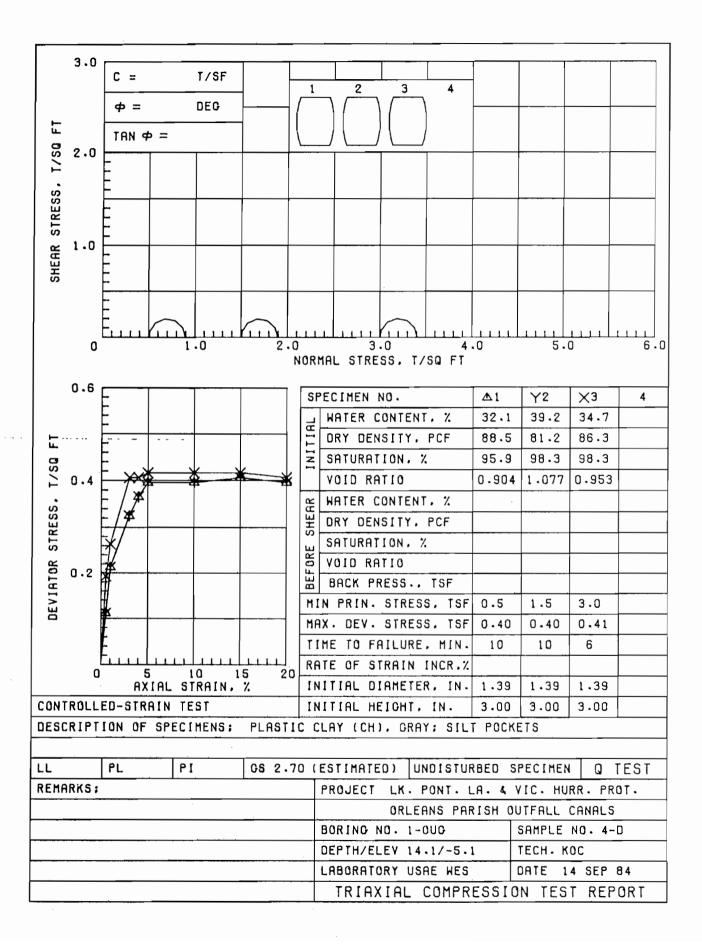


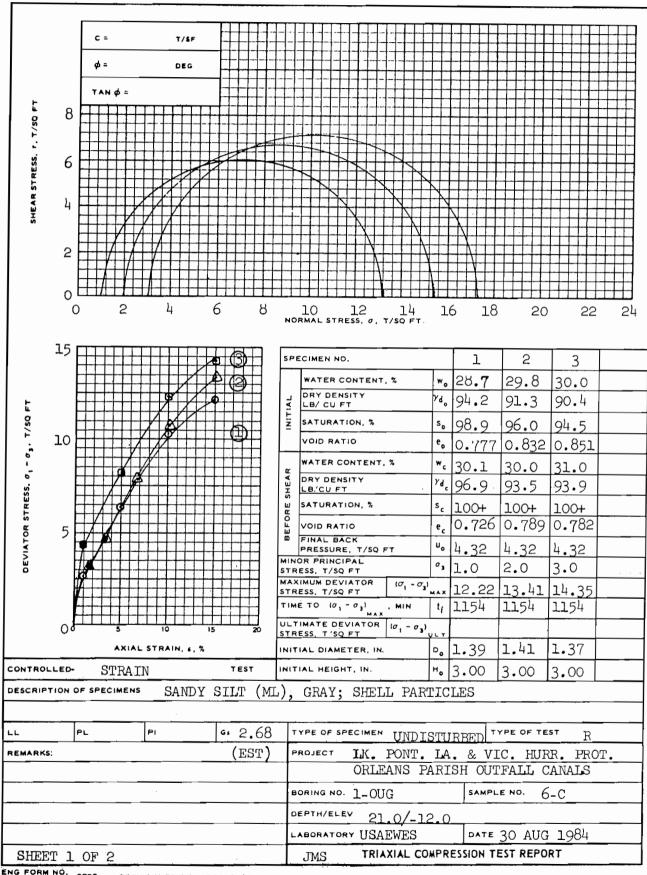
APPENDIX C

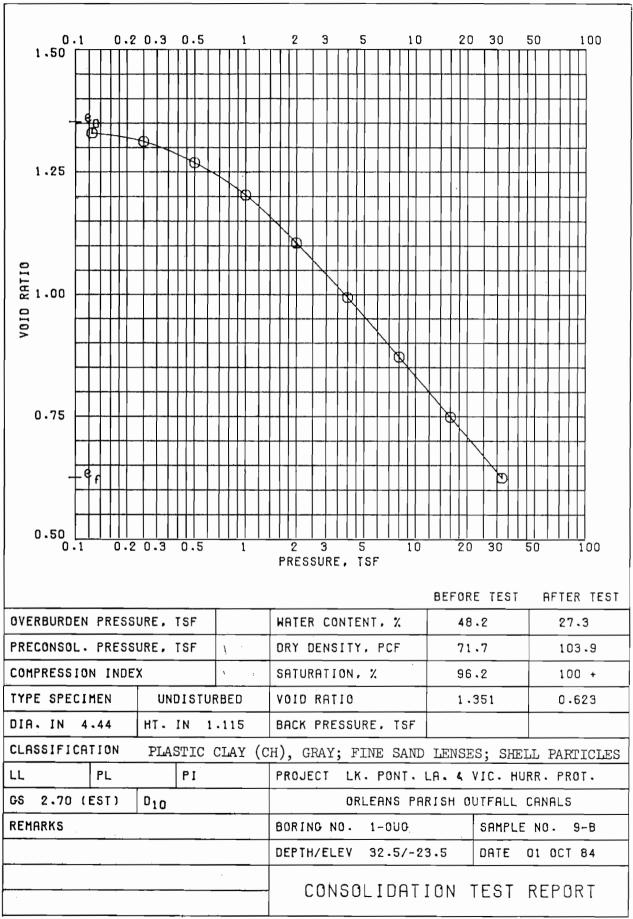


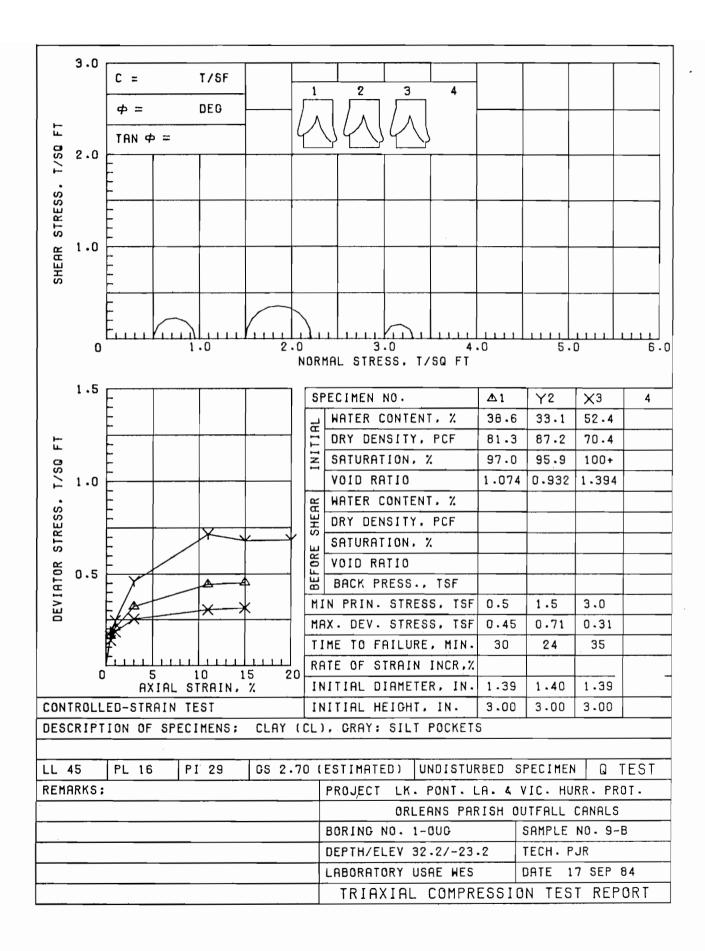


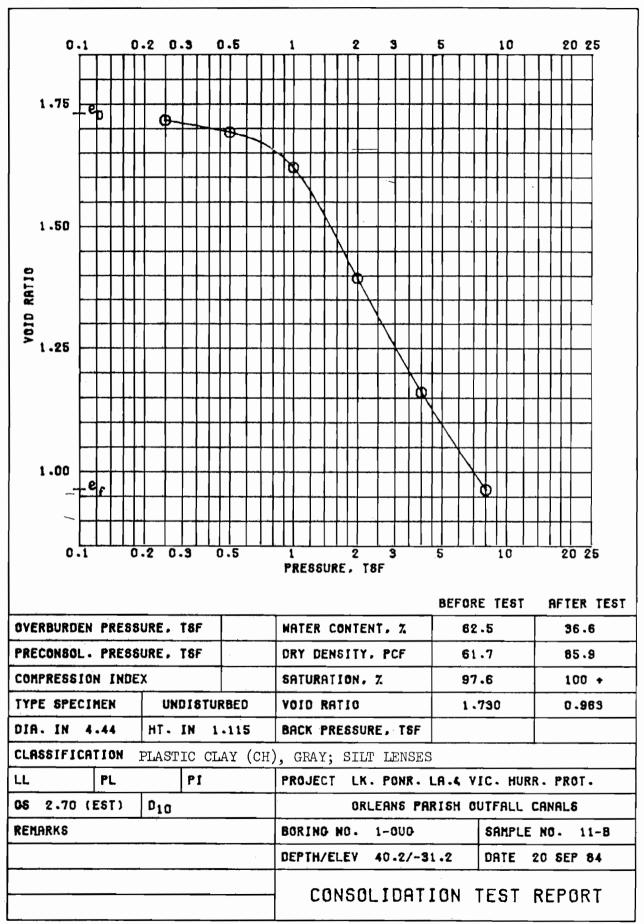


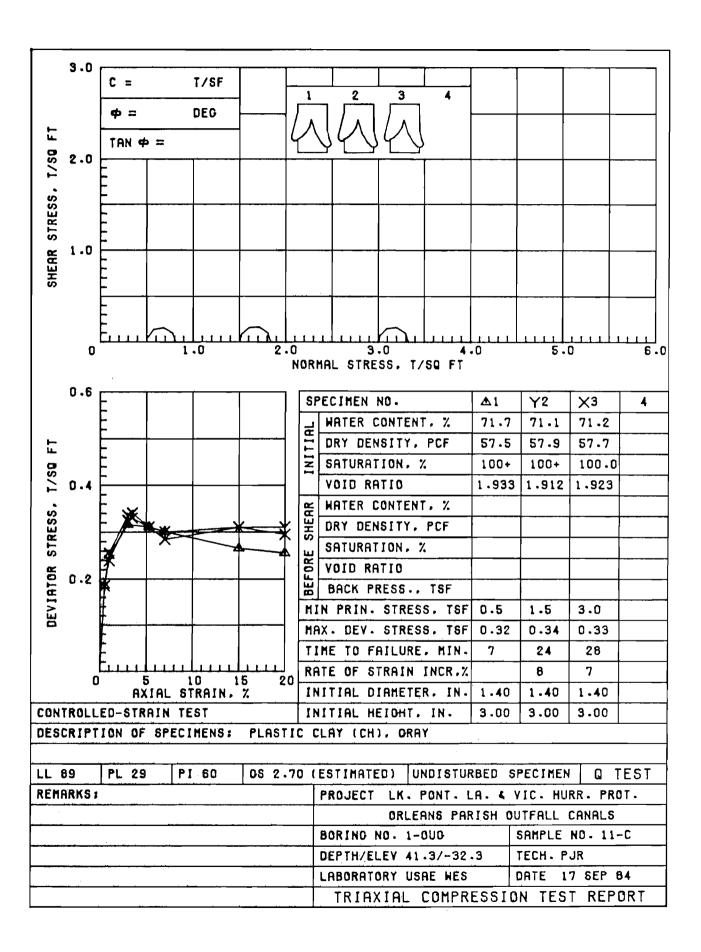


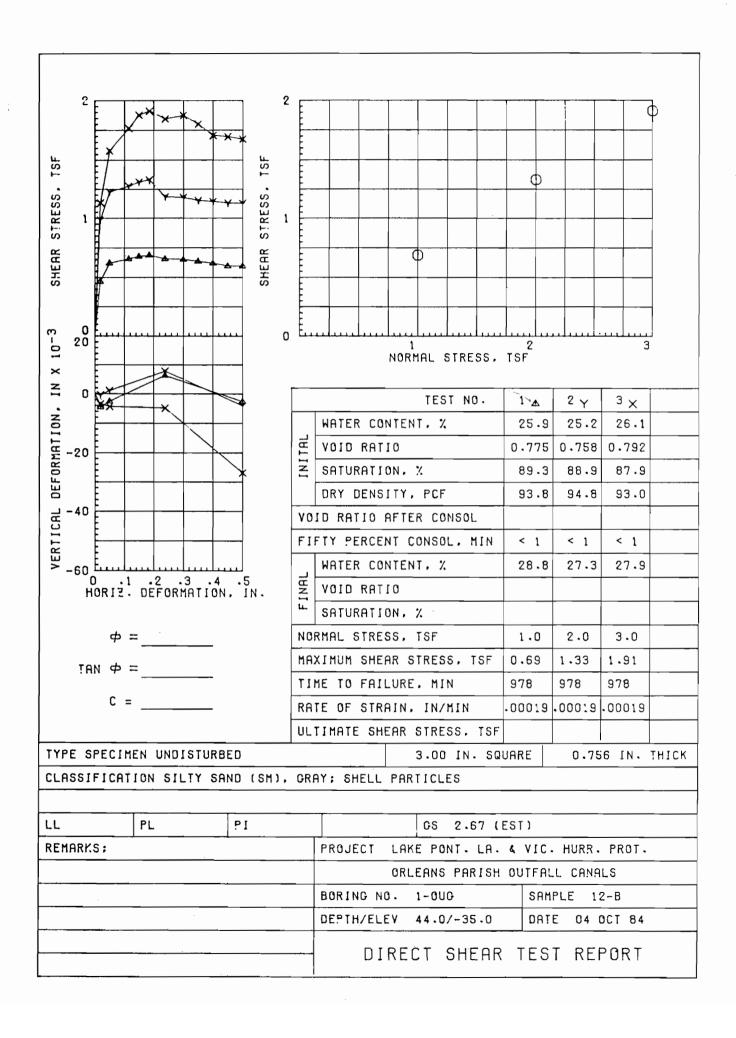


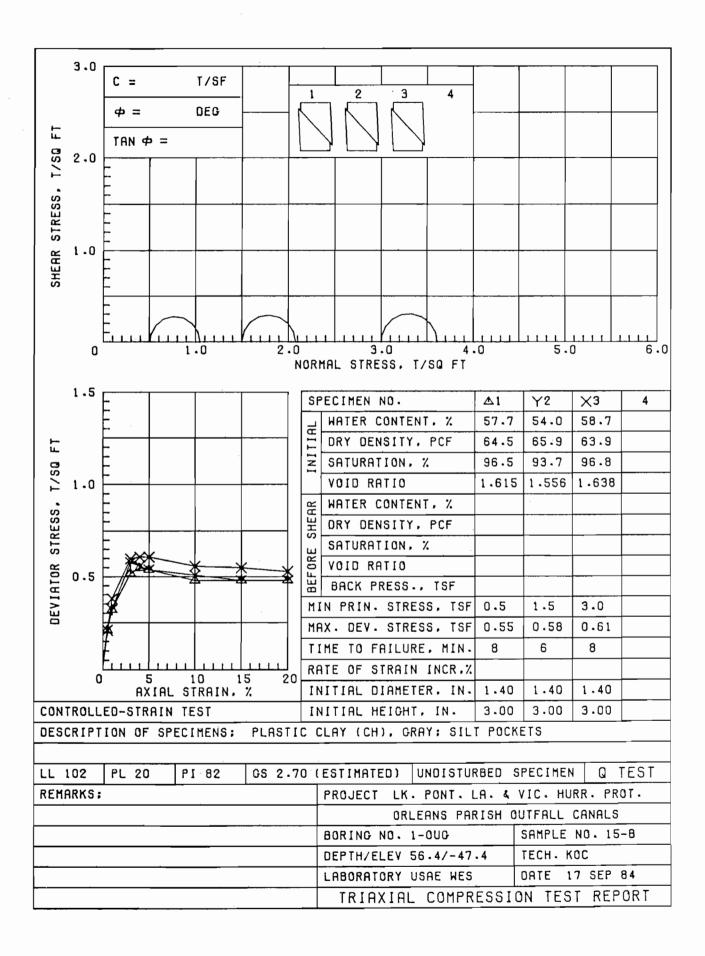


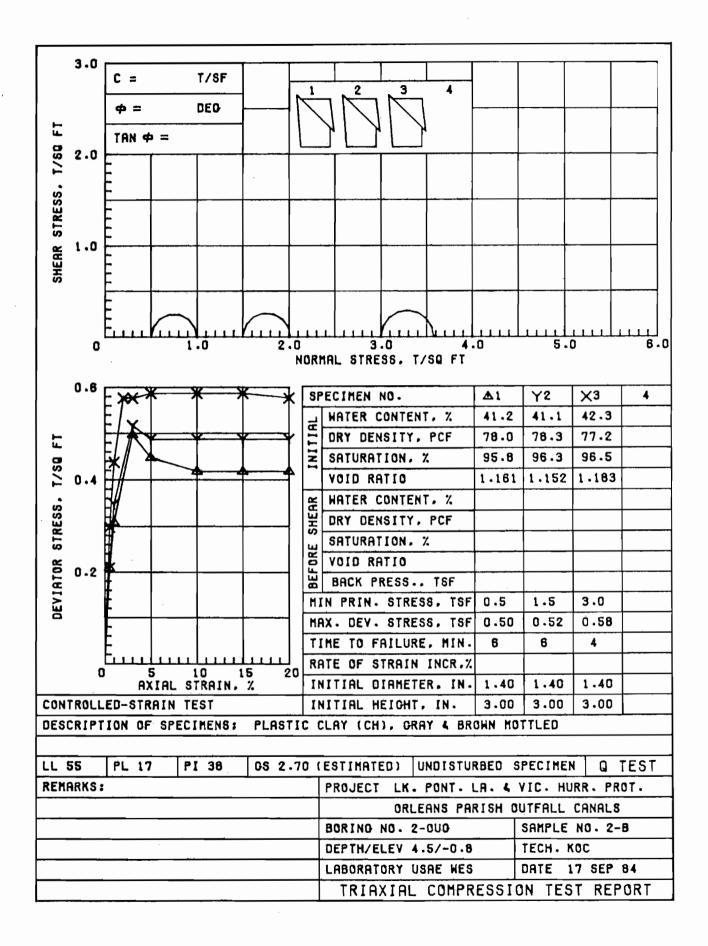


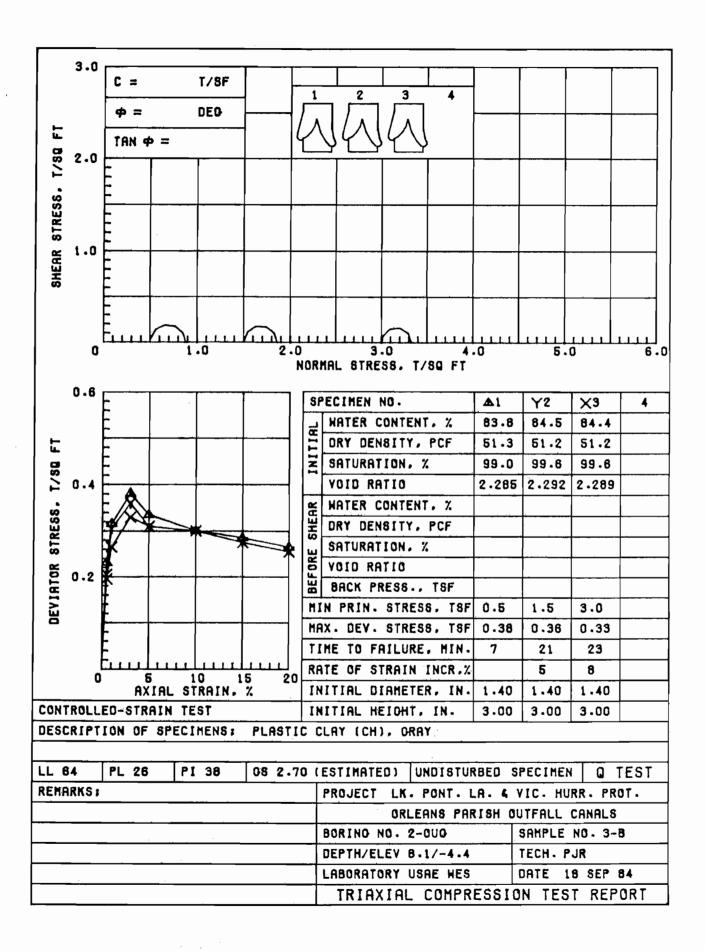


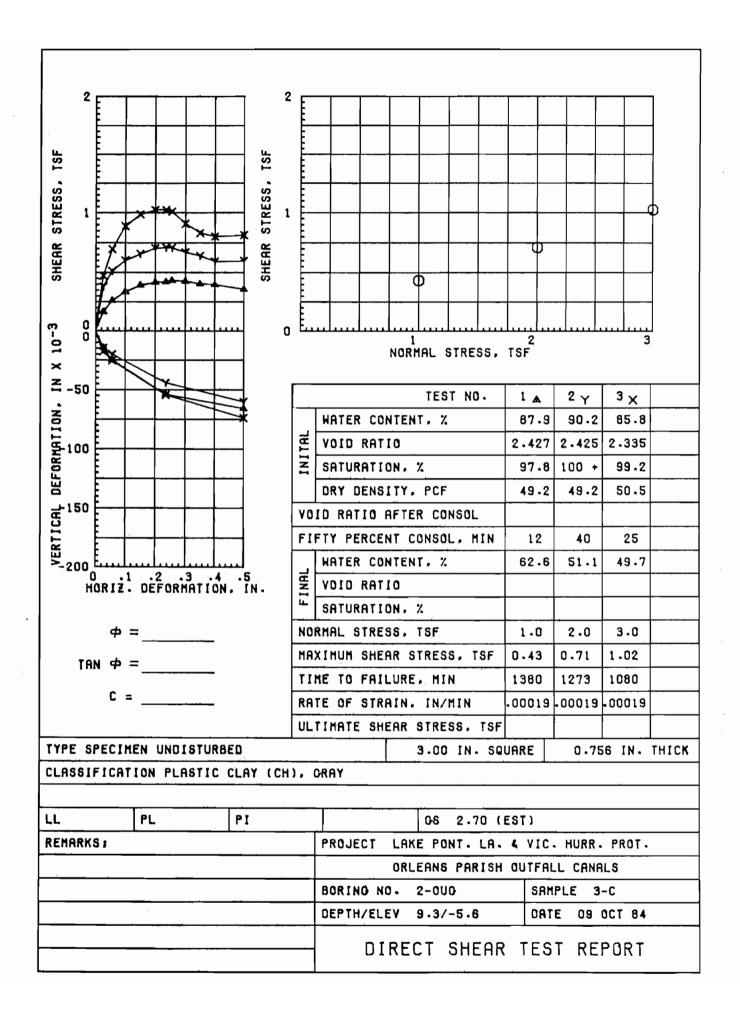


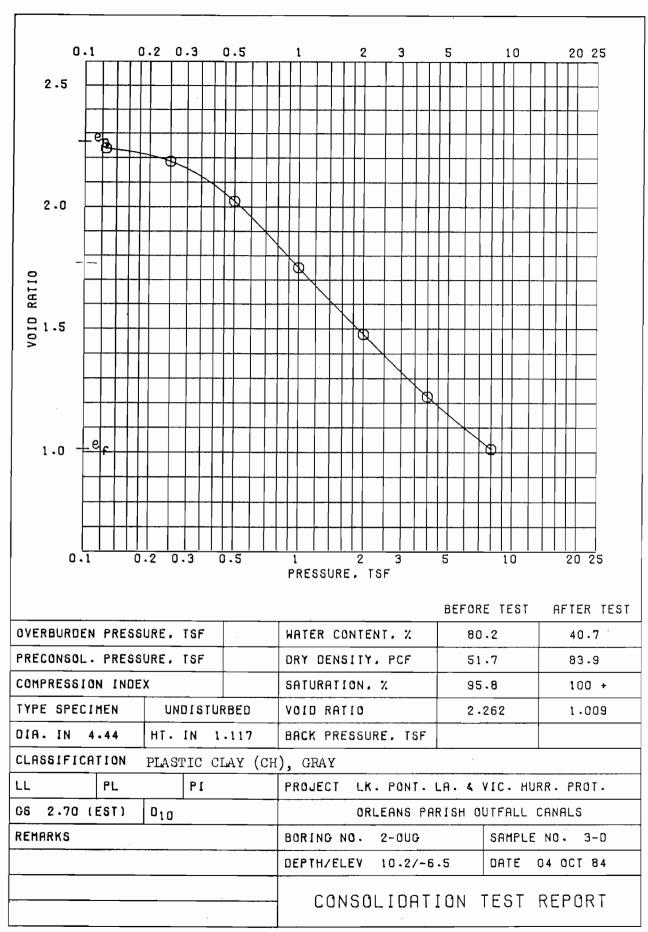












BASED ON MAXO. /6;											
	c'=	C'= T/SF									
	φ ¹ =	DEG									
١.	TAN Ø =	TAN ¢ =									
SHEAR STRESS, r, T/SQ F1	8 6 4 2 0 2	4 6 EFF	8 ECTIVE	NO	10 12 14 PRIMAL STRESS, σ , T/SQ FT	16	18	20	22	24	
	6			SP	ECIMEN NO.		1	2	3		
		 		Г	WATER CONTENT, %	w _o					
紐	4			NITIAL	DRY DENSITY	γď°					
INBUCED PORE PRESSURE					_						
ŒS	2			<u>z</u>	SATURATION, %	s _o					
跍.				<u> </u>	VOID RATIO	e _o					
題				<u>α</u>	WATER CONTENT, %	w _c					
8	0			SHEA	DRY DENSITY LB,'CU FT	λq ^c					
Ф				ш	SATURATION, %	s _c					
CE				FOR	VOID RATIO	ec					
<u> </u>	-2			BE	FINAL BACK	u _o					
Ä				MI	PRESSURE, T/SQ FT	σ,	0 62	2 00	5 01		
	-4	3		_	RESS, T/SQ FT XIMUM DEVIATOR ($\sigma_{c} = \sigma_{c}$)		0.63	3.22	5.21		
				ST	RESS, T/SQ FT	MAX	2,31	LO.43	8.38		
				TII	METO (0, -03) , MIN	· t _f					
	-6 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	10 15	20	ST	TIMATE DEVIATOR (0, -03)	ψLτ					
	AXIAL	STRAIN, 4, %			TIAL DIAMETER, IN.	D ,					
CONTROL	LED-		TEST	INI	TIAL HEIGHT, IN.	н。					
DESCRIPTION OF SPECIMENS											
LL.	PL	PI	G.		TYPE OF SPECIMEN		т	YPE OF TE	EST		
REMARKS:											
	· · ·	ORLEANS PARISH OUTFALL CANALS									
					2-000						
·					DEPTH/ELEV 21.0/-17.3						
					LABORATORY USAEWES OATE 5 SEP 1984						
SHEET 2 OF2					JMS TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST REPORT						

